

<i>P1</i>	High pressure switch protection	<p>Heating mode, DHW mode:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The water flow is low; water temp is high, whether there is air in the water system. Release the air.</li> <li>2. Water pressure is lower than 0.1Mpa, charge the water to let the pressure in the range of 0.15~0.2Mpa.</li> <li>3. Over charge the refrigerant volume. Recharge the refrigerant in right volume.</li> <li>4. Electrical expansion valve locked or winding connector is loosen. Tap-tap the valve body and plug in/ plug off the connector for several times to make sure the valve is working correctly. And install the winding in the right location</li> </ol> <p>DHW mode: Water tank heat exchanger is smaller .Cooling mode:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.Heat exchanger cover is not removed. Remove it.</li> <li>2. Heat exchanger is dirty or something is block on the surface. Clean the heat exchanger or remove the obstruction.</li> </ol>
<i>P3</i>	Compressor overcurrent protection.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.The same reason to P1.</li> <li>2. Power supply voltage of the unit is low, increase the power voltage to the required range.</li> </ol>
<i>P4</i>	High discharge temperature protection.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.The same reason to P1.</li> <li>2.TW_out temp.sensor is loosen Reconnect it..</li> <li>3. T1 temp.sensor is loosen. Reconnect it.</li> <li>4. T5 temp.sensor is loosen. Reconnect it.</li> </ol>
<i>Pd</i>	High temperature protection of refrigerant outlet temp of condenser.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Heat exchanger cover is not removed. Remove it.</li> <li>2. Heat exchanger is dirty or something is block on the surface. Clean the heat exchanger or remove the obstruction.</li> <li>3. There is no enough space around the unit for heat exchanging.</li> <li>4. fan motor is broken, replace a new one.</li> </ol>