Educational Problem Manager Design Manual

Robert L. Walton

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1 Introduction

This document gives design information for EPM system maintainers. This document supplements but does not reiterate documentation in the EPM Help Page for users. Comments in code files in turn supplement but do not, with the exception of parameters files, reiterate this document or the Help Page.

Instructions for setting up an EPM server are in the file

include/maintenance parameters.php

2 Definitions and Rules

2.1 Names

- 1. *User chosen names* consists of letters, digits, dash(-), and underscore(_), begin with a letter, and end with a letter or digit. See /include/parameters.php \$epm name re.
- 2. **Visible file names** have basenames that consist of letters, digits, dash(-), and underscore(_), begin with a letter or digit, and end with a letter or digit, and optional extensions that obey same rules. See /include/parameters.php \$epm_filename_re.
- 3. **Visible problem file names** have basenames that end with the problem name, which may optionally be preceded by a dash(-) but not by any other character.
- 4. Invisible problem file and directory names begin and end with plus(+).
- 5. Administrative files may follow other rules. In particular, email addresses have a file with a name that is the URL encoded email address, and browser tickets have a file with a name that is the 32 hex digit ticket itself.
- 6. *User IDs* and *team IDs* are user chosen names. An *account ID* is either a user ID or a team ID.
- 7. **E-mail addresses** may <u>not</u> have the characters <, >, ", :, or space characters.
- 8. A *login name* is either an e-mail address, or an account ID followed by a : followed by an e-mail address.

2.2 Times

1. Times are formatted as per /include/parameters.php which:

- defines \$epm time format (defaults to "%FT%T%Z")
- sets the time zone using date_default_timezone_set

2.3 Account IDs

- 1. **Account IDs** (AIDs) are user chosen names (2.1.1)). They are unique to the account and used for both external and internal identification. Once assigned, they cannot be changed.
- 2. There are two kinds of AIDs: $user\ UIDs$ for individual users, and $team\ TIDs$ for teams (2.1.6).

2.4 Random IDs

- 1. A *random ID* is a 32 hexadecimal digit number, or equivalently a 128-bit number. Several are generated from /dev/random the first time the server is used, and thereafter they are generated as a pseudo-random sequence using previously generated values to aes-128-cbc encrypt previous values. See /include/epm_random.php.
- 2. Browser TICKETS are random IDs.
- 3. The **\$ID** variable is a random ID used to validate both POST and GET requests from pages.

For each tab, and sometimes for the view window, the first GET for the tab or window generates the first \$ID value for the pages that will occupy the tab or window, and also generates a random key that is used to generate a sequence of \$ID values for the tab or window by encrypting each \$ID to generate the next \$ID. Thereafter each request is checked to see if it has the right \$ID value, and a new \$ID value is generated for the next tab or window contents.

\$ID values are generated and checked by /page/index.php which is required by all page files (2.5.4).

2.5 Tabs and Windows

1. There are specific tabs and windows for different kinds of transactions. The main tab is for non-problem specific transactions. For each account problem there is a problem-specific tab for transactions on that problem. There is a view pop-up window for looking at files and information, and a separate help pop-up window for the Help and Guide Pages.

- 2. Pages are assigned to tabs or windows. E.g., Login, Project, User, Manage, List Edit, and Favorites Edit Pages are assigned to the main tab; Problem, Option, and Run Pages are assigned to problem tabs; the View and Template Pages are assigned to the view pop-up window; and Help and Guide Pages are assigned to the help pop-up window.
- 3. **Page Rule** At any given time a tab or window has a current page. A GET can change the current page. All transactions done with POSTs are checked to be sure their page is the current page for its the tab or window type. So, for example, if you have just done a GET to the Project Page, you cannot POST to the User Page. Or if you have just done a GET to the Option Page with problem=PPPP, you cannot do a POST to the Problem Page with problem=PPPP.

This rule is checked by index.php which is required at the beginning of all pages in tabs or windows that access the server state.

4. **Sequence Rule** Transactions within a tab are sequenced, so that if a transaction is out of sequence the tab becomes **orphaned** and must be closed. Sequencing prevents two main tabs from existing at the same time, or two problem tabs for the same problem existing at the same time.

