

Processing of SENTINEL-1 GRD Time Series with ISP/DIFF&GEO/LAT

***Gamma Remote Sensing AG
Worbstrasse 225
3073 Gümligen
Switzerland***

santoro@gamma-rs.ch

<http://www.gamma-rs.ch>



SENTINEL-1

Launch Dates:

Sentinel-1A - 03 April 2014

Sentinel-1B - Scheduled for 2016

Operational lifespan: 7 years (With consumables for 12)

Mission Objectives:

Land monitoring of forests, water, soil and agriculture

Emergency mapping support in the event of natural disasters

Marine monitoring of the maritime environment

Sea ice observations and iceberg monitoring

Production of high resolution ice charts

Forecasting ice conditions at sea

Mapping oil spills

Sea vessel detection

Climate change monitoring

Mission Orbit:

Orbit Type: Sun-synchronous, near-polar, circular

Orbit Height: 693 km

Inclination: 98.18°

Repeat Cycle: 175 orbits in 12 days

Payload:

C-SAR (C-band Synthetic Aperture Radar)

Resolution and Swath Width (Four modes):

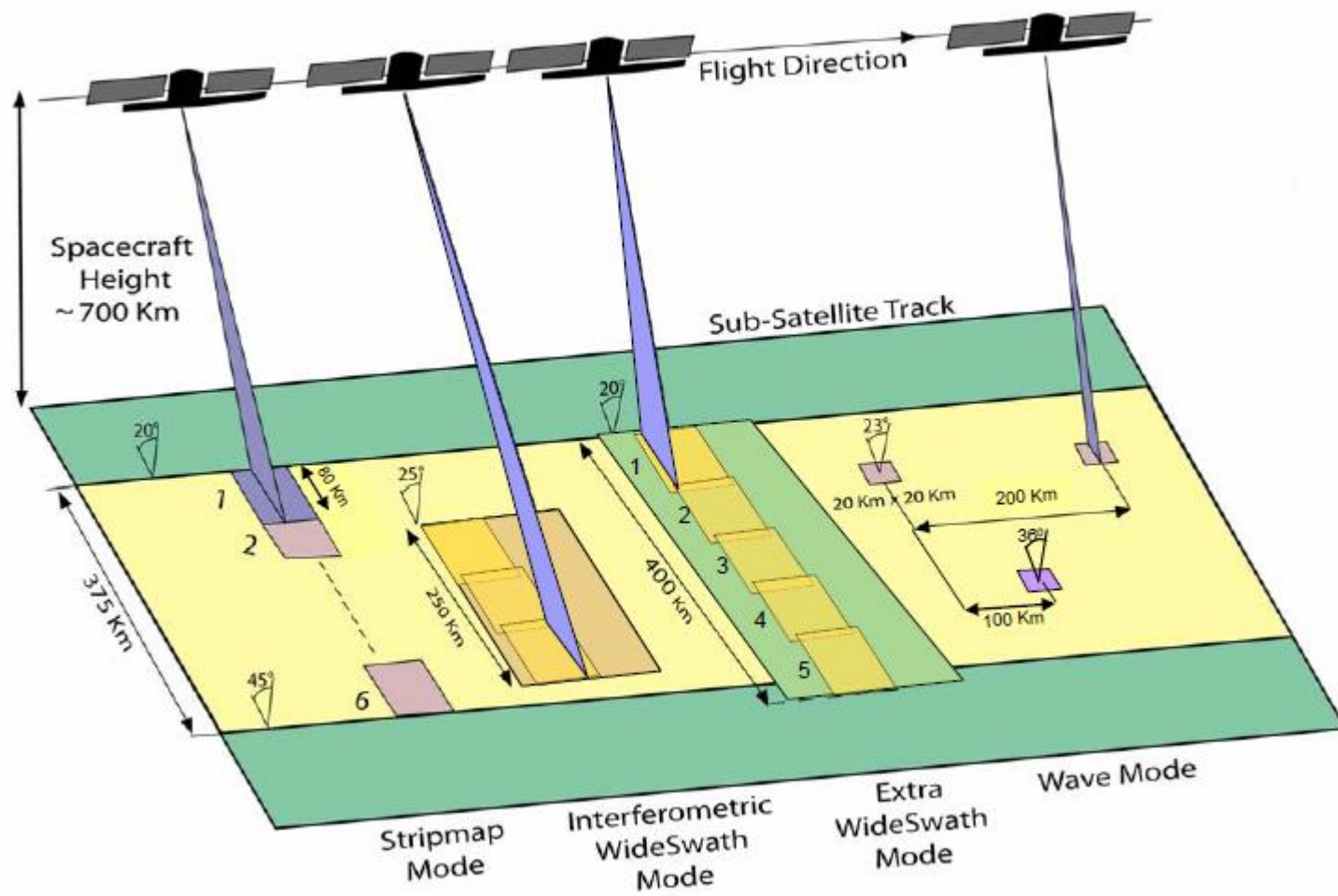
Strip Map Mode: 80 km Swath, 5 x 5 m spatial resolution

