

Capítulo 6 - Phase Plane

6.4. Rabbit versus Sheep

Consider the following "Rabbit vs Sheep" Problems, where $x, y \geq 0$. Find the fixed points, investigate their stability, draw the nullclines, and sketch plausible Phase Portraits. Indicate the basins of attraction of any stable fixed points.

6.4.1

$$\dot{x} = x(3 - x - y) = 3x - x^2 - xy$$

$$\dot{y} = y(2 - x - y) = 2y - xy - y^2$$

Puntos de equilibrio:

$$x(3 - x - y) = 0$$

$$y(2 - x - y) = 0$$

$$x=0, y=0$$

$$x=3, y=0$$

$$x=0, y=2$$

Estabilidad:

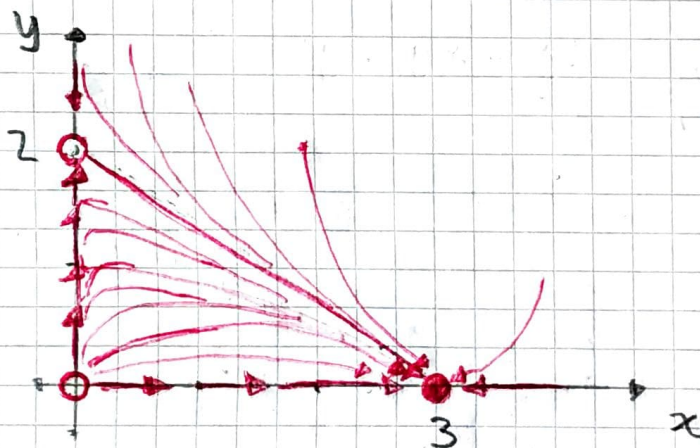
Jacobiano

$$F_x = \begin{bmatrix} 3-2x-y & -x \\ -y & 2-x-2y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_x \Big|_{x=(0,0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \lambda_1 = 3 & V_1 = (1, 0) \\ \lambda_2 = 2 & V_2 = (0, 1) \end{matrix}$$

$$F_x \Big|_{x=(1,0)} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -3 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \lambda_1 = -1 & V_1 = (-1.5, 1) \\ \lambda_2 = -3 & V_2 = (1, 0) \end{matrix}$$

$$F_x \Big|_{x=(0,2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \lambda_1 = 1 & V_1 = (-1.5, 1) \\ \lambda_2 = -2 & V_2 = (0, 1) \end{matrix}$$



6.4.2

$$\dot{x} = x(3 - 2x - y) = 3x - 2x^2 - xy$$

$$\dot{y} = y(2 - x - y) = 2y - xy - y^2$$

Equilibrios:

$$(0,0) ; (1,1) ; \left(\frac{3}{2}, 0\right) ; (0,2)$$

$$F_x = \begin{bmatrix} 3 - 4x - y & -x \\ -y & 2 - x - 2y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_x \Big|_{x=(0,0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \lambda_1 = 3 \rightarrow V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2 = 2 \rightarrow V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_x \Big|_{x=(1,1)} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \lambda_1 = -2,618 \rightarrow V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1,61 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

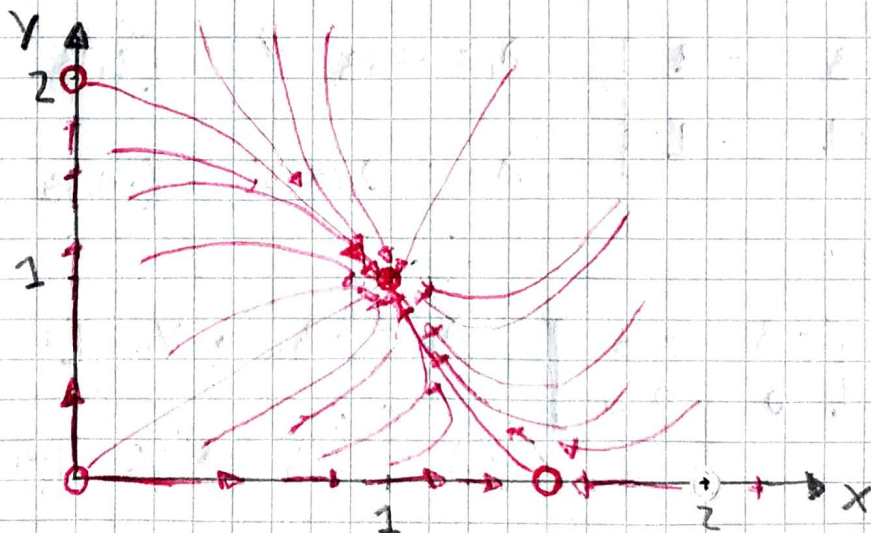
$$\lambda_2 = -0,38 \rightarrow V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -0,61 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_x \Big|_{x=(\frac{3}{2}, 0)} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1,5 \\ 0 & 0,5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \lambda_1 = -3 \rightarrow V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2 = 0,5 \rightarrow V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -0,42 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_x \Big|_{x=(0,2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \lambda_1 = -2 \rightarrow V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2 = 1 \rightarrow V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$



6.4.3

$$\dot{x} = x(3 - 2x - 2y) = 3x - 2x^2 - 2xy$$

$$\dot{y} = y(2 - x - y) = 2y - xy - y^2$$

Puntos de equilibrio:

$$(0, 2); \left(\frac{3}{2}, 0\right); (0, 0)$$

Jacobiano:

$$F_x = \begin{bmatrix} 3 - 4x - 2y & -2x \\ -y & 2 - x - 2y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_x|_{x=(0,2)} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \lambda_1 = -2 \rightarrow V_1 = [0 \ 1] \\ \lambda_2 = -1 \rightarrow V_2 = [-1 \ 2] \end{array}$$

$$F_x|_{x=(1.5,0)} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -3 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \lambda_1 = -3 \rightarrow V_1 = [1 \ 0] \\ \lambda_2 = 0.5 \rightarrow V_2 = [-0.8 \ 1] \end{array}$$

$$F_x|_{x=(0,0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \lambda_1 = 3 \rightarrow V_1 = [1 \ 0] \\ \lambda_2 = 2 \rightarrow V_2 = [0 \ 1] \end{array}$$