Sequencing is done by random sequence \$IDs that are attached to each page. The next request must contain the current \$ID else the tab is orphaned. For the main tab the Login Page initializes the tab's \$ID sequence. For problem tabs the Problem Page initializes the sequence. For the view window, the View Page initiates and uses sequencing, but other view window pages are no-post pages that do no sequencing. The help window pages are .html pages that do no sequencing.

This rule is checked by index.php which is required at the beginning of all pages in tabs or windows that access the server state.

5. **Stateless Pages** The Help Page, Guide Page, and Downloads Page are stateless. They access just read-only files in the Home Directory (2.6.1).

2.6 Directories

- 1. There are three main directories:
 - H, Home Directory: This is the epm directory which is loaded from github.
 - **W, Web Directory**: This is the directory named by the EPM server URL. It contains a symbolic link to the index.php file that is the first file loaded when a user initially contacts the EPM server.
 - \boldsymbol{D} , \boldsymbol{Data} $\boldsymbol{Directory}$: This is the directory containing all the mutable data for the EPM server.

2. The following subdirectories of H contain the EPM files that are directly visible to web clients:

H/page: Loadable page files. W/page is symbolically linked to this directory.

H/page/downloads: Example files downloadable by the client.

3. The following subdirectories of H contain the EPM files that are <u>not</u> directly visible to web clients:

H/include: Files that can be 'require'ed by loadable page files.

H/bin: Binary executables of programs called by loadable pages or used for off-line maintenance.

H/template: Templates used to compute client problem files from other client or project files.

H/doc: Off-line documentation files, including this file.

H/secure: Source code for binary executables involved with security.

H/src: Source code for binary executables <u>not</u> involved with security.

H/setup: Initial contents of D, the data directory, during EPM server setup.

2.7 Page Initialization

1. The web directory, W (2.6.1), contains the following:

```
symbolic link W/page \to H/page
symbolic link W/index.php \to page/index.php
W/parameters.php, modified copy of H/include/parameters.php
W/maintenance_parameters.php,
    modified copy of H/include/maintenance_parameters.php,
    (only used off-line)
```

- 2. When loaded, a page initializes by executing the following steps:
 - Set \$epm_page_type to indicate the tab or pop-up window or other type. The possible values are:

```
+main+ and +problem+ for tabs;
```

+view+ for a view pop-up window that POSTs;

+no-post+ for a view pop-up window that does <u>not</u> POST;

+download+ for pages that download files so that <script> in /page/index.php which implements the help button is surpressed (these pages do no POSTing and have no buttons).

- If the page is the first loaded in a tab or popup-window that POSTs, then it must set \$epm_ID_init to initialize a new \$ID sequence for the tab or popup-window. Otherwise the page leaves \$epm_ID_init unset.
- The page requires /page/index.php using:

```
require __DIR__ . '/index.php'
```

- 3. Upon being required, /page/index.php executes the following in order:
 - Compute:

```
$epm_root = ROOT
$epm_self = SELF
$epm_web = W
```

where the page currently being loaded has the URL

```
http://HOST/ROOT/SELF
```

SELF has the form page/..., or if not that, the form index.php, HOST is the EPM server host name, and ROOT is whatever is left over. Here W is the EPM server web directory (p5) and is

```
$ SERVER['DOCUMENT ROOT'] . ROOT
```

- If SELF is either index.php or page/index.php, re-routes the request to page/login.php. The request must be a 'GET' else it is not accepted.
- Loads W/parameters.php which in turn defines H and D (2.6.1).
- Runs the following checks and aborts invalid requests:
 - Checks that the client request is using the same IP address as was used for login, unless the \$epm_check_ipaddr parameter is false.
 - Checks that the session is logged in, unless the page being loaded is /page/login.php or /page/user.php.
 - Uses EPM_ABORT (p16) to check that no other session has been started after this session using the same AID:UID login name.
- If the session has logged in, defines:

- Defines functions and error handlers.
- Except for pages of +download+ and +no-post+ type, checks for violations of the Page Rule (p5) and aborts violating requests.

