

Shri Ramdeobaba College of Engineering and Management
Nagpur 4400013

Department of Computer Science Engineering (AIML)
Database Management - Teachers Assessment 1

Name : Shantanu Mane
Class : CSE AIML
Roll No. : E - 63

Aim : Write Queries for solving the given questions. ➡

Query

```
DESCRIBE EMP;
```

Output

Name	Null?	Type
EMPNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(4)
ENAME		VARCHAR2(10)
JOB		VARCHAR2(9)
MGR		NUMBER(4)
HIREDATE		DATE
SAL		NUMBER(7,2)
COMM		NUMBER(7,2)
DEPTNO		NUMBER(2)

Query

```
DESCRIBE DEPT;
```

Output

Name	Null?	Type
DEPTNO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(2)
DNAME		VARCHAR2(14)
LOC		VARCHAR2(13)

Queries ➡

Q1. Count the number of jobs in the organization.

```
SELECT COUNT(*) "NUM JOBS"  
FROM DEPT;
```

```
+-----+  
| NUM JOBS |  
+-----+  
| 14      |  
+-----+
```

Q2. Count the number of department in the organization.

```
SELECT COUNT(*) "NUM DEPT"
FROM DEPT;
```

+-----+	
NUM DEPT	
+-----+	
4	
+-----+	

Q3. Count the number of employees whose commission is null.

```
SELECT COUNT(*) "NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES"
FROM EMP
WHERE COMM IS NULL;
```

+-----+	
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	
+-----+	
10	
+-----+	

Q4. Count the number of employees whose commission is NOT null.

```
SELECT COUNT(*) "NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES"
FROM EMP
WHERE COMM IS NOT NULL;
```

+-----+	
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	
+-----+	
4	
+-----+	

Q5. Find the names of employees whose names begin with letter J.

```
SELECT EMPNO "ID", ENAME "NAME"
FROM EMP
WHERE ENAME LIKE 'J%';
```

+-----+	
ID NAME	
+-----+	
7566 JONES	
7900 JAMES	
+-----+	

Q6. Count the number of employees in each department.

```
SELECT DEPTNO "DEPARTMENT NUM", COUNT(*) "NUM OF EMPLOYEES"
FROM EMP
GROUP BY DEPTNO;
```

+-----+		
DEPARTMENT NUM	NUM OF EMPLOYEES	
+-----+		
30	6	
20	5	
10	3	
+-----+		

Q7. List the unique jobs in emp table.

```
SELECT DISTINCT JOB "DISTINCT JOBS"
FROM EMP;
```

```
+-----+
|DISTINCT JOBS|
+-----+
|CLERK        |
|SALESMAN     |
|PRESIDENT    |
|MANAGER      |
|ANALYST      |
+-----+
```

Q8. List the president in emp table.

```
SELECT *
FROM EMP
WHERE JOB = 'PRESIDENT';
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|EMPNO|ENAME|JOB      |MGR |HIREDATE  |SAL   |COMM|DEPTNO|
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|7839 |KING  |PRESIDENT|null|1981-11-17|5000.00|null|10    |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

Q9. Find the min and max salary in organization.

```
SELECT MIN(SAL) "MINIMUM SALARY", MAX(SAL) "MAXIMUM SALARY"
FROM EMP;
```

```
+-----+-----+
|MINIMUM SALARY|MAXIMUM SALARY|
+-----+-----+
|800           |5000          |
+-----+-----+
```

Q10. Find the average salary in organization.

```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(SAL), 4) "AVERAGE SALARY"
FROM EMP;
```

```
+-----+
|AVERAGE SALARY|
+-----+
|2073.2143      |
+-----+
```

Q11. Count the number of employees in each job.

```
SELECT JOB, COUNT(*) "NUM OF EMPLOYEES"
FROM EMP
GROUP BY JOB;
```

```
+-----+-----+
|JOB      |NUM OF EMPLOYEES|
+-----+-----+
|CLERK    |4               |
|SALESMAN |4               |
|PRESIDENT|1               |
|MANAGER  |3               |
|ANALYST  |2               |
+-----+-----+
```

Q12. Find min, max,avg and total salary in each job.


```
SELECT JOB,
       MIN(SAL)      "MINIMUM SALARY",
       MAX(SAL)      "MAXIMUM SALARY",
       ROUND(AVG(SAL), 4) "AVERAGE SALARY",
       SUM(SAL)      "TOTAL SALARY"
FROM EMP
GROUP BY JOB;
```

JOB	MINIMUM SALARY	MAXIMUM SALARY	AVERAGE SALARY	TOTAL SALARY
CLERK	800	1300	1037.5	4150
SALESMAN	1250	1600	1400	5600
PRESIDENT	5000	5000	5000	5000
MANAGER	2450	2975	2758.3333	8275
ANALYST	3000	3000	3000	6000

Q13. Find min, max,avg and total salary in each department.

```
SELECT DEPTNO,
       MIN(SAL)      "MINIMUM SALARY",
       MAX(SAL)      "MAXIMUM SALARY",
       ROUND(AVG(SAL), 4) "AVERAGE SALARY",
       SUM(SAL)      "TOTAL SALARY"
FROM EMP
GROUP BY DEPTNO;
```

DEPTNO	MINIMUM SALARY	MAXIMUM SALARY	AVERAGE SALARY	TOTAL SALARY
30	950	2850	1566.6667	9400
20	800	3000	2175	10875
10	1300	5000	2916.6667	8750

Q14. Find the names of those employees who are working in department 20 and their job is either clerk or salesman.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB
FROM EMP
WHERE DEPTNO = '20'
AND JOB IN ('CLERK', 'SALESMAN');
```

DEPTNO	MINIMUM SALARY	MAXIMUM SALARY	AVERAGE SALARY	TOTAL SALARY
30	950	2850	1566.6667	9400
20	800	3000	2175	10875
10	1300	5000	2916.6667	8750

Q15. Find the max salary in organization.

```
SELECT *
FROM EMP
WHERE SAL = (SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP);
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	null	1981-11-17	5000.00	null	10

Q16. Find the names of those employees whose commission is highest.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB"
FROM EMP
WHERE COMM = (SELECT MAX(COMM) FROM EMP);
```

EMPLOYEE NAME		EMPLOYEE JOB
MARTIN	SALESMAN	

Q17. Find the names of those employees whose commission is null.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB"
FROM EMP
WHERE COMM IS NULL;
```

EMPLOYEE NAME		EMPLOYEE JOB
KING	PRESIDENT	
BLAKE	MANAGER	
CLARK	MANAGER	
JONES	MANAGER	
SCOTT	ANALYST	
FORD	ANALYST	
SMITH	CLERK	
ADAMS	CLERK	
JAMES	CLERK	
MILLER	CLERK	

Q18. Find the names of employees whose job is either clerk or salesman or manager.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB"
FROM EMP
WHERE JOB IN ('SALESMAN', 'MANAGER');
```

EMPLOYEE NAME		EMPLOYEE JOB
BLAKE	MANAGER	
CLARK	MANAGER	
JONES	MANAGER	
ALLEN	SALESMAN	
WARD	SALESMAN	
MARTIN	SALESMAN	
TURNER	SALESMAN	

Q19. Find the names of employees whose joining date is between 17-DEC-80 and 23-MAY-87.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB", HIREDATE "HIRING DATE"
FROM EMP
WHERE HIREDATE ≥ DATE '1980-12-17'
AND HIREDATE ≤ DATE '1987-05-23';
```

EMPLOYEE NAME	EMPLOYEE JOB	HIRING DATE
KING	PRESIDENT	1981-11-17
BLAKE	MANAGER	1981-05-01
CLARK	MANAGER	1981-06-09
JONES	MANAGER	1981-04-02
SCOTT	ANALYST	1982-12-09
FORD	ANALYST	1981-12-03
SMITH	CLERK	1980-12-17
ALLEN	SALESMAN	1981-02-20
WARD	SALESMAN	1981-02-22
MARTIN	SALESMAN	1981-09-28
TURNER	SALESMAN	1981-09-08
ADAMS	CLERK	1983-01-12
JAMES	CLERK	1981-12-03
MILLER	CLERK	1982-01-23

Q20. Find the names of those employees whose second character in the name is A.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB"
FROM EMP
WHERE ENAME LIKE '_A%';
```

EMPLOYEE NAME		EMPLOYEE JOB
WARD	SALESMAN	
MARTIN	SALESMAN	
JAMES	CLERK	

Q21. Find the names of employees who are working as clerks.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB"
FROM EMP
WHERE JOB = 'CLERK';
```

EMPLOYEE NAME		EMPLOYEE JOB
SMITH	CLERK	
ADAMS	CLERK	
JAMES	CLERK	
MILLER	CLERK	

Q22. Find the names of employee who are working under BLAKE.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB", MGR "MANAGER ID"
FROM EMP
WHERE MGR = (SELECT EMPNO FROM EMP WHERE ENAME = 'BLAKE');
```

