

# Parameter Initialization

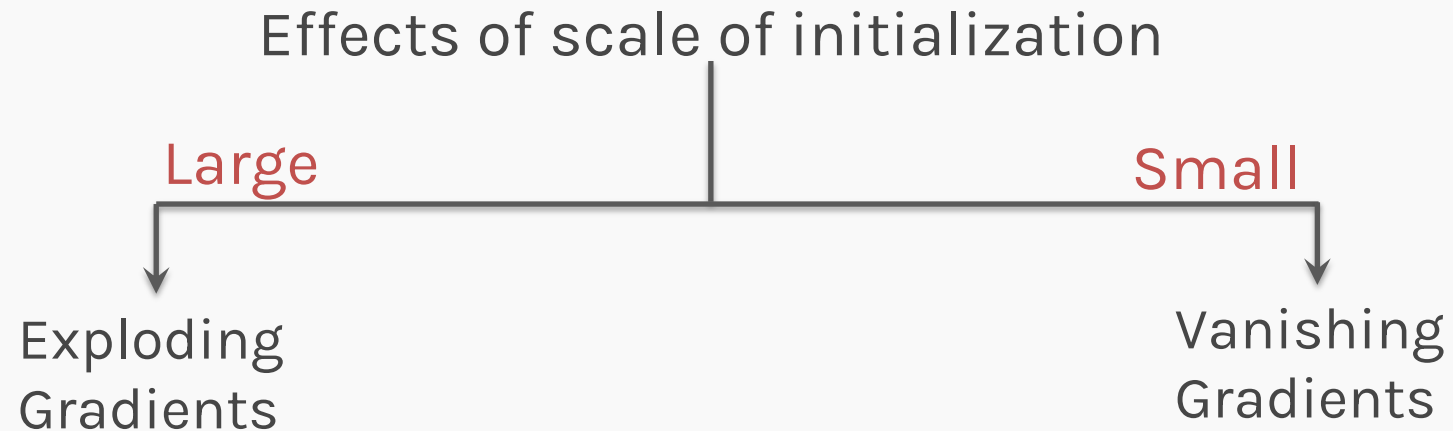
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# Parameter Initialization

## Aim:

Break symmetry between units to ensure each unit computes a different function

For this, initialize all weights (**not biases**) **randomly** – Gaussian or Uniform



# Xavier Initialization

- Heuristics for all outputs have **unit variance**
- For a fully-connected layer with  $m$  inputs:

$$W_{ij} \approx N\left(0, \frac{1}{m}\right)$$

- For ReLU units, it is recommended to have:

$$W_{ij} \approx N\left(0, \frac{2}{m}\right)$$

# Normalized Initialization - Kaiming He initialization

- For a fully-connected layer with  $m$  inputs and  $n$  outputs :

$$W_{ij} \approx U \left( -\sqrt{\frac{6}{m+n}}, \sqrt{\frac{6}{m+n}} \right)$$

- Heuristic trades off between initializing all layers with the same activation and variable variance.
- Sparse variant when  $m$  is large
  - Initialize  $k$  non-zero weights in each unit

The variance of a  $W_{ij}$   
is different for  
different  $m$ 's and  $n$ 's

# Bias Initialization

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## Output unit bias

- Marginal statistics of the output in the training set

## Hidden unit bias

- Avoid saturation at initialization

Ex: In ReLU, initialize bias to 0.001 instead of 0

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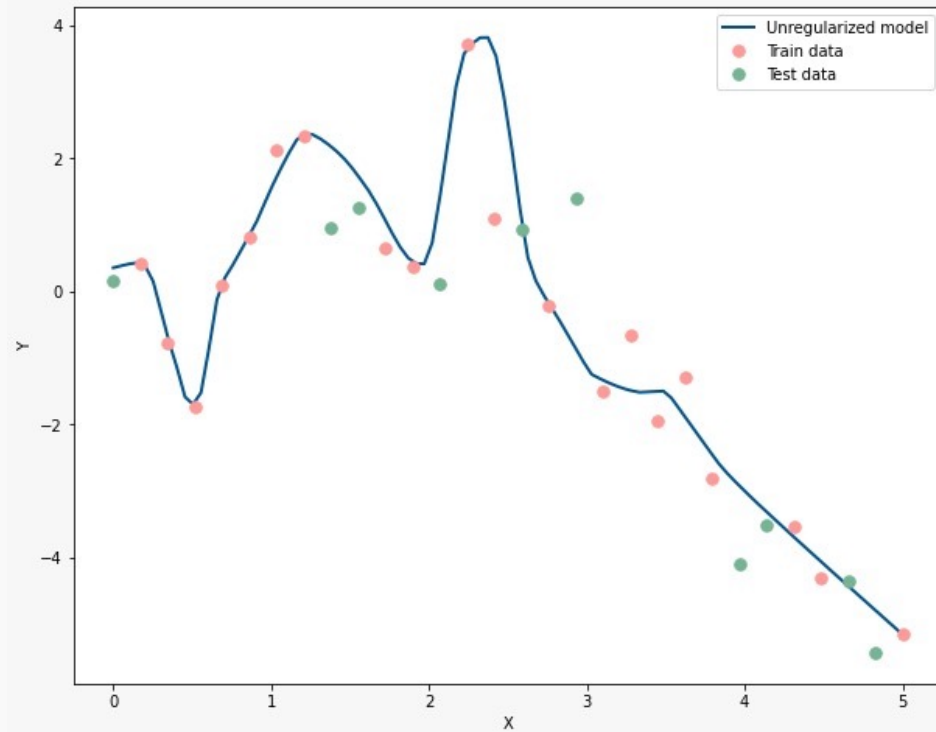
## Hidden unit bias

