

System Dynamics and Vibrations

Prof. Gustavo Alonso

Chapter 6: Two-degree-of-freedom systems Exercises - 1

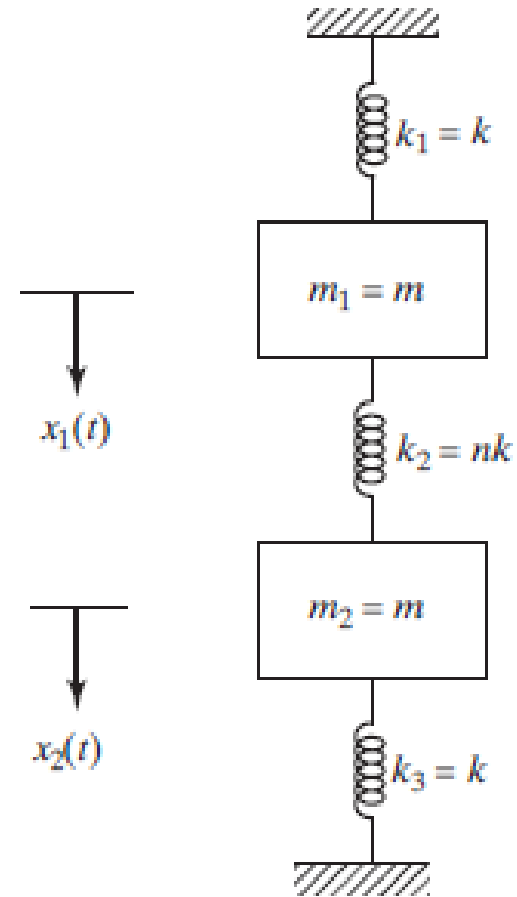
School of General Engineering
Beihang University (BUAA)

Exercise 1

Find the natural frequencies and mode shapes of a spring-mass system which is constrained to move in the vertical direction only.

Take $n = 1$

Approach: measure x_1 and x_2 from the static equilibrium position of the masses m_1 and m_2 respectively



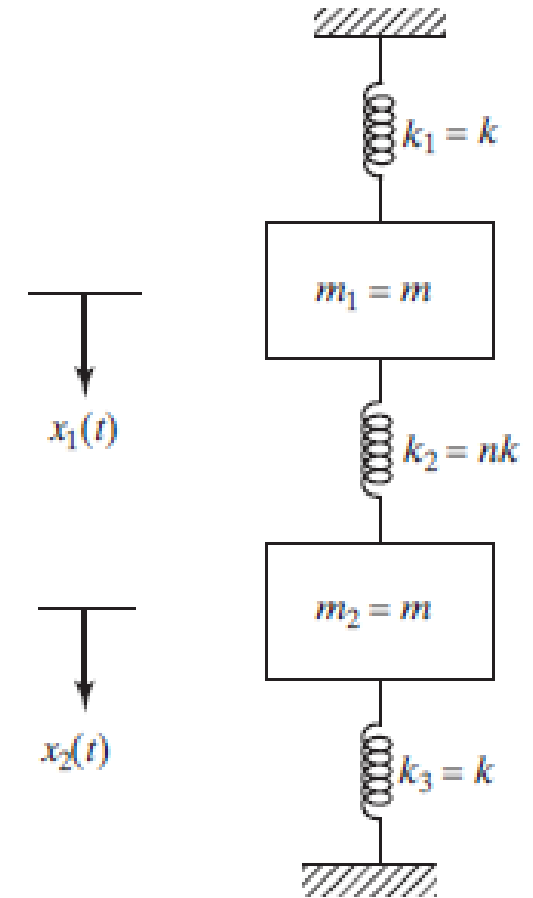
Exercise 1

$$m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + (k_1 + k_2) x_1 - k_2 x_2 = 0$$