- Except for pages of +download+ and +no-post+ type, initializes or checks the \$ID to enforce the Sequence Rule (p5), and re-routes violating requests to the /page/orphan.html page to declare the tab or window orphaned.
- Except for pages of +download+ type and xhttp requests, sets up shutdown function that will write statistics into accounts/AID/+read-write+ or accounts/AID/+read-only+.
- Except for pages of +download+ type and xhttp requests, defines functions and parameters for use in creating buttons and launching widows, including <script> functions.
- Note that may parameters and some functions are defined in W/parameters.php. See that file. Also see /page/index.php for functions it defines and button parameters it defines.

2.8 Locking

In EPM each request is an independent transaction. Locking is needed to keep two requests from interferring with each other.

- 1. **Session Locking** At the beginning of each request the PHP session_start() function is called. This locks the session file (where session data is stored). As a consequence, given two requests to the same session, one must complete before the other starts.
- 2. **Tab Uniqueness** A session is logged into a particular account. Each tab has a type, either 'main' or the name of a problem in the session account. The Sequence Rule (2.5.4) ensures that there is at most one tab of each type at a given time.

More specifically, if a second tab of a give type is opened by the user for the session, the second tab gets a new sequence of \$ID numbers for the tab type, and when the first tab makes a request, its now obsolete \$ID number is detected (by index.php) and the tab contents are replaced by the orphan.php page that announces that the tab is orphaned and should be closed.

A similar thing happens if two windows of 'view' type exist with pages that execute POSTs. 'View' windows make no changes in the EPM file system, but do have their own session variables.

3. **Tab Independence** The pages in each tab, for the most part, operate on different data from the pages in other tabs. A problem tab operates mostly on the problem directory in the account, and the 'main' tab operates mostly on everything else. Therefore, since there is at most one tab of each type (by the previous paragraphs), most requests are independent of each other.

4. **Administrative Locking** Requests that access the administrative files in the admin directory tree begin by getting a lock on the admin directory, which the request holds to the end of the request. See the LOCK function in parameters.php.

If the request is read-only the lock is shared. Otherwise it is exclusive.

The admin/teams/TID/+read-write+ files are excluded from this paragraph and are locked separately.

5. **Read-Write Locking** For team member logins the admin/teams/TID/+read-write+ file is locked at the beginning of a request. If it is determined that the account is currently read-only, this file is unlocked immediately, else it is unlocked at the end of the request.

If a read-only request attempts to become read-write, the file is re-locked and remains locked till the end of the request.

This sequences requests from read-write team logins for the same team, even if the requests are made by different team members in different sessions.

6. **Project Problem Locking** A project problem directory is locked using the LOCK function in parameters.php during a push or pull involving the directory. For pushing this is an exclusive lock; for pulling it is a shared lock.

A push or pull can involve two requests: first to compile actions and the second to execute them (there can be a third request in between that simply presents information stored in the session data by the first request). If the project problem directory changes between requests, because of push to the directory by another user, the second request could cause data inconsistency. To prevent this the the exclusive LOCK time of the directory is monitored to check if some other session has exclusively locked the directory between requests, and if so, the second execute request is aborted with an error message.

7. **Local Problem Locking** When a file is uploaded into a problem or made from another file in the problem, a background job is executed. Similarly when a .run file is run, the run is a background job. The local problem directory is not modified by a background job until the job finished, at which time some files may be saved in the local problem directory.

If the problem has a parent, a shared lock is obtained on the parent using LOCK at the start of the background job, and the LOCK time is checked at the end of the job to be sure it has not changed. If it has, a push to the parent was done during the job, an error is declared for the job, and the job results are not saved in the problem local directory.

Pulls to a local problem directory an be run in the 'main' tab while a background job is run in the local problem directory in its problem tab. To prevent conflict, every time the problem directory is altered its +altered+ file is touched. The modification time of this is checked to detect conflicts and abort either the execution request for a pull or

the finishing of an otherwise successful background job. Local problem directories can be altered when a background job keeps files, when the Problem Page deletes files, or when the Project Page pulls to the local problem.