Interferometric Wide Swath: 250 km Swath, 5x20 m spatial resolution

Extra-Wide Swath Mode: 400 km Swath, 25 x 100 m spatial resolution

Wave-Mode: 20 km x 20 km, 5 x 20 m spatial resolution

SENTINEL-1



<https://sentinel.esa.int>

Ls

S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160104T052528_20160104T052553_009340_00D80F_124D_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160104T052528_20160104T052553_009340_00D80F_124D_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160116T052528_20160116T052553_009515_00DD0D_67D8_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160116T052528_20160116T052553_009515_00DD0D_67D8_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160128T052527_20160128T052552_009690_00E237_E032_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160128T052527_20160128T052552_009690_00E237_E032_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160209T052527_20160209T052552_009865_00E736_BFA2_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160209T052527_20160209T052552_009865_00E736_BFA2_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160221T052527_20160221T052552_010040_00EC72_C493_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160221T052527_20160221T052552_010040_00EC72_C493_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160304T052527_20160304T052552_010215_00F15A_B5A2_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160304T052527_20160304T052552_010215_00F15A_B5A2_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160316T052527_20160316T052552_010390_00F654_14C5_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160316T052527_20160316T052552_010390_00F654_14C5_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160409T052528_20160409T052553_010740_01007E_1778_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160409T052528_20160409T052553_010740_01007E_1778_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160503T052529_20160503T052554_011090_010B55_C010_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160503T052529_20160503T052554_011090_010B55_C010_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160714T052524_20160714T052549_012140_012CF8_8F0D_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160714T052524_20160714T052549_012140_012CF8_8F0D_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160726T052525_20160726T052550_012315_0132A1_54F5_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160726T052525_20160726T052550_012315_0132A1_54F5_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160807T052526_20160807T052551_012490_013882_969B_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160807T052526_20160807T052551_012490_013882_969B_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160819T052527_20160819T052552_012665_013E40_E96D_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160819T052527_20160819T052552_012665_013E40_E96D_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160831T052527_20160831T052552_012840_014434_9ADB_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160831T052527_20160831T052552_012840_014434_9ADB_vh_ml.mli_par
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160912T052527_20160912T052552_013015_0149CC_F1E5_vh_ml.mli
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160912T052527_20160912T052552_013015_0149CC_F1E5_vh_ml.mli_par
srtm
srtm.par

Import of GRDs: (already done)

par_S1_GRD

*** Generate MLI and GRD images and parameter files from a Sentinel-1 GRD product ***

*** Copyright 2016, Gamma Remote Sensing, v2.8 17-Aug-2016 awi/clw/ts ***

usage: par_S1_GRD <GeoTIFF> <annotation_XML> <calibration_XML> <noise_XML> <MLI_par> <MLI>
[GRD_par] [GRD] [eflg] [rps] [noise_pwr]

input parameters:

GeoTIFF (input) image data file in GeoTIFF format (*.tiff)

annotation_XML (input) Sentinel-1 L1 XML annotation file

calibration_XML (input) Sentinel-1 L1 radiometric calibration XML file (enter - for no radiometric calibration)

noise_XML (input) Sentinel-1 L1 noise XML file (enter - to not add back thermal noise)

NOTE: The L1 GRD product has thermal noise subtracted, enter noise_XML to add back

thermal noise

MLI_par (output) MLI parameter file (example: yyyyymmdd_pp.mli.par)

MLI (output) MLI data file in slant range geometry (example: yyyyymmdd_pp.mli)

GRD_par (output) GRD parameter file (example: yyyyymmdd_pp.grd.par, enter - for none)

GRD (output) GRD data file (example: yyyyymmdd_pp.grd, enter - for none)

eflg GR-SR grid extrapolation flag:

0: no extrapolation of the GR-SR grid beyond the grid boundaries

1: permit extrapolation of the GR-SR grid to cover the entire image (default)

