## 数学作业纸

第 2-4次

班级:18023 姓名:截足远 编号:18373038 科目:微波 mooc 第

2-15

解: 
$$\Gamma_{2} = \frac{Z_{L} - Z_{0}}{Z_{L} + Z_{0}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Gamma(z) = |\Gamma_2| e^{(\phi_3 - 2\beta \overline{z})} = \frac{1}{3} e^{-\frac{1}{3}\beta \overline{z}}.$$

(1) BE BE

$$P(u.2\lambda) = \frac{1}{3} e^{-j2 \cdot \frac{2\lambda}{\lambda} \cdot u.2\lambda} = \frac{1}{3} e^{-j0.8\lambda}$$

$$Z_{1n}(0.2\lambda) = \frac{1}{3} e^{-j0.8\lambda}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.35\lambda$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3}$$

The contract of the

2-16.

$$\overline{\Gamma}_{2} = \frac{\overline{Z}_{L} - \overline{Z}_{0}}{\overline{Z}_{L} + \overline{Z}_{0}} = \frac{-2S + \hat{J}(00)}{|7S + \hat{J}(00)|} = 0.5 | 274.3^{\circ} \Omega$$

$$\lambda = \frac{c}{f} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{3 \times 10^9} = 0.1 \text{ m}.$$

$$Z_{in}(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{Z_{0}^{2}}{Z_{1}} = 48 - j64 \Omega$$

$$OR$$
:  $\rho = \frac{101_{max}}{101_{min}} = 2$ 

$$\Theta_{\overline{H}_{1}}^{3} \cdot |\Gamma| = \frac{\rho - 1}{\rho + 1} = \frac{1}{3} |\overline{\Gamma}| = 1$$

$$\phi_2 = 2 \cdot \frac{2\lambda}{K} \circ .05 \lambda = 0.2\lambda.$$

$$\therefore \vec{l} = \frac{1}{3} e^{i \vec{p} \cdot \vec{r} \cdot \vec{l}} + \frac{2i \cdot \vec{r}}{2i \cdot \vec{r}} + \frac{2i \cdot \vec{r}}{2i \cdot \vec{r}}$$

③解: 
$$Z_L = Z_0 \frac{1+\Gamma_L}{1-\Gamma_L} = 300 \frac{1+\frac{1}{3}e^{\frac{1}{3}e^{\frac{1}{3}c^{3}}}}{1-\frac{1}{3}e^{\frac{1}{3}c^{3}}}$$

$$Z_E = \omega$$
.  $Z_p = Z_{in}(DE) // Z_2$   
= 225Ω.

$$\sum_{P} Z_{p} = 225 \Omega \qquad Z_{10}(CD) = \frac{Z_{01}^{2}}{Z_{p}} = 100 \Omega$$

$$Z_c = Z_{in}(co) = 100 \Omega$$
.

$$(\frac{\lambda}{2})$$
  $Z_A = \frac{Z_0^2}{Z_0} = 2\omega \Omega$ 

$$|\dot{V}_{A}| = E_{9} \cdot \frac{Z_{A}}{Z_{A} + Z_{9}} = 33.4 \text{ mV}$$

$$R_{1} \Gamma_{B} = \frac{Z_{B} - Z_{0}}{Z_{B} + Z_{0}} = \frac{1}{3} \quad P_{AB} = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{3}}{1 - \frac{1}{3}} = 2$$

$$|\dot{\mathbf{U}}_{\mathrm{B}}| = \frac{|\dot{\mathbf{U}}_{\mathrm{A}}|}{P_{\mathrm{A}\mathrm{B}}} = 16.7 \,\mathrm{mV}$$

## 数学作业纸

班级:

姓名:

编号:

科目:

第 页

BG 段: (驻波)

1480 16.7mV.

$$|\dot{I}_{BG}| = \frac{|\dot{V}_{B}|}{Z_{in}(BG)} = 0$$

$$|\dot{I}_{i}(B\omega)| = \frac{|\dot{U}_{i}(B\omega)|}{Z_{0}} = 0.0835 \text{ mA}.$$

G 处: 电压波节点,

$$|\dot{U}_{\alpha}| = 0$$
.  $|\dot{I}_{\alpha}| = (1+1)|\dot{I}_{\alpha}| = 0.167$ mA

BF段: 行波,

$$|\dot{U}_{B}(BF)| = |\dot{U}_{i}(BF)| = |\dot{U}_{B}| = 16.7 \,\text{mV}$$

$$|\mathbf{I}_{\mathsf{B}}(\mathsf{BF})| = |\mathbf{I}_{\mathsf{i}}(\mathsf{BF})| = |\frac{|\mathbf{V}_{\mathsf{i}}(\mathsf{BF})|}{|\mathbf{Z}_{\mathsf{o}}|} = 0.167 \,\mathrm{mA}$$

BC段: 衍波.

$$|\dot{U}_{B}(BC)| = |\dot{U}_{i}(BC)| = |\dot{U}_{B}| = 16.7 \text{ mV}$$
  
 $|\dot{I}_{B}(BC)| = |\dot{I}_{i}(BC)| = |\dot{U}_{i}(BC)| = 0.167 \text{ mA}$ 

CP段: 行驻波.

$$\vec{\Gamma}_{D} = \frac{\vec{z}_{D} - \vec{z}_{01}}{\vec{z}_{D} + \vec{z}_{01}} = 0.2 \quad \rho_{cp} = 1.5$$

CD 始段 电压液节点.

$$|\dot{U}_c(cD)| = 16.7 \text{ mV}$$
  $|\dot{I}_c(cD)| = \frac{\dot{U}_c(cD)}{Z_{in}(cD)} = 0.167 \text{ mA}$ 

终端 吡波胺

DE: 驻波

之重复性.

(3)

