

Module 6B: Surjective, injective, and bijective functions

MTH 225

12 Oct 2020

Agenda

- Review of Daily Prep activity + Q/A time
- Activities:
 - Constructing functions with given surjective/injective properties
 - Inverse images
- Q&A and quizzing

Consider the mapping $f : \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \rightarrow \{a, b, c\}$

given by $f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ a & a & b & b & b & c \end{pmatrix}$. Then f is

Injective

Surjective

Bijjective

Neither injective nor surjective

Not a function in the first place



To 0

**Consider the mapping $f : \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \rightarrow \{a, b, c\}$
given by $f(1) = b, f(1) = a, f(2) = b, f(3) = c,$
 $f(4) = a$. Then f is**

Injective

Surjective

Bijjective

Neither injective nor surjective

Not a function in the first place



To

0

Let `phone_number` be a Python function from the set of all GVSU students to the set of all 10-decimal digit integers, and plugging in a person into this function returns their primary phone number as listed in Banner. This function is

Injective

Surjective

Bijjective

Neither injective nor surjective



To 0

Function construction activity -- Jamboard

Let A and B be finite sets and suppose $|A| > |B|$. Then

it's not possible to construct an injective function from A to B .

it's not possible to construct an surjective function from A to B .

it IS possible to build a function from A to B that has any combination of injective/surjective we want.



To 0

True or false?: It's possible to build a *bijjective* function from

$$\mathbb{Z} = \{\dots, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\} \text{ to } \mathbb{N} = \{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}.$$

True

False



To 0

Recall \mathbb{Q} is the set of all *rational numbers* -- numbers that can be written as a fraction of two integers in lowest form. True or false: It's possible to build a *bijective* function from \mathbb{Q} to \mathbb{N} .

True

False



To 0

Diagram illustrating the sequence of fractions $\frac{n}{d}$ where the sum of the numerator and denominator is constant (e.g., $\frac{1}{1}, \frac{2}{1}, \frac{2}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{6}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \dots$).

Have a great day 😄

Check your info
sources to stay up to
speed!