$$m_2 \ddot{x}_2 - k_2 x_1 + (k_2 + k_3) x_2 = 0$$

$$m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + 2kx_1 - kx_2 = 0$$

$$m_2 \ddot{x}_2 - kx_1 + 2kx_2 = 0$$



Exercise 1

harmonic solutions:

$$x_1(t) = X_1 \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$x_2(t) = X_2 \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + (k_1 + k_2) x_1 - k_2 x_2 = 0$$

$$m_2 \ddot{x}_2 - k_2 x_1 + (k_2 + k_3) x_2 = 0$$

Exercise 1

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} -m\omega^2 + 2k & -k \\ -k & -m\omega^2 + 2k \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$m^2\omega^4 - 4km\omega^2 + 3k^2 = 0$$

characteristic equation

Exercise 1

$$\omega_1 = \left\{ \frac{4km - [16k^2m^2 - 12k^2m^2]^{1/2}}{2m^2} \right\}^{1/2} = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

$$\omega_2 = \left\{ \frac{4km + [16k^2m^2 - 12k^2m^2]^{1/2}}{2m^2} \right\}^{1/2} = \sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}}$$

Exercise 1

$$r_1 = \frac{X_2^{(1)}}{X_1^{(1)}} = \frac{-m_1 \omega_1^2 + 2k}{k} = \frac{k}{-m\omega_1^2 + 2k} = 1$$

$$r_2 = \frac{X_2^{(2)}}{X_1^{(2)}} = \frac{-m\omega_2^2 + 2k}{k} = \frac{k}{-m\omega_1^2 + 2k} = -1$$

Exercise 1

$$\vec{x}^{(1)}(t) = \begin{Bmatrix} x_1^{(1)}(t) \\ x_2^{(1)}(t) \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} X_1^{(1)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}t + \phi_1\right) \\ X_1^{(1)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}t + \phi_1\right) \end{Bmatrix} = \text{first mode}$$
$$\vec{x}^{(2)}(t) = \begin{Bmatrix} x_1^{(2)}(t) \\ x_2^{(2)}(t) \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} X_1^{(2)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}}t + \phi_2\right) \\ -X_1^{(2)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}}t + \phi_2\right) \end{Bmatrix} = \text{second mode}$$

Exercise 1

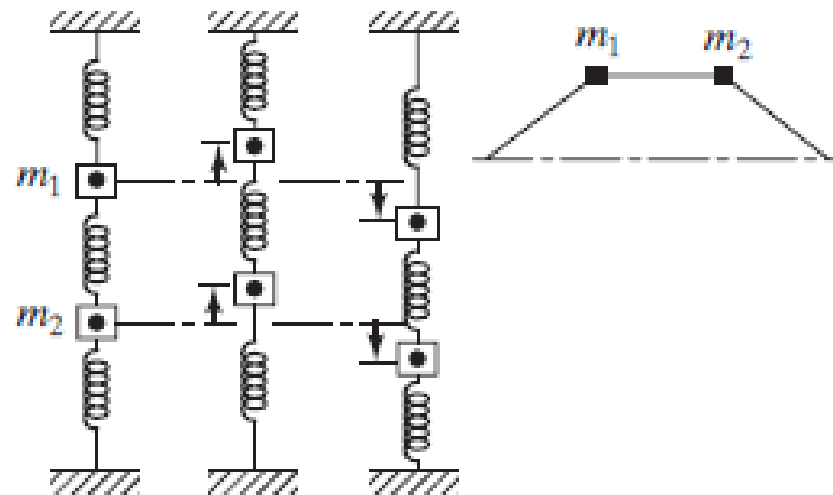
$$x_1(t) = x_1^{(1)}(t) + x_1^{(2)}(t) = X_1^{(1)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}t + \phi_1\right) + X_1^{(2)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}}t + \phi_2\right)$$

$$x_2(t) = x_2^{(1)}(t) + x_2^{(2)}(t) = X_1^{(1)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}t + \phi_1\right) - X_1^{(2)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}}t + \phi_2\right)$$