Then when a push or pull detects a change in the modification time of +altered+ between the request that compiles commands for the push or pull and the request to execute them, the execution request is aborted with an error message.

Similarly if a background job detects a change between starting and finishing, it is aborted at its finish with an error message.

2.9 Security

There are two ways to breach an EPM server:

- **Session Hi-Jacking** The session is identified by the cookie which is a random number. To hi-jack a session, the hacker must intercept the cookie. A good way to protect against this is to get a certificate for the EPM server so the server uses https.
 - As alternate protection, the parameters.php file contains a parameter which if set will cause the session to insist that all requests made to it come from the same IP address. This might cause problems for legitimate mobile browsers, but should prevent session hi-jacking.
- *Illegal Requesting* Since it is easy to get an EPM server account, a user can try to breach the server by issuing an illegal request from a legitimate session. Therefore each request must be checked to be sure it is legal. If not, an exit with 'UNACCEPTABLE ...' message is executed.

An EPM session is definitely <u>not</u> stateless. Not only are is there session state, such as the current user logged into the session, but there is state in the EPM server data file system.

The Page Rule (2.5.3) allows a GET to initialize session data that is used by POSTs to the same page in the same tab or window, without concern that a POST for the tab or window will be to a different page than the GET page. This simplifies request checking.

The Sequence Rule (2.5.4) does not help with security or request checking. Request checking is about a legally logged in user making a series of legal transactions and then submitting an illegal transaction in an attempt to hack the server.

Request checking is just about checking the request type and request parameters to ensure that the request is legal given the current state of the server.

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3 Data Files

admin dir administrative files login login user index login user admin/+blocking+ dir email blocking control file p14 (editor) (editor) (editor) login user admin/motd.html html message of the day p14 (editor) (editor) (editor) login admin/+lock+ lock administrative lock file p14 (updater) login user (updater) login index admin/+random+ lock random number generator p15 login login index login index admin/+actions+ lines log of administrative actions p20 (updaters) user view admin/browser/TICKET 1-line browser tickets login login login admin/email dir email files user login login admin/email/EMAIL 1-line email info p15 user login login admin/users dir administrative user user user user admin/users/UID dir administrative account files user user user admin/users/UID/UID.inactive <th< th=""><th>Name</th><th>Format</th><th>Description</th><th>Creators</th><th>Updaters</th><th>Readers</th></th<>	Name	Format	Description	Creators	Updaters	Readers
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UID.login admin/users/UID/ lines inactive UID.inactive .login files p19 admin/teams/TID/ UID.inactive admin/users/UID/ json user info p18 user user UID.info admin/teams/TID/ json team info p18 user user user	_		P = 0		abor	
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admin/teams/TID/ json team info p18 user user user			_			
	admin/teams/TID/	json	team info p18	user	user	user
	TID.info					

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Name	Format	Description	Creators	Updaters	Readers
admin/users/UID/ +actions+ admin/teams/TID/ +actions+	lines	log of accounts's administrative actions p20	(updaters)	user	view
admin/users/UID/ manager	1-line	teams that UID manages p19	user	user	user
admin/users/UID/ member	1-line	teams of which UID is a member p19	user	user	user
admin/teams/TID/ +read-write+	UID	current read-write user p19	+main+	+main+	+main+ index
accounts	dir	holds account subdirectories	user	user	all
accounts/AID	dir	account subdirectory	user	problem project	all
accounts/AID/ +lists+	dir	holds account problem lists	list	list favorites	+main+ view
accounts/AID/ +actions+	lines	log of account problem related actions	(updaters)	project run	view
accounts/AID/ PROBLEM	dir	account problem directory	project	+problem+ project	+problem+ project
accounts/AID/ PROBLEM/ +actions+	lines	log of problem related actions	(updaters)	project run	view
accounts/AID/ PROBLEM/ +altered+	empty	alteration indicator p??	(updaters)	problem run	(updaters)
accounts/AID/ PROBLEM/ +changes+	lines	log of changes made by pulls	project	project	
accounts/AID/ PROBLEM/ +work+	dir	working directory for jobs	problem run	problem run	problem run
accounts/AID/ PROBLEM/ +run+	dir	working directory for runs	run	run	run

