Introduction to Lucene

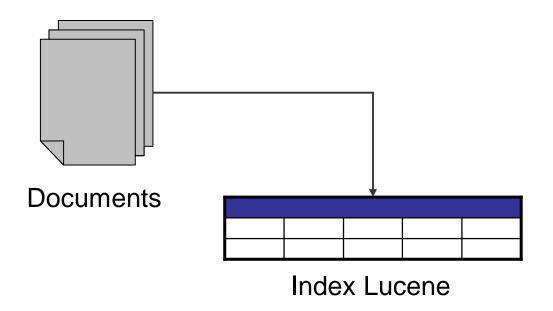
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What is Lucene?

- Powerful, high-performance, scalable full text search engine library
- Open source under Apache Software License
- Originally written in Java by Doug Cutting
- Ported to C#, C++, Delphi, Perl, Python, PHP, Ruby
- Initial release in 2000 (current version 8.2.0)
- We use Lucene version 8.2.0 in this lab

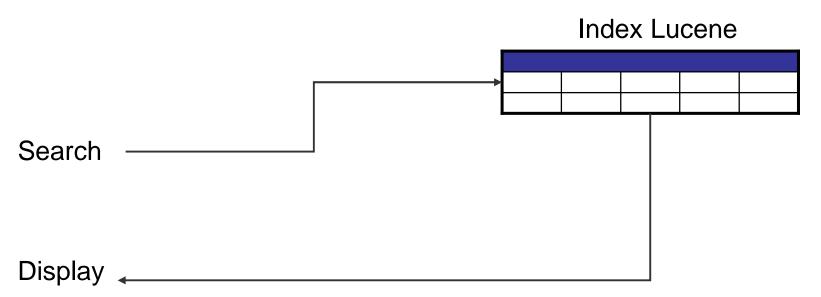
Building Applications using Lucene (1)

- Step 1: Index Data
 - Convert files to a format for quick look-up
 - Data structure that allows fast random access to words stored inside



Building Applications using Lucene (2)

- Step 2: Search
 - Lookup words to find the documents that are relevant for the search
 - Support for different type of queries
 - Display results: speed, ranking



Lucene Definitions

Fundamental concepts in Lucene:

- Index: contains a sequence of documents
- Document: is a sequence of fields
- **Field:** is a named sequence of terms
- **Term:** is a sequence of bytes

The terms are represented as a pair: the string naming the field, and the bytes within the field.

Lucene Classes (1)

- **Document:** org.apache.lucene.document.Document
 - Indexed data is organized into documents
- IndexWriter: org.apache.lucene.index.IndexWriter
 - Writes data / documents into index
- IndexReader: org.apache.lucene.index.IndexReader
 - Reads the index (abstract class)
- **DirectoryReader:** org.apache.lucene.index.DirectoryReader
 - Reads indexes in a directory
- IndexSearcher: org.apache.lucene.search.IndexSearcher
 - Searches the index (using the IndexReader)

Lucene Classes (2)

- Field: org.apache.lucene.document.Field
 - A field is a section of a Document. Each document can contain different named fields.
 - IntPoint: A field that indexes int values for efficient range filtering and sorting. If you also need to store the value, you should add a separate StoredField instance
 - **StringField:** A field that is indexed but not tokenized (the entire String value is indexed as a single token).
 - **TextField:** A field that is indexed and tokenized, without term vectors.
 - **Field:** A general purpose field that allows specifying each part of a field (name, value and type). Use this instead of TextField to be able to access the Term Vector of the field.