EMPLOYEE NAME	EMPLOYEE JOB	MANAGER ID
ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698
WARD	SALESMAN	7698
MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698
TURNER	SALESMAN	7698
JAMES	CLERK	7698

Q23. Find the names of employee who are working in research department.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB", DNAME "DEPARTMENT NAME"
FROM EMP E
      INNER JOIN DEPT D on D.DEPTNO = E.DEPTNO
WHERE DNAME = 'RESEARCH';
```

EMPLOYEE NAME	EMPLOYEE JOB	DEPARTMENT NAME
FORD	ANALYST	RESEARCH
SCOTT	ANALYST	RESEARCH
JONES	MANAGER	RESEARCH
SMITH	CLERK	RESEARCH
ADAMS	CLERK	RESEARCH

Q24. Find the name of employee who is getting highest salary.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB", SAL "SALARY"
FROM EMP
```

```
WHERE SAL = (SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP);
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
|EMPLOYEE NAME|EMPLOYEE JOB|SALARY |
+-----+-----+-----+
|KING          |PRESIDENT   |5000.00|
+-----+-----+-----+
```

Q25. Display the name of employee earning second highest salary.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB", SAL "SALARY"
FROM EMP
WHERE SAL = (SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP WHERE SAL < (SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP));
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
|EMPLOYEE NAME|EMPLOYEE JOB|SALARY |
+-----+-----+-----+
|SCOTT         |ANALYST      |3000.00|
|FORD          |ANALYST      |3000.00|
+-----+-----+-----+
```

Q26. Find second highest salary in the organization.

```
SELECT MAX(SAL) "SECOND HIGHEST SALARY"
FROM EMP
WHERE SAL < (SELECT MAX(SAL) FROM EMP);
```

```
+-----+
|SECOND HIGHEST SALARY|
+-----+
|3000                  |
+-----+
```

Q27. Find the package of each employee.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB", SAL + COALESCE(COMM, 0) "TOTAL PACKAGE"
FROM EMP;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
|EMPLOYEE NAME|EMPLOYEE JOB|TOTAL PACKAGE|
+-----+-----+-----+
|KING          |PRESIDENT   |5000         |
|BLAKE         |MANAGER      |2850         |
|CLARK         |MANAGER      |2450         |
|JONES         |MANAGER      |2975         |
|SCOTT         |ANALYST      |3000         |
|FORD          |ANALYST      |3000         |
|SMITH         |CLERK        |800          |
|ALLEN         |SALESMAN     |1900         |
|WARD          |SALESMAN     |1750         |
|MARTIN        |SALESMAN     |2650         |
|TURNER        |SALESMAN     |1500         |
|ADAMS         |CLERK        |1100         |
|JAMES         |CLERK        |950          |
|MILLER        |CLERK        |1300         |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

Q28. Find the names of employees whose salary is more than avg salary in department 20.

```
SELECT ENAME AS "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB", SAL "SALARY"
FROM EMP
WHERE SAL > (SELECT AVG(SAL) FROM EMP)
AND DEPTNO = '20';
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
|EMPLOYEE NAME|EMPLOYEE JOB|SALARY |
+-----+-----+-----+
|JONES         |MANAGER      |2975.00|
+-----+-----+-----+
```


SCOTT	ANALYST	3000.00
FORD	ANALYST	3000.00
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+

Q29. Find top five salaries in emp table.

```
SELECT *
FROM EMP
WHERE ROWNUM < 6
ORDER BY SAL DESC;
```

+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	null	1981-11-17	5000.00	null	10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	1982-12-09	3000.00	null	20
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	1981-04-02	2975.00	null	20
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	1981-05-01	2850.00	null	30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	1981-06-09	2450.00	null	10
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+

Q30. Find bottom three salaries in emp table.

```
SELECT *
FROM EMP
WHERE ROWNUM < 4
ORDER BY SAL;
```

+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	1981-06-09	2450.00	null	10
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	1981-05-01	2850.00	null	30
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	null	1981-11-17	5000.00	null	10
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+

Q31. Find the average salary at each department where deptno is less than 30.

```
SELECT DEPTNO "DEPARTMENT NO.", ROUND(AVG(SAL), 2) "AVERAGE SALARY"
FROM EMP
GROUP BY DEPTNO
HAVING DEPTNO < 30;
```

+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
DEPARTMENT NO.	AVERAGE SALARY	
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
20	2175	
10	2916.67	
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+

Q32. Find 5th largest salary in emp table.