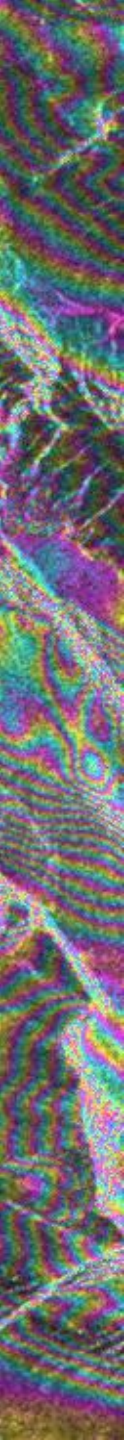
NOTE: extrapolation of the GR-SR grid may introduce geocoding errors

rps slant range pixel spacing (m) (enter - for default: calculated from ground-range parameters)

noise_pwr noise intensity for each MLI sample in slant range using data from noise_XML

NOTE: when the noise_pwr file is specified, noise power correction will NOT be applied to the MLI data values

→ **par_SLC_GRD already applies absolute calibration to sigma nought !!!**



more S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160104T052528_20160104T052553_009340_00D80F_124D_vh_ml.mli_par

Gamma Interferometric SAR Processor (ISP) - Image Parameter File

title: s1a-iw-grd-vh-20160104t052528-20160104t052553-009340-00d80f-002.tiff S1A-IW-IW-VH-9340 (software: Sentinel
002.60)

sensor: S1A

date: 2016 1 4 5 25 28.5934

start_time: 19528.596362 s

center_time: 19541.092287 s

end_time: 19553.588212 s

azimuth_line_time: 7.4825898e-03 s

line_header_size: 0

range_samples: 6433

azimuth_lines: 3341

range_looks: 25

azimuth_looks: 5

image_format: FLOAT

image_geometry: SLANT_RANGE

range_scale_factor: 1.0000000e+00

azimuth_scale_factor: 1.0000000e+00

center_latitude: 50.6050916 degrees

center_longitude: 11.5504814 degrees

heading: -164.9024248 degrees

range_pixel_spacing: 25.000000 m

azimuth_pixel_spacing: 50.000000 m

near_range_slc: 800238.1166 m

center_range_slc: 880638.1166 m

far_range_slc: 961038.1166 m

first_slant_range_polynomial: 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000e+00 0.00000e+00 0.00000e+00 0.00000e+00 s m 1 m^
3



Define reference image for co-registration

ref=S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160104T052528_20160104T052553_009340_00D80F_124D_vh_ml.mli

Create geocoding lookup table for reference image

```
gc_map ${ref}_par - srtm.par srtm gcdem.par gcdem  
geo2rdc 0.5 0.5 - - - inc - - ls_map - 2
```

2 arcsec resolution of final products

```
# map dimensions
```

```
mli_width=`awk '$1 == "range_samples:" {print $2}'
```

```
${ref}_par`
```

```
mli_lines=`awk '$1 == "azimuth_lines:" {print $2}' ${ref}_par`
```

```
dem_width=`awk '$1 == "width:" {print $2}' gcdem.par`
```




Estimate pixel scattering area based on DEM and ellipsoid

pixel_area $\${ref}_par$ gcdem.par gcdem geo2rdc ls_map
inc pix_dem - - - pix



Refinement of geocoding lookup table

create_diff_par \${ref}_par - diff_par 1 0

offset_pwrn pix_dem \${ref} diff_par offs snr 128 64 offsets 2
64 24 0.2

offset_fitm offs snr diff_par coffs coffsets 0.2 4

Updating of the look-up table

gc_map_fine geo2rdc \$dem_width diff_par geo2rdc.fine 1
/bin/mv geo2rdc.fine geo2rdc