Lucene Analyzer (1)

- Analyzer: org.apache.lucene.analysis.Analyzer
 - Converts text into tokens for indexing / searching
 - Use the same analyzer for indexing and searching
 - Abstract class
- WhitespaceAnalyzer:

```
org.apache.lucene.analysis.core.WhitespaceAnalyzer
```

- Uses a whitespace tokenizer
- StopAnalyzer: org.apache.lucene.analysis.core.StopAnalyzer
 - LetterTokenizer: divides text at non-letters
 - Lowercase
 - Removes stopwords (predefined English stopwords)

Lucene Analyzer (2)

StandardAnalyzer:

org.apache.lucene.analysis.standard.StandardAnalyzer

StandardTokenizer: grammar-based tokenizer

EnglishAnalyzer:

org.apache.lucene.analysis.en.EnglishAnalyzer

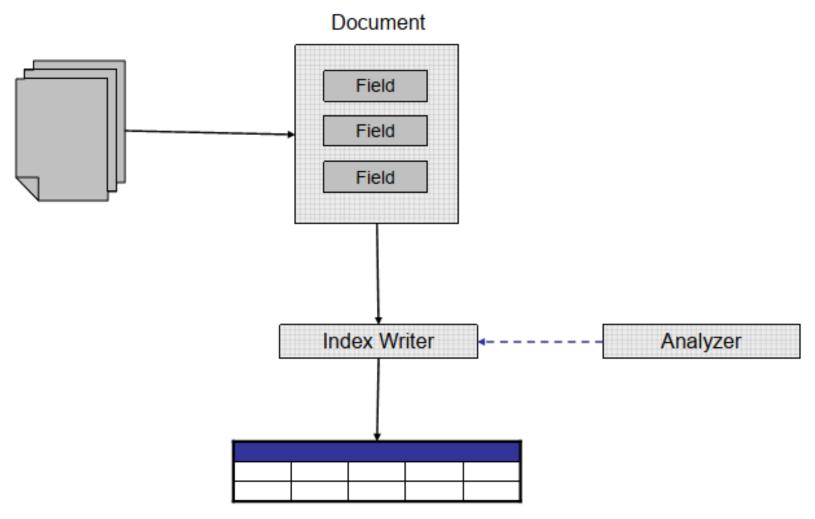
- Stemming (e.g. studying -> study, administration -> administr)
- Support for different languages: English, French, German, etc.

• Shingling:

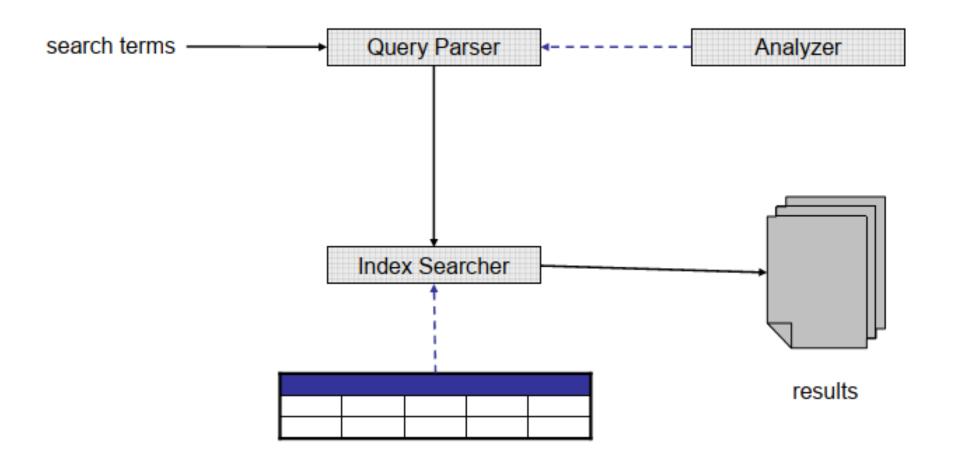
org.apache.lucene.analysis.shingle.ShingleAnalyzerWrapper

- Standard analyzer + Shingling (e.g. "information retrieval")
- Size of shingles (min and max size)

