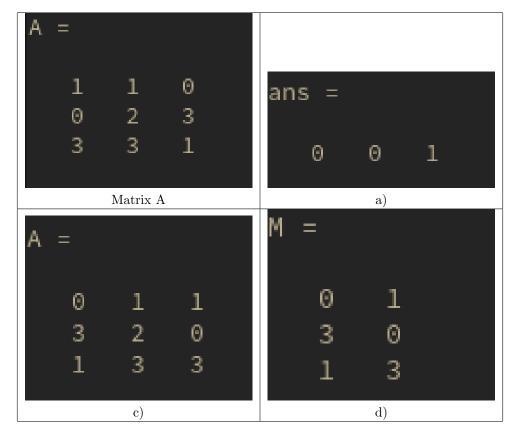
# Deber 1

#### Roberto Alvarado

#### 4 de septiembre del 2021

#### 0.1 Pregunta1

```
1 #Initialize the matrix
A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0; & 0 & 2 & 3; & 3 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}
з #a) Matrix Arithmetics
A(1,:)*(-3) + A(3,:)
5 #b) Interchange 3 column with 1
_{6} C = A(1,:);
^{7} A(1,:)=A(3,:);
  A(3,:)=C;
  #c) Matrix initialization
_{10} M = [A(:,1) A(:,3)]
  #d)
11
  N = [A(1,:);A(3,:)]
12
13
  #e) identity matrix this A
14
   I3 = \mathbf{eye}(3);
  B = [A I3];
  #f) echeleon form of the matrix B to get the inverse
  AI = rref(B)(:, 4:6)
  #g) Check that is the inverse
20 A*AI
```



```
N =
                                                 B =
         0
                    1
                                                       0
                                                               1
                    3
                                3
                                                               2
                                                                                       1
                                                                                       0
                                                                            f)
                    e)
                                             ans =
                                                   1.0000
                                                                     1.0000
                                                                                                 0
  -3.0000e+00 -1.1102e-16 1.0000e+00
4.5000e+00 5.0000e-01 -1.5000e+00
-3.5000e+00 -5.0000e-01 1.5000e+00
                                                 -0.0000
                                                                   -0.0000
                                                                                       1.0000
                    f)
                                                       g) Podemos ver que es la matriz inversa
```

#### 0.2 Pregunta2

```
1 #a) Define matrices

2 A = [2 - 1 \ 3; 4 \ 2 \ 1; 3 \ 2 \ -5]

3 B = [1; 2; -4]

4 5 #Method Gauss-jordan to get the row echolon form

6 AB = [A \ B]

7 ans = rref(AB)(:, 4)

8 9 #b)

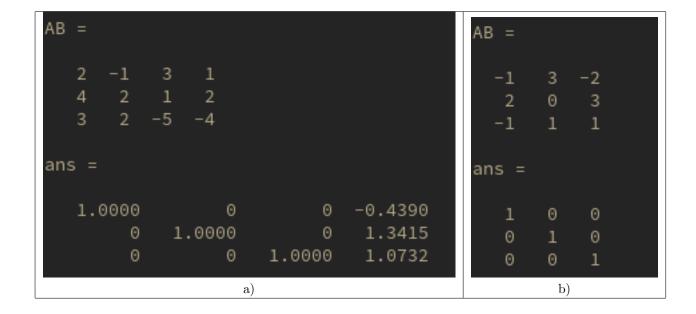
10 A = [-1 \ 3; 2 \ 0; -1 \ 1]

11 B = [-2; 3; 1]

12 AB = [A \ B]

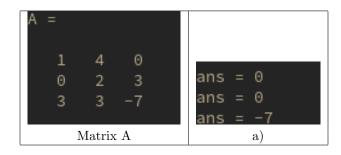
14 ans = rref(AB)
```

- a) En este caso podemos ver que tiene un resultado este sistema de ecuaciones. Con nuestro procedimiento Octave simplemente nos devuelve la matrix identidad junto al vector resultante.
- b) El procedimiento no tiene ninguna solucion, es por eso que octave al momento de hacer el procedimiento devuelve la matriz identidad ya que significa que los vectores son linealmenteindependientes



