# Laboratório 5 - Gerência de redes

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## Instalação do Apache

```
root@xxxx-370E4K:/home/xxxx# apt-get install apache2 -y
```

#### Instalando dependências necessárias

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html$ sudo apt-get install snmp php-snmp rrdtool librrds-perl unzip curl git gnupg2 -y
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
```

# Instalando pacotes necessários (MariaDB, PHP e outras extensões PHP necessárias).

nd in gueste and tuming obtained hyperison (quad) bandles on this host.

ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html\$ sudo apt-get install mariadb-server php php-mysql libapache2-mod-php php-xml php-ldap php-mbstring
php-gd php-gmp -y

# Editar os arquivos php.ini

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/etc/php/8.1: sudo nano apache2/php.ini
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/etc/php/8.1:
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/etc/php/8.1/cli: sudo nano php.ini
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/etc/php/8.1/cli:
```

```
memory_limit = 512M
max_execution_time = 60
date.timezone = America/Sao_Paulo
```

#### Reinicie o Apache

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0./etc/pnp/o.1/apache2: nano pnp.ini
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/etc/php/8.1/apache2: sudo systemctl restart apache2
```

#### Configurar servidor MariaDB

edite o arquivo de configuração padrão do MariaDB e ajuste algumas configurações

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d: sudo nano 50-server.cnf
```

Modificar ou adicionar as seguintes linhas:

```
collation-server = utf8mb4_unicode_ci
character-set-server=utf8mb4
max_heap_table_size = 128M
tmp_table_size = 64M
innodb_buffer_pool_instances=9
join_buffer_size = 64M
innodb_file_format = Barracuda
```

```
innodb_large_prefix = 1
innodb_buffer_pool_size = 1G
innodb_flush_log_at_timeout = 3
innodb_read_io_threads = 32
innodb_write_io_threads = 16
innodb_io_capacity = 5000
innodb_io_capacity max = 10000
```

## Reiniciar o MariaDb

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d: sudo systemctl restart mariadb
```

#### Login no shell MariaDB

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d: sudo mysql -u root -p
```

# Preparando banco de dados para o Cacti

```
MariaDB [(None)]> create database cacti at time 1
MariaDB [(none)]> create database cacti;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.000 sec)
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL ON cacti.* TO cactiuser@localhost IDENTIFIED BY 'cactiuser';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.002 sec)
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> flush privileges;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.001 sec)
MariaDB [(none)]> exit
Bye
```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0./etc/mysqt/marlaub.com.u. cu ..
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/etc/mysql! sudo mysql mysql < /usr/share/mysql/mysql\_test\_data\_timezone.sql
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/etc/mysql! ■

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT SELECT ON mysql.time_zone_name TO cactiuser@localhost;

Query Ok, 0 rows affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> flush privileges;

Query Ok, 0 rows affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> exit

Bye
```

#### Instalação e configuração o Cacti

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:~$ wget https://www.cacti.net/downloads/cacti-latest.tar.gz

2023 05 15 00:03:00 https://www.cacti.net/downloads/cacti-latest.tar.gz

cacti-1.2.24/include/contig.pnp.dist

ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:~$ tar -zxvf cacti-latest.tar.gz
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:~$ sudo mv cacti-1* /var/www/html/cacti
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:~$ mysql cacti < /var/www/html/cacti/cacti.sql
ERROR 1698 (28000): Access denied for user 'ubuntu'@'localhost'
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:~$ sudo mysql cacti < /var/www/html/cacti/cacti.sql
```

# Alterar as seguintes linhas

```
$database_type = 'mysql';
$database_default = 'cacti';
$database_hostname = 'localhost';
$database_username = 'cactiuser';
$database_password = 'cactiuser';
$database_port = '3306';
```

#### Criar arquivo de log

ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/include\$ sudo touch /var/www/html/cacti/log/cacti.log

#### Liberando acesso ao diretório

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/include$ sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/html/cacti/
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/include$ sudo chmod -R 775 /var/www/html/cacti/
```

## Criando novo arquivo de tarefa cacti

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/include$ sudo nano /etc/cron.d/cacti
```

\*/5 \* \* \* \* www-data php /var/www/html/cacti/poller.php > /dev/null 2>&1

#### Configurando o Apache para o Cacti

ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/include\$ sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/cacti.conf

