













### **SOURCE OF DATA**

#### **Basketball Reference**

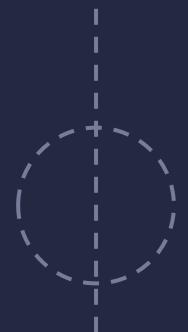
A website serving up basketball stats and history



#### Kaggle

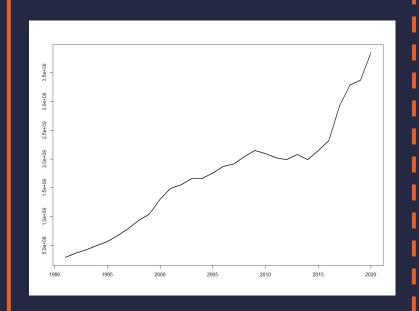
Online Data Science community with open source datasets and projects





#### FINAL DATASET **Salaries\_1985to2018 Players** nba-salaries 01 03 Dataset comprehensive of Salaries of players between all the players anagraphics 1985 and 2018 **Season\_stats** Salary\_cap Nba\_stats 04 Small dataset with the salary Datasets that contains per cap values for each year season stats of the players

### THE LEAGUE TREND





Rapid increases in specific points



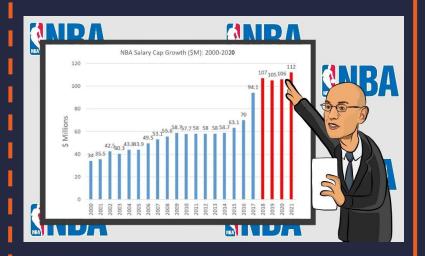
Exponential growth of the salaries



How does it works?

## SALARY CAP SYSTEM

- Establishes the amount of money that each team can spend
- Useful to maintain an equilibrium between the rosters

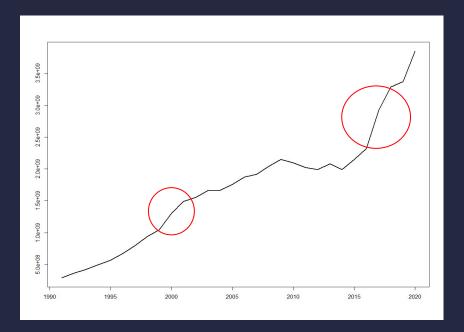


#### **SALARY SPIKES**

1999

Nba-lockout Players strike

Raises the league's minimum salary.

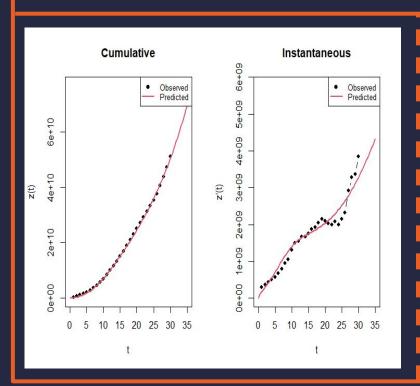


2016

\$24-billion television deal signed by the NBA in 2014

from \$70 million all the way up to \$94.1

#### **DYNAMIC MARKET POTENTIAL - GGM**



Hard to make reliable predictions before the peak of a phenomenon

**Good fit!** 

```
Coefficients:

Estimate Std.Error Lower Upper p-value

K 3.465723e+11 1.936349e+12 -3.448602e+12 4.141747e+12 8.59e-01

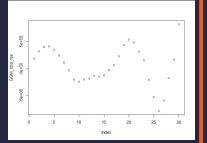
pc 6.162932e-05 6.929251e-04 -1.296479e-03 1.419738e-03 9.30e-01

qc 1.276397e-01 2.840259e-02 7.197163e-02 1.833078e-01 1.38e-04 ***

ps 3.537999e-02 5.083169e-03 2.541716e-02 4.534281e-02 2.70e-07 ***

qs 1.979190e-01 5.111379e-02 9.773777e-02 2.981001e-01 6.88e-04 ***
```

