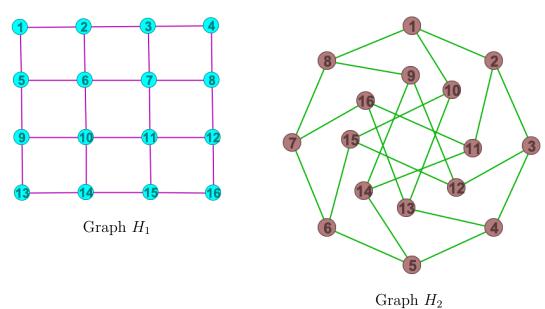
Math 322 Homework Problem Set 6

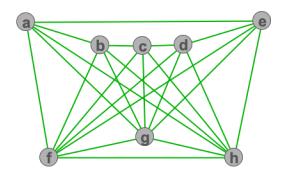
Problem 1. For each of the graphs below, determine whether it has a one-factor and/or a one-factorisation. Justify your answer fully, and in the case that the graph does have a one-factor (or a one-factorisation), describe such a one factor (or such a one-factorisation).



Problem 2. (a) Let n, m be positive integers, and consider the complete bipartite graph $K_{n,m}$ on n+m vertices. Show that every subdivision H of $K_{n,m}$ has chromatic number $\chi(H) = 2$ or $\chi(H) = 3$.

- (b) Is there a subdivision of K_5 that has chromatic number > 5? Justify your answer fully.
- (c) Is there a subdivision of K_5 that has chromatic number = 2? Justify your answer fully.

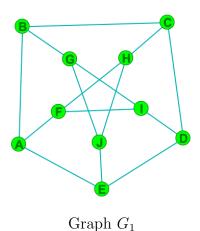
Problem 3. We saw in class that, for every graph G, we have that $\chi(G) \ge \omega(G)$. The following example shows that this inequality can be strict sometimes.

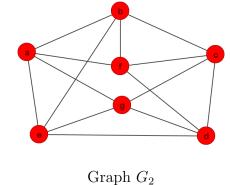


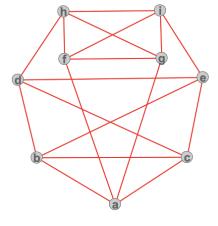
Graph G_0

- (a) Show that $\omega(G_0) = 5$.
- (b) Show that $\chi(G_0) = 6$.

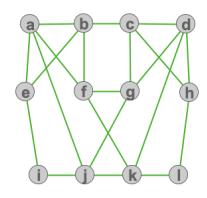
Problem 4. None of the following five graphs is planar, so, according to Kuratowski's theorem, each of them must have a Kuratowski subgraph. Find such a subgraph, and explain how we can get it from subdividing $K_{3,3}$ or K_5 .



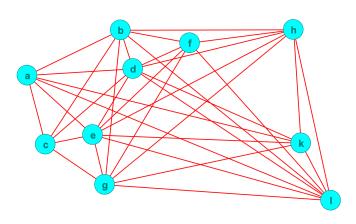




Graph G_3



Graph G_4



Graph G_5