

Praxis Midterm Exam*10/02/2020*

- 1) Let G be a group and $\emptyset \neq M \subseteq G$ a finite subset, such that we have $M \cdot M = M$, where

$$M \cdot M := \left\{ m_1 \cdot m_2 \mid m_1, m_2 \in M \right\}.$$

Show that M is a subgroup. Is this also true if M is not a finite subset?

- 2) Let F be a field and $n \geq 1$ an integer. Determine the centre of $\mathrm{GL}_n(F)$
- 3) Is \mathbb{Q} a finitely generated group?
- 4) Let G be a finite group of order $r \geq 1$. Show that there are precisely r different homomorphisms of groups $\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow G$, but only one homomorphism of groups $G \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$.
- 5) Let G be a non abelian group of order 8 with at least two elements of order 2. Show that there is a non trivial homomorphism $\alpha : \mathbb{Z}/2 \rightarrow \mathrm{Aut}(\mathbb{Z}/4)$, such that G is isomorphic to $\mathbb{Z}/4 \rtimes_{\alpha} \mathbb{Z}/2$.
- 6) Let p_1, \dots, p_l be l different prime numbers and G an abelian group of order $\prod_{i=1}^l p_i$. Show that G is cyclic.
- 7) Let e_1, \dots, e_n be the standard basis of \mathbb{R}^n , and denote by $\langle -, - \rangle$ the usual scalar product on \mathbb{R}^n . Prove:
- (i) For $0 \neq v \in \mathbb{R}^n$ the map
- $$s_v : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n, x \mapsto x - \frac{2 \langle v, x \rangle}{\langle v, v \rangle} \cdot v$$
- is in $\mathrm{GL}_n(\mathbb{R})$.
- (ii) The subgroup H of $\mathrm{GL}_n(\mathbb{R})$ generated by all $s_{e_i - e_j}$, $1 \leq i \neq j \leq n$, is finite.
- 8) Let G be a finite group, and $S = \{g_1, \dots, g_l\} \subseteq G$ a subset which generates G , and which has the property that no proper subset of S generates G (i.e. S is a minimal set of generators for G). Show that G has at least 2^l elements.

ALL ANSWERS HAVE TO BE JUSTIFIED.