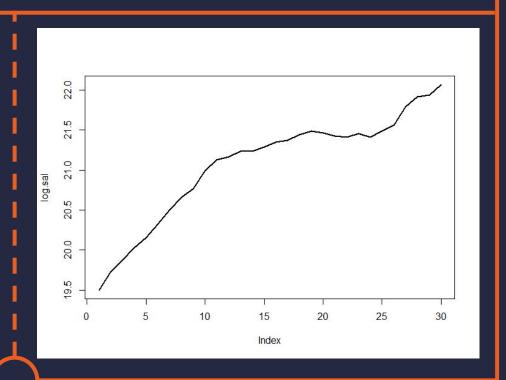
Some evident positive autocorrelation in the residuals to be explained



## **LINEAR MODELS PERFORM BETTER?**

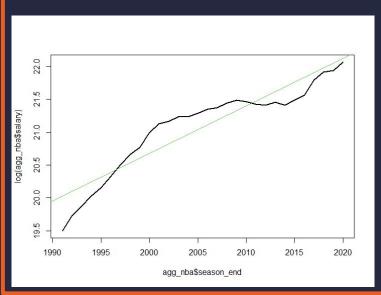
We manipulated the data in order to deal with a more linear scenario

Log transformation of the salaries



### LINEAR MODEL

# Decent fit capturing the trend Adj R-sq of 0.8696



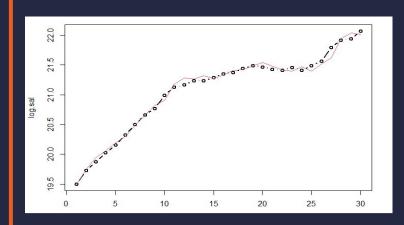
# DW-Test of 1.07, some positive autocorrelations in the residuals



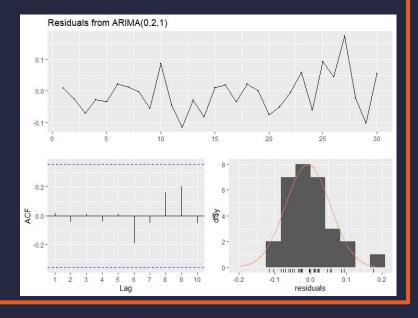
## ARIMA MODEL(0,2,1)

#### Good Fit and the best AIC score

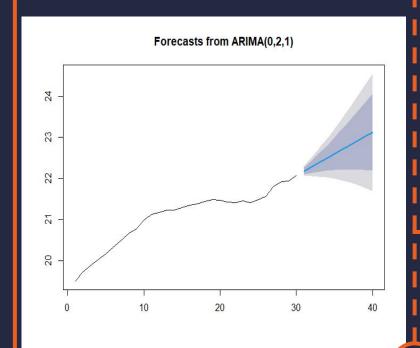
	(0,1,0)	(1,1,0)	(0,2,1)
AIC	-39,84	-67,42	-70,16



# White noise residuals with no evident autocorrelation between them



## ARIMA MODEL(0,2,1)



#### 2021 and 2022 predictions

LogValue	Conversion	TrueValue
22.17	4,25e+09	4,20e+09
22.28	4,74e+09	4.95e+09

### 2023 coming soon

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## **WORLDWIDE PHENOMENON?**



### LET's TAKE A LOOK INSIDE

In 1992

93%

Of the Nba players was USA born

In 2018

21.8%

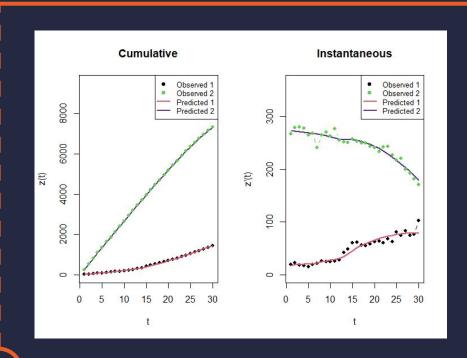
Of the players are classed as international players

### SO HOW DO THEY RELATE?

The UCRCD model shows that USA players compete with foreign players, but the latter collaborate with the former.