Alias /cacti /var/www/html/cacti

<Directory /var/www/html/cacti>
Options +FollowSymLinks
AllowOverride None
<IfVersion >= 2.3>
Require all granted
</IfVersion>
<IfVersion < 2.3>
Order Allow,Deny
Allow from all
</IfVersion>

AddType application/x-httpd-php .php

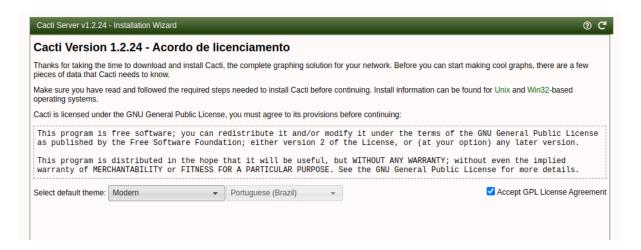
```
<IfModule mod_php.c>
php flag magic quotes gpc Off
```

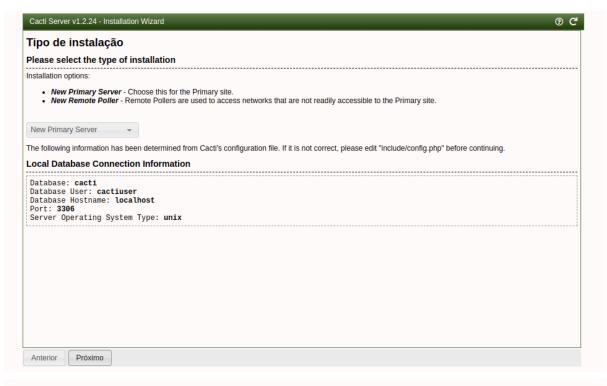
php\_flag short\_open\_tag On
php\_flag register\_globals Off
php\_flag register\_argc\_argv On
php\_flag track\_vars On
# this setting is necessary for some locales
php\_value mbstring.func\_overload 0
php\_value include\_path .
</lfModule>

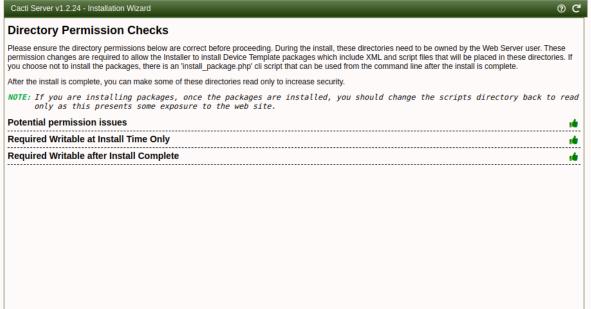
DirectoryIndex index.php </Directory>

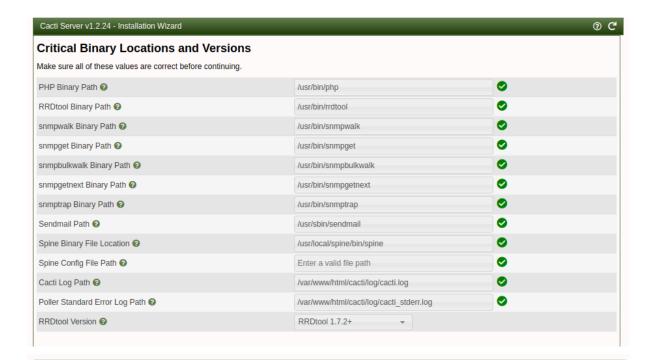
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/include\$ a2ensite cacti Site cacti already enabled ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/include\$ sudo systemctl restart apache2

#### Configurando o Cacti no navegador









# Input Validation Whitelist Protection

Cacti Server v1.2.24 - Installation Wizard

Cacti Data Input methods that call a script can be exploited in ways that a non-administrator can perform damage to either files owned by the poller account, and in cases where someone runs the Cacti poller as root, can compromise the operating system allowing attackers to exploit your infrastructure.

Therefore, several versions ago, Cacti was enhanced to provide Whitelist capabilities on the these types of Data Input Methods. Though this does secure Cacti more thoroughly, it does increase the amount of work required by the Cacti administrator to import and manage Template's and Packages

The way that the Whitelisting works is that when you first import a Data Input Method, or you re-import a Data Input Method, and the script and or arguments change in any way, the Data Input Method, and all the corresponding Data Sources will be immediatly disabled until the administrator validates that the Data Input Method is valid.

