

$$\frac{dm}{dx} = -A p(x)$$

$$F(x+dx) = -A p(x+dx) = -A \left[p(x) + \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} dx \right].$$

$$dF_x = F(x) + F(x+dx) = A \left[p(x) - p(x) - \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} dx \right] = -A \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} dx.$$

$$dm$$

$$dF_x = -A \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} dx = \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial t} dm = \rho_0 A \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial t} dx$$

$$\frac{\rho_0}{\rho} \frac{\partial \vec{v}}{\partial t} = -\vec{\nabla} p$$

$$(1) \quad \frac{\partial m}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_V \rho dV = \int_V \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} dV$$

$$\Phi_m = -\rho_0 \oint_A \vec{v} \cdot d\vec{A} = -\rho_0 \int_V (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{v}) dV.$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -\rho_0 (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{v})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta Q &= n C_V dT + p dV \\ \delta Q &= p dV + V dp \\ n R dT &= (R + C_V) p dV + C_V V dp = 0 \text{ or } \gamma \frac{dV}{V} + \frac{dp}{p} = 0 \text{ with } \gamma \equiv \frac{R + C_V}{C_V} = \frac{C_p}{C_V}. \end{aligned}$$

$$(3) \quad \gamma \frac{d(m/\rho)}{m/\rho} + \frac{dp}{p} = -\gamma \frac{m}{\rho^2} \frac{d\rho}{m/\rho} + \frac{dp}{p} = -\gamma \frac{d\rho}{\rho} + \frac{dp}{p} = 0$$

$$\frac{dp}{p_0} = \gamma \frac{d\rho}{\rho_0}$$

$$(4) \quad \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} = -p_0 \gamma (\nabla \cdot \vec{v}).$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial t^2} = \frac{c^2}{c^2} \Delta p = \sqrt{\frac{p_0 \gamma}{\rho_0}} \frac{i(\vec{r} \cdot -\omega \vec{t})}{e^{i(\vec{r} \cdot -\omega \vec{t})}} = \frac{\omega}{c_1} \text{ and } \frac{\omega}{c_2}$$

$$\frac{c_1}{c_2} =$$

$$R_I=\frac{I_{ref}}{I_{in}}=\frac{p_{ref,rms}^2}{Z_1}\frac{Z_1}{p_{in,rms}^2}=R_p^2 \text{ and } T_I=\frac{I_{tr}}{I_{in}}=\frac{p_{tr,rms}^2}{Z_2}\frac{Z_1}{p_{in,rms}^2}=T_p^2\frac{Z_1}{Z_2}.$$

$$\frac{Z_1}{Z_2} \ll$$

$$\frac{T_p^2}{T_I} \approx$$

$$\frac{2}{?}$$

$$(5) \qquad \alpha(\theta_{in})=1-|R_p(\theta_{in})|^2.$$