

Git Pull Command Guide

1. Basic `git pull`

- **Command:** `git pull`
- **Use:** Fetches changes from the remote repository and merges them into the current branch.
- **Example:**

```
git pull
```

2. Pull from a specific branch

- **Command:** `git pull <remote> <branch>`
- **Use:** Fetches changes from the specified branch on the remote repository and merges them.
- **Example:**

```
git pull origin main
```

3. Rebase instead of merge

- **Command:** `git pull --rebase`
- **Use:** Applies local commits on top of the fetched branch instead of merging.
- **Example:**

```
git pull --rebase origin main
```

4. Pull with verbose output

- **Command:** `git pull --verbose`
- **Use:** Displays detailed information about what is being fetched and merged.
- **Example:**

```
git pull --verbose
```

5. Pull and specify a strategy

- **Command:** `git pull -s <strategy>`
- **Use:** Uses a specific merge strategy (e.g., `recursive`, `ours`) during the pull.
- **Example:**

```
git pull -s recursive origin main
```