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matplotlib.pyplot.legend

matplotlib.pyplot.legend(*args, **kwargs)

[source]

Place a legend on the Axes.

Call signatures:

```
legend()
legend(handles, labels)
legend(handles-handles)
legend(labels)
```

The call signatures correspond to the following different ways to use this method:

1. Automatic detection of elements to be shown in the legend

The elements to be added to the legend are automatically determined, when you do not pass in any extra arguments.

In this case, the labels are taken from the artist. You can specify them either at artist creation or by calling the <u>set_label()</u> method on the artist:

```
ax.plot([1, 2, 3], label='Inline label')
ax.legend()
```

or:

```
line, = ax.plot([1, 2, 3])
line.set_label('Label via method')
ax.legend()
```

Specific lines can be excluded from the automatic legend element selection by defining a label starting with an underscore. This is default for all artists, so calling Axes.legend without any arguments and without setting the labels manually will result in no legend being drawn.

2. Explicitly listing the artists and labels in the legend

For full control of which artists have a legend entry, it is possible to pass an iterable of legend artists followed by an iterable of legend labels respectively:

```
ax.legend([line1, line2, line3], ['label1', 'label2', 'label3'])
```

3. Explicitly listing the artists in the legend

This is similar to 2, but the labels are taken from the artists' label properties. Example:

```
line1, = ax.plot([1, 2, 3], label='label1')
line2, = ax.plot([1, 2, 3], label='label2')
ax.legend(handles=[line1, line2])
```

4. Labeling existing plot elements

Discourage

This call signature is discouraged, because the relation between plot elements and labels is only implicit by their order and can easily be mixed up.

To make a legend for all artists on an Axes, call this function with an iterable of strings, one for each legend item. For example:

```
ax.plot([1, 2, 3])
ax.plot([5, 6, 7])
ax.legend(['First line', 'Second line'])
```

Parameters:

$\textbf{handles}: \textit{sequence of } \underline{\textit{Artist}}, \textit{optional}$

A list of Artists (lines, patches) to be added to the legend. Use this together with *labels*, if you need full control on what is shown in the legend and the automatic mechanism described above is not sufficient. The length of handles and labels should be the same in this case. If they are not, they are truncated to the smaller length.

labels: list of str, optiona

A list of labels to show next to the artists. Use this together with *handles*, if you need full control on what is shown in the legend and the automatic mechanism described above is not sufficient.

Returns:

Legend

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Other Parameters: loc: str or pair of floats, default: <u>rcParams["Legend.Loc"]</u> (default: 'best') ('best' for axes, 'upper right' for figures)

The location of the legend.

The strings 'upper left', 'upper right', 'lower left', 'lower right' place the legend at the corresponding corner of the axes/figure.

The strings 'upper center', 'lower center', 'center left', 'center right' place the legend at the center of the corresponding edge of the axes/figure.

The string 'center' places the legend at the center of the axes/figure.

The string 'best' places the legend at the location, among the nine locations defined so far, with the minimum overlap with other drawn artists. This option can be quite slow for plots with large amounts of data; your plotting speed may benefit from providing a specific location.

The location can also be a 2-tuple giving the coordinates of the lower-left corner of the legend in axes coordinates (in which case *bbox_to_anchor* will be ignored).

For back-compatibility, 'center right' (but no other location) can also be spelled 'right', and each "string" locations can also be given as a numeric value:

Location String	Location Code	
'best'	0	
'upper right'	1	
'upper left'	2	
'lower left'	3	
'lower right'	4	
'right'	5	
'center left'	6	
'center right'	7	
'lower center'	8	
'upper center'	9	
'center'	10	

bbox_to_anchor: BboxBase, 2-tuple, or 4-tuple of floats

Box that is used to position the legend in conjunction with *loc*. Defaults to axes.bbox (if called as a method to axes.bbox (if Eigure.legend). This argument allows arbitrary placement of the legend. Bbox coordinates are interpreted in the coordinate system given by bbox_transform, with the default transform Axes or Figure coordinates, depending on which legend is called.

If a 4-tuple or BboxBase is given, then it specifies the bbox (x, y, width, height) that the legend is placed in. To put the legend in the best location in the bottom right quadrant of the axes (or figure):

```
loc='best', bbox_to_anchor=(0.5, 0., 0.5, 0.5)
```

A 2-tuple (x, y) places the corner of the legend specified by *loc* at x, y. For example, to put the legend's upper right-hand corner in the center of the axes (or figure) the following keywords can be used:

```
loc='upper right', bbox_to_anchor=(0.5, 0.5)
```

ncol: int, default: 1

The number of columns that the legend has.

