Binary Choice Analysis

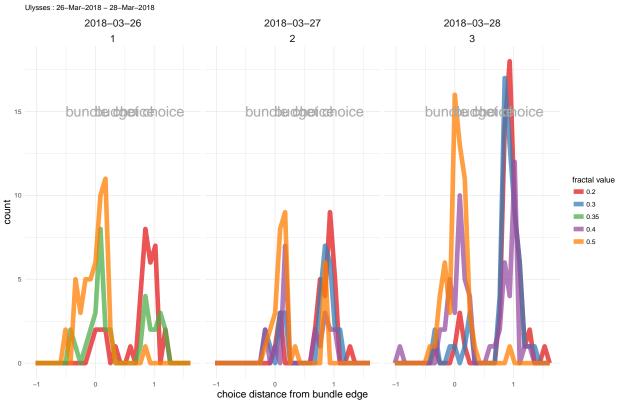
Robert Hickman 22 February 2018

```
monkey <- "Ulysses"
today <- "28-Mar-2018"
look_back <- "26-Mar-2018"

start_trial <- 0
stop_trial <- "all"

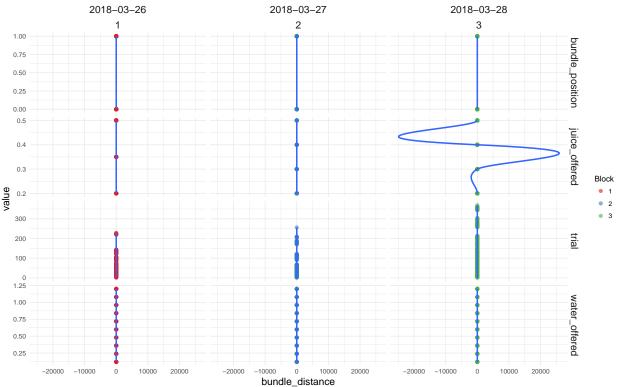
merge_days <- TRUE</pre>
p1
```

Monkey Choice Distance From Bundle on Binary Choice Task



Monkey Choice Distance From Bundle on Binary Choice Task

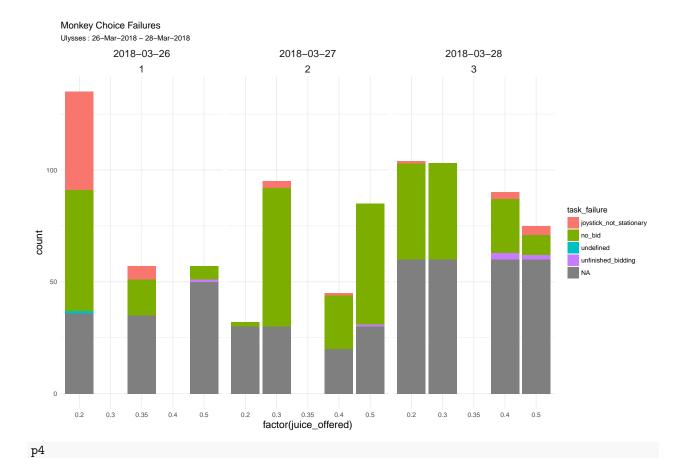
Ulysses : 26-Mar-2018 - 28-Mar-2018



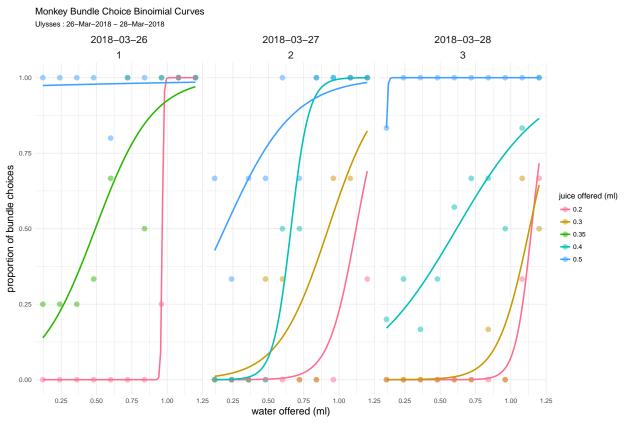
```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = fractal_choice ~ bundle_position + water_offered +
       juice_offered + trial + date, family = "binomial", data = task_data)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
       Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
                                  0.41198
## -2.80126 -0.42430 -0.05375
                                            2.20394
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                    1.255e+04 3.522e+03
                                           3.564 0.000366 ***
## bundle position -9.137e-02 2.938e-01 -0.311 0.755843
                   5.041e+00 5.956e-01
## water_offered
                                           8.465 < 2e-16 ***
## juice_offered
                   2.235e+01
                              2.068e+00
                                          10.808 < 2e-16 ***
## trial
                  -1.692e-03 1.651e-03 -1.024 0.305702
## date
                  -7.130e-01 1.999e-01 -3.566 0.000362 ***
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 652.69 on 470 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 300.26 on 465 degrees of freedom
     (407 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 312.26
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
#test for side bias with an exact binomial test
binom.test(c(nrow(task_data %>%
                    .[c(bundle_position != fractal_choice)]),
             nrow(task_data %>%
                    .[c(bundle_position == fractal_choice)])))
##
## Exact binomial test
## data: c(nrow(task_data %% .[c(bundle_position != fractal_choice)]),
                                                                              nrow(task_data %>% .[c(bunder)]
## number of successes = 238, number of trials = 471, p-value =
## alternative hypothesis: true probability of success is not equal to 0.5
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.4591825 0.5513662
## sample estimates:
## probability of success
                0.5053079
#generate a model of likelihood to choice for the fractal dependent on it's position,
#value and associated water
model <- glm(data = dplyr::filter(task_data, block_no == max(block_no)),</pre>
             fractal_choice ~ bundle_position + water_offered + as.factor(juice_offered) + trial + date
             family = "binomial")
#summarise the parameters
summary(model)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = fractal_choice ~ bundle_position + water_offered +
       as.factor(juice_offered) + trial + date, family = "binomial",
##
       data = dplyr::filter(task_data, block_no == max(block_no)))
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
        Min
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
                   10
## -2.55166 -0.37273 -0.08574
                                  0.19553
                                            2.27498
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
                                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                               -6.115285
                                           1.080072 -5.662 1.50e-08 ***
## bundle_position
                               -0.207546
                                           0.468917 -0.443
                                                              0.6581
## water_offered
                                           1.012035
                                                      5.410 6.32e-08 ***
                                5.474668
## as.factor(juice_offered)0.3  0.486762
                                                      0.741
                                           0.656925
                                                              0.4587
```