Reproduce pixel area estimate

pixel_area \${ref}_par gcdem.par gcdem geo2rdc ls_map inc
pix_dem - - - pix



```
# Co-registration of all MLIs to selected reference image
```

```
# Resample dem to rdc geometry
```

```
geocode geo2rdc gcdem $dem_width gcdem.rdc $mli_width $mli_lines 0 0
```

```
i=S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160128T052527_20160128T052552_009690_00E237_E032  
_vh_ml.mli
```

```
# Pixel dimensions of image to be coregistered
```

```
mli_width_t=`awk '$1 == "range_samples:" {print $2}' ${i}_par`
```

```
mli_lines_t=`awk '$1 == "azimuth_lines:" {print $2}' ${i}_par`
```

```
rdc_trans ${ref}_par gcdem.rdc ${i}_par ${i}.lt
```

```
geocode ${i}.lt ${ref} $mli_width ${i}.sim $mli_width_t $mli_lines_t 0 0
```

```
create_diff_par ${i}_par - ${i}.diff_par 1 0
```

```
offset_pwrmm ${i}.sim ${i} ${i}.diff_par ${i}.offs ${i}.snr 128 128 ${i}.offsets 2 12 12 0.2
```

```
offset_fitm ${i}.offs ${i}.snr ${i}.diff_par ${i}.coffs ${i}.coffsets 0.2 1
```

```
→ final model fit std. dev. (samples) range: 0.0488  azimuth: 0.0524
```

```
gc_map_fine ${i}.lt $mli_width ${i}.diff_par ${i}.lt_fine 1
```

```
MLI_interp_lt ${i} ${ref}_par ${i}_par ${i}.lt_fine ${ref}_par ${i}_par ${i}.diff_par
```

```
$(basename ${i} mli)rmlm $(basename ${i} mli)rmlm_par
```

```
dis2pwr $ref $(basename ${i} mli)rmlm $mli_width $mli_width # After coregistration
```

Co-registration of all MLIs to selected reference image

```
for i in $(ls *ml.mli); do
  if [ ${i} != ${ref} ]; then
    # Pixel dimensions of image to be coregistered
    mli_width_t=`awk '$1 == "range_samples:" {print $2}' ${i}_par`
    mli_lines_t=`awk '$1 == "azimuth_lines:" {print $2}' ${i}_par`

    rdc_trans ${ref}_par gcdem.rdc ${i}_par ${i}.lt
    geocode ${i}.lt ${ref} $mli_width ${i}.sim $mli_width_t $mli_lines_t 0 0

    create_diff_par ${i}_par - ${i}.diff_par 1 0
    offset_pwrn ${i}.sim ${i} ${i}.diff_par ${i}.offs ${i}.snr 128 128 ${i}.offsets 2 12 12 0.2
    offset_fitm ${i}.offs ${i}.snr ${i}.diff_par ${i}.coffs ${i}.coffsets 0.2 1
    gc_map_fine ${i}.lt $mli_width ${i}.diff_par ${i}.lt_fine 1

    MLI_interp_lt ${i} ${ref}_par ${i}_par ${i}.lt_fine ${ref}_par ${i}_par ${i}.diff_par
    $(basename ${i} mli)rmli $(basename ${i} mli)rmli_par
  fi
done
```