```
SELECT EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, SAL
FROM EMP E1
WHERE 6 = (SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT SAL)
           FROM EMP E2
           WHERE E2.SAL > E1.SAL);
```

+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	SAL
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	1500.00
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+

Q33. Find the details of those employees whose sal is greater than the avg sal in emp table.


```
SELECT ENAME AS "EMPLOYEE NAME", JOB "EMPLOYEE JOB", SAL "SALARY"
FROM EMP
WHERE SAL > (SELECT AVG(SAL) FROM EMP);
```

+-----+-----+-----+		
EMPLOYEE NAME	EMPLOYEE JOB	SALARY
+-----+-----+-----+		
KING	PRESIDENT	5000.00
BLAKE	MANAGER	2850.00
CLARK	MANAGER	2450.00
JONES	MANAGER	2975.00
SCOTT	ANALYST	3000.00
FORD	ANALYST	3000.00
+-----+-----+-----+		

Q34. Find deptno, dname, min, max, avg and total salary in each department.

```
SELECT E.DEPTNO      "DEPARTMENT NO",
       DNAME         "DEPARTMENT NAME",
       MIN(SAL)      "MINIMUM SALARY",
       MAX(SAL)      "MAXIMUM SALARY",
       ROUND(AVG(SAL), 2) "AVERAGE SALARY"
FROM EMP E
      JOIN
      DEPT D ON E.DEPTNO = D.DEPTNO
GROUP BY DNAME, E.DEPTNO;
```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+				
DEPARTMENT NO	DEPARTMENT NAME	MINIMUM SALARY	MAXIMUM SALARY	AVERAGE SALARY
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+				
10	ACCOUNTING	1300	5000	2916.67
20	RESEARCH	800	3000	2175
30	SALES	950	2850	1566.67
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+				

Q35. Show the output for count function on empno, comm and * .(Justify your answer).

```
SELECT COUNT(EMPNO) "EMPLOYEE COUNT"
FROM EMP;

SELECT COUNT(COMM) "COMMISSION COUNT"
FROM EMP;

SELECT COUNT(*) "ALL COL COUNT"
FROM EMP;
```

+-----+	
EMPLOYEE COUNT	
+-----+	
14	
+-----+	

+-----+	
COMMISSION COUNT	
+-----+	
4	
+-----+	

+-----+	
ALL COL COUNT	
+-----+	
14	
+-----+	

Q36. Find the names of managers of each employee.(display Ename, Mangername)[use self-join].

```
SELECT E.ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", M.ENAME "MANAGER NAME"
FROM EMP E,
      EMP M
WHERE E.MGR = M.EMPNO;
```

EMPLOYEE NAME	MANAGER NAME
FORD	JONES
SCOTT	JONES
ALLEN	BLAKE
JAMES	BLAKE
TURNER	BLAKE
MARTIN	BLAKE
WARD	BLAKE
MILLER	CLARK
ADAMS	SCOTT
BLAKE	KING
CLARK	KING
JONES	KING
SMITH	FORD

Q37. Find the experience of each employee.

```
SELECT ENAME "EMPLOYEE NAME", ROUND(MONTHS_BETWEEN(SYSDATE, HIREDATE) / 12) "EXPERIENCE (IN YEARS)"
FROM EMP;
```

EMPLOYEE NAME	EXPERIENCE (IN YEARS)
KING	41
BLAKE	41
CLARK	41
JONES	42
SCOTT	40
FORD	41
SMITH	42
ALLEN	42
WARD	42
MARTIN	41
TURNER	41
ADAMS	40
JAMES	41
MILLER	41

Q38. Find the name of junior most employee.

```
SELECT ENAME "NAME", HIREDATE
FROM EMP
WHERE HIREDATE = (SELECT MAX(HIREDATE) FROM EMP);
```

NAME	HIREDATE
ADAMS	1983-01-12

Q39. Find the name of senior most employee.

```
SELECT ENAME "NAME", HIREDATE
FROM EMP
WHERE HIREDATE = (SELECT MIN(HIREDATE) FROM EMP);
```

NAME	HIREDATE
SMITH	1980-12-17

Q40. Find the deptno with highest number of employees.

```
SELECT D.DNAME, D.DEPTNO, COUNT(D.DEPTNO) "NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES"
FROM EMP E
      JOIN DEPT D ON E.DEPTNO = D.DEPTNO
GROUP BY D.DEPTNO, D.DNAME
ORDER BY COUNT(D.DEPTNO) DESC;
```

DNAME	DEPTNO	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES
SALES	30	6
RESEARCH	20	5
ACCOUNTING	10	3