System Dynamics and Vibrations

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Chapter 3: Single degree-of-freedom systems

Exercises lot 3

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In the vibration testing of a structure, an impact hammer with a load cell to measure the impact force is used to cause excitation, as shown in the figure.

Find the response of the system,

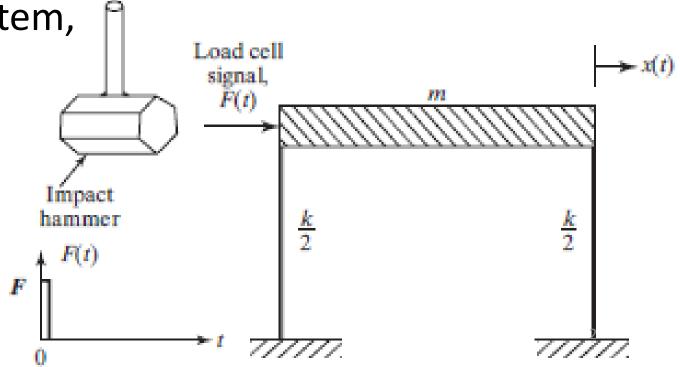
assuming:

$$m = 5 \text{ kg}$$

$$k = 2000 \text{ N/m}$$

$$c = 10 \text{ Ns/m}$$

$$F = 20 \text{ Ns}$$



• Impulsive response of a SDOF: $x(t) = \hat{F} \frac{1}{m\omega_d} e^{-\varsigma\omega_n t} \sin \omega_d t$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{2000}{5}} = 20 \text{rad/s}$$

$$\varsigma = \frac{c}{2m\omega_n} = 0.05$$

$$\omega_d = \sqrt{1 - \varsigma^2} \omega_n = 19.975 \text{rad/s}$$

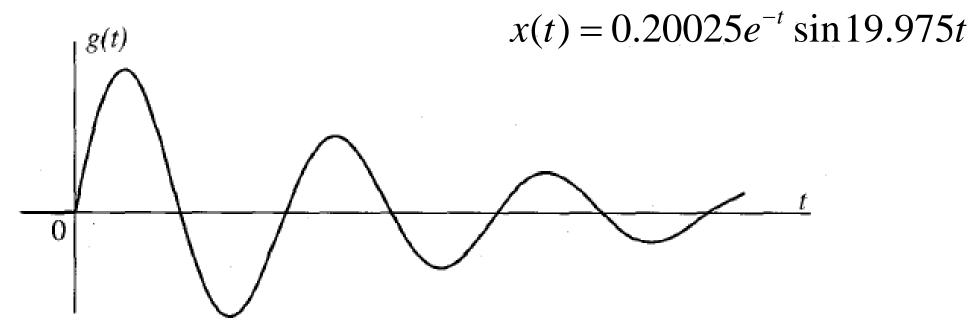
$$\hat{F}$$
=20Ns

 $x(t) = 0.20025e^{-t}\sin 19.975t$

The unit impulse. Impulse response.

Impulsive response of a SDOF:

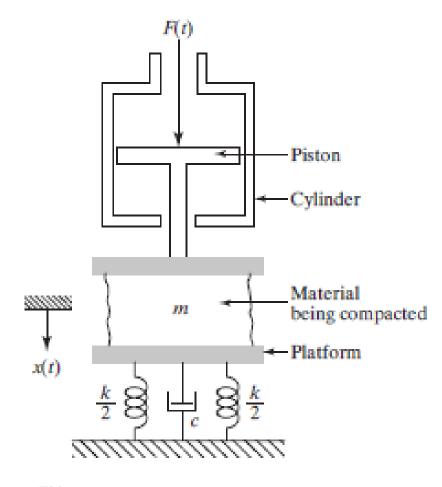
 \rightarrow underdamped system $\zeta < 1$

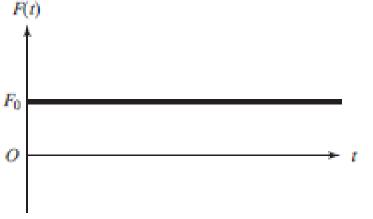


A compacting machine, modeled as a single-degree-of-freedom system, is shown in the figure. The force acting on the mass m due to a sudden application of the pressure can be idealized as a step force. Determine the response of the system for:

- Damped case
- Undamped case

(m includes the masses of the piston, the platform, and the material being compacted)





Step response of a SDOF:

$$\mathbf{s}(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} g(\tau) d\tau$$