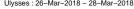
```
## as.factor(juice_offered)0.4 3.799636
                                           0.727292
                                                      5.224 1.75e-07 ***
## as.factor(juice_offered)0.5 8.936589
                                           1.390984
                                                      6.425 1.32e-10 ***
## trial
                               -0.005957
                                           0.002327 - 2.560
                                                              0.0105 *
## date
                                                NA
                                                         NA
                                                                  NA
                                      NA
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 328.95 on 239 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 123.12 on 233 degrees of freedom
     (132 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 137.12
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
#test for side bias with an exact binomial test
binom.test(c(nrow(task_data %>%
                    .[c(bundle_position != fractal_choice & block_no == max(block_no))]),
             nrow(task_data %>%
                    .[c(bundle_position == fractal_choice & block_no == max(block_no))])))
##
## Exact binomial test
##
## data: c(nrow(task_data %>% .[c(bundle_position != fractal_choice &
                                                                           block_no == max(block_no))])
## number of successes = 118, number of trials = 240, p-value =
## 0.8465
## alternative hypothesis: true probability of success is not equal to 0.5
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.4267816 0.5567601
## sample estimates:
## probability of success
##
                0.4916667
рЗ
```

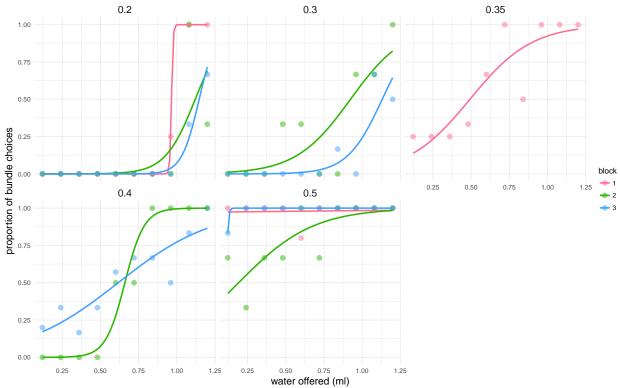






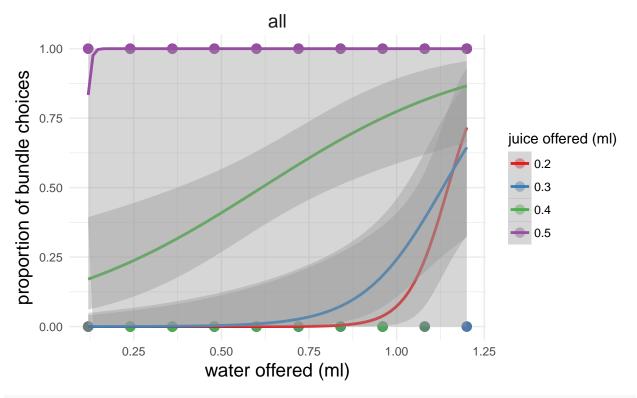
Monkey Bundle Choice Binoimial Curves Ulysses : 26-Mar-2018 - 28-Mar-2018





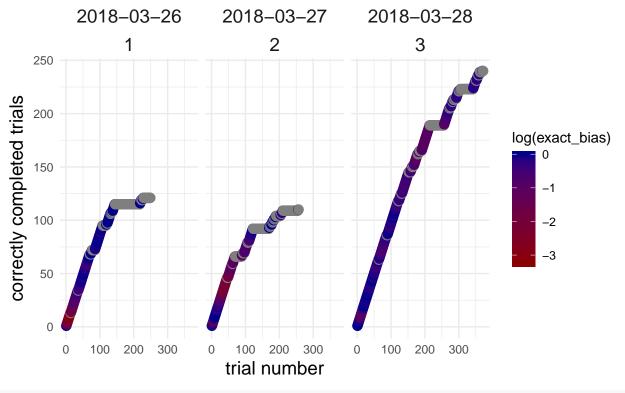
Today's Monkey Bundle Choice Binoimial Curves

Ulysses: 28-Mar-2018



Monkey Trial Progression and Bias

Ulysses: 26-Mar-2018 - 28-Mar-2018



Monkey Trial Progression and Bias

Ulysses: 26-Mar-2018 - 28-Mar-2018