Name	Format	Description	Creators	Updaters	Readers
accounts/AID/	various	files visible	+problem+	+problem+	+problem+
PROBLEM/		to users			
projects	dir	p??	login	maint	
solutions	dir	p??	login	maint	

4 Session Variables

Name	Description	Creators	Updaters	Readers
EPM_EMAIL	login email	login		all pages
EPM_AID	account ID	login		all pages
		user		
EPM_UID	user ID	login		login
		user		user
				manage
EPM_IS_TEAM	true iff AID	login		index
	is team ID	user		
EPM_IPADDR	session	login		index
	IP address			login
				user
EPM_TIME	session	login		index
	time			login
				user
EPM_ID_GEN	\$ID generation	index	index	index
EPM_ABORT	session	login		index
	abort info	user		

5 Web Pages

5.1 Login Page

Login Page Requires
page/index.php
include/epm_random.php

Login Page Files

admin/+blocking+	-	-	read
admin/motd.html	-	-	read
admin/+lock+	create	update	read
admin/+random+	create	update	read
admin/browser/TICKET	create	-	read
admin/email/EMAIL	-	update	read
admin/users/UID/UID.login	-	append	stat
admin/users/UID/GID.login	-	append	stat
admin/teams/TID/MID.login	-	append	stat

Login Page Session Data

```
EPM_EMAIL create - - read
EPM_AID create - read
EPM_UID create - -
EPM_IS_TEAM create - -
EPM_IPADDR create - read
EPM_TIME create - read
EPM_ABORT create - -
```

5.1.1 Login Page File Formats

admin/+blocking+:

Lines of format: SIGN RE SIGN + to not block, - to block

RE regular expression matched to the entire email name (e.g., .* matches any email name and .*\.edu matches any email name ending in .edu)

- The lines are read in order and the first line with RE matching the login name EMAIL is used to not block or block the EMAIL. If no line matches, the EMAIL is <u>not</u> blocked.
- Blank lines and whose first non-whitespace character is # are ignored. Various forms of within-line whitespace are equivalent, and whitespace at beginning or end of a line is ignored.

admin/motd.html:

An HTML file that is included inside a <div>...</div> block that gives the 'message of the day' on the Login Page. Typically this file consists of some paragraphs. If the file does not exist, the <div>...</div> block is not created.

admin/+lock+:

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All transactions within the admin directory (i.e., all http requests that access files or subdirectories within admin) begin by calling the parameters.php LOCK function to lock the admin directory. This function locks the directory by creating if necessary and locking this +lock+ file for the course of the transaction. Note there are no EPM transactions longer than a single http request.

admin/+random+:

The pseudo-random number generator in include/epm_random.php exclusively creates, updates, an reads this file.

admin/browser/TICKET (ticket file): T AID EMAIL

TICKET ticket proper; 32 hexadecimal digit ticket number

T ticket type; 'c' for confirmation number; 'a' for automatic

AID account ID:

team ID (TID) if ticket is for team member login

user ID (UID) if ticket is for guest login

'-' if ticket is for user login

EMAIL Email address (identifying user account)

• When a user initially logs in to create an account, the UID is not known when the ticket is created.

admin/email/EMAIL (regular email file): UID ACOUNT ATIME

EMAIL Email address encoded with PHP rawurlencode

UID user ID

ACOUNT Number of auto-login periods completed so far.

ATIME Start time of newest (incomplete) auto-login period.

admin/email/EMAIL (pre-login email file): - TID ...

EMAIL Email address encoded with PHP rawurlencode

TID Team user ID (may be more than one)

• This form of email file is created by the User Page when a team member is assigned the given EMAIL before the member has an account or EMAIL has been added to an existing account. The TID's list <u>all</u> the team IDs that <u>might</u> in their TID.info file have a member which has this EMAIL and no UID. A TID might be listed whose TID.info file no longer contains the EMAIL.

