Linear Time LCP Computation Algorithm (Kasai et al.)

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Abstract

The longest common prefix (LCP) array is an auxiliary data structure to the suffix array. The array containes lengths of the longest common prefixes (LCPs) between all pairs of consecutive suffixes in a sorted suffix array. The package contains the encapsilated sais-light-2.4.1 library written by Yuta Mori [1] implementing the induced sorting [2] based suffix array construction algorithm and an implementation of Kasai's linear time LCP construction algorithm [3].

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1 Installation

The simplest way to compile this program is to:

1. Unpack the LCPKasai package (lcpkasai-XXX.tar.gz):

```
tar -xvzf lcpkasai-XXX.tar.gz
```

2. Change the current directory to lcpkasai-XXX:

```
cd lcpkasai-XXX/
```

3. Configure the program for your system (-bindir is optional):

```
./configure --bindir=/absolute/directory/path/lcpkasai-xxx/bin
```

4. Compile the program:

make

5. Install the program:

make install

Your binaries should be located in your local bin directory if --bindir option has been set. Otherwise installation needs to be carried out with root privileges in order to be installed into /usr/local/bin directory.

2 Input files

The LCPKasai program takes a simple ASCII txt file and computes an array of indexes corresponding to lexicographically ordered text suffixes from which then longest common prefix array is computed according to the algorithm published by Kasai et al. [3]. An example of the input file can be found in ./lcpkasai-xxx/demo and it should look like this:

TestLCP:

this is a test to test the correctness of LCPK as a ialgorithm

3 Program options

I order to see program options type:

```
./bin/LCPKasai -h
```

Expected output:

Usage: ./program [options]

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

CONTACT:

1. Yuta Mori, 2010. https://sites.google.com/site/yuta256/sais

- Ge Nong, Sen Zhang and Wai Hong Chan, Two Efficient Algorithms for Linear Suffix Array Construction, 2008.
- Kasai et al. Linear-Time Longest-Common-Prefix Computation in Suffix Arrays and Its Applications. 2001.

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Options:

```
-h [ --help ] produce help message
-v [ --version ] print version information
-i [ --input-file ] arg input file
```

4 Functions and classes

LCPArrayKasai class:

LCPArrayKasai : LCPArrayKasai class.

make : Explicit constructor.

destroy: Explicit destructor.

ComputeLCPArray: Function computes the longest common prefix array.

GetLCPxArray: Function returns the longest common prefix array.

5 Example

A minimal example demonstrating the usage of LCPKasai demo program:

```
./bin/LCPKasai -i demo/TestLCP
```

```
Text size:51
Suffix Array:
50 34 36 33 35 39 41 37 6 20 25 19 24 28 14 8 32 43 18 1 48 40...
...4 2 46 42 49 27 31 44 21 12 23 45 22 38 5 3 30 29 15 9 13 7...
17 0 47 26 11 16 10

LCP Array:
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 2 1 2 4 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 2 1 0 0 0 0 1 2 ...
```

5.1 LCPArrayKasai.hpp

Adding the LCPArrayKasai.hpp header file to your program will allow you to include all the functions described in section 4. A minimal example:

```
#include<vector>
#include<string>
#include<SuffixArray.hpp>
#include<LCPArrayKasai.hpp>
string text("This is my text");
```

... 1 0 1 1 0 2 1 1 1 1 3 0 5 1 2 2 1 1 1 2

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6 Acknowledgement

- 1. Yuta Mori, 2010. https://sites.google.com/site/yuta256/sais
- 2. Ge Nong, Sen Zhang and Wai Hong Chan, Two Efficient Algorithms for Linear Suffix Array Construction, 2008.
- 3. Kasai, Toru and Lee, Gunho and Arimura, Hiroki and Arikawa, Setsuo and Park, Kunsoo, Linear-Time Longest-Common-Prefix Computation in Suffix Arrays and Its Applications, Lecture Notes in Computer Science, Combinatorial Pattern Matching, 2001.

7 Future work