## 4.4.3 Load and Read CSV Files

**One** of the first things you will need to do to get started is to load the datasets into a Jupyter Notebook file. You recall how to do this using Python, but you're not sure how to load datasets using Jupyter Notebook. Say hello to your good friend Google! You're going to research how to import a CSV file into Jupyter Notebook. Maria will be available to assist when you need it.

So far, we've practiced using Jupyter Notebook as well as the Pandas library. Now we'll put these skills together to perform our analysis of school and student data.

To get started, activate the PythonData environment. If you're using a Mac, use the command line to navigate to the "School\_District\_Analysis" folder and activate the PythonData environment. If you're on a Windows machine, open the PythonData Anaconda Prompt for the PythonData environment and navigate to the "School\_District\_Analysis" folder.

Create a new Jupyter Notebook file in the "School\_District\_Analysis" folder and rename it PyCitySchools.ipynb.

# **Load the CSV Files**

In the first cell of your PyCitySchools.ipynb file, import the Pandas library as the dependency and run the cell.

```
# Add the Pandas dependency.
import pandas as pd
```

In the next cell, declare two variables: one assigned to the <a href="mailto:schools\_complete.csv">schools\_complete.csv</a> file and one assigned to the <a href="mailto:students\_complete.csv">students\_complete.csv</a> file. (These files are located in the Resources folder.) Your code should look like this:

```
# Files to load
school_data_to_load = "Resources/schools_complete.csv"
student_data_to_load = "Resources/students_complete.csv"
```

Alternatively, you can use the indirect path method to access the schools\_complete.csv and students\_complete.csv files.

### **REWIND**

When we want to get the indirect path to a file, we use os.path.join() to load a file from somewhere in our directory.

If you decide to use this approach, you will need to import the os module with your Pandas dependency using the following code:

```
# Add the dependencies.
import pandas as pd
import os
```

Then, use the os.path.join() method to connect to the CSV files:

```
# Files to load
school_data_to_load = os.path.join("Resources", "schools_complete.csv")
student_data_to_load = os.path.join("Resources", "students_complete.csv")
```

### **Read the School Data File**

Now we'll read each CSV file with the Pandas function read\_csv(). Inside this function, we'll add the file we want to read, which is one of many parameters that we can add to this function.

#### NOTE

For more information, see the <u>Pandas documentation on the read\_csv()</u>
<u>function (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/reference</u>
/api/pandas.read\_csv.html).

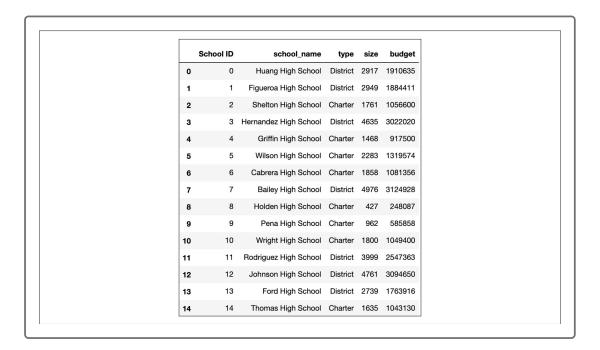
Add the following code to a new cell and run the cell. This will allow us to read <a href="mailto:schools\_complete.csv">schools\_complete.csv</a> and store it in a DataFrame.

```
# Read the school data file and store it in a Pandas DataFrame.
school_data_df = pd.read_csv(school_data_to_load)
school_data_df
```

Previously, we used the pd.DataFrame() function to convert a list of dictionaries, as we have in these CSV files. The read\_csv() function makes

it easier for us by converting the CSV file to a DataFrame.

Your results should look something like this:



#### **CAUTION**

If you see the error FileNotFoundError in your output, this means that the CSV file was not found in the Resources subfolder inside the School\_District\_Analysis folder.

To fix this error, add the CSV file to the Resources subfolder. Make sure the Resources subfolder is located in the School\_District\_Analysis folder, or you can use the indirect path approach with <code>os.path.join()</code> method.

### **SHOW PRO TIP**

# **Read the Student Data File**

Now we'll read the student data file and store it in a Pandas DataFrame by adding the following code to a new cell:

```
# Read the student data file and store it in a Pandas DataFrame.
student_data_df = pd.read_csv(student_data_to_load)
student_data_df.head()
```

After running the code, the output should look like this:

	Student ID	student_name	gender	grade	school_name	reading_score	math_score
0	0	Paul Bradley	М	9th	Huang High School	66	79
1	1	Victor Smith	М	12th	Huang High School	94	61
2	2	Kevin Rodriguez	М	12th	Huang High School	90	60
3	3	Dr. Richard Scott	М	12th	Huang High School	67	58
4	4	Bonnie Ray	F	9th	Huang High School	97	84

You have now loaded and read the CSV files—nice work! Now is a good time to save your work in your GitHub repository.

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