#### 0.3 Pregunta3

```
1 #Initialize de matrix
A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 0; 0 & 2 & 3; 3 & 3 & -7 \end{bmatrix}
3 #a) Get the min for each line, result for each line in vector form
   for i=1:3
             \min(A(i,:))
5
   end
6
   #b) Sort in descending order each colum
   for i=1:3
             A(:,i) = sort(A(:,i), "descend");
10
   endfor
11
12
   Α
13
   #c) Sort in ascending order each line
14
   A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 0; 0 & 2 & 3; 3 & 3 & -7 \end{bmatrix}
   for i=1:3
             A(i,:) = sort(A(i,:));
17
   endfor
18
   Α
19
20
   #d) List with sorted elements of A in ascending order
   \mathrm{B} = [\,];
22
   for i=1:3
             for j=1:3
24
                       B= [B A(i,j)];
25
             end
26
   end;
27
   sort (B)
28
29
   #e) max value of abs(B)
  \max(abs(B))
```



	A =						A =			
	3 1 0	4 3 2	3 0 -7				0 0 -7	1 2 3	4 3 3	
				c)						
ans =										
-7 0 0	1	2	3	3	3	4	ans	; = -	7	
	d)						e)			

# 0.4 Pregunta4

```
^{_{1}} #Matrix of ones times then mulitply by 7 ^{_{2}} A = ones \, (3 \, , 5) * 7
```

$$_{2} A = ones(3,5)*7$$

### 0.5 Pregunta5

```
^{_1} #Random 4x4 real matrix from -5 to 5 ^{_2} A = (rand([4,4]) -0.5)*10
```

```
A =

-4.7526   1.0720   -4.9166   4.1225

-4.5750   2.3192   -1.8269   -0.4952

-1.1847   -0.1763   4.0221   1.9838

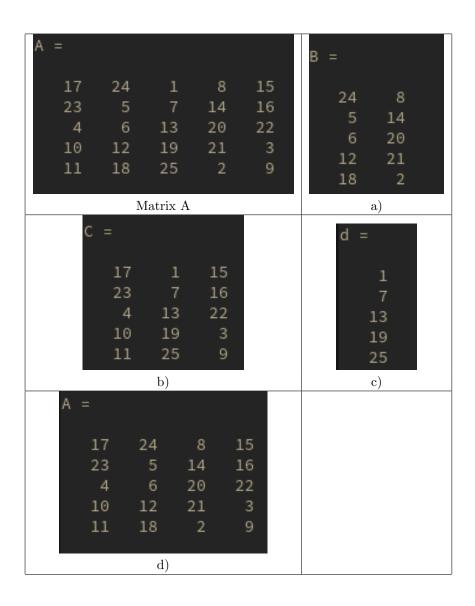
-0.7369   -2.6442   -4.7777   -0.9064
```

## 0.6 Pregunta6

```
^{_1} #Random 4x4 integer matrix from -5 to 5 ^{_2} A =int32((rand([4 4])-0.5)*10)
```

### 0.7 Pregunta7

```
 \begin{array}{lll} {}_{1} & A = magic(5) \\ {}_{2} & \#a \\ {}_{4} & B = [A(:,2) \ A(:,4)] \\ {}_{5} & \#b \\ {}_{6} & C = [A(:,1) \ A(:,3) \ A(:,5)] \\ {}_{7} & \#c \\ {}_{8} & d = [A(:,3)] \\ {}_{9} & \#d \\ {}_{10} & A(:,3) = [] \\ \end{array}
```