Lucene Indexing Flow



Lucene Searching Flow



Lucene Queries

- TermQuery: matches all the documents that contain the specified Term (which is a word that occurs in a certain field)
- BooleanQuery: contains multiple queries with an operator
 - SHOULD
 - MUST
 - MUST NOT
- PhraseQuery: finds documents containing certain phrases
- Numeric Queries: matches all documents that occur in a numeric range for example IntPoint.newRangeQuery()
- PrefixQuery: identifies all documents with terms that begin with a certain string
- QueryParser: converts the query into an index searchable form

Lucene Demo: Indexing

```
// 1.1. create an analyzer
Analyzer analyzer = new StandardAnalyzer();
// 1.2. create an index writer config
IndexWriterConfig iwc = new IndexWriterConfig(analyzer);
iwc.setOpenMode(OpenMode.CREATE); // create and replace existing index
iwc.setUseCompoundFile(false); // not pack newly written seaments in a compound file:
//keep all segments of index separately on disk
// 1.3. create index writer
Path path = FileSystems.getDefault().getPath("index");
Directory dir = FSDirectory.open(path);
                                                                     for each document
IndexWriter indexWriter = new IndexWriter(dir, iwc);
// 1.4. create document
                                                                     for each field
Document doc = new Document();
// 1.5. create fields
FieldType fieldType = new FieldType(); // describes properties of a field
fieldType.setIndexOptions(IndexOptions.DOCS); // controls how much information
//is stored in the postings lists.
fieldType.setTokenized(true); // tokenize the field's contents using configured analyzer
fieldType.freeze(); // prevents future changes
Field field = new Field("summary", cacm.getSummary(), fieldType);
// 1.6. add fields to document
doc.add(field);
// 1.7. add document to index
indexWriter.addDocument(doc);
// 1.8 close index writer
indexWriter.close();
dir.close();
```

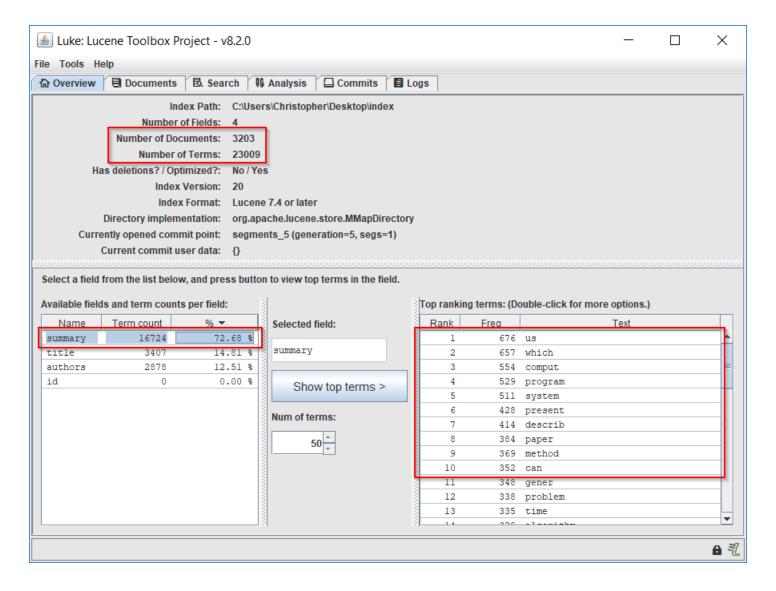
Lucene Demo: Searching

```
// 2.1. create query parser
QueryParser parser = new QueryParser("summary", analyzer);
// 2.2. parse query
Query query = parser.parse("compiler program");
// 3.1. create index reader
Path path = FileSystems.getDefault().getPath("index");
Directory dir = FSDirectory.open(path);
IndexReader indexReader = DirectoryReader.open(dir);
// 3.2. create index searcher
IndexSearcher indexSearcher = new IndexSearcher(indexReader);
// 3.3. search query
ScoreDoc□ hits = indexSearcher.search(query, 1000).scoreDocs;
// 3.4. retrieve results
System.out.println("Results found: " + hits.length);
for (ScoreDoc hit: hits) {
    Document doc = indexSearcher.doc(hit.doc)
    System.out.println(doc.get("id") + ": " + doc.get("title") + " (" + hit.score + ")");
// 3.5. close index reader
indexReader.close();
dir.close();
```

