EQUATIONS:

Distance d between two points P_1 and P_2 ...

$$d((x_1, y_1, z_1), (x_2, y_2, z_2)) = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2 + (z_2 - z_1)^2}$$

Equation of a sphere with radius r and center (h, k, l)...

$$r^2 = (x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 + (z - l)^2$$

Dot product by matrix...

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2 + a_3 b_3$$

Dot product by geometry...

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = \|\vec{a}\| \cos \theta \|\vec{b}\|$$

Test for orthogonality...

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{a} \perp \vec{b}$$

Scalar projection...

$$comp_{\vec{a}}\vec{b} = \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}}{\|\vec{a}\|}$$

Vector projection...

$$proj_{\vec{a}}\vec{b} = (comp_{\vec{a}}\vec{b})\left(\frac{\vec{a}}{\|\vec{a}\|}\right) = \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}}{\|\vec{a}\|^2}\vec{a}$$

Cross product by matrix...

$$\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{\imath} & \hat{\jmath} & \hat{k} \\ a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \end{vmatrix} = \hat{\imath} \begin{vmatrix} a_2 & a_3 \\ b_2 & b_3 \end{vmatrix} - \hat{\jmath} \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_3 \end{vmatrix} + \hat{k} \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 \\ b_1 & b_2 \end{vmatrix}$$

Cross product by geometry...

$$\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \|\vec{a}\| \sin \theta \|\vec{b}\|$$

Test for parallel...

$$\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = 0$$

Area of a parallelogram with sides \vec{a} and \vec{b} ...

$$A = \left\| \vec{a} \times \vec{b} \right\|$$

Lines...

$$\vec{r} = \vec{r}_0 + t\vec{v}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \\ z_0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 + ta \\ y_0 + tb \\ z_0 + tc \end{bmatrix}$$

Planes with normal vector $\vec{n} = \langle a, b, c \rangle \dots$

$$a(x - x_0) + b(y - y_0) + c(z - z_0) = 0$$

Limits...

$$\lim_{t \to a} \vec{r}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} \lim_{t \to a} f(t) \\ \lim_{t \to a} g(t) \\ \lim_{t \to a} h(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

Derivatives..

$$\vec{r}'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} f'(t) \\ h'(t) \\ g'(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

Indefinite integral...

$$\int \vec{r}(t)dt = \begin{bmatrix} F(t) \\ G(t) \\ H(t) \end{bmatrix} + \vec{c}$$

Definite integral...

$$\int_{t_i}^{t_f} \vec{r}(t)dt = \begin{bmatrix} \int_{t_i}^{t_f} f(t)dt \\ \int_{t_i}^{t_f} g(t)dt \\ \int_{t_i}^{t_f} h(t)dt \end{bmatrix}$$

Unit tangent vector at $t = t_0$...

$$\frac{\vec{r}'(t_0)}{\|\vec{r}'(t_0)\|} = \frac{\vec{v}(t_0)}{\|\vec{v}(t_0)\|}$$

Definite arclength...

$$L = \int_{t_i}^{t_f} ||\vec{r}'(t)|| dt = \int_{t_i}^{t_f} \sqrt{(f'(t)^2) + (g'(t))^2 + (h'(t))^2} dt$$

Arclength function...

$$s(t) = \int_{a}^{t} s(u)dt$$

Unit tangent vector...

$$\vec{T}(t) = \frac{\vec{r}'(t)}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|}$$

Unit normal vector...

$$\vec{N}(t) = \frac{\vec{T}'(t)}{\|\vec{T}'(t)\|}$$

Unit binormal vector...

$$\vec{B}(t) = \vec{T}(t) \times \vec{N}(t)$$

Curvature...

$$\kappa = \left\| \frac{d\vec{T}}{ds} \right\| = \frac{\|\vec{T}'(t)\|}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|} = \frac{\|\vec{r}'(t) \times \vec{r}''(t)\|}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|^3}$$

Position...

$$\vec{r}(t) = \int \vec{v}(t)dt$$

Velocity...

$$\vec{v}(t) = \frac{d\vec{x}}{dt} = \int \vec{a}(t)dt$$

Acceleration...

$$\vec{a}(t) = \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} = \frac{d^2\vec{x}}{dt^2}$$