

Tutorial 3

Humidity, Clausius-Clapeyron equation

1. Saturated vapor pressure

- Check the validity of different expressions for the saturated vapor pressure against the exact solution (a polynomial fit to observations). Take into account three expressions:
 - (a) solution of the Clausius-Clapeyron equation where $L_{vl} = \text{const} = L_{vl}(T_0)$, $T_0 = 273.15\text{K}$,
 - (b) solution of the Clausius-Clapeyron equation where L_{vl} depends on temperature T ,
 - (c) Magnus-Tetens formula $e_s(t) = e_{s0} \exp\left(\frac{17.27t}{t+237.7}\right)$, where t is in degrees C and $e_{s0} = 6.112\text{ hPa}$ is the saturation vapor pressure at $t=0^\circ\text{C}$.
- Check the validity of expression for the saturated vapor pressure over ice (solution of the Clausius-Clapeyron equation with $L_{vi} = \text{const}$) against the exact solution.

2. Mixing ratio and specific humidity

- Compare values of mixing ratios and specific humidities for saturated conditions at different temperatures and pressures.
- Check the validity of simplified formulas for mixing ratio and specific humidity for saturated conditions at different temperatures and pressures.
- Assume that temperature decreases with altitude at constant rates, i.e. $\Gamma=0.01, 0.006\text{ K/m}$. Calculate values of mixing ratio and specific humidity for saturated conditions at different altitudes. Assume that temperature at the ground level is 300 K (tropical conditions), 285 K (mid latitudes) or 270 K (polar regions).