- Avoid saturation at initialization

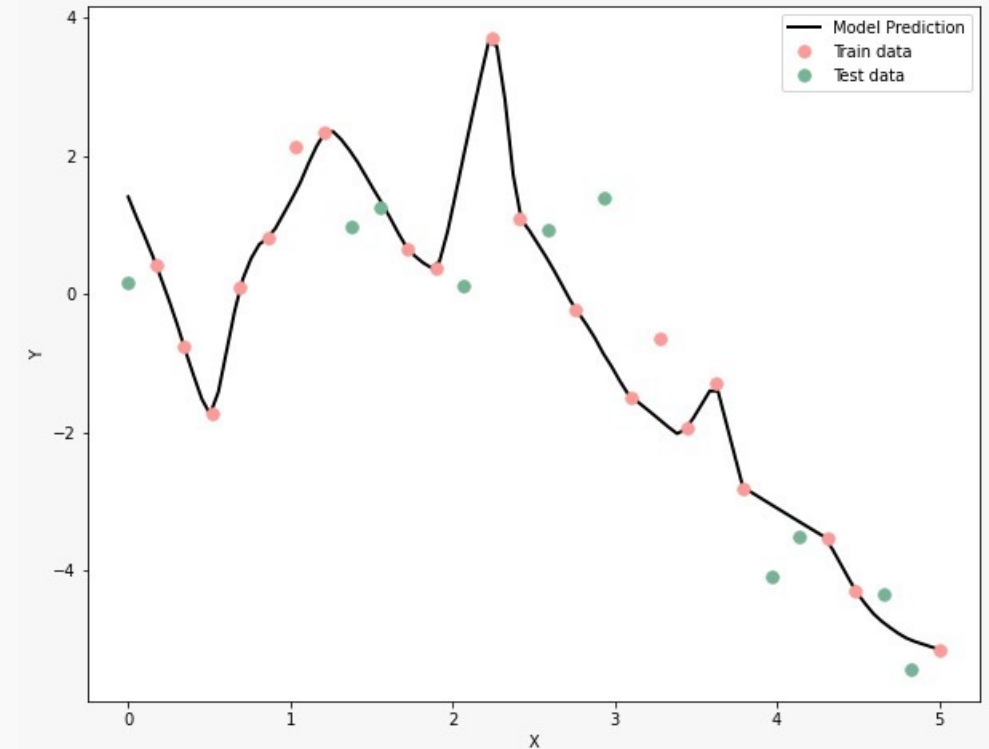
Ex: In ReLU, initialize bias to 0.001 instead of 0

This ensures that all ReLU units fire in the beginning and therefore obtain and propagate some gradient

Synthetic data generated using  $y = x \sin x + \epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon \sim N(0,1)$   
Data fitted with a FCNN with 3 hidden layers with 100 nodes per layer, using  $\tanh$  activation



