



# Overview of SHACL

<https://book.validatingrdf.com/bookHtml011.html>

# SHACL Example

You can test the next two examples (slides) with the following data graph

```
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .  
@prefix rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#> .  
@prefix xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#> .  
@prefix foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/> .  
@prefix ex: <http://example.org/> .
```

```
ex:Donal_Trump  
  a ex:User;  
  foaf:name  
    "Donald Trump" ;  
  ex:birthdate  
    "1946-06-14"^^xsd:date;  
  foaf:knows  
    ex:Joe_Biden.
```

# SHACL Example

Every **user** has exactly one birthdate and the value (birthdate) must be xsd:date.

```
@prefix ex: <http://example.org/> .  
@prefix foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/> .  
@prefix sh: <http://www.w3.org/ns/shacl#> .  
@prefix xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#> .  
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
```

```
ex:UserShape a sh:NodeShape;  
  sh:targetClass ex:User;  
  sh:property [  
    sh:path ex:birthdate;  
    sh:minCount 1;  
    sh:maxCount 1;  
    sh:datatype xsd:date;  
  ].
```



**Prefix**



**User defined**



**All nodes that are  
instances of ex:User**



**Predicat**



**Exactly one**









**Value String**

# SHACL Example

The value in a foaf:knows property has to be a URI

```
@prefix ex: <http://example.org/> .  
@prefix foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/> .  
@prefix sh: <http://www.w3.org/ns/shacl#> .  
@prefix xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#> .  
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#> .
```

```
ex:UserShape a sh:NodeShape;  
  sh:targetClass ex:User;  
  sh:property [  
    sh:path foaf:knows;  
    sh:nodeKind sh:IRI;  
  ].
```

-  **Prefix**
-  **User defined**
-  **All nodes that are instances of ex:User**
-  **Predicat**
-  **Exactly one**
-  **Value String**

# Some Concepts

## General Concepts

- `sh:NodeShape`
- `sh:targetClass`
- `sh:property`
- `sh:path`

## Others

- `sh:class`
- `sh:minCount`
- `sh:maxCount`
- `sh:datatype`
- `sh:or`
- `sh:and`
- `sh:hasValue`
- `sh:value`
- `sh:pattern`
- `sh:in`
- `sh:nodeKind`

Check **table 5.3** under **5.6.3 Constraint Components** in the documentation for more core concepts of SHACL

# pySHACL Example

<https://pypi.org/project/pyshacl/>

```
from pyshacl import validate
```

```
results = validate(data_graph,  
                   shacl_graph=sg,  
                   ont_graph=og,  
                   inference='rdfs',  
                   abort_on_first=False,  
                   allow_infos=False,  
                   allow_warnings=False,  
                   meta_shacl=False,  
                   advanced=False,  
                   js=False,  
                   debug=False)
```

```
conforms, results_graph, results_text = results
```

**data\_graph** – is an rdflib Graph object or file path of the graph to be validated

**shacl\_graph** – is an rdflib Graph object or file path or Web URL of the graph containing the SHACL shapes to validate with

**inference** – is a Python string value to indicate whether or not to perform OWL inferencing expansion of the data\_graph before validation. Options are **'rdfs'**, **'owlrl'**, **'both'**, or **'none'**. The default is **'none'**.

**results** – a three-component tuple containing:

- conforms – a bool value
- results\_graph – graph
- results\_text – string of Validation report