## 0.8 Pregunta8

```
 \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{$^{1}$ $\#$Initilization of vector} \\ \mbox{$^{2}$ $x = (0:pi/2:2*pi)$} \\ \mbox{$^{3}$ $\#$Matrix definition} \\ \mbox{$^{4}$ $A = [x; $\sin(x); \cos(x)]$} \end{array}
```

```
3.1416
                             4.7124
                                       6.2832
          1.5708
        1.5708
                3.1416 4.7124
                                  6.2832
        1.0000
                 0.0000
                        -1.0000
                                 -0.0000
        0.0000
                -1.0000
                        -0.0000
                                  1.0000
1.0000
```

# 0.9 Pregunta9

```
#Vectors
a = [1 3 5 7]
b = [2 4 6 8]
#AT * B = Expected Matrix
a'*b
```

```
a =
   1
           5
   2
           6
       4
ans =
    2
        4
        12
              18
                   24
   10
        20
              30
                   40
              42
                   56
   14
        28
```

#### 0.10 Pregunta10

```
1,
   function matrix = getMatrixA(na)
2
            matrix = zeros(na);
            for i=1:na
                     for j=1:na
5
                              matrix(i,j)=i*j;
6
                     endfor
7
            endfor
   endfunction
9
10
   #try with a 5x5
   getMatrixA(5)
12
13
   \#Function where c_{ij} = cos(ij)
14
15
   function matrix = getMatrixB(na)
16
            matrix = zeros(na);
17
            for i=1:na
18
                     for j=1:na
                              matrix(i,j) = cos(i*j);
20
                     endfor
21
            endfor
22
   endfunction
23
24
  #try with a 5x5
25
   getMatrixB(5)
```

Figure 1: a) ans = 5 1 2 2 4 8 10 9 12 15 8 12 16 20 10 15 20 25

Figure 2: b)

```
ans =
  0.5403
           -0.4161
                   -0.9900
                              -0.6536
                                         0.2837
 -0.4161
           -0.6536
                              -0.1455
                     0.9602
                                        -0.8391
                                        -0.7597
 -0.9900
           0.9602
                    -0.9111
                              0.8439
 -0.6536
           -0.1455
                     0.8439
                              -0.9577
                                         0.4081
  0.2837
           -0.8391
                    -0.7597
                               0.4081
                                         0.9912
```

### 0.11 Pregunta11

```
<sup>1</sup> #Vector of vectos
a = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]
A = [a; a*2; a*3; a*4]
5 #Change each vector
_{6} A = ones(4,4);
^{7} A(2,:)=A(2,:)*2;
A(3,:)=A(3,:)*3;
  A(4,:)=A(4,:)*4;
10
11
  #change each element
12
  A = zeros(4,4);
13
   for i=1:4
14
            for j=1:4
15
                     A(i,j)=i;
16
            end
17
_{18} end
19 A
```

## 0.12 Pregunta12

```
A = magic(5)
Hadiagonal to 0
A(find(eye(5)))= 0
```

```
17
      24
                        15
23
                  14
                        16
            13
                  20
                        22
10
      12
                  21
            19
11
      18
            25
      24
                        15
23
                  14
                        22
                  20
10
      12
                   Θ
            19
11
      18
            25
```

## 0.13 Pregunta13

```
\begin{array}{lll} \begin{tabular}{lll} \# diagonal & to & any & vector \\ 2 & A = magic(5) \\ 3 & A(find(eye(5))) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}
```

```
17
      24
                        15
23
                  14
                        16
            13
                  20
                        22
10
      12
            19
                  21
11
      18
            25
      24
                        15
                  14
23
                        16
                  20
                        22
10
      12
            19
11
      18
            25
```

## 0.14 Pregunta14

```
1 #reshape
2 A = magic(6)
3 A = reshape(A,1,36);
4 A = sort(A);
5 A = reshape(A,6,6)
```

```
24
35
                  26
                        19
                        23
      32
                  21
                               25
31
                  22
                        27
      28
            33
                  17
                        10
                               15
                  12
                               16
            34
                        14
30
      36
            29
                  13
                        18
                               11
            13
                  19
                        25
                               31
            14
                  20
                        26
                               32
            15
                  21
                        27
                               33
      10
                  22
                        28
                               34
            16
            17
                  23
                        29
      11
      12
            18
                  24
                         30
                               36
```

