

# Research Portfolio

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## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Series Spring Design of Open-Source Leg</b>	<b>2</b>
1.1	Background . . . . .	2
1.2	Objectives . . . . .	2
1.3	Results . . . . .	2
<b>2</b>	<b>Software Generalization for Open-Source Leg</b>	<b>3</b>
2.1	Background . . . . .	3
2.2	Objectives . . . . .	3
2.3	Results . . . . .	3
<b>3</b>	<b>Motion Analysis &amp; Design of Robot Swimmer Model</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1	Background . . . . .	5
3.2	Objectives . . . . .	5
3.3	Results . . . . .	5
<b>4</b>	<b>Automated Vehicle with Tracking System</b>	<b>7</b>
4.1	Background . . . . .	7
4.2	Objectives . . . . .	7
4.3	Results . . . . .	7
<b>5</b>	<b>Classification Model Development for Heart Disease Diagnosis</b>	<b>8</b>
5.1	Background . . . . .	8
5.2	Objectives . . . . .	8
5.3	Results . . . . .	8

# 1 Series Spring Design of **Open-Source Leg**

## 1.1 Background

## 1.2 Objectives

## 1.3 Results

- Computer Aided Design (CAD) of Series Torsional Spring, shown in Figure 1.

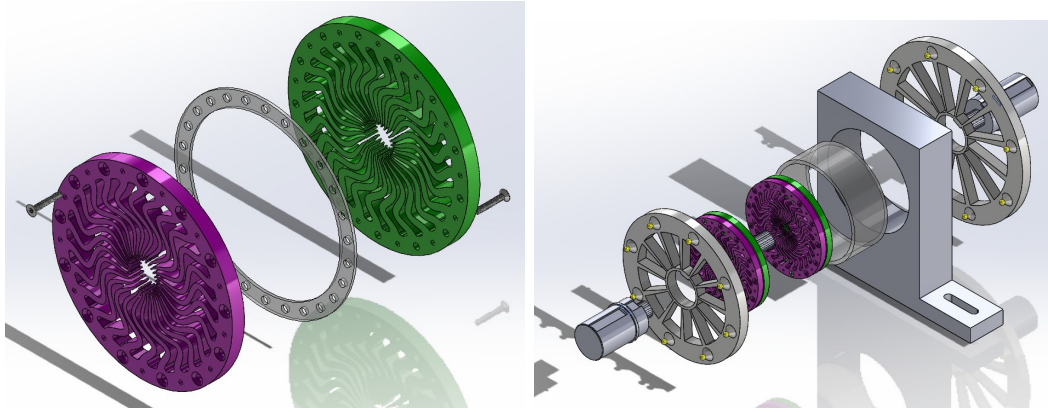


Figure 1: CAD Design of Series Torsional Spring

## 2 Software Generalization for Open-Source Leg

### 2.1 Background

The Open-Source Leg project is a standardized hardware and software platform for prosthesis designs, controls, and tests, aimed to eliminate the barriers among different prosthesis researches and serve as a bridge for collaborative efforts in prosthetic leg design and control. Such platform is expected to be flexible towards hardware choices. However, the previous versions of Open-Source Leg software library is biased to a specific hardware choice, which fails to close the gap between individual researches and adds difficulty in comparing experiment results.

Thus, a generalized, user-friendly version of the software library is needed to serve as a basis for alternative prosthetic leg forks. Such library will allow other researchers to create their version of prosthetic leg with lower costs and more standardized features, in order to offer a common platform for researchers to test and evaluate further control strategies and mechanical designs.

### 2.2 Objectives

1. Create a base library for Open-Source Leg actuator and sensor modules, to serve as a template for standardized development.
2. Redevelop the instance of actuator modules based on the generalized library design.
3. Test and compare the performance of different actuators and sensors based on the generalized library design.

### 2.3 Results

- A base library for Open-Source Leg actuator and sensor modules, as Figure 2, and examples of a redeveloped actuator module.

