

QS605UK - Industry

Overview

Table population All usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the census

Reference	QS605UK
Source	Census 2011
Keywords	Employed (in employment), Industry, Main job, Usual Resident
Coverage	United Kingdom
Units	Persons
Latest data	2011
Last updated	2014-08-12 09:30:00

Contact	Census
Email	census.customerservices@ons.gov.uk
Phone	01329 444 972
Website	http://www.ons.gov.uk/census

Dataset metadata

This dataset provides 2011 estimates that classify usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment the week before the census in United Kingdom by industry. The estimates are as at census day, 27 March 2011.

This classification uses a variable that provides a more detailed breakdown of manufacturing professions than the normal industry variable. Although similar estimates were provided in 2001 in table UV34, there has been a number of changes to the grouping. For example "Fishing" is now combined with "Agriculture and forestry" where in 2001 it was a single category.

This information is used to assign a code to the industry an individual works in using the UK Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities (UKSIC). This enhances the quality of occupation coding and is required at a local level to understand economic performance and analyse local labour markets. It also provides information for policy development and monitoring land use, transport and housing needs.

The statistics show trends in employment by industry and help planners to develop or revise employment land policies. For instance, there might be an increased demand for land for retail and office usage but decreasing demand for traditional manufacturing industries. In combination with information about occupation, this information will be particularly useful for economic development, regeneration and monitoring labour market trends.

Information supplied by these questions is used as a base for forecasts of employment (by sector, occupation and industry) and for transport planning. It is also used to identify any associations between the characteristics of individuals and industry, for example to highlight a concentration of groups of people in industries associated with low-paid employment.]

In Northern Ireland this table is numbered QS604NI.

Statistical Disclosure Control

In order to protect against disclosure of personal information from the 2011 Census, there has been swapping of records in the Census database between different geographic areas, and so some counts will be affected. In the main, the greatest effects will be at the lowest geographies, since the record swapping is targeted towards those households with unusual characteristics in small areas.

More details on the ONS Census disclosure control strategy may be found on the [Statistical Disclosure Control](#) page on the ONS web site.

Revisions and Corrections

2014-08-12 09:30:00 Correction of errors in the Coding Specification for Industry (Scotland only)

Variables

geography

The following types of geography are available:

2011 scottish datazones, 2011 scottish intermediate zones, 2011 census frozen wards, 2011 NI small areas, Northern Ireland local government districts (as of 2014), 2011 scottish council areas, 2011 super output areas - middle layer, 2011 super output areas - lower layer, 2011 output areas, scottish data zones, northern ireland - super output areas, local enterprise partnerships (as of April 2017), parliamentary constituencies 2010, local authorities: county / unitary (prior to April 2015), local authorities: district / unitary (prior to April 2015), regions, countries

Industry

The industry in which a person works relates to their main job, and is derived from information provided on the main activity of their employer or business. This is used to assign responses to an industry code based on the Standard Industrial Classification 2007.

Industry - Extended manufacturing

Industry (Extended manufacturing) offers a more detailed breakdown of manufacturing professions than the normal industry variable (INDGPK11).

The following Industry are available:

- | All categories: Industry
- | A Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- | B Mining and quarrying
- | C Manufacturing
 - | C10-12 Manufacturing: Food, beverages and tobacco
 - | C13-15 Manufacturing: Textiles, wearing apparel and leather and related products
 - | C16,17 Manufacturing: Wood, paper and paper products
 - | C19-22 Manufacturing: Chemicals, chemical products, rubber and plastic
 - | C23-25 Manufacturing: Low tech
 - | C26-30 Manufacturing: High tech
 - | C18, 31, 32 Manufacturing: Other
- | D Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- | E Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- | F Construction
- | G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles
- | H Transport and storage
- | I Accommodation and food service activities
- | J Information and communication
- | K Financial and insurance activities
- | L Real estate activities
- | M Professional, scientific and technical activities
- | N Administrative and support service activities
- | O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- | P Education
- | Q Human health and social work activities
- | R,S Arts, entertainment and recreation; other service activities
- | T Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods - and services - producing activities of households for own use
- | U Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies