## Homework 2

## Abstract Algebra II

Complete the following problems. Note that you should only use results that we've discussed so far this semester or last semester.

**Problem 1.** Let R be a Euclidean Domain with norm N. Prove that  $a \in R$  is a unit iff N(a) = N(1).

**Problem 2.** Consider the Euclidean Domain  $\mathbb{Z}[i]$  with norm given by  $N(a+bi) = a^2 + b^2$ .

- (a) Find the units in  $\mathbb{Z}[i]$ .
- (b) For each of the following pairs, find q and r such that a = bq + r with r = 0 or N(r) < N(b).
  - (i) a = 11 + 8i, b = 1 + 2i
  - (ii) a = -17 + 15i, b = 3 + i

**Problem 3.** Consider the Euclidean Domain  $\mathbb{Q}[x]$  with norm given by  $N(p(x)) = \deg(p(x))$ .

- (a) Prove that  $(x^2 + 1, x^3 + 1) = \mathbb{Q}[x]$ .
- (b) Find polynomials a(x) and b(x) such that  $(x^2 + 1)a(x) + (x^3 + 1)b(x) = 1$ .

**Problem 4.** Let R be an integral domain and let u be a unit of R.

- (a) Prove that if  $p \in R$  is prime, then up is prime.
- (b) Prove that if  $p \in R$  is irreducible, then up is irreducible.

**Problem 5.** Consider the ring  $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}]$ . Note that  $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}]$  is a Euclidean Domain with norm  $N(a+b\sqrt{-5})=a^2+5b^2$ .

- (a) Justify my claim in Example 1.85(3) that  $6 = 2 \cdot 3 = (1 + \sqrt{-5})(1 \sqrt{-5})$  are two distinct factorizations of 6 into irreducibles in  $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}]$ .
- (b) Prove that  $1 + \sqrt{-5}$  is not prime in  $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}]$ .

**Problem 6.** Consider the ring  $\mathbb{Z}[2\sqrt{2}]$ .

- (a) Prove that  $\mathbb{Z}[2\sqrt{2}]$  is not a UFD. *Hint:* Fiddle around with 8. You will need to justify that certain ring elements are irreducibles. One way to do this is to play with the map  $N: \mathbb{Z}[2\sqrt{2}] \to \mathbb{Z} \cup \{0\}$  given by  $N(a+2b\sqrt{2}) = |a^2-8b^2|$  (the vertical bars denote absolute value). It would be useful to know N(rs) = N(r)N(s), N(r) = 1 iff r is a unit, and  $N(r) \neq 2$  for all  $r \in \mathbb{R}$ . If you want to use these facts, you should prove them.
- (b) If possible, give an example of an ideal of  $\mathbb{Z}[2\sqrt{2}]$  that is not principal. If not possible, briefly explain why.