When the pre-login form is converted to a regular form, the list of TID's is used to convert any matching EMAIL members in TID.info files to UID(EMAIL) members.

```
admin/users/UID/UID.login (\log \ln \log):
```

admin/teams/TID/UID.login (login log):

admin/users/UID/GID.login (login log):

Lines of format: TIME EMAIL IPADDR BROWSER

UID User ID
TID Team ID
GID Guest User ID

TIME Session time for login (EPM_TIME)

EMAIL Email address used for login (EPM_EMAIL)
IPADDR IP address for session (EPM_IPADDR)

BROWSER \$_SERVER['HTTP_USER_AGENT'] with '(...)'s removed and horizontal spaces replaced by ';'s

A login with name AID:EMAIL is valid iff the file
 .../AID/UID.login exists for UID the user ID associated with
EMAIL.

• Upon login, a line is appended to the appropriate the .login file, and then that file's name and modification time are stored in EPM_ABORT and used to abort a session if another session logs in with the same AID:EMAIL and appends to the file, thus changing its modification time.

5.1.2 Login Page Session Variables

EMAIL entered by user into browser; set by Login Page when either (1) EMAIL is to be transferred to user.php for a new user, or (2) browser sends TICKET which identifies EMAIL and EPM UID is being set.

Account ID, either user or team; set by Login Page when a valid TICKET is received, and set by User Page for new users. This equals EPM_UID for a user login, is the team ID for team member login, and is the host user ID of the EMAIL guest for a guest login.

EPM_UID User ID associated with EPM_EMAIL. Set when EPM_AID is set.

EPM_IS_TEAM True iff EPM_AID is team ID; Set when EPM_AID is set.

EPM_IPADDR Set to \$_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR'] by Login Page when EPM_AID is not yet set.

EPM_TIME Set to \$_SERVER['REQUEST_TIME'] formatted by \$epm_ format_time by Login Page if EPM_AID is not yet set.

Set to [FILE,MTIME] where MTIME is the mod time of \$epm_data/FILE and the session must abort if the mod time of this file changes. Here FILE is admin/users/AID/UID.login to which a line is appended whenever EPM_AID is set for a session.

5.1.3 Login Page Transactions

1. If regular form admin/emails/EMAIL exists log existing user in and go to Project Page. The browser first gets a ticket which it sends to the server, and the ticket specifies the EMAIL.

- (a) Browser can look EMAIL up in browser's local memory to get ticket to send to server, or if this ticket does not exist or is invalid,
- (b) Browser can send EMAIL to server and get confirmation number back to use as a ticket.
- 2. Otherwise, if no regular form admin/emails/EMAIL exists, give the browser a confirmation number to use as ticket, and upon receiving this set EPM_EMAIL and give the browser a new automatic ticket and instruct the browser to go to User Page to create new user.

5.2 User

User Page Files

admin/email/EMAIL	create	update	read
admin/users/UID/UID.info	create	update	read
admin/teams/TID/TID.info	create	update	read
admin/users/UID/UID.login	-	append	stat
admin/users/UID/GID.login	-	append	stat
admin/teams/TID/UID.login	-	append	stat
admin/users/UID/UID.inactive	create	-	-
admin/users/UID/GID.inactive	create	-	-
admin/teams/TID/UID.inactive	create	-	-
admin/users/UID/manager	create	update	read
admin/users/UID/member	create	update	read
admin/teams/TID/+read-write+	create	update	read
admin/users/UID/+actions+	create	append	-
admin/teams/TID/+actions+	create	append	-
admin/+actions+	create	append	-

User Page Session Data

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```
EPM_USER
                      update
              create
                               read
EPM_DATA
                      update
                               read
              create
EPM EMAIL
                               read
EPM_AID
              create
                               read
EPM_UID
                               read
              create
EPM_IS_TEAM
              create
                               read
EPM_IPADDR
                               read
EPM_TIME
                               read
EPM_ABORT
              create
```

5.2.1 User Page File Formats

```
admin/email/EMAIL: see p15
```

admin/users/UID/UID.info (user info file):

JSON file with the following components:

