```
Script started on 2024-09-15 13:11:43-05:00 [TERM="xterm-256color" TTY="/dev/pts/3"
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ pwd
/home/students/e prevost/Portfolio 1/Lab 2
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ cat seglist.info
Robert Prevost
CSC 122 W01
Seg List Lab
Takes in a problem set list and outputs the problems
required with the problem set name.
Base Level: Level 4
Total Level: Level 4
**************** prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ show-code driver 2.cpp
driver 2.cpp:
    1 #include <iostream>
     2 #include <string>
     3 #include "seglist.h"
     4 #include "input prot.h"
       using namespace std:
    6
    7
      int main() {
     8
            string psn = "Please Input your problem set's name: ":
    9
            string ps = "Please Input your problem set: ";
            string pta = "Please Try Again.";
    10
            string programName = check input<string>(psn, pta);
    11
    12
            string numberline = check input<string>(ps,pta);
    13
            string output line = convertLineToString(programName, numberline);
    14
            cout << output line;</pre>
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ showcode seglist.h
showcode: command not found
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ show-code seglist.h
seglist.h:
```

```
1 #ifndef sealist h
     2 #define seglist h
    3 #include <string>
     4 #include <vector>
    6 std::string getStringFromTwoNumbers(char firstnum, char secondnum);
    7 std::string convertLineToString(std::string lesson name, std::string
      problem number line);
    9 std::vector<std::string> splitProblemNumbers(std::string
    10 problem number line):
    11 std::vector<std::string> sortAndUnique(std::vector<std::string> vec):
    12 void customBubbleSort(std::vector<std::string>& vec):
   13
   14 #endif
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ show-code seglist.cpp
seglist.cpp:
    1 #include <iostream>
    2 #include <string>
    3 #include <ctvpe.h>
    4 #include <vector>
    5 #include "seglist.h"
       using namespace std;
       void customBubbleSort(vector<string>& vec) {
    9
           int n = vec.size():
    10
           bool swapped:
   11
   12
           for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
   13
                swapped = false;
   14
   15
                for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
   16
                   int num1 = stoi(vec[i]);
   17
                   int num2 = stoi(vec[i + 1]);
   18
   19
                   if (num1 > num2) {
   20
                       swap(vec[j], vec[j + 1]);
   21
                       swapped = true;
   22
                   }
   23
               }
   24
   25
                if (!swapped) {
   26
                   break;
   27
   28
           }
    29
    30
   31
       vector<string> sortAndUnique(vector<string> vec) {
   32
           customBubbleSort(vec);
   33
```

```
34
        vector<string> result;
35
        for (string s : vec) {
36
            if (result.empty() || s != result.back()) {
37
                result.push back(s):
38
39
        }
40
41
        return result;
42 }
43
   vector<string> getStringFromTwoNumbers(string firstnum, string secondnum) ·
45
46
        int first = stoi(firstnum):
47
        int second = stoi(secondnum):
48
49
        vector<string> numStrings;
50
51
        for (int i = first; i <= second; i++) {</pre>
52
            numStrings.push back(to string(i));
53
54
55
        return numStrings;
56 }
57
58
   vector<string> splitProblemNumbers(string problem number line) {
60
        vector<string> result;
61
        string current number;
62
63
        for (char c : problem number line) {
64
            if (isdigit(c)) {
65
                current number += c;
66
            } else if (\bar{c} == ', ' || c == '-') {
                if (!current number.empty()) {
67
68
                     result.push back(current number);
69
                     current number.clear();
70
71
                result.push back(string(1, c));
72
73
        }
74
75
        if (!current number.empty()) {
76
            result.push back(current number);
77
        }
78
        return result;
79
80 }
82 string convertLineToString(string lesson name, string problem number line).
83
        string lesson name clrd:
        for(char c : lesson name){
84
            if(c != '"' && \overline{c} != '\''){
85
                lesson name clrd += c;
86
87
```

```
88
 89
         vector<string> number string:
 90
         vector<string> problem number vector = splitProblemNumbers
 91
         (problem number line):
 92
         for(size t i = \overline{0}: i < problem number vector.size(): <math>i++){
 93
             if(problem number vector[i] != string("-") || problem number vector