coeff	icients:					
22-11-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-	Estimate	e Std.Error	Lower	r Uppe	r p-value	9
mc	1.208020e+04	4.585191e+02	1.118152e+04	1.297888e+04	4.00e-32	***
p1c	1.356544e-03	4.462677e-04	4.818757e-04	2.231213e-03	3.67e-03	* *
p2	2.246560e-02	1.054755e-03	2.039831e-02	2.453288e-02	1.20e-27	***
q1c	-1.200337e-02					
q2	9.961600e-03	5.702106e-03	-1.214322e-03	2.113752e-02	8.64e-02	
delta	2.589305e-01	4.137010e-02	1.778466e-01	3.400144e-01	6.99e-08	***
gamma	-2.040296e-01	6.611383e-02	-3.336104e-01	-7.444890e-02	3.22e-03	**

Nba global expansion



### **EVOLUTION OF THE GAME**

1979/80: 3 Pointers

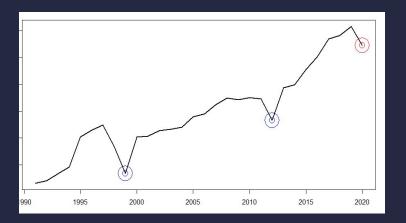




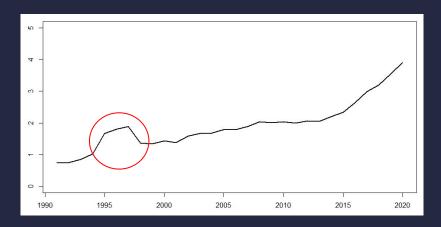


### **3PT SHOTS THROUGH TIME**

Number of triples attempted during the season



Average triples attempted by player per game



## TOP PLAYERS EVOLUTION

Big Men

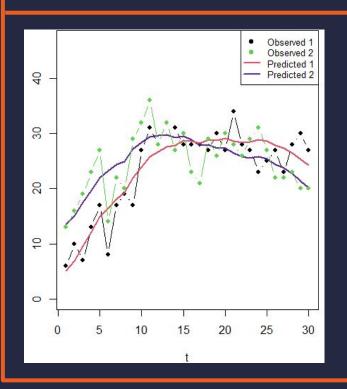
VS

**Guards** 





### TOP PLAYERS EVOLUTION



Counting top players for each year (salary > 18% of salary cap).

UCRCD shows that guards compete with big men

```
Coefficients:

Estimate Std.Error Lower Upper p-value

mc 2.321884e+03 2.747241e+02 1.783434e+03 2.860333e+03 2.14e-11 ***

plc 1.425297e-03 1.112674e-03 -7.555035e-04 3.606097e-03 2.06e-01

p2 5.154554e-03 1.293462e-03 2.619416e-03 7.689693e-03 2.07e-04 ***

q1c 1.932371e-01 5.877932e-02 7.803176e-02 3.084425e-01 1.80e-03 **

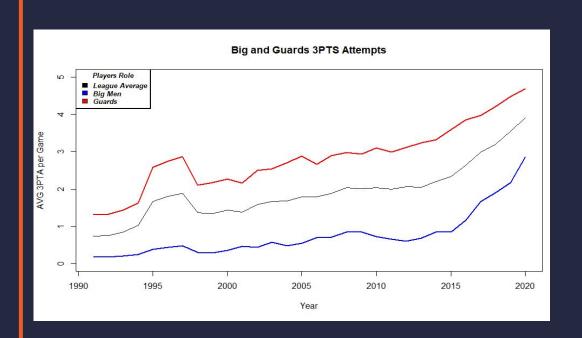
q2 2.003779e-01 5.416839e-02 9.420982e-02 3.065460e-01 5.15e-04 ***

delta -3.111397e-01 1.291790e-01 -5.643258e-01 -5.795354e-02 1.95e-02 *

gamma 3.533030e-01 1.173993e-01 1.232047e-01 5.834013e-01 4.00e-03 **
```

