Simple past - Übung

10:24

Montag, 13. Februar 2023





Englisch	Datum:

Das simple past – Die einfache Vergangenheit

- Bildung: infinitiv +"-ed"/ unregelmäßig = 2. Form
- Ausdruck, wann etw. zu einem bestimmten Zeitpunkt der Vergangenheit od. in einem in der Vergangenheit abgeschlossenen Zeitraum geschah.
- Wenn in der Vergangenheit mehrere Handlungen aufeinanderfolgen
- Signalwörter: **at** six o'clock, an hour **ago**, yesterday, **on** Monday, last week, in 1972, last...

Bsp.: Sue visited England last year. -> visit + -ed = visited

He took his book.

Verneinung: didn't + Infinitiv; mit "be" = was/ were not

Fragesatz: did/ didn't + Infinitiv

<u>Did</u> she <u>go</u> by plane or by ship? Who <u>did</u> she <u>ask</u> for information? Who <u>went</u> with her to the airport?

Positive statements (Simple past). Complete the sentences using the words in brackets.

1. Jane watched	a film yesterday. (to watch)
2. He <u>carried</u>	a box on monday. (to carry)
3. They <u>helped</u>	their father last friday. (to help)
4. I <u>talked</u>	to Andrew an hour ago. (to talk)
5. Susan <u>danced</u>	with Peter the day before yesterday. (to dance)
6. The boys <u>played</u>	basketball yesterday. (to play)
7. We _planned	_a trip last week. (to plan)
8. She <u>washed</u>	her hair two weeks ago. (to wash)
9. Last summer I <u>went</u>	to Stuttgart. (to go)
10. Yesterday Bill <u>played</u>	football in his team. (to play)

I. Online practice

Go to the following website and practice your simple past!

https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/grammar/english-grammar-reference/past-simple



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Datum:

II. Fill in the gaps! Use the simple past!

Example: We <u>cleaned</u> the car yesterday. <i>(to clean)</i> - We cleaned the car yesterda	ay.		
1. He <u>played</u> handball yesterday. <i>(to play)</i>			
2. I <u>made</u> the beds this morning. <i>(to make)</i>			
3. They <u>cleaned</u> the classroom on monday. <i>(to clean)</i>			
4. Yesterday she asked a lot of questions. <i>(to ask)</i>			
5. Last weekend I <u>went</u> shopping with my cousin. <i>(to go)</i>			
III. Fill in the gaps and use the negative form of the simple past!.			
Example: We <u>didn't clean</u> the car yesterday. (not/to clean) - We did not clean the car yesterday.	r		
1. Imy maths homework yesterday. (not/to do)			
2. Jenny and Peggy didn't help their brother. (not/to help)			
3. didn't likephysics when wasat school. (not/to like) (to be))		
4. Mandydidn't tidy up her room. <i>(not/to tidy up)</i>			
5. Freddidn't wake upearly last Sunday. (not/to wake up)			
IV. Complete the following questions with the right form of the simple past!.			
Example: Did she read books? (to read) Did she read books?			
1. <u>Did</u> the cat <u>sit</u> on the wall? <i>(to sit)</i>			
2. Does Karen play computer games? (to play)			
3. Did you throw a ball? (to throw)			
4. DidRonald visita museum? (to visit)			
5. <u>Did</u> you phone your mother yesterday? (to phone)			
6. Did the dog runafter the cat? (the dog/to run)			
7. Did you takephotos when you were on holiday? (you/to take)			