

Class Activity – Creating Codes

Objectives

Secret codes have been used for thousands of years. Ancient Greeks and Spartans used a scytale (rhymes with Italy) to encode messages. Romans used a Caesar cipher to encrypt messages. A few hundred years ago, the French used the Vigenère cipher to encode messages. Today, there are many ways that messages can be encoded.

In this lab, you will create and encrypt messages using online tools.

Background / Scenario

There are several encryption algorithms that can be used to encrypt and decrypt messages. Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) are commonly used to automate the encryption and decryption process.

In this lab, you and a lab partner will use an online tool to encrypt and decrypt messages.

Required Resources

- PC with Internet access

Step 1: Search for an online encoding and decoding tool.

There are many different types of encryption algorithms used in modern networks. One of the most secure is the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) symmetric encryption algorithm. We will be using this algorithm in our demonstration.

- a. In a Web browser, search for “[encrypt decrypt AES online](#)”. Several different tools will be listed in the search results.
- b. Explore the different links provided and choose a tool. In our example, we used the tool available from: <http://aesencryption.net/>

Step 2: Encrypt a message and email it to your lab partner.

In this step, each lab partner will encrypt a message and send the encrypted text to the other lab partner.

Note: Unencrypted messages are referred to as plaintext, while encrypted messages are referred to as ciphertext.

- a. Enter a plaintext message of your choice in the text box. The message can be very short or it can be lengthy. Be sure that your lab partner does not see the plaintext message.

A secret key (i.e., password) is usually required to encrypt a message. The secret key is used along with the encryption algorithm to encrypt the message. Only someone with knowledge of the secret key would be able to decrypt the message.

- b. Enter a secret key. Some tools may ask you to confirm the password. In our example, we used the **cyberops** secret key.

The screenshot shows the 'AES encryption' web application. At the top, there is an orange header with the text 'AES encryption' and a menu icon. Below the header, the main content area has a title 'AES encryption' in a large, bold, italicized font. Underneath the title is the subtitle 'Encrypt and decrypt text with AES algorithm'. There is a large text input field containing the quote: "You miss 100 percent of the shots you never take!" - Wayne Gretzky. Below this field is a smaller input field for the secret key, which contains the text 'cyberops'. To the right of the key field is a dropdown menu currently set to '128 Bit'. At the bottom of the main content area, there is a preview of the text to be encrypted: 'Q9 Private Cloud' followed by 'Big Data, High Performance - We've Got a Cloud For That Go to q9.com'. To the right of the preview is a circular button with a right-pointing arrow. At the bottom right of the interface are two buttons: 'Encrypt' (orange) and 'Decrypt' (dark grey).

- c. Next click on **Encrypt**.

In the “Result of encryption in base64” window, random text is displayed. This is then encrypted message.

The screenshot shows the 'Result of encryption in base64' window. It features a large text area containing the base64-encoded ciphertext: 46pKb+6BEqzlq/qS7NKZmnCG8lC0wheEt5tGwGjw9n7VzqjuwE8arWXfW2M/YD0T18c7hqV1jWjyTwJZR5V39LwHOgSbHd88Q4PTOC7tQOA=. At the bottom right of the window is a red 'Download' button.

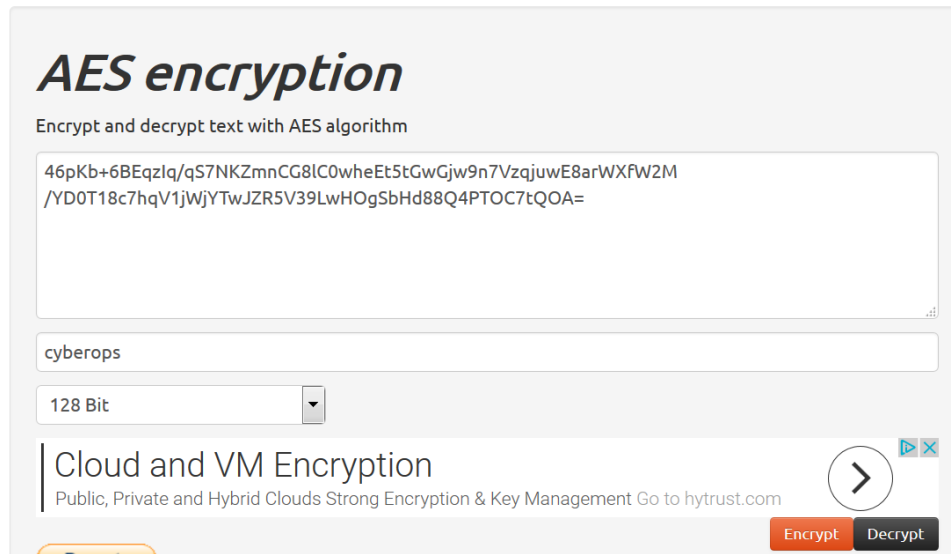
- d. Copy or Download the resulting message.
- e. Email the encrypted message to your lab partner.

Step 3: Decrypt the ciphertext.

AES is a symmetric encryption algorithm. This means that the two parties exchanging encrypted messages must share the secret key in advance.

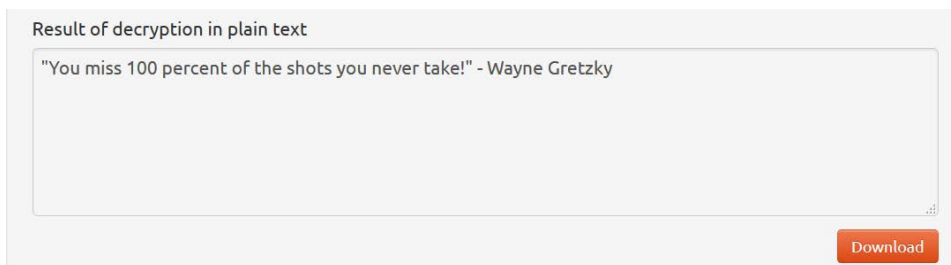
- a. Open the email from your lab partner.
- b. Copy the ciphertext and paste it in the text box.

- c. Enter the pre-shared secret key.



The screenshot shows a web application titled "AES encryption" with the subtitle "Encrypt and decrypt text with AES algorithm". It features a large text area containing a long alphanumeric string: "46pKb+6BEqzlq/qS7NKZmnCG8lC0wheEt5tGwGjw9n7VzqjuwE8arWXfW2M/YD0T18c7hqV1jWjYTwJZR5V39LwHOgSbHd88Q4PTOC7tQOA=". Below this is a text input field with "cyberops" entered, and a dropdown menu set to "128 Bit". At the bottom, there is a banner for "Cloud and VM Encryption" with a link to "hytrust.com" and two buttons: "Encrypt" (orange) and "Decrypt" (dark grey). A circular arrow icon is also visible next to the banner.

- d. Click on **Decrypt** and the original cleartext message should be displayed.



The screenshot shows the result of the decryption process. It features a text area with the message: "You miss 100 percent of the shots you never take!" - Wayne Gretzky. Below the text area is a "Download" button (orange).

What happens if you use a wrong secret key?
