

2-2

解: $\omega = 2\pi f = \pi \times 10^9$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma &= \sqrt{(R_0 + j\omega L_0)(G_0 + j\omega C_0)} \\ &= \sqrt{(5 + j200\pi)(0.01 + j0.3\pi)} \\ &\approx 0.226 + j24.335 (\text{m}^{-1}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z_0 &= \sqrt{\frac{R_0 + j\omega L_0}{G_0 + j\omega C_0}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{5 + j200\pi}{0.01 + j0.3\pi}} \\ &\approx 25.82 + j0.03 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

在传输线无耗时

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma &= \sqrt{j\omega L_0 \cdot j\omega C_0} \\ &= j\omega \sqrt{L_0 C_0} = j24.3 \text{ m}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$Z_0 = \sqrt{\frac{L_0}{C_0}} = 25.8 \Omega$$

2-3

解: 时域:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u(z,t)}{\partial t} = -L_0 \cdot \frac{\partial i(z,t)}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial i(z,t)}{\partial t} = -C_0 \cdot \frac{\partial u(z,t)}{\partial z} \end{cases}$$

频域:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{d^2 \dot{U}(z)}{dz^2} - \gamma^2 \dot{U}(z) = 0 \\ \frac{d^2 \dot{I}(z)}{dz^2} - \gamma^2 \dot{I}(z) = 0 \end{cases}$$

解得:

$$\dot{U}(z) = A_1 e^{-j24.3z} + A_2 e^{j24.3z}$$

$$\dot{I}(z) = \frac{1}{25.8} (A_1 e^{-j24.3z} - A_2 e^{j24.3z})$$

2-4.

解: 由 KVL:

$$u(z + \frac{\Delta z}{2}, t) - u$$

$$u(z, t) = i(z, t) \cdot \frac{R_0 \Delta z}{2} + L_0 \frac{\Delta z}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial i(z, t)}{\partial t} + u(z + \frac{\Delta z}{2}, t)$$

由 KCL:

$$\begin{aligned} i(z, t) &= G_0 \Delta z \cdot u(z + \frac{\Delta z}{2}, t) + C_0 \Delta z \cdot \frac{\partial u(z + \frac{\Delta z}{2}, t)}{\partial t} \\ &\quad + i(z + \Delta z, t) \end{aligned}$$

整理后:

$$\begin{cases} u(z + \frac{\Delta z}{2}, t) - u(z, t) = -i(z, t) \cdot \frac{R_0 \Delta z}{2} + L_0 \frac{\Delta z}{2} \cdot \frac{\partial i(z, t)}{\partial t} \\ i(z + \Delta z, t) - i(z, t) = -G_0 \Delta z \cdot u(z + \frac{\Delta z}{2}, t) - C_0 \Delta z \cdot \frac{\partial u(z + \frac{\Delta z}{2}, t)}{\partial t} \end{cases}$$

应用泰勒公式

$$\begin{cases} i(z + \Delta z, t) = i(z, t) + \frac{\partial i(z, t)}{\partial z} \cdot \Delta z + \dots \\ u(z + \frac{\Delta z}{2}, t) = u(z, t) + \frac{\partial u(z, t)}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\Delta z}{2} + \dots \\ \frac{\partial u(z + \frac{\Delta z}{2}, t)}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial u(z, t)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial^2 u(z, t)}{\partial z \partial t} \cdot \frac{\Delta z}{2} + \dots \end{cases}$$

代入后得

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u(z, t)}{\partial z} = -R_0 i(z, t) - L_0 \frac{\partial i(z, t)}{\partial t} \\ \frac{\partial i(z, t)}{\partial z} = -G_0 u(z, t) - C_0 \frac{\partial u(z, t)}{\partial t} \end{cases}$$

