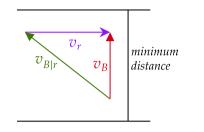


 $v_B = 5\cos\theta i + 5\sin\theta j + 3i$

 $v_R = (3 + 5\cos\theta)i + 5\sin\theta j$

 $v_{B|r} = v_B - v_r$ $v_B = v_{B|r} + v_r$



Assuming the boat attempts to traverse over a miinimum distance (takes a straight line) - Take θ = to be in the i direction

- Boat is travlling vertical -i component = 0

 $3 + 5\cos\theta = 0$ $5 \cos \theta = -3$

 $\cos \theta = \frac{-3}{5}$

Thus it takes:

 $v_B = 4j$

 $|v_R| = 4 m/s$

≈ 4/5

 $\frac{300}{4}$ = 125 seconds to cross

 $sin 127 = \sqrt{1 - cos^2 127}$

 $v_B = 5 \sin \theta = 5 \cdot \frac{4}{5}$

Part A

Recall
$$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$$

= $\sin^2\theta = 1 - \cos^2\theta$
= $\sin\theta = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2\theta}$

$$v_B = 3 + 5\cos\theta i + 5\sin\theta j$$

 $r_B = t v_B$
 $r_B = v_B = (3 + 5\cos\theta)t i + 5\sin\theta t j$
We want to cross a vertical distance of 500m and have y velocity of $5\sin\theta t j$
 $t = 5\sin\theta t$

$$t = \frac{500}{5\sin\theta} = \frac{100}{\sin\theta}$$
If we cross vertically (optimal)

 $t = \frac{100}{\sin 90} = \frac{100}{1} = 100 \, s$

- sub in 100 s for t in i component $(3 + 5\cos(90)t = (3 + 5(0)(100))$ = (3)(100) = 300m horizontally

Finding how much we drifted optimally

Part B