

# COMP 1017

Day 13

Cascade Specificity Inheritance

# CSS Battle Royale

When CSS rules collide,  
who remains?

What's the first rule of our  
CSS Battle Royale?

The **cascade** determines the winner.

This means that when there are two conflicting rules, the rule written last will be rendered last.

The last rule written is the last rule standing.

What's the second rule of our  
CSS Battle Royale?

The **specificity** of a selector determines the winner.



Let's take a quick look at how specificity is calculated.

Selector & Example	Calculated Weight
Element Selector p, h1, h2 ...	1
Class Selector body.container-960px	10
Descendant Selector ul li a ( Any anchor tag inside of a list item in an unordered list. )	2
Descendant Combinator ul.my-things li (Any list item inside of an unordered list with the class 'my-things'.)	11
ID Selector #jumbotron	100
!important p { color: red !important; }	101

The specificity of a selector can  
override the order of the cascade.

Introducing ... rule number three!

In CSS we have a special piece of syntax that we use to make sure a certain declaration will win over all others.

It looks like this:

```
p {color:red !important;}
```

**!important** is the heaviest hitter of them all. It's even stronger than IDs.

In general, we do not recommend using `!important`\*.

\* or, to only use it *very sparingly*



But, if you must ...

**Always** look for a way to use  
specificity before even considering  
!important.

**Only** use `!important` on page-specific CSS that overrides foreign CSS.

**Never** use `!important` on site-wide CSS.

# Inheritance

This just might have something to do  
with parent-child elements ...

Inheritance is one of the last pieces we need\* to understand what style is applied to which element.

\* well, for now ...

**Inheritance** means that some property values applied to an element will also be applied to its **children**.

So, if you make the entire `<body>` use comic sans, then everything inside the `<body>` will look like poorly-kerned garbage.



For more on inheritance, check out this supplemental reading:

[MDN: Cascade & Inheritance](#)

For more on how to calculate specificity values, go see:

[css-tricks.com/specifics-on-css-specificity/](https://css-tricks.com/specifics-on-css-specificity/)