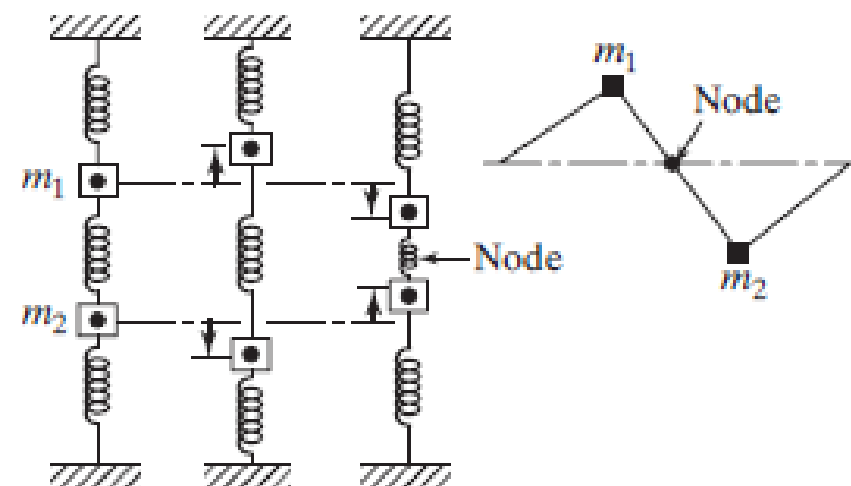
Exercise 1

$$x_1(t) = x_1^{(1)}(t) + x_1^{(2)}(t) = X_1^{(1)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}t + \phi_1\right) + X_1^{(2)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}}t + \phi_2\right)$$

$$x_2(t) = x_2^{(1)}(t) + x_2^{(2)}(t) = X_1^{(1)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}t + \phi_1\right) - X_1^{(2)} \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}}t + \phi_2\right)$$



(a) First mode



(b) Second mode

Exercise 2

Consider a torsional system consisting of two discs mounted on a shaft. The three segments of the shaft have rotational spring constants k_{t1} , k_{t2} , and k_{t3}

The discs have mass moments of inertia J_1 and J_2 respectively.

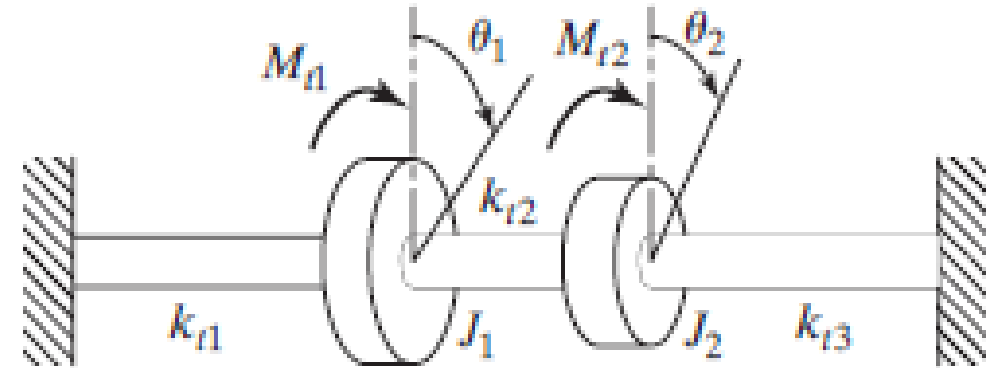
Find the natural frequencies and mode shapes for the system for:

$$J_1 = J_0$$

$$J_2 = 2 J_0$$

$$k_{t1} = k_{t2} = k_t$$

$$k_{t3} = 0$$



Exercise 2

Consider a torsional system consisting of two discs mounted on a shaft. The three segments of the shaft have rotational spring constants k_{t1} , k_{t2} , and k_{t3}

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Find the natural frequencies and mode shapes for the system for:

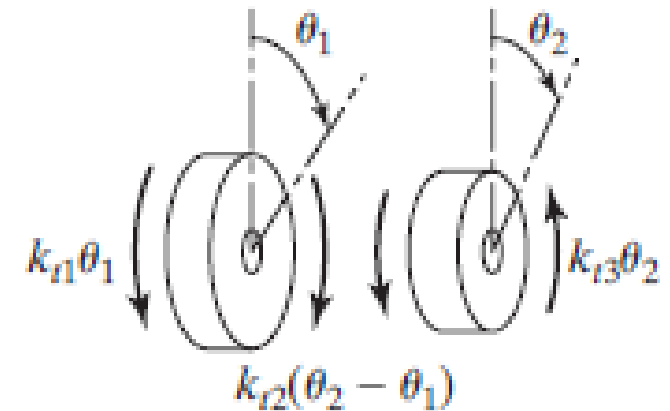
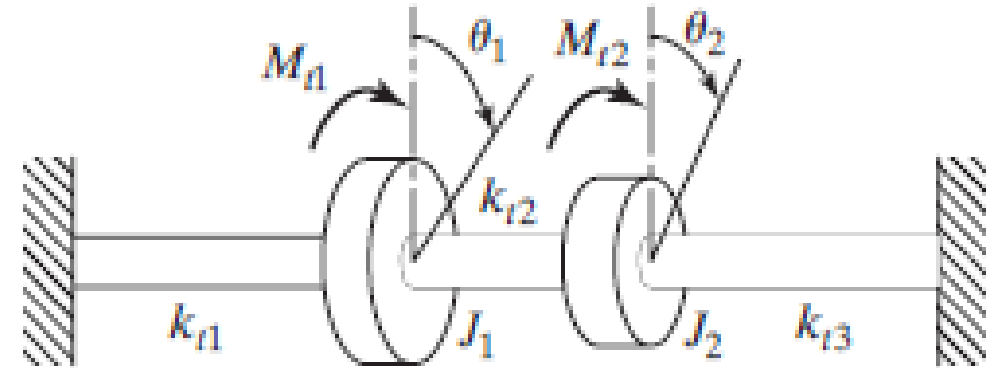
$$J_1 = J_0$$

$$J_2 = 2 J_0$$

$$k_{t1} = k_{t2} = k_t$$

$$k_{t3} = 0$$

Approach: write the equations of motion:

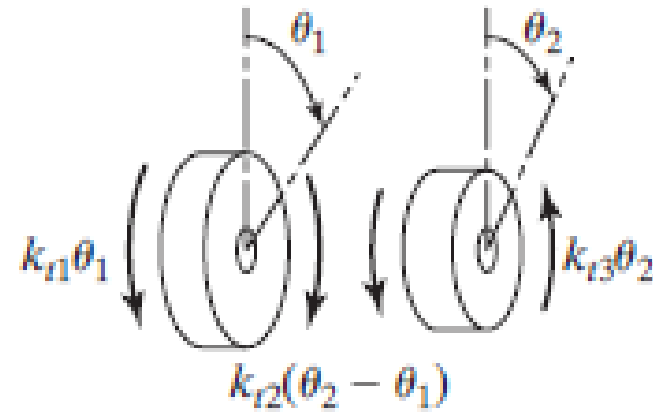


Exercise 2

Equations of motion:

$$J_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 = -k_{t1} \theta_1 + k_{t2} (\theta_2 - \theta_1) + M_{t1}$$

$$J_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 = -k_{t2} (\theta_2 - \theta_1) - k_{t3} \theta_2 + M_{t2}$$