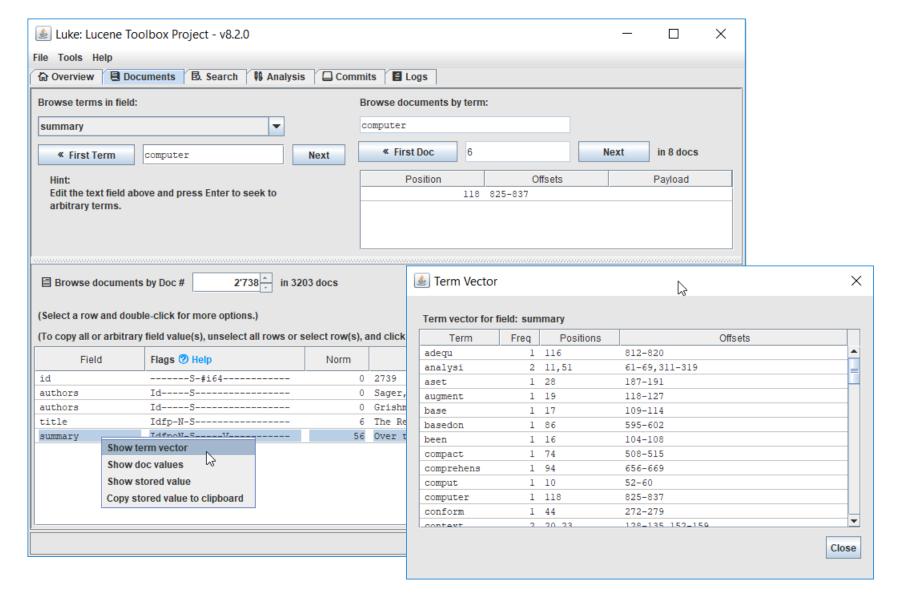
Luke

- A GUI tool written in Java
- Browse the contents of a Lucene index
- Examine individual documents
- Run queries over the index

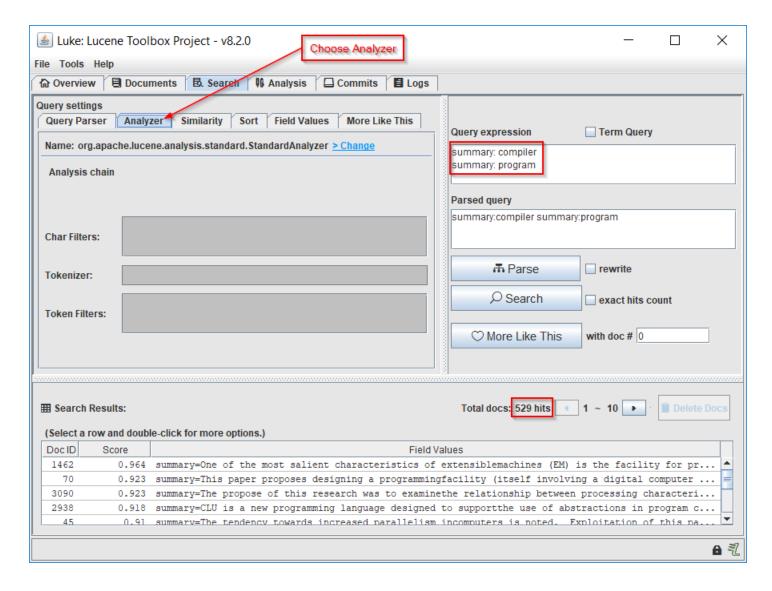
Luke: Index



Luke: TermVector



Luke: Search



References

- Apache Lucene: http://lucene.apache.org/core/8 2 0/index.html
- Tutorials
 - https://www.ionos.fr/digitalguide/serveur/configuration/apache-lucene/