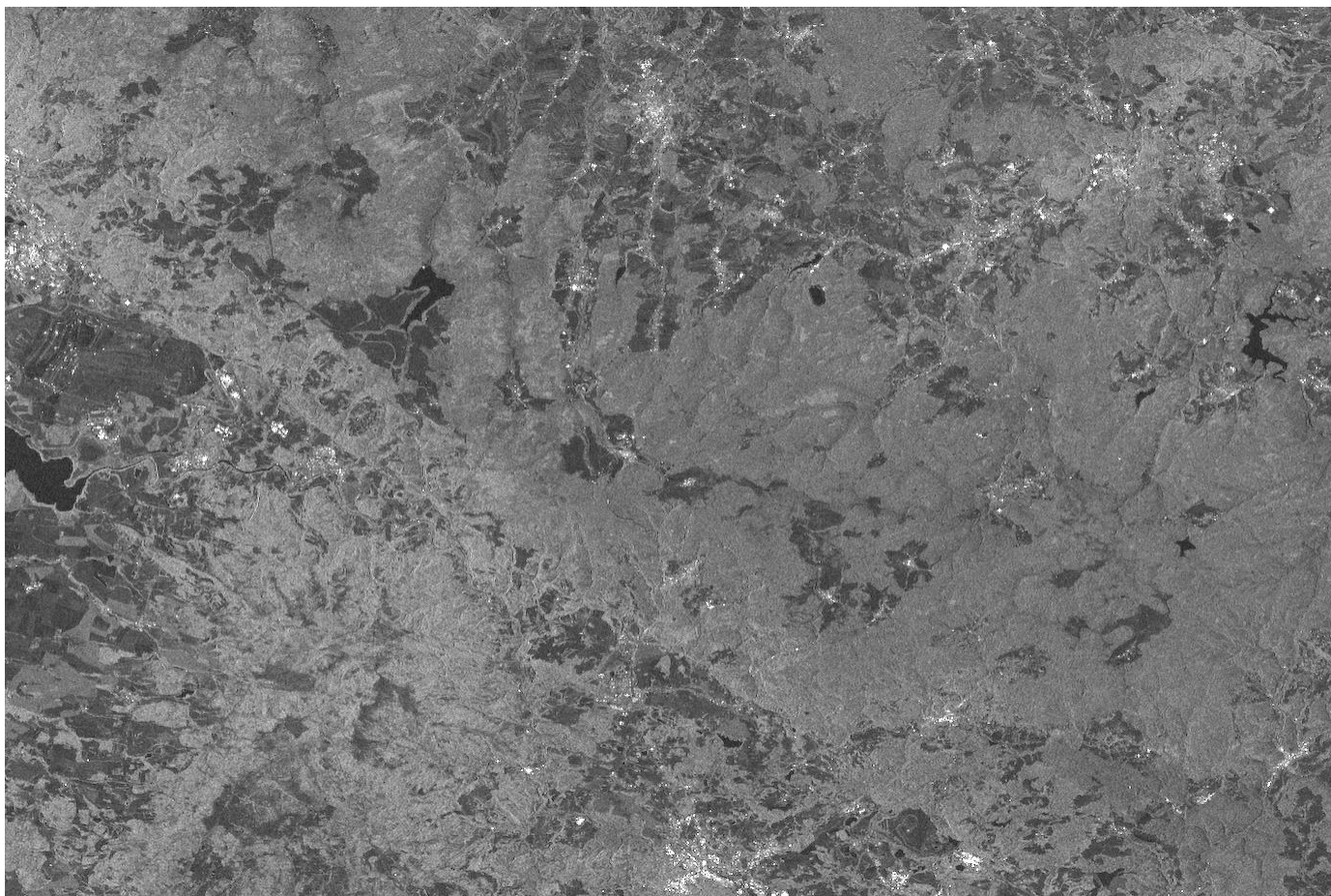
Compensate pwr images for pixel area variations

```
product ${ref} pix $(basename ${ref} mli)s0 $mli_width 1 1 0
for i in $(ls *rmli); do
    product ${i} pix $(basename ${i} rmli)s0 $mli_width 1 1 0
done
```


dis2pwr

S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160409T052528_20160409T052553_010740_01007E_1778_vh
_ml.s0

S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160409T052528_20160409T052553_010740_01007E_1778_vh
_ml.rmli \$mli_width \$mli_width

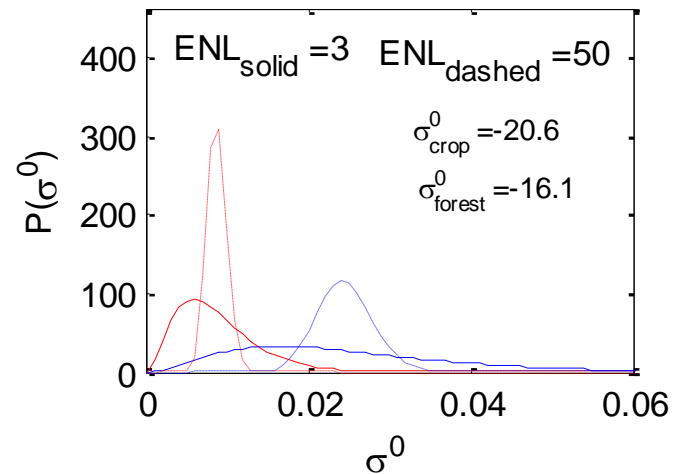


Why Filtering?

Gamma distributed
speckle:

$$p(I) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(L)} \left(\frac{L}{\sigma} \right)^L I^{L-1} e^{-\frac{LI}{\sigma}}$$

L (or ENL) = Equivalent
Number of Looks



Multichannel Filtering

Linear Combination of k channels increases ENL with reduced cost of resolution (Quegan & Yu, 2001):

$$J_k = \sum_{i=1}^M A_{ki} I_i \quad A_{ki} = \langle I_k \rangle \frac{C_I^{-1} \sigma}{\sigma^t C_I^{-1} \sigma}$$

A=weighting coefficient, C=covariance matrix,
 σ =mean vector (spatial estimate), J=filtered image

When ignoring ENL differences & correlation between channels :

$$J_k = \frac{\sigma_k^0}{M} \sum_{i=1}^M \frac{I_i}{\sigma_i^0}$$

Spatial estimate of RCS required:

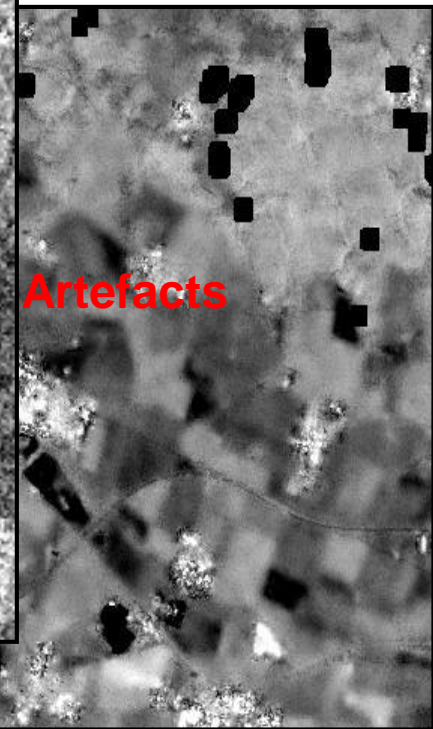
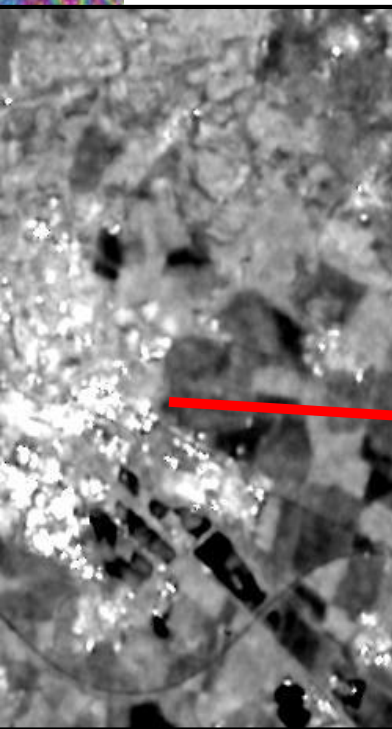
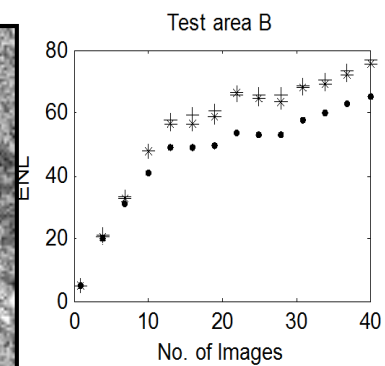
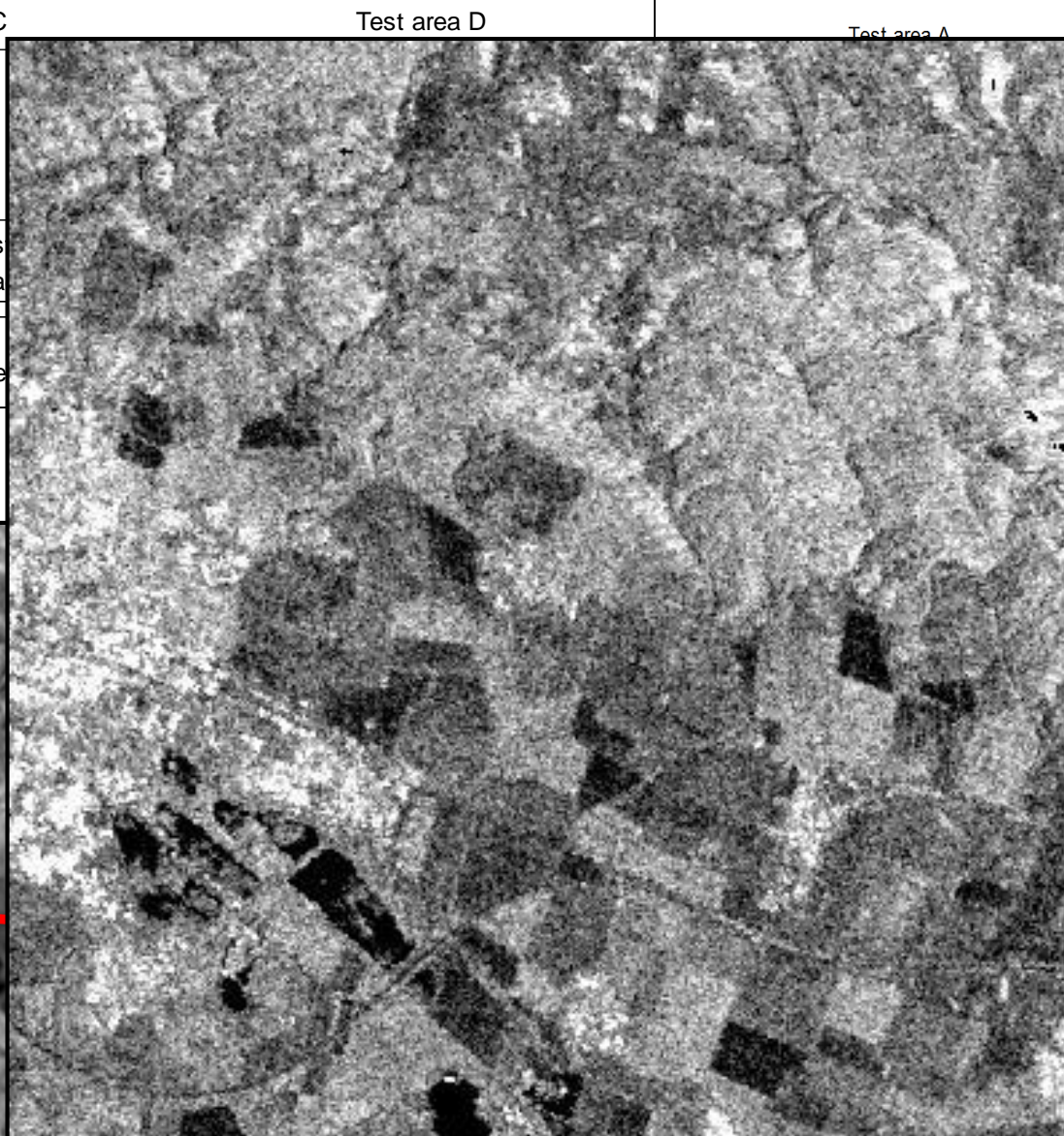
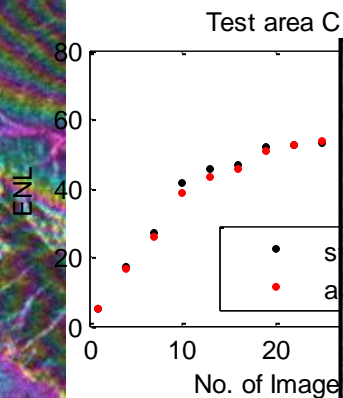
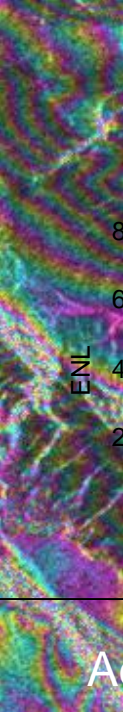
Tested: Spatial average vs. Adaptive Frost RCS reconstruction