#### 0.15 Pregunta15

```
1 #Matrix
```

```
_{2} A = randn([4,4])*10
```

3 #We find the cells where there are negative numbers and then change them

```
A(find(A<0))=0
```

```
13.9451
            0.3944
                     12.6413
                                4.3256
            2.6259
 1.6931
                      0.8924
                               -1.8758
-14.6516
         -13.8151
                   -13.1674
                               -1.1379
  1.2574
           -4.1305
                     -6.9840
                                5.8196
13.9451
            0.3944
                     12.6413
                                4.3256
 1.6931
            2.6259
                      0.8924
                                     Θ
                                     Θ
       0
                 0
                           0
                 Θ
                                5.8196
  1.2574
                           0
```

#### 0.16 Pregunta16

```
 \begin{array}{ll} {}_1 & A = (rand ([5,5]) - 0.5) * 10; \\ {}_2 & A(find (A \!\!>\!\! 4)) = A(find (A \!\!>\!\! 4)) - 1; \\ {}_3 & A(find (A \!\!<\!\! -\!\! 4)) = A(find (A \!\!<\!\! -\!\! 4)) + 1 \\ {}_4 & A(find (abs (A) \!\!<\!\! 1)) = 0 \\ \end{array}
```

```
0.828395
            -3.696652
                       -1.699279
                                  -2.916493
                                             2.684099
                                                                                                      -3.6967
                                                                                                                                      2.684]
-1.188064
            1.658046
                                  3.432786
                       -3.787259
                                             -3.828031
                                                                                                     1,6580
                                                                                                                3.7873
                                                                                                                           3,4328
                                                                                                                                      3.8280
                                                                                          -1.1881
 2.552242
                       -0.385198
           -2.344051
                                  -0.022120
                                             3.736741
                                                                                          2.5522
                                                                                                     2.3441
                                                                                                                                       3.7367
-2.258693
           -2.082893
                       -1.043305
                                             3.837201
                                  -3,65417
                                                                                                     -2.0829
                                                                                                                -1.0433
                                                                                                                           -3.6542
                                                                                                                                      3.8372
2.502694
            -0.202916
                                  -0.420395
                       -3.653038
                                             -2.786579
                                                                                                                                       7866
                                                                                                                -3.6530
                                                                                          2.5027
                                                                    A
```

## 0.17 Pregunta17

```
1  A= magic(randi(10))
2  #1
3  length(A(1,:))*length(A)
4  #2
5  prod(size(A))
6  #3
7  length(vec(A))
```

```
17
                          15
         24
                1
                     8
        5
                7
                    14
                          16
          6
                    20
                          22
   4
              13
   10
         12
              19
                    21
                           3
               25
                           9
   11
         18
                     2
ans = 25
      25
ans =
ans = 25
```

#### 0.18 Pregunta18

```
disp("A = rand([4,6])\nA = A + 2")
A = rand([4,6])
A = A + 2
```

```
4.090le-01
8.6600e-01
       2.2204e-01
                          8.9957e-01
                         1.9422e-01
                                                              2.8660
2.2220
2.4090
2.8996
2.7630e-02
       5.4818e-01
                2.7040e-01
                                                                      2.2628
2.4024
2.1942
       3.5084e-02
7.2887e-01
                5.5362e-01
                                                              2.0276
2.5482
2.2704
2.3247
                                                                      2.0351
2.5536
2.7017
               8.5469e-04
7.9622e-01
                                                                      2.5866
2.0009
2.7962
       9.5689e-01
2.6278e-01
5.1824e-01
9.1546e-01
                                                              2.9155
2.9569
2.2628
2.5182
```

## 0.19 Pregunta19

```
1 #a
2 a = vec([1:101])
3 #b
4 b = vec([6:-0.5:3])
5 #c
6 c = vec([5.3:0.7:9.2])
7 #d
8 d = randi(10,1,45)
```

