MTH 201 -- Calculus Module 5B: Derivatives of other trigonometric functions

October 7-8, 2020

Agenda for today

- Polling activity over Daily Preparation + Q&A time
- Polling: Review of derivative computation rules so far
- Jamboard: Practice with derivative computation rules, including the new trig functions
- Q/A + Feedback time

What we can differentiate so far:

- Constant, power, and polynomial functions
- "Pure" exponential functions (like y = 3^x but not y = 3^{cos(x)}, etc.)
- All six trigonometric functions
- Sums, differences, constant multiples, products and/or quotients of functions

NOTHING ELSE HAS A RULE YET

Example: y = sqrt(cos(x))

$$rac{d}{dx}[e^x]$$

 e^x

 xe^{x-1}

 xe^{x+1}

We know how to compute this, but it's none of the above



$$rac{d}{dx}[x^2+2^x]$$

$$2x + 2^{x}$$

$$2x+x2^{x-1}$$

$$2x+2^x\ln(x)$$

We know how to compute this, but it's none of the above



$$rac{d}{dt}[t^2\cdot\sin(t)]$$

$$2t\cos(t)$$

 $2t\sin(t)$

$$2t \cdot (-\cos(t))$$

$$2t \cdot (-\sin(t))$$

We know how to compute this, but it's none of the above



The slope of the tangent line to y = an(x) at x = 0

0

1

 $\sec^2(x)$

Undefined

We know how to compute this, but it's none of the above



$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{1}{t} \right]$$

$$-\frac{1}{t^2}$$

 $-t^0$

ln(t)

Undefined

We know how to compute this, but it's none of the above



$$rac{d}{dt}\left[rac{1}{t^2+1}
ight]$$

$$-2t^{-3}$$

$$-rac{1}{t^2+1}$$

$$-rac{1}{(t^2+1)^2}$$

$$\ln(t^2+1)$$

Undefined

We know how to compute this, but it's none of the above



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$$rac{d}{dt} \left[\sqrt{t^2 + 1}
ight]$$

$$rac{1}{2}(t^2+1)^{-1/2}$$

We know how to compute this, but it's none of the above



→ To the Jamboard for a quick demo and some practice

Have a great day

Check calendar, Campuswire, email to stay up to speed!

Checkpoint 2 @ 4:00pm Thursday