Expected increase of ENL with M images and N samples used for spatial estimate of σ^0 (L=initial ENL):

$$ENL = \frac{MNL}{M + N - 1}$$

$$N' = \frac{N}{(1 + 2\rho_{I,a}[1] + 2\rho_{I,r}[1] + 4\rho_{I,a}[1]\rho_{I,r}[1])}$$

ρ =spatial correlation at lag [.]



Filtering

temp_filt

ANSI-C programs: [temp_filt.c](#) and [temp_filt_ad.c](#)

NAME

temp_filt - Multi-temporal filtering of co-registered data sets of format float.

temp_filt_ad - Multi-temporal filtering of co-registered data sets of format float using adaptive spatial mean estimate.

SYNOPSIS

temp_filt <data_tab> <width> [waz] [wr] [wt_flag] [zero_flag] [loffset] [nlines]

<data_tab>	(input) two column list of the names of input and output data files (float) input file 1 output file 1 input file 2 output file 2
<width>	number of samples/row
[waz]	spatial averaging filter width in azimuth pixels (default=1.0)
[wr]	spatial averaging filter width in range pixels (default=1.0)
[wt_flag]	weighting function flag (default=0: uniform; 1: linear; 2: gaussian)
[zero_flag]	default: zero_flag=0 => 0.0 interpreted as missing value zero_flag=1 => 0.0 interpreted as valid data value
[loffset]	number of lines offset to starting line (default=0)
[nlines]	number of lines to process (default: 0=entire file)



```
# Apply multi-temporal filter
```

```
for i in $(ls *s0); do
```

```
    echo "$i $(basename $i .s0)_mtfil.s0" >> optfile_filt
```

```
done
```

```
temp_filt optfile_filt $mli_width 5 5
```

```
dis2pwr
```

```
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160316T052527_20160316T052552_010390_00F654_  
14C5_vh_ml_mtfil.s0
```

```
S1A_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20160316T052527_20160316T052552_010390_00F654_  
14C5_vh_ml.s0 $mli_width $mli_width
```