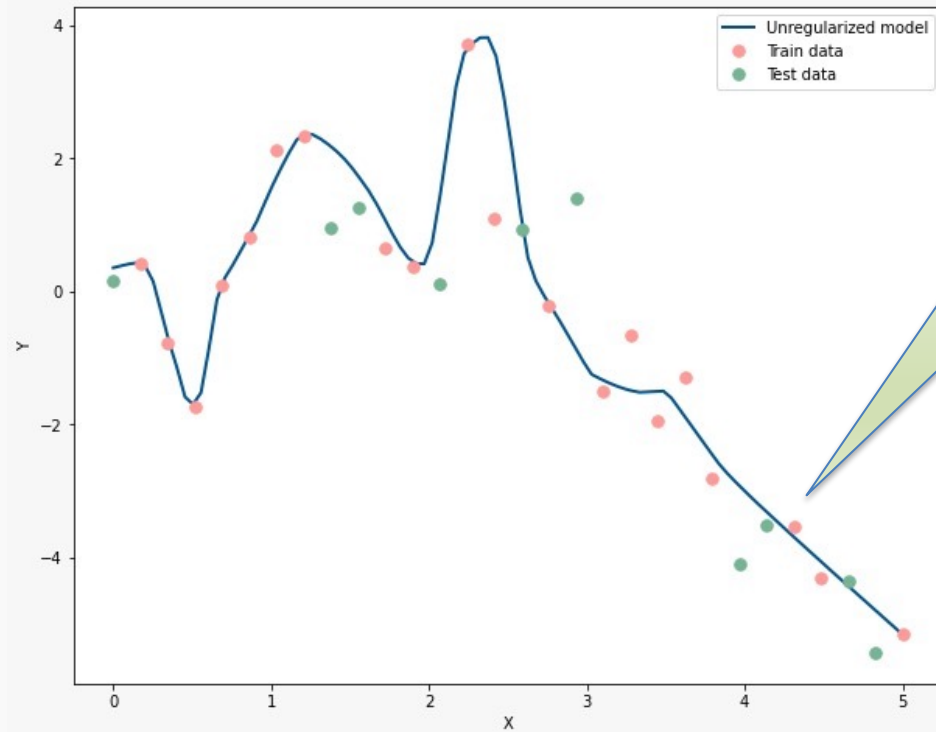
Parameter initialization with Normalized initialization:  
 $W \sim U[-1,1]$



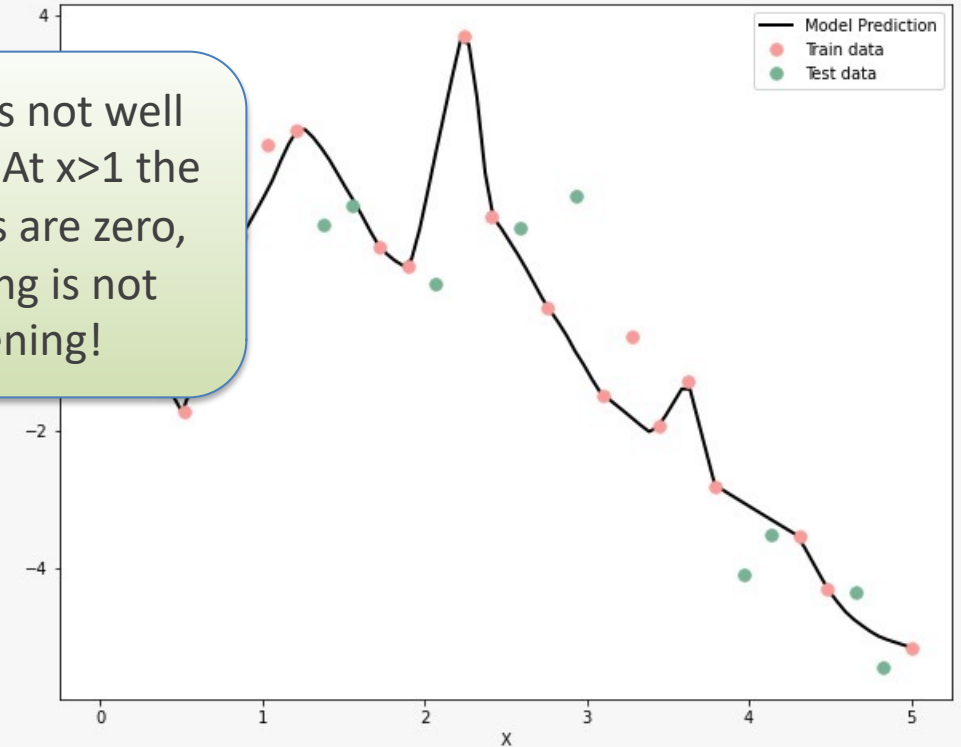
Parameter initialization with Normalized initialization:  
 $W \sim U[-5,5]$



Synthetic data generated using  $y = x \sin x + \epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon \sim N(0,1)$   
Data fitted with a FCNN with 3 hidden layers with 100 nodes per layer, using  $\tanh$  activation



This area is not well fitted. At  $x > 1$  the derivatives are zero, so learning is not happening!



Parameter initialization with Normalized initialization:  
 $W \sim U[-1,1]$

Parameter initialization with Normalized initialization:  
 $W \sim U[-5,5]$