```
'uid' UID
'emails' [EMAIL {, EMAIL }*]
'guests' [GID {, GID }*] (may be missing)
'full_name' TEXT
'organization' TEXT
'location' TEXT
```

where

UID user ID (i.e., an account ID) for user; cannot be changed once account is created

EMAIL e-mail address for user GID UID for guest of user

TEXT plain text (with a minimum and maximum allowed length)

- When a team UID.info file is created, MIDs are specified as EMAILs which are resolved if possible to PIDs.
- When a person initially creates an account, all UID.info files are searched and if any have MIDs matching the new account EMAIL, they are resolved to PIDs.

admin/users/TID/TID.info (user info file):

JSON file with the following components:

```
'tid' TID
'manager' MANAGER
'members' [MEMBER { , MEMBER }*] (may be missing)
'full_name' TEXT
'organization' TEXT
'location' TEXT
```

where

TID team ID (i.e., an account ID) for team; cannot be changed

once account is created

MANAGER UID of the manager of team

MEMBER one of: MID

(EMAIL) MID(EMAIL)

MID UID of member of team

EMAIL of member of team as of time member was added

to team

TEXT plain text (with a minimum and maximum allowed

length)

- A MEMBER may be specified as an EMAIL or a MID. If specified as an EMAIL, and a regular admin/email/EMAIL (p15) exists, the MID is added. If specified as an EMAIL, and no regular admin/email/EMAIL file exists, the TID is added to a pre-login admin/email/EMAIL (p15), which is created if it does not exist.
- When a user initially creates an account with an EMAIL for which a pre-login admin/email/EMAIL file exists, the TID info files for all TIDs listed in the pre-login file are searched for any MEMBERs of the form '(EMAIL)', and when one is found, its MID is added to it. Similarly if EMAIL is added to an existing user account.