Multi-temporal metrics

temp_lin_var

*** Land Application Tools : Program temp_lin_var ***

*** Copyright 2012 Gamma Remote Sensing, v4.0 8-Mar-2013 clw/uw ***

*** Calculation of temporal mean and variability (defined as $\text{stdev}/\text{pow}(\text{mean}, \text{norm_pow})$) of multiple data sets ***

usage: temp_lin_var <data_tab> <mean> <stdev> <width> [waz] [wr] [wt_flag] [zero_flag] [loff] [nlines]
[norm_pow]

input parameters:

data_tab (input) single column list of the names of input data files (float)

mean (output) temporal mean (linear scale) (float)

stdev (output) temporal variability ($\text{stdev}/\text{pow}(\text{mean}, \text{norm_pow})$) (float)

width number of samples/row

waz spatial averaging filter width in azimuth pixels (default = 1.0)

wr spatial averaging filter width in range pixels (default = 1.0)

wt_flag weighting function

0: uniform (default)

1: linear

2: gaussian)

zero_flag zero_flag

0: data value 0.0 interpreted as missing data (default))

1: data interpreted

loff offset to starting line (default = 0)

nlines number of lines to process (0:entire file (default))

norm_pow temporal stdev is normalized with $\text{POW}(\text{mean}, \text{norm_pow})$

0.0: normalized with 1.0

1.0: normalized with backscatter intensity (default)



Calculate multitemporal metrics

```
ls *_mtfil.s0 > optfile_mt
```

```
temp_lin_var optfile_mt mtmean mtstdev $mli_width
```

```
dis2pwr mtmean $mli_width
```

```
dis_linear mtstdev $mli_width
```

Geocode intensity images

```
#####  
#####
```

```
for i in $(ls *mtfil.s0); do
```

```
    geocode_back ${i} $mli_width geo2rdc $(basename ${i} .s0)_geo.s0 $dem_width  
done
```

```
geocode_back mtmean $mli_width geo2rdc mtmean_geo.s0 $dem_width
```

```
geocode_back mtstdev $mli_width geo2rdc mtstdev_geo.s0 $dem_width
```

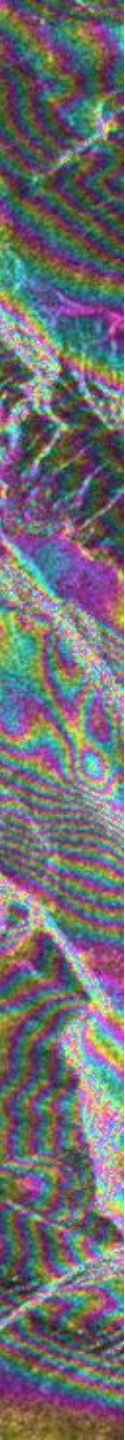
```
#####  
#####
```

```
# Sigma to gamma conversion --> reduces incidence angle dependence of backscatter
```

```
#####  
#####
```

```
for i in $(ls S*geo.s0); do
```

```
    sigma2gamma ${i} inc $(basename ${i} s0)g0 $dem_width  
done
```



```
#####  
#####  
# Convert images to GeoTiff  
#####  
#####  
data2geotiff gcdem.par inc 2 inc.tif  
data2geotiff gcdem.par ls_map 5 ls_map.tif  
data2geotiff gcdem.par mtmean_geo.s0 2 mtmean_geo_s0.tif 0  
data2geotiff gcdem.par mtstdev_geo.s0 2 mtstdev_geo_s0.tif 0  
for i in $(ls S*g0); do  
    data2geotiff gcdem.par $i 2 ${i}.tif 0  
done
```




Summary:

We have learned how to calculate:

- a differential repeat-pass interferogram
- displacement
- coherence
- backscatter intensity

from a 12-day repeat-pass pair of S1 TOPS IW SLCs

Note: S1 imagery can also be downloaded in detected ground range format, in which case no interferometry is possible. The sequence of programs needed to process GRDs is:

par_S1_GRD

multilook

gc_map_grd

pixel_area

geocode_back