 94
             [i] != string(",")){
 95
                 if(i + 1 < problem number vector.size() &&
 96
                 problem number vector[i+1][0] == ','){
 97
                     number string.push back(problem number vector[i]);
 98
 99
100
                 else if(i + 2 < problem number vector.size() &&
101
                 problem number vector[i+1][0] == '-')
102
                     vector<string> number addition = getStringFromTwoNumbers
103
                     (problem number vector[i],problem number vector[i+2]);
104
105
106
                     for(string b: number addition){
107
                         if(!b.empty() && b.find(',') == -1){
108
                            number string.push back(b):
109
                         }
110
111
                     i+=2:
112
113
                 else if(!problem number vector[i].empty() &&
                 !problem number vector[i].find(',') == -1){
114
115
                     number string.push back(problem number vector[i]);
116
117
             }
118
         }
119
120
         vector<string> new number string = sortAndUnique(number string);
121
122
         string output string = "Do Problem";
123
         if(new number string.size() > 1){
124
             output string += "s";
125
126
         output string += " ";
127
128
         for(size t i = 0: i < new number string.size(): i++){</pre>
129
             if(i > 0) {
130
                 if(i == new number string.size() - 1){
131
                     output string += " and ";
132
                 } else {
133
                     output string += ", ";
134
135
136
             output string += new number string[i];
137
138
139
         output string += " of " + lesson name clrd;
140
         return output string;
141
```

```
142 }
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ show-code input prot.h
input prot.h:
     1 #ifndef input protection h
     2 #define input protection h
     3 #include <string>
     4 #include <iostream>
     5 #include <limits>
     6 #include <vector>
     7 template <typename varType>
     8 varType check input(std::string first prompt, std::string try again)
     9 {
            std::cout << first prompt;</pre>
    10
            varType input;
    11
            std::cin >> input;
    12
    13
            while (std::cin.fail()){
                std::cerr << try again;</pre>
    14
    15
                std::cin.clear();
    16
                std::cin.iqnore(std::numeric limits<std::streamsize>::max(), '\n');
    17
                std::cin >> input:
    18
            }
    19
            return input;
    20 }
    21
    22
    23 template <typename varType>
    24 varType check input(varType min,std::string first prompt, std::string
    25 try again, varType max )
    26 {
    27
            std::cout << first prompt;</pre>
            bool passed min max = false;
    28
            varType input;
    29
    30
            std::cin >> input;
    31
            if(input > min && input < max && !std::cin.fail()){</pre>
    32
                passed min max = true;
    33
    34
            while (std::cin.fail() || !passed min max){
    35
                std::cerr << try again;</pre>
    36
                std::cin.clear();
                std::cin.ignore(std::numeric limits<std::streamsize>::max(), '\n');
    37
    38
                std::cin >> input;
                if(input > min && input < max && !std::cin.fail()){</pre>
    39
    40
                    passed min max = true;
    41
    42
            }
    43
            return input:
    44 }
    45
    46 template <typename varType>
    47 varType check input(varType min, std::string first prompt, std::string
```

```
48 try again)
 49 {
         std::cout << first prompt;</pre>
 50
         bool passed min max = false:
 51
 52
         varTvpe input:
 53
         std::cin >> input;
 54
         if(input > min && !std::cin.fail()){
 55
             passed min max = true;
 56
 57
         while (std::cin.fail() || !passed_min_max){
             std::cerr << try again;</pre>
 58
 59
             std::cin.clear():
 60
             std::cin.iqnore(std::numeric limits<std::streamsize>::max(), '\n');
 61
             std::cin >> input;
 62
             if(input > min && !std::cin.fail()){
 63
                 passed min max = true;
 64
 65
 66
         return input;
 67
 68
 69
     template <typename varType>
     varType check input( std::string first prompt, std::string trv again.
 72 varType max)
 73 {
         std::cout << first prompt;</pre>
 74
 75
         bool passed min max = false;
         varType input;
 76
         std::cin >> input;
 77
 78
         if(input < max && !std::cin.fail()){</pre>
 79
             passed min max = true;
 80
 81
         while (std::cin.fail() || !passed min max){
 82