```
admin/users/UID/UID.login (login log): admin/teams/TID/UID.login (login log):
```

admin/users/UID/GID.login (login log): see p15

admin/teams/TID/UID.inactive:

admin/users/UID/GID.inactive:

Inactive .login file, made by renaming .login file when UID is no longer a member of TID team or GID is no longer a guest of UID. May be reactivated by renaming to .login file.

admin/users/UID/manager:

A a list of single space separated TIDs of the teams of which user UID is a manager.

admin/users/UID/member:

A a list of single space separated TIDs of the teams of which user UID is a member.

admin/teams/TID/+read-write+:

Either a single UID of the team member whose login currently has read-write mode, or blank if no such. This file is locked by itself, and is independent of any +lock+ file locking.

admin/users/UID/+actions+: admin/teams/TID/+actions+:

Lines of format: TIME AID info KEY OP VALUE

TIME Session time for login (EPM_TIME)
AID equals UID or TID from file name

KEY .info file JSON key

OP = if non-list KEY reset, + if addition to KEY's list, - if

deletion from KEY's list

VALUE value given to non-list KEY, added to KEY's list, or

deleted from KEY's list

• Updates to AID.info file are logged by writting lines to admin/*/AID/+actions+ file.

admin/+actions+:

Any line writted to an admin/*/AID/+actions+ file is also written to this file.

5.2.2 User Page Transactions

- 1. If EPM_UID not set, get data for new user and create new user account if data acceptable. Otherwise, or after creating new user account, display .info data for all users and all teams.
- 2. Allow the current user to edit their own .info data.
- 3. If the current user is the manager of a team, allow that team's .info data to be edited.
- 4. Allow the current user to create a new team of which the current user is a manager.
- 5. NOTE: team member and guest logins cannot edit user or team .info or create new teams.
- 6. Allow a current read-only user to force a switch to read-write.

5.3 Problem

Problem Page Files

/ /		1 .		
users/UID/PROBLEM	create	update	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/PROBLEM.tex	upload	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/PROBLEM.pdf	create	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/PROBLEM.c	upload	_	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/PROBLEM.cc	upload	=	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/PROBLEM.java	upload	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/PROBLEM.py	upload	_	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/PROBLEM	create	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/PROBLEM.class	create	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/PROBLEM.pyc	create	=	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.c	upload	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.cc	upload	_	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.java	upload	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.py	upload	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM	create	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.class	create	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.pyc	create	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.in	upload	_	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.sin	create	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.sout	create	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.fout	create	=	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.ftest	create	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.dout	create	-	read	delete
users/UID/PROBLEM/XXXX-PROBLEM.score	create	-	read	delete

Problem Page Session Data

EPM_EMAIL	-	-	read
EPM_UID	-	-	read
EPM PROBLEM	create	update	read

6 Overview

Here we list adminstrative files and transactions, and give a brief description of each.

6.1 Administrative Files

EPM uses administrative files to direct generation of files from other files, to keep track of visibility permissions, and for other things. All these files are in JSON format. EPM does <u>not</u> use any data base (like MYSQL).

Administrative files are <u>not</u> uploadable by the user. They are made by commands issued by the user to web pages, e.g., the **PPPP.score** file is made by the user commanding the **PPPP.run** file, and the user can make their own ...-**PPPP.run** file using a web page. When administrative commands are made using a web page, the code associated with the page checks that the file being made does not violate security.

The following administrative files the user will encounter. Unless otherwise noted, these are visible to the user.

XXXX.mk

File specifying how to make the file XXXX, when this last file is generated from other files. E.g., the UUUU/PPPP/00-000-PPPP.out.mk file tells how to make the UUUU/PPPP/00-000-PPPP.out from the system/PPPP/00-000-PPPP.in, the system/PPPP/generate-PPPP, and UUUU/PPPP/PPPP.

A XXXX.mk file also tells how to make itself, so there is no need for XXXX.mk.mk files. XXXX.mk files are made from template files.

system/template/X.E->Y.F.tpl

Template file used to make .mk or other administrative files. A typical template file name ends with X.cc->X.tmpl and is used to make a X.mk file that specifies how to make a X file from a X.cc file, where X is a parameter to the template file. In general single upper case letters are used as parameter names for template files, and may also appear in the names of the template files themselves.

Template files are located and used by code in web pages that make administrative files.

UUUU/credentials

Credential file for user. Specifies user email addresses, ip addresses, dates ip addresses last certified and last used.

UUUU/logins

Login history of user.

UUUU/PPPP/uploads

Upload history of user for problem **PPPP**. Note that a user's uploads for a problem are automatically checked into a per-user, per-problem **git** database which can be cloned by the user and partially inspected (in particular to obtain difference listings) using EPM web pages.

UUUU/PPPP/runs

Run history of user for problem PPPP.

DDDD/user.perm

Permission control file for arbitrary users for all files in directory DDDD (e.g., in system, system/PPPP) and its subdirectories.

DDDD/UUUU.perm

Permission control file for user **UUUU** and files in directory **DDDD** (e.g., in directory **UUUU**).

In the above, **system**/ is actually a project directory. There can be many project, and the **UUUU/PPPP/UUUU.perm** file can point to any of them, in place of **system**/.

6.2 Transactions

The only way a user can interact with EPM is via transactions. Each transaction is executed by entering small amounts of text on a web page and clicking appropriately.

The common transactions are:

download

Download any file visible to the user.

inspect

Inspect various visible JSON administrative files in a more readable format.

directory

Create or destroy problem directories and designate a current problem directory.

upload

Upload any program source (.c, .cc, .java, .py, or .lsp) file or any program input (.in) file into the current problem directory.

make

Create, edit, and destroy .mk files, whose existence causes the associated derived files to be made upon demand, in the current problem directory.

run

Create, edit, and destroy .run files, which define runs that cause batches of derived files to be created, in the current problem directory. Execute designated runs.

permission

Create, edit, and destroy .perm files that control permissions and visibility.

credentials

Inspect and remove credentials of the current user.

project

Create or destroy project directories and designate project directories that are visible to the current problem directory.

move

Move files between the current problem directory and a project directory.

Program source files do not have to be problem solution files. Any program can be run so long as it opens no files and does all its input/output via file descriptors. Program output can be put into .out, .fout, .debug, .info, or .disp files. The last kind of file encodes

X-windows commands that can be displayed in an X-window or pdf window or placed in a .pdf file. Programs an also interact with terminal windows; for example, a program can be written to calculate combinations (i.e., N choose K).

Problem solution programs are run without arguments, unless they are begin debugged, in which case their output is put into **.debug** files. Other programs can be run with or without arguments.