Evolution of the game promoted guards way to play

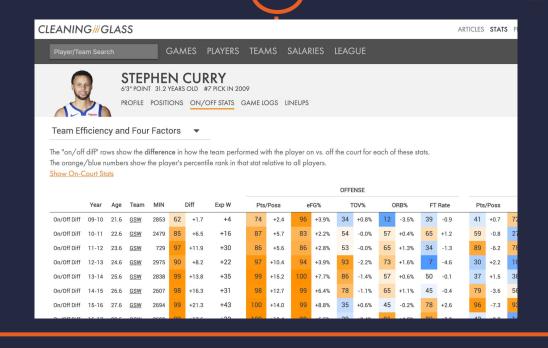
### **ADAPT TO SURVIVE**



From 2015 the increasing trend of three points shots started to be a trait also on the Big Men line.
Showing an even faster growth

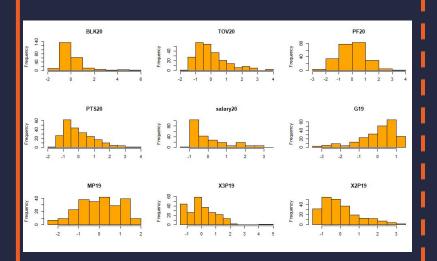
# BACK TO THE WHOLE LEAGUE

What are the most significant statistics that influence the players salaries?



### **STATS AND SALARY**

#### **Stats distribution**



# Salary correlations

Age20	0.2081655
G20	0.1647131
MP20	0.5768627
X3P20	0.3361096
X2P20	0.5808521
FT20	0.6154182
TRB20	0.4655156
AST20	0.5520381
STL20	0.4160207
BLK20	0.2536754
TOV20	0.6023417
PF20	0.3410836
PTS20	0.6311433

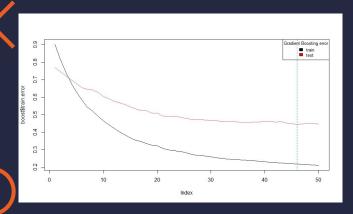
TOV19	0.6265392
PF19	0.3044048
PTS19	0.6842217
G18	0.1419813
MP18	0.5405299
X3P18	0.3753790
X2P18	0.5762544
FT18	0.6554624
TRB18	0.4530440
AST18	0.5153997
STL18	0.4268380
BLK18	0.2815855
TOV18	0.5584488
PF18	0.3446330
PTS18	0.6740730

### **GBM RELEVANT VARIABLES**

Points made from previous seasons are the most significant variables to predict current salary

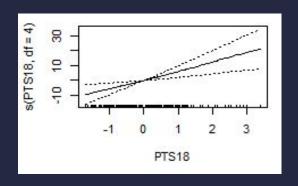
var	rel.inf
PTS18	14.7961503
PTS19	13.4803639
Age20	9.6089299
MP19	9.3173514
FT18	5.5464770
TRB20	5.5274050
STL19	4.6290067
MP20	3.9002723
FT20	3.7140912
TRB18	3.6694478
AST18	3.2767505
G19	2.2788476
X2P20	2.2641125
MP18	1.9512670
BL K20	1 8920508

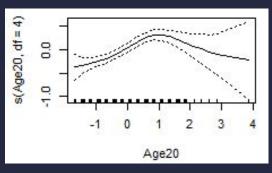
#### Train and test error plot



Hard to predict due to few samples and "bad deals"

### GAM RELEVANT VARIABLES





"Points made" have an evident positive linear relation with the salary

The partial function of the age has a bell shape.
Being in at the prime has a positive influence on salaries

# --- X CONCLUSIONS

- GGM has decent fit and gives reasonable interpretations, however it is not reliable because it analyzes the early phase of the process
- Arima captures very well the shape of the phenomenon and all the assumptions of the model are satisfied
- UCRCD application suggest a partial competition on US vs Rest of World and the class of top players analysis.
- Prediction task is hard, but both GB and GAM method agree that the most influent statistics, are related to previous seasons.