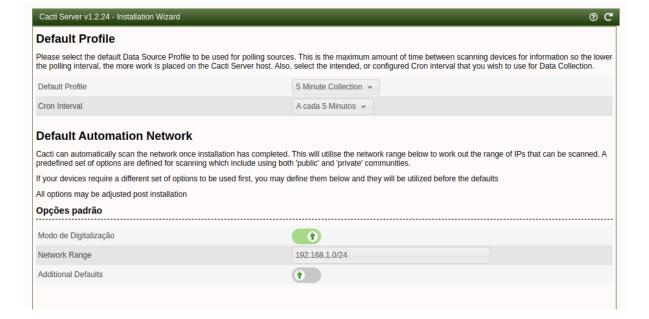
To make identifying Data Input Methods in this state, we have provided a validation script in Cacti's CLI directory that can be run with the following options

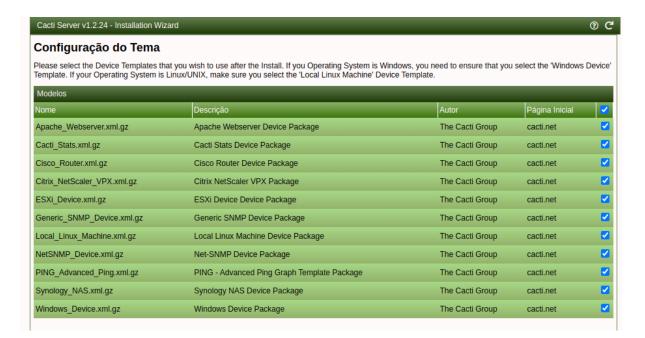
- php -q input\_whitelist.php --audit This script option will search for any Data Input Methods that are currently banned and provide details as to why.
   php -q input\_whitelist.php --update This script option un-ban the Data Input Methods that are currently banned.
   php -q input\_whitelist.php --push This script option will re-enable any disabled Data Sources.

It is strongly suggested that you update your config.php to enable this feature by uncommenting the \$input\_whitelist variable and then running the three CLI script options above after the web based install has completed.

Check the Checkbox below to acknowledge that you have read and understand this security concern

I have read this statement





#### Cacti Server v1.2.24 - Installation Wizard

#### Server Collation

Your server collation appears to be UTF8 compliant

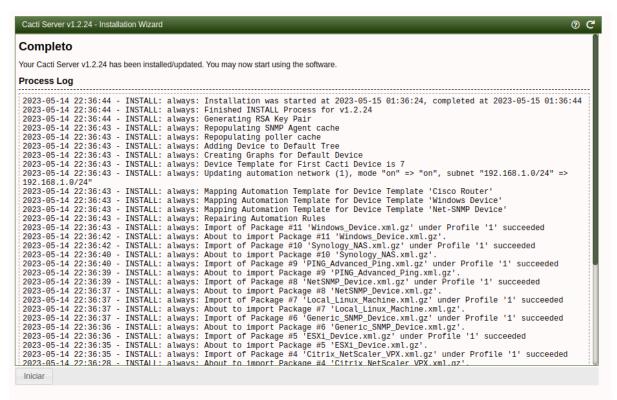
# **Database Collation**

Your database default collation appears to be UTF8 compliant

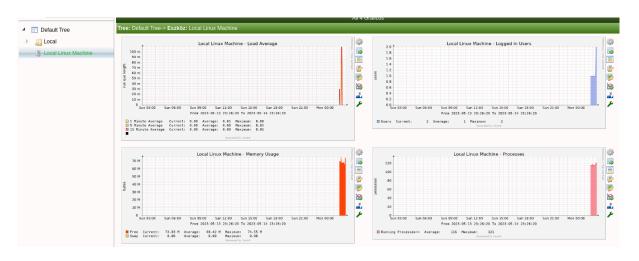
# Table Setup

All your tables appear to be UTF8 and Dynamic row format compliant









# Instalando plugin Thold no Cact

ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html\$ cd /var/www/html/cacti/plugins/ ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/plugins\$

ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/plugins\$ sudo wget -0 thold.zip https://github.com/Cacti/plugin\_thold/archive/develop.zip

ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/plugins\$ unzip thold.zip

root@ip-172-31-19-0:/var/www/html/cacti/plugins# sudo mv plugin\_thold-develop thold