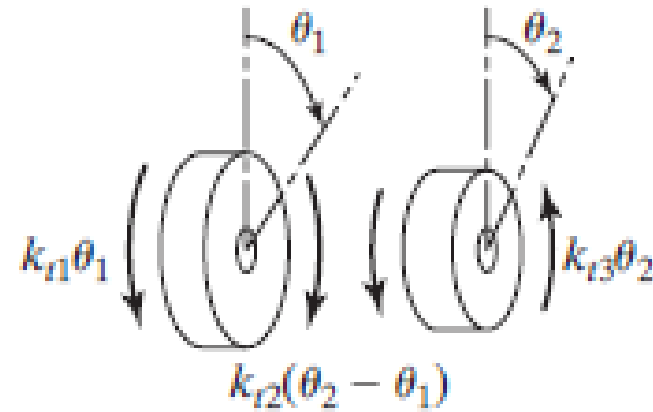


Exercise 2

Equations of motion:

$$J_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 = -k_{t1} \theta_1 + k_{t2} (\theta_2 - \theta_1) + M_{t1}$$

$$J_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 = -k_{t2} (\theta_2 - \theta_1) - k_{t3} \theta_2 + M_{t2}$$



Free vibration:

$$J_1 \ddot{\theta}_1 + (k_{t1} + k_{t2}) \theta_1 - k_{t2} \theta_2 = 0$$

$$J_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 - k_{t2} \theta_1 + (k_{t2} + k_{t3}) \theta_2 = 0$$

Exercise 2

For:

$$J_1 = J_0$$

$$J_2 = 2 J_0$$

$$k_{t1} = k_{t2} = k_t$$

$$k_{t3} = 0$$

$$J_0 \ddot{\theta}_1 + 2k_t \theta_1 - k_t \theta_2 = 0$$

$$2J_0 \ddot{\theta}_2 - k_t \theta_1 + k_t \theta_2 = 0$$

Exercise 2

$$J_0 \ddot{\theta}_1 + 2k_t \theta_1 - k_t \theta_2 = 0$$

$$2J_0 \ddot{\theta}_2 - k_t \theta_1 + k_t \theta_2 = 0$$

$$\theta_1(t) = \Theta_1 \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$\theta_2(t) = \Theta_2 \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

Exercise 2

$$J_0 \ddot{\theta}_1 + 2k_t \theta_1 - k_t \theta_2 = 0$$

$$2J_0 \ddot{\theta}_2 - k_t \theta_1 + k_t \theta_2 = 0$$

$$\theta_1(t) = \Theta_1 \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$\theta_2(t) = \Theta_2 \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

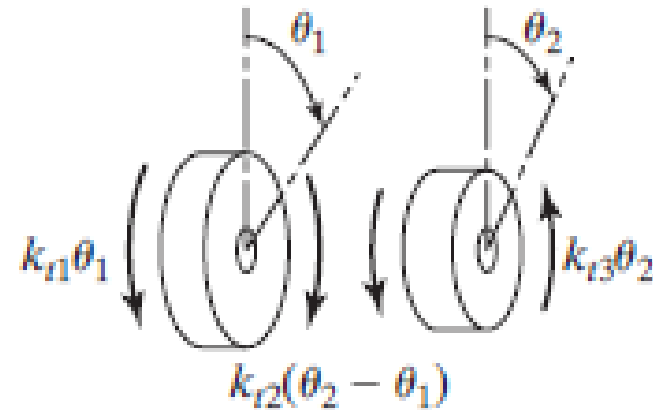
$$2\omega^4 J_0^2 - 5\omega^2 J_0 k_t + k_t^2 = 0$$

Exercise 2

$$2\omega^4 J_0^2 - 5\omega^2 J_0 k_t + k_t^2 = 0$$

$$\omega_1 = \sqrt{\frac{k_t}{4J_0} (5 - \sqrt{17})}$$

$$\omega_2 = \sqrt{\frac{k_t}{4J_0} (5 + \sqrt{17})}$$



$$r_1 = \frac{\Theta_2^{(1)}}{\Theta_1^{(1)}} = 2 - \frac{(5 - \sqrt{17})}{4}$$

$$r_2 = \frac{\Theta_2^{(2)}}{\Theta_1^{(2)}} = 2 - \frac{(5 + \sqrt{17})}{4}$$