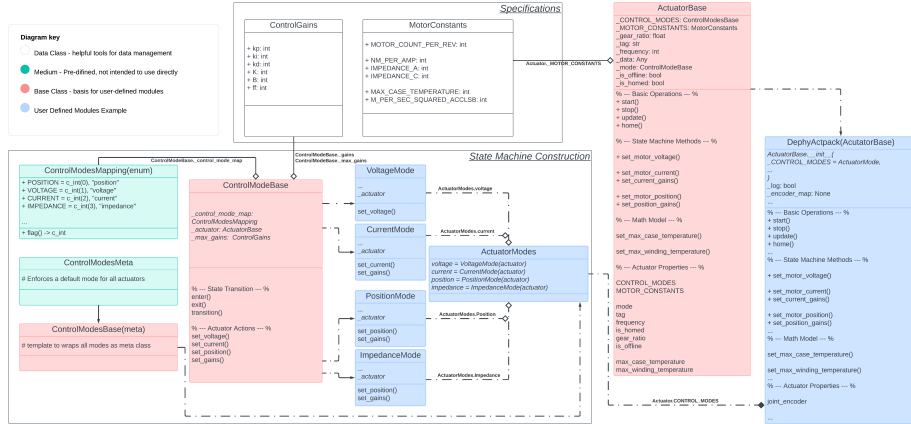


Figure 2: Class Diagram of Generalized Python Library

- Performance evaluation across different actuator choices, as Figure 3

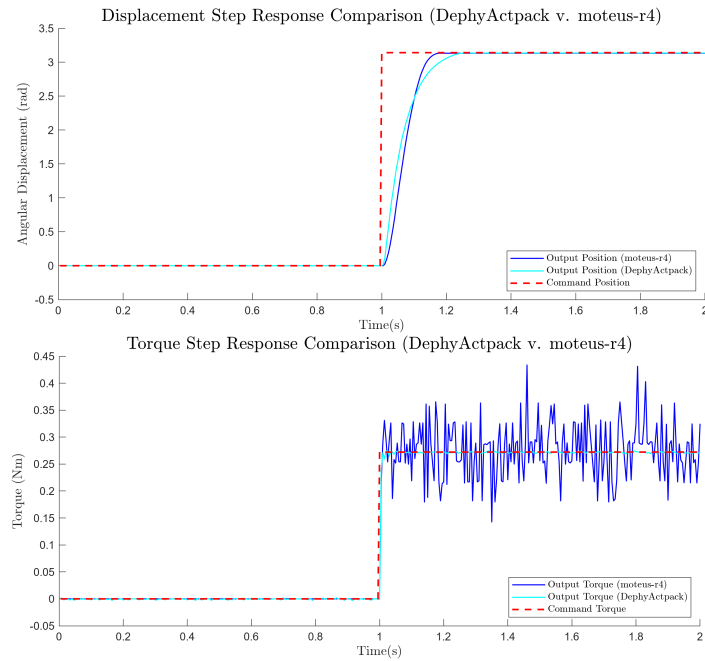


Figure 3: Performance Evaluation & Comparison of Different Actuators on Generalized Library

## 3 Motion Analysis & Design of Robot Swimmer Model

### 3.1 Background

Targeting transport is an emerging field in the medical industry that is attempting to obtain a more precise cure for the diseased area in the human body. Although attempts such as targeted therapy are performed, they still inherit the same problem that both the location and the amount of optimal dosing are hard to be controlled.

Therefore, a complete robot swimmer model should be developed to perform the task, due to its better performance than chemical-based therapies. Such design aims to offer a feasible solution for future research in control strategies for robot swimmers, in order to achieve better performances in targeting transportation.

### 3.2 Objectives

1. Develop a mechanical model with sphere head and flagella (as a mimic of bacteria with dual flagella), and the corresponding kinematics model, that is suitable to perform object tracking.
2. Evaluate the design & control strategies from computational simulations.

### 3.3 Results

1. Mechanical Design of the Components of Robot Swimmer, with Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) analysis to validate the design, as shown in Figure 6.

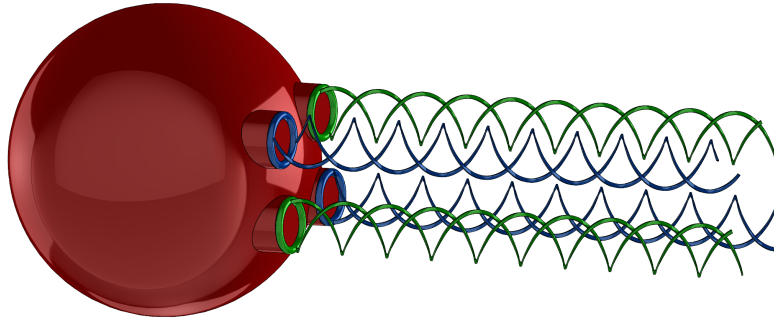


Figure 4: Mechanical Design of Robot Swimmer

2. Kinematics Analysis of the Robot Swimmer Model.

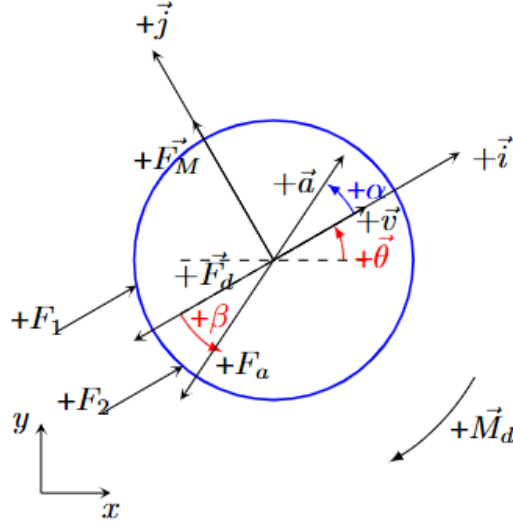


Figure 5: Free Body Diagram of Robot Swimmer Model

- Control strategies applied to the Robot Swimmer Model (Feedback Control & Feedforward Control), with performance evaluation in simulations.

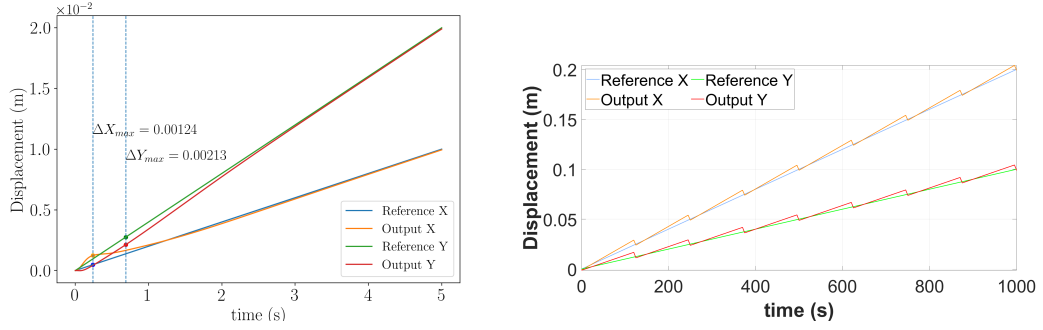


Figure 6: Performance Evaluation of Tracking Behavior Under Different Control Strategies

## **4 Automated Vehicle with Tracking System**

### **4.1 Background**

### **4.2 Objectives**

### **4.3 Results**

## **5 Classification Model Development for Heart Disease Diagnosis**

### **5.1 Background**

### **5.2 Objectives**

### **5.3 Results**