$\textbf{prop}: \textit{None or} \, \underline{\textit{matplotlib.} \textit{font}} \, \underline{\textit{manager.} \textit{FontProperties}} \, \textbf{or} \, \textit{dict}$

The font properties of the legend. If None (default), the current matplotlib.rcParams will be used.

fontsize: int or {'xx-small', 'x-small', 'small', 'medium', 'large', 'x-large', 'xx-large'}

The font size of the legend. If the value is numeric the size will be the absolute font size in points. String values are relative to the current default font size. This argument is only used if *prop* is not specified.

labelcolor: str or list, default: rcParams["legend.labelcolor"] (default: 'None')

The color of the text in the legend. Either a valid color string (for example, 'red'), or a list of color strings. The labelcolor can also be made to match the color of the line or marker using 'linecolor', 'markerfacecolor' (or 'mfc'), or 'markeredgecolor' (or 'mec').

Labelcolor can be set globally using <a href="regend.labelcolor"] (default: 'None'). If None, use <a href="regend.labelcolor"] (default: 'None').

$\textbf{numpoints}: \textit{int, default:} \ \underline{\textit{rcParams["Legend.numpoints"]}} \ \textit{(default: 1)}$

The number of marker points in the legend when creating a legend entry for a Line2D (line).

$scatterpoints: int, \textit{default}: \underline{\textit{rcParams["Legend.scatterpoints"]}} \textit{ (default: 1)}$

The number of marker points in the legend when creating a legend entry for a PathCollection (scatter plot).

scatteryoffsets: iterable of floats, default: [0.375, 0.5, 0.3125]

The vertical offset (relative to the font size) for the markers created for a scatter plot legend entry. 0.0 is at the base the legend text, and 1.0 is at the top. To draw all markers at the same height, set to [0.5].

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The relative size of legend markers compared with the originally drawn ones. markerfirst: bool, default: True

markerscale : float, default: rcParams["Legend.markerscale"] (default: 1.0)

If *True*, legend marker is placed to the left of the legend label. If *False*, legend marker is placed to the right of the legend label.

```
frameon: bool, default: <a href="reparams["Legend.frameon"]">reparams["Legend.frameon"]</a> (default: True)
Whether the legend should be drawn on a patch (frame).
```

```
fancybox : bool, default: rcParams["Legend.fancybox"] (default: True)
```

Whether round edges should be enabled around the $\underline{\texttt{FancyBboxPatch}}$ which makes up the legend's background.

```
\textbf{shadow: bool, default: } \underline{rcParams["Legend.shadow"]} \ (\textbf{default: False})
```

Whether to draw a shadow behind the legend.

framealpha: float, default: rcParams["Legend.framealpha"] (default: 0.8)

The alpha transparency of the legend's background. If *shadow* is activated and *framealpha* is None, the default value is ignored.

```
facecolor : "inherit" or color, default: rcParams["Legend.facecolor"] (default: 'inherit')
```

The legend's background color. If "inherit", use rcParams["axes.facecolor"] (default: 'white').

```
\textbf{edgecolor}: "inherit" \ or \ color, \ default: \\ \underline{"cParams["Legend.edgecolor"]} \ (\textit{default: '0.8'})
```

The legend's background patch edge color. If "inherit", use take <a href="reparams("axes.edgecolor")" reparams("axes.edgecolor") (default: 'black').

mode: {"expand", None}

If mode is set to "expand" the legend will be horizontally expanded to fill the axes area (or bbox_to_anchor if defines the legend's size).

bbox_transform: None or <u>matplotlib.transforms.Transform</u>

See also

transform will be used.

Figure.legend
title: str or None

The legend's title. Default is no title (None).

Notes

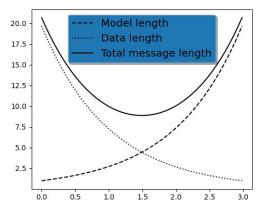
title_fontproperties: None or matpLotLib.font_manager.FontProperties or dict

Some artists are not supported ton this operation of the legand suitle. It is taken to the legand suitle fortiste argument will be used if present, if title_fontsize is also None, the current reParams["legand.title_fontsize"] (default: None) will be used.

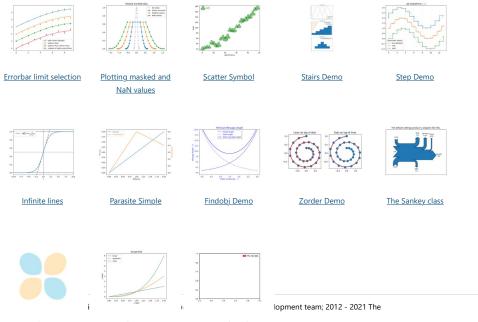
The font size of the legend's title. Note: This cannot be combined with title_fontproperties. If you want to set the fontsize alongside other font properties, use the size parameter in title_fontproperties.

borderpad : float, default: rcParams["Legend.borderpad"] (default: 0.4)

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Examples using matplotlib.pyplot.legend



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SVG Histogram

<u>Basic Usage</u>

<u>Legend guide</u>

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