```
Script started on 2024-11-07 13:51:03-06:00 [TERM="xterm-256color" TTY="/dev/pts/6"
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 2/Lab 2-new$ pwd
/home/students/e prevost/Portfolio 2/Lab 2-new
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 2/Lab 2-new$ cat roundemup.info
Robert Prevost
CSC 122 W01
Round em up Lab
Takes in input and runs through library function to recursively validate
inputs until a correct input is met.
Base Level: Level 1.5
Bonus for input: +1 Level
Total Level: Level 2.5
******** show-code roundemup.cpp
roundemup.cpp:
    1 #include <iostream>
    2 #include <fstream>
    3 #include <string>
    4 #include <cmath>
    5 #include <limits>
       std::string getFilename() {
    7
           std::string filename;
    8
    9
           while (true) {
   10
               std::cout << "Please enter the name of your data file: ";</pre>
   11
               std::cin >> filename;
               std::ifstream file(filename):
   12
   13
               if (file.is open()) {
                   file.close();
   14
   15
                   return filename:
   16
   17
               std::cout << "I'm sorry, I could not open '" << filename <<</pre>
   18
               "' Please enter another name: " << std::endl;
   19
           }
   20 }
```

```
21
    class Statistics {
23
        public:
24
                int count:
25
                double minimum:
                double maximum:
26
27
                double average;
28
                double stdDev;
29 };
30
    Statistics processFile(const std::string& filename) {
32
        std::ifstream file(filename):
        Statistics stats = {0. std::numeric limits<double>::max().
33
        std::numeric limits<double>::lowest(), 0.0, 0.0):
34
        double num, \overline{sum} = 0.0, sumSquares = 0.0;
35
36
37
        while (file >> num) {
38
            stats.count++;
39
            sum += num;
40
            sumSquares += num * num;
41
            stats.minimum = std::min(stats.minimum. num);
42
            stats.maximum = std::max(stats.maximum. num);
43
        }
44
45
        if (stats.count > 0) {
46
            stats.average = sum / stats.count;
47
            double variance = (sumSquares / stats.count) - (stats.average *
48
            stats.average);
49
            stats.stdDev = std::sqrt(variance);
50
        }
51
52
        return stats;
53 }
54
55
   void printResults(const Statistics& stats) {
56
        if (stats.count == 0) {
            std::cout << "No valid data found in the file." << std::endl:
57
58
59
            std::cout << "\nFor your data, the statistics are as follows:\n"</pre>
60
            << std::endl:
61
62
            // Set precision and fixed-point notation
63
            std::cout.precision(5);
64
            std::cout.setf(std::ios::fixed, std::ios::floatfield);
65
                               Count: " << stats.count << std::endl:</pre>
66
            std::cout << "
            std::cout << "
                             Minimum: " << stats.minimum << std::endl;</pre>
67
                             Average: " << stats.average << std::endl;</pre>
68
            std::cout << "
            std::cout << "
                             Maximum: " << stats.maximum << std::endl;</pre>
69
                              StdDev: " << stats.stdDev << std::endl:</pre>
70
            std::cout << "
71
72
            // Optionally, reset the stream's formatting
73
            std::cout.unsetf(std::ios::floatfield);
        }
74
```

```
75 }
    76
    77 int main() {
            std::cout << "\n
                                             Welcome to vour worst nightmare\n" <<</pre>
    79
            std::endl:
    80
    81
            std::string filename = getFilename();
            std::cout << "\nfile '" << filename << "' opened successfully" <<</pre>
    82
    83
            std::endl;
    84
    85
            Statistics stats = processFile(filename);
    86
    87
            std::cout << "\ndata process done" << std::endl:</pre>
    88
            printResults(stats):
    89
    90
    91
            return 0:
    92 }
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 2/Lab 2-new$ CPP roundemup
roundemup.cpp***
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 2/Lab 2-new$ ./roundemup.out
                 Welcome to your worst nightmare
Please enter the name of your data file: data.txt
file 'data.txt' opened successfully
data process done
For your data, the statistics are as follows:
     Count: 10
   Minimum: 1.00000
   Average: 5.50000
   Maximum: 10.00000
   StdDev: 2.87228
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 2/Lab 2-new$ cat data.txt
1 2 3 4
5 6 7 8
9 10e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 2/Lab 2-new$ cat roundemup.tpg
1. Does spacing between the numbers matter?
no spacing between the numbers does not matter because I read the lines
using the >> operator which skips whitespace when reading items.
```

2. Do they have to be in order (ascending/descending)?

no they dont have to be in order since we arent doing like median calculations the actual order of the numbers does not matter.

3. Do they have to be integers? Floating point?

They can be both because I use double which will work for both integers and floats.

4. Is it possible for your program to run out of space while reading the file? (It shouldn't be...) (Hint: Do you have to have all of the data values in memory to complete the calculations requested?)

no because I dont store any of the individual variables from the file I only store the answers which doesn't take as much memory. It would be a different story if i stored every variable because then we could have 1000's of variables which would lead to a memory storage issue.

5. When finding the largest/smallest item in a list, what value should you start with as your assumedsmallest/largest value?

smallest should be the max int and largest should be the max lowest number
(or negative max number). This can be achieved using std::numeric_limits.e_prevost(
exit

Script done on 2024-11-07 13:53:01-06:00 [COMMAND EXIT CODE="0"]