

8.30 - 电子以  $1.0 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}$  的速度进入一均匀磁场  
0.1m 圆周运动

根据  $F = eV \times B$ ,  $V \perp B$  时

$m_e$  为电子质量可以得  $|F_{\max}| = eVB = \frac{m_e v^2}{R}$

$$B = \frac{m_e v}{eR} = \frac{9.1 \times 10^{-31} \cdot 1.0 \times 10^6}{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 0.1} \text{ T} = 5.69 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$$

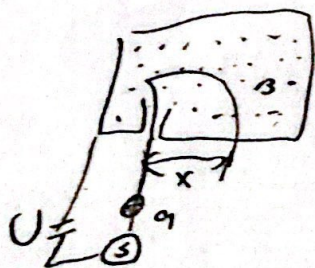
$$A \quad r = \frac{2\pi R}{v} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{2\pi m}{eB}$$

电子作圆周运动的角速度为

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = \frac{eB}{m_e} = 1.0 \times 10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

8.34

试证明离子质量为  $m = \frac{B^2 q}{8U} x^2$



根据动能定理

$$qU = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2qU}{m}}$$

受洛伦兹力作用作匀速圆周运动

轨道半径  $R = \frac{mv}{qB}$   $qVB = m \frac{v^2}{R}$

$$R = \frac{mv}{qB} = \frac{1}{qB} m \sqrt{\frac{2qU}{m}} = \frac{1}{qB} \sqrt{2qUm}$$

$R = \frac{x}{2}$  时  $\Rightarrow m = \frac{B^2 q}{8U} x^2$  命题得证

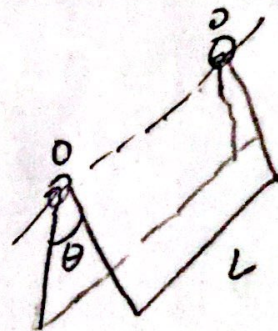




8.40

$$S = 2 \text{ mm}^2 \quad \rho = 8.9 \text{ g/cm}^3$$

$$\theta = 15^\circ, \quad I = 10 \text{ A}$$



$$M_G = 2mg \frac{l}{2} \sin \theta + mg l \sin \theta = 2\rho l^2 S g \sin \theta$$

$M_G$  由  $O$  指向  $O'$ , 受磁力对  $OO'$  轴的力矩为

$$M = F_m l \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = l^2 B \cos \theta$$

$M$  由  $O'$  指向  $O$ ,  $F_m = I l B$

$$B = \frac{2SPg}{I} \tan \theta = 9.35 \times 10^{-3} \text{ T}$$

8.42

$$B_1(d) = \frac{\mu_0 I_1}{2\pi d}$$

在  $(d+b)$  处  $B_1(d+b) = \frac{\mu_0 I_1}{2\pi(d+b)}$

线圈左右两边受力分别为

$$F = I_2 B_1(d) l = \frac{\mu_0 I_1 I_2 l}{2\pi d}, \text{ 向左}$$

$$F = I_2 B_1(d+b) l = \frac{\mu_0 I_1 I_2 l}{2\pi(d+b)}, \text{ 向右}$$

所受合力

$$F = F_{\text{左}} - F_{\text{右}} = \frac{\mu_0 I_1 I_2}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{l}{d} - \frac{l}{d+b} \right] = 7.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N}$$

