Machine Learning for IoT

Homework 2

DUE DATE: 23 Dec (h23:59)

Submission Instructions:

Each group will send an e-mail to andrea.calimera@polito.it and valentino.peluso@polito.it (in cc) with subject <ML4IOT21 GroupN> (N is the group ID). Attached with the e-mail the following files:

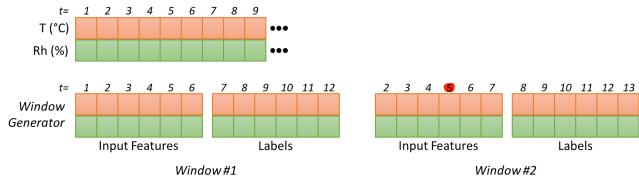
- 1. One single .py file for each exercise, titled <HW2_exM_GroupN.py>, where M is the exercise number and N is the group ID, containing the Python code. The code must use only the packages that get installed with *requirements.txt*.
- 2. One-page pdf report, titled <GroupN_Homework2.pdf>, organized in different sections (one for each exercise). Each section should motivate the main adopted design choices and discuss the outcome of the exercise.
- 3. The TFLite models generated in the exercises (more details provided later in the text).

Late messages, or messages not compliant with the above specs, will be automatically discarded.

Exercise 1: Multi-Step Temperature and Humidity Forecasting (3 points)

- Write a Python script to train multi-output models for temperature and humidity forecasting to infer multi-step predictions, i.e. a sequence of future values. Set the number of output steps to 6. Use the Jena Climate Dataset with a 70%/20%/10% train/validation/test split (same as Lab 3).
- Implement a data-preparation pipeline compliant with multi-step predictions. Specifically, the labels shape should be [#Batches, #Output Steps, #Features], e.g. [32, 6, 2]. Use the *WindowGenerator* class of Lab3 as starting point.

multi-step: predict a sequence of future values-> size of sequence is 6 samples



• Implement multi-output/multi-step models, i.e. with an output shape equal to [#Batches, #Steps, #Features]. Use the models developed in Lab3 as starting point.

to compute MAE we need to average acress batches and across different steps. Which is the order of averaging? See reduce_mean documentation, use this function. Which axis to do first. Axis argument can accept a list of dimension-> I need to average across batches and step. Therefore the dimensions are (0,1) (dimension of batches, dimension of steps). There isn't an order of operations because I can compute these averages with 1 single funciton, set the axis argument using a list containing 0 and 1. The input of the reduce_mean must be the difference between the prediction and the true label (compute absolute value)

- Implement a *Keras* metric that computes the mean absolute error of temperature and humidity on multi-step predictions (the error shape is [#Features]). Use the error metric developed in Lab3 as starting point. average the error over 1 window the nubmer of features is still 2
- Train two different model versions, each one meeting the following constraints, respectively: *Version a*): T MAE < 0.5°C and Rh MAE < 1.8% and TFLite Size < 2 kB % is for humidity *Version b*): T MAE < 0.6 °C and Rh MAE < 1.9% and TFLite Size < 1.7 kB

I can't feed more data, don't change the data **N.B:** The models must be trained on the training set only and evaluated on the test set.

• Submit the TFLite models (named *GroupN_th_a.tflite* and *GroupN_th_b.tflite*), together with one single Python script to train and optimize them. If you have compressed the TFLite file with *zlib*, append .zlib to the filename.

The script should take as input argument the model version:

```
python HW2_ex1_GroupN.py --version <VERSION> devo mettere tutte le prove nel codice o solo quella migliore? where N is the group ID and <VERSION> is "a" or "b", and return as output the TFLite file.
```

• In the report, explain and motivate the methodology adopted to meet the constraints (discuss on model architecture, optimizations, hyper-parameters, etc.).

Exercise 2: Keyword Spotting (3 points) NO SILENCE CLASS

• Write a Python script to train models for keyword spotting on the original mini speech command dataset. Use the train/validation/test splits provided in the *Portale*.

inference latency is only the model execution, no preprocessing

• Train three different model versions, each one meeting the following constraints, respectively:

not equal to 90% but greater

Version a): Accuracy > 90% and TFlite Size < 25 kB

Version b): Accuracy > 90% and TFlite Size < 35 kB and Inference Latency < 1.5 ms

Version c): Accuracy > 90% and TFlite Size < 45 kB and Total Latency < 40 ms

To measure Latency, run the script *kws_latency.py* provided in the *Portale*.

• Submit the TFLite models (named *GroupN_kws_a.tflite*, *GroupN_kws_b.tflite*, *GroupN_kws_c.tflite*), together with one single Python script to train and optimize them. If you have compressed the TFLite file with *zlib*, append .zlib to the filename. The script should take as input argument the model version:

```
python HW2_ex2_GroupN.py --version <VERSION>
```

where N is the group ID and <VERSION> is "a", "b", or "c", and return the TFLite file.

• In the report, explain and motivate the methodology adopted to meet the constraints (discuss on pre-processing, model architecture, optimizations, hyper-parameters, etc.).