             std::cerr << try again;</pre>
 83
             std::cin.clear();
             std::cin.ignore(std::numeric limits<std::streamsize>::max(), '\n');
 84
 85
             std::cin >> input;
 86
             if(input < max && !std::cin.fail()){</pre>
 87
                 passed min max = true;
 88
 89
 90
         return input;
 91 }
 92
     template <typename varType>
     bool isValueInArray(const varType value, const std::vector<std::string>
 95
     arr)
 96
 97
         std::string value str;
         if (std::is same<varType, char>::value) {
 98
 99
             value str = std::string(1, value); //when char gets converted to
100
             //string weird stuff happens so we try to avoid this
         } else {
101
```

```
102
                value str = std::to string(value);
  103
           }
  104
            for (const auto& i : arr) {
  105
  106
                if (i == value str) {
                   return true:
  107
  108
  109
            return false;
  110
  111 }
  112
  113 template <tvpename varTvpe>
  114 varType check input(const std::vector<std::string>& string arr, const
  115 std::string& first prompt, const std::string& try again)
  116 {
           std::cout << first prompt;</pre>
  117
  118
           varType input;
           while (!(std::cin >> input) || !isValueInArray(input, string arr)) {
  119
  120
                std::cerr << try again;</pre>
  121
                std::cin.clear():
                std::cin.ignore(std::numeric limits<std::streamsize>::max(). '\n')
  122
  123
  124
           return input:
  125 }
  126
  127 #endif
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ CPP driver 2 seqlist
driver 2.cpp***
seglist.cpp...
sealist.cpp: In function 'void
customBubbleSort(std::vector<std:: cxx11::basic string<char>
>&) ':
seqlist.cpp:9:21: warning: conversion
from 'std::vector<std:: cxx11::basic string<char>
>::size type' {aka 'long unsigned
int'} to 'int' may change value
[-Wconversion]
           int n = vec.size();
                  ~~~~~~^~
seqlist.cpp: In function 'std::string
convertLineToString(std::string, std::string)':
seglist.cpp:107:50: warning:
comparison of integer expressions of different signedness:
'std:: cxx11::basic string<char>::size type' {aka
'long unsigned int'} and 'int'
[-Wsign-compare]
 107 |
                          if(!b.empty() && b.find(',')
 == -1){
seglist.cpp:114:50: warning: logical
not is only applied to the left hand side of comparison
[-Wlogical-not-parentheses]
                   !problem number vector[i].find(',')
 114 l
```

```
== -1){
seglist.cpp:114:13: note: add
parentheses around left hand side expression to silence this warning
  !problem number vector[i].find(',') == -1){
seqlist.cpp:114:50: warning: comparison
of constant '-1' with boolean expression is always
false [-Wbool-compare]
  114 |
                    !problem number vector[i].find(',')
  == -1){
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ ./driver 2.out
Please Input your problem set's name: 'banana
Please Input your problem set: 1-4
Do Problems 1, 2, 3 and 4 of bananae prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ ./driver 2.0
Please Input your problem set's name: banban
Please Input your problem set: 1,20-25
Do Problems 1, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25 of banbane prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab
Please Input your problem set's name: "banana"
Please Input your problem set: 1-100,50-150
Do Problems 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20,
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ ls
driver 2.cpp driver 2.out input prot.h seglist.cpp seglist.h seglist.info seg
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ cat seglist tpg.txt
e prevost@ares:~/Portfolio 1/Lab 2$ cat seglist tpg.txt
1. String
2. I can use a string searching function
or manually do it myself by looping through
the string looking for a " or '.
3. Loop through the string and create
new string that contains all letters except
letters that are " or '
```

4. create a numeric function to
input an item into the list based on
if it is less than the item in front of it
(goes to end if no #) and greater than the
# before it (goes to front if no #).

5. In this numeric insert function from problem 4 we can have a separate check for duplicates before insertion. This separate check is a duplicate check after we sorted the numbers from smallest to largest. The duplicate check just then becomes looping through the problem list and checking if the number already exists.

6. For our cout statement we will have a helper variable that will keep track of how many chars we outputted.

once we reach 70 chars we std::endl then repeate\_prevost@ares: $\sim$ /Portfolio\_1/Lab 2\$ exit

Script done on 2024-09-15 13:14:52-05:00 [COMMAND EXIT CODE="0"]