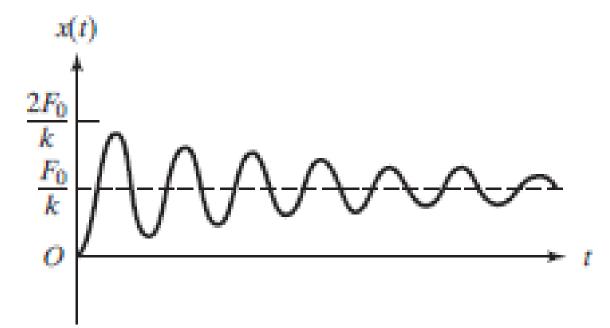
$$g(t) = \frac{F_0}{m\omega_d} e^{-\varsigma\omega_n t} \sin \omega_d t u(t)$$



$$s(t) = \frac{F_0}{k} \left| 1 - e^{-\varsigma \omega_n t} \left(\cos \omega_d t + \frac{\xi \omega_n}{\omega_d} \sin \omega_d t \right) \right| u(t)$$

Step response of a SDOF:

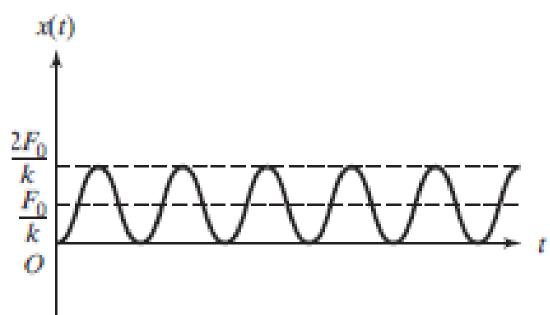
$$\mathbf{s}(t) = \frac{F_0}{k} \left[1 - e^{-\varsigma \omega_n t} \left(\cos \omega_d t + \frac{\xi \omega_n}{\omega_d} \sin \omega_d t \right) \right] u(t)$$



• Step response of a SDOF: undamped case

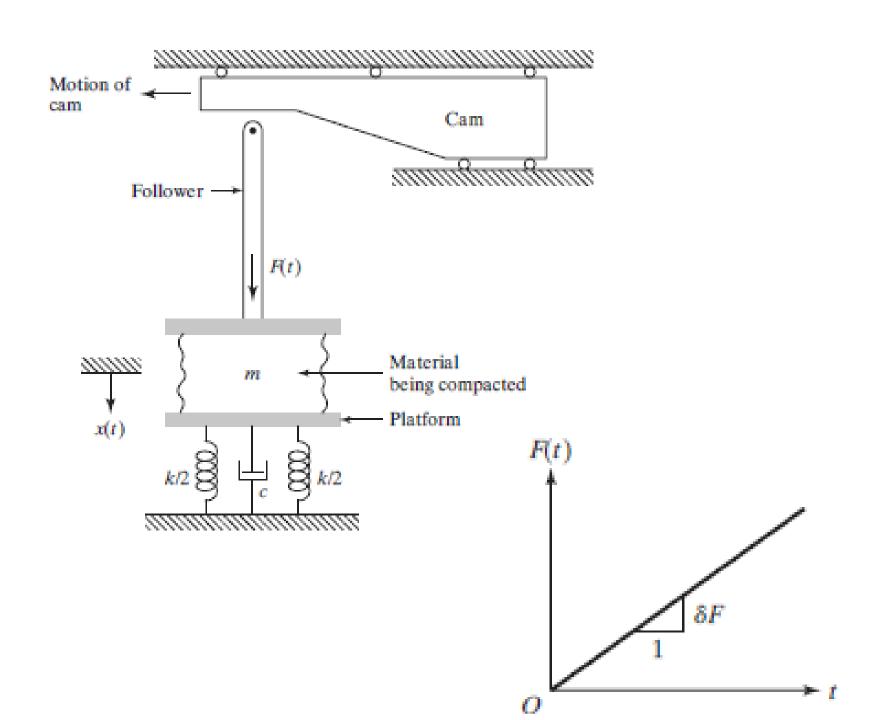
$$\mathbf{s}(t) = \frac{F_0}{k} \left[1 - e^{-\varsigma \omega_n t} \left(\cos \omega_d t + \frac{\xi \omega_n}{\omega_d} \sin \omega_d t \right) \right] u(t) =$$

$$\frac{F_0}{k} \left(1 - \cos \omega_n t \right) u(t)$$



Determine the response of the compacting machine shown in the figure when a linearly varying force is applied due to the motion of the cam.

Assume c = 0 (undamped case)



The unit ramp function. Ramp response.

• The ramp response: $r(t) = \int_{0}^{t} s(\tau) d\tau$

$$s(t) = \frac{F_0}{k} \left[1 - e^{-\varsigma \omega_n t} \left(\cos \omega_d t + \frac{\xi \omega_n}{\omega_d} \sin \omega_d t \right) \right] u(t)$$

• undamped case:

$$\mathbf{s}(t) = \frac{\delta F}{k} \left[1 - \left(\cos \omega_d t \right) \right] u(t)$$

$$r(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} s(\tau)d\tau = \frac{\delta F}{k\omega_n} (\omega_n t - \sin \omega_n t) u(t)$$

The unit ramp function. Ramp response.

$$r(t) = \frac{\delta F}{k\omega_n} (\omega_n t - \sin \omega_n t) u(t)$$

