Binary Choice Analysis

Robert Hickman 22 February 2018

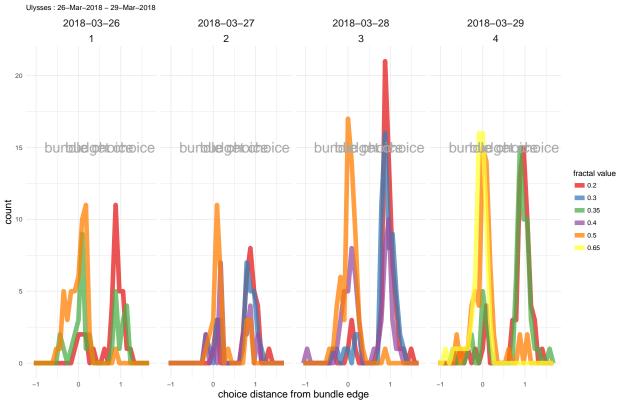
```
monkey <- "Ulysses"
today <- "29-Mar-2018"
look_back <- "26-Mar-2018"

start_trial <- 0
stop_trial <- "all"

merge_days <- TRUE

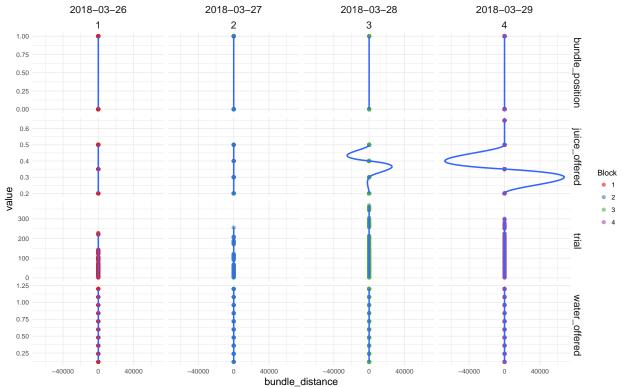
p1</pre>
```

Monkey Choice Distance From Bundle on Binary Choice Task



Monkey Choice Distance From Bundle on Binary Choice Task

Ulysses : 26-Mar-2018 - 29-Mar-2018



```
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = fractal_choice ~ bundle_position + water_offered +
       juice_offered + trial + date, family = "binomial", data = task_data)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
                                  0.35127
## -2.80340 -0.37118
                        0.02806
                                            2.21960
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                    8.990e+03 2.325e+03
                                           3.866 0.000111 ***
## bundle position 9.108e-02 2.503e-01
                                           0.364 0.715925
                    5.142e+00 5.131e-01
## water_offered
                                         10.022 < 2e-16 ***
## juice_offered
                    2.266e+01
                              1.726e+00
                                          13.129 < 2e-16 ***
## trial
                   -1.908e-03 1.413e-03
                                         -1.350 0.177077
## date
                  -5.110e-01 1.320e-01 -3.871 0.000109 ***
## ---
```

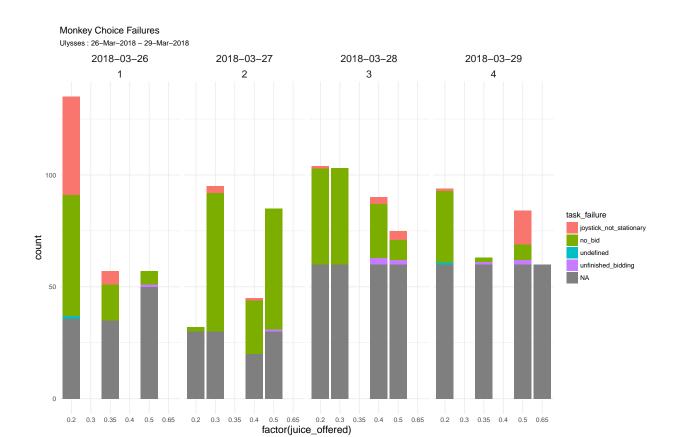
```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 985.03 on 710 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 412.71 on 705 degrees of freedom
     (468 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 424.71
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
#test for side bias with an exact binomial test
binom.test(c(nrow(task_data %>%
                    .[c(bundle_position != fractal_choice)]),
             nrow(task_data %>%
                    .[c(bundle_position == fractal_choice)])))
##
##
  Exact binomial test
## data: c(nrow(task_data %>% .[c(bundle_position != fractal_choice)]),
                                                                             nrow(task_data %>% .[c(bunder)]
## number of successes = 352, number of trials = 711, p-value = 0.822
## alternative hypothesis: true probability of success is not equal to 0.5
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.4577096 0.5324862
## sample estimates:
## probability of success
               0.4950774
#generate a model of likelihood to choice for the fractal dependent on it's position,
#value and associated water
model <- glm(data = dplyr::filter(task_data, block_no == max(block_no)),</pre>
             fractal_choice ~ bundle_position + water_offered + as.factor(juice_offered) + trial + date
             family = "binomial")
#summarise the parameters
summary(model)
##
## glm(formula = fractal_choice ~ bundle_position + water_offered +
##
       as.factor(juice_offered) + trial + date, family = "binomial",
##
       data = dplyr::filter(task_data, block_no == max(block_no)))
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                   10
                         Median
                                       30
                                                Max
## -2.38418 -0.08472
                        0.00000
                                  0.02614
                                            2.65470
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
                                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                -1.129e+01 2.315e+00 -4.879 1.06e-06 ***
## bundle_position
                                 1.018e+00 6.025e-01
                                                        1.690
                                                                  0.091 .
## water_offered
                                 9.830e+00 2.056e+00
                                                        4.780 1.75e-06 ***
## as.factor(juice_offered)0.35 1.132e+00 7.010e-01
                                                        1.615
                                                                  0.106
```

