

3.1.12- Lab- Explore Python Development Tool – pip, virtual environment

Contents

Required resources	1
Review the python Installation	1
PIP and Python Virtual Environments.....	2
Create a Python 3 virtual environment.	2
Activate and test the Python 3 virtual environment.	2
Check the current packages installed in the system environment.	2
Sharing Your Virtual Environment	2

Required resources

1 PC with operating system of your choice

Virtual Box or VMWare

DEVASC Virtual Machine

Review the python Installation

`python3 -V` shows which python version is installed

output:

```
devasc@labvm:~$ python3 -V
Python 3.8.10
```

`which python3` shows the directory for the local python environment

output:

```
devasc@labvm:~$ which python3
/usr/bin/python3
```

PIP and Python Virtual Environments

`pip3 install` PIP stands for Pip Installs Packages.

`pip3 freeze`

Create a Python 3 virtual environment.

`python3 -m venv (environment name)` -m switch tells Python to run the venv module

Activate and test the Python 3 virtual environment.

`source devfun/bin/activate` activates the virtual environment

`pip3 freeze` verifies that there are no additional Python packages currently installed in the (env name) environment.

`pip3 install requests` installs the requests package

`deactivate` deactivates the virtual environment

Check the current packages installed in the system environment.

`python3 -m pip freeze` see what packages are installed in the system environment.

`python3 -m pip freeze | grep requests` see the version of the requests package currently installed.

Sharing Your Virtual Environment

`pip3 freeze > requirements.txt` Send the output of the pip3 freeze command to a text file called requirements.txt.

`pip3 install -r requirements.txt` install the same packages that are installed in the devfun virtual environment.