Dual Tone Multi Frequency (DTMF)

DTMF was designed so that it is possible to use acoustic transfer. The DTMF tones can be sent from a standard speaker and be received using a standard microphone (providing it is connected to a decoding circuit of some type). DTMF tones are simply **two frequencies** played simultaneously by a standard home phone/fax or mobile phone. Each key on your telephone's keypad has a unique frequency assigned to it. When any key is pressed on your telephone's keypad the circuit plays the corresponding **DTMF tone** and sends it to your local exchange for processing. DTMF tones can be imitated by using a White Box or Tone Dialler. It is also possible to record DTMF tones.

Below is a Dual Tone Multi Frequency (DTMF) map for a 4X4-matrix keypad, the map shows each unique frequency which is assigned to each key on a standard 4X4 telephone keypad. The frequencies are exactly the same for a 3X4 matrix keypad, without the keys A, B, C and D.

1209Hz 1336Hz 1477Hz 1633Hz					
697Hz	1	2 ABC	3 DEF	Α	
770Hz	4 GHI	5 JKL	6 MNO	В	
852Hz	7 PORS	8 TUV	9 wxyz	С	
941Hz	*	0	#	D	

	1209 Hz	1336 Hz	1477 Hz	1633 Hz
697 Hz	1	2	3	A
770 Hz	4	5	6	В
852 Hz	7	8	9	C
941 Hz	*	0	#	D

However, this is not a standard keypad. This keypad has 4 more keys than a standard keypad (3X4-matrix). The keys A, B, C and D are not commonly used on standard home phone/fax, office phone or payphone. Each of the keys A, B, C and D are system tones/codes and are mainly used to configure telephone exchanges or to perform other special functions at an exchange. For example, the corresponding tone/code assigned to the A key is used on some networks to move through various carriers.