1.000e+01 1.888e+00

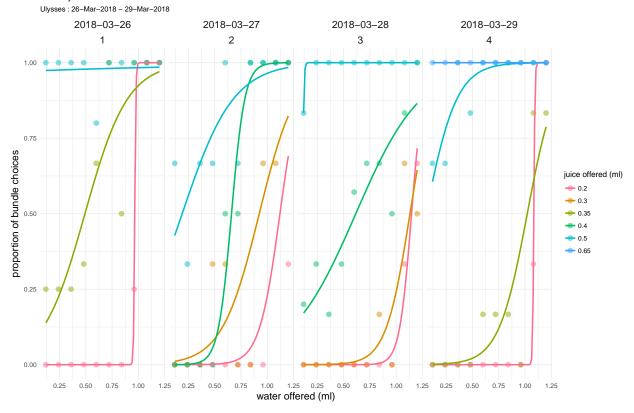
5.300 1.16e-07 ***

as.factor(juice_offered)0.5

```
## as.factor(juice_offered)0.65 2.816e+01 1.799e+03
                                                       0.016
                                                                0.988
## trial
                                -2.147e-03 3.745e-03 -0.573
                                                                 0.566
## date
                                       NA
                                                                   NA
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 328.431 on 239 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 74.759 on 233 degrees of freedom
     (61 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 88.759
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 19
#test for side bias with an exact binomial test
binom.test(c(nrow(task_data %>%
                    .[c(bundle_position != fractal_choice & block_no == max(block_no))]),
             nrow(task_data %>%
                    .[c(bundle_position == fractal_choice & block_no == max(block_no))])))
##
## Exact binomial test
##
## data: c(nrow(task_data %>% .[c(bundle_position != fractal_choice &
                                                                          block_no == max(block_no))])
## number of successes = 114, number of trials = 240, p-value =
## 0.4778
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true probability of success is not equal to 0.5
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.4103929 0.5402322
## sample estimates:
## probability of success
                    0.475
##
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```

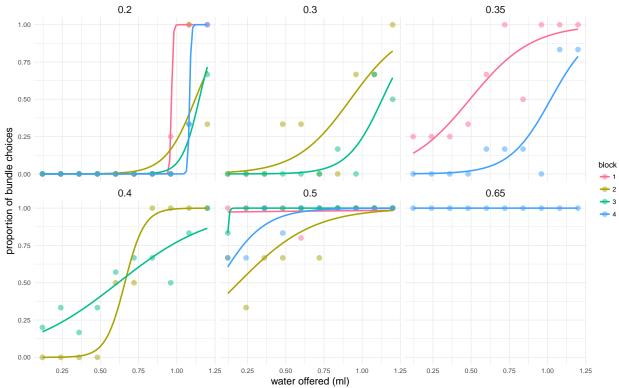


Monkey Bundle Choice Binoimial Curves



Monkey Bundle Choice Binoimial Curves Ulysses : 26-Mar-2018 - 29-Mar-2018

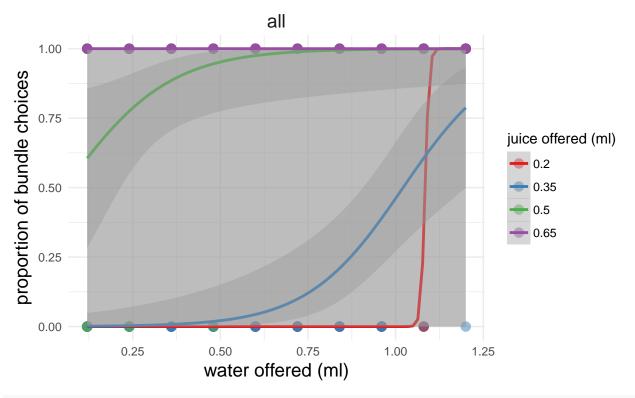




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Today's Monkey Bundle Choice Binoimial Curves

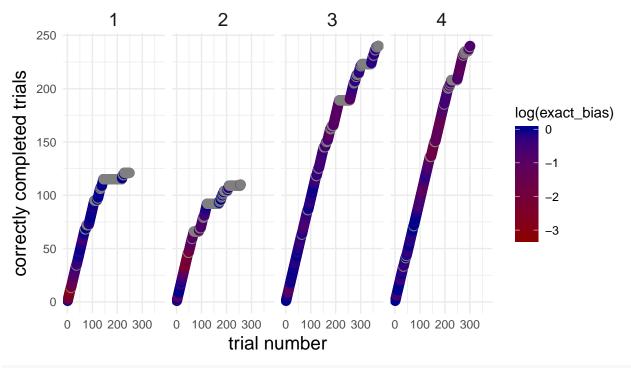
Ulysses: 29-Mar-2018



Monkey Trial Progression and Bias

Ulysses : 26-Mar-2018 - 29-Mar-2018

2018-03-26 2018-03-27 2018-03-28 2018-03-29



Monkey Trial Progression and Bias

Ulysses: 26-Mar-2018 - 29-Mar-2018

