

# Embedded Solution for Person Identification and Tracking

Master in Telecommunication Engineering

Ignacio Condés Menchén

Escuela Politécnica Superior  
Universidad Carlos III de Madrid

July 23, 2020

# Table of Contents

## 1 Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## 2 Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded deployment

Following behavior

## 3 Proposed solution

Resources

Design

## 4 Results

## 5 Conclusions

# Table of Contents

## 1 Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## 2 Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded deployment

Following behavior

## 3 Proposed solution

Resources

Design

## 4 Results

## 5 Conclusions

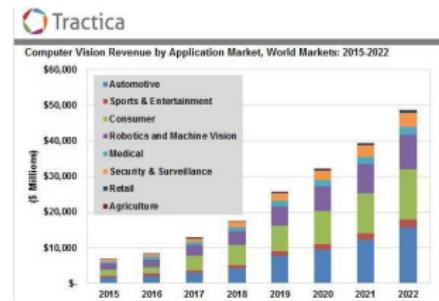
Strong evolution in computer vision  
research and development.

Notable spreading of *deep learning*  
techniques on computer vision: CNNs  
(*Convolutional Neural Networks*).

Multiple applications:

- Autonomous driving
- Medical diagnosis
- Surveillance

## Motivation



# Motivation



Powerful applications in robotics as well:

- Remote inspections on hazardousness
- Precision surgery
- Social robotics



# Main goal

These fields can be combined  
for programming more  
intelligent robots.

This has been pursued in this  
research: build an **autonomous**  
**robot that robustly follows a**  
**person.**



# Objectives

This goal requires several objectives to be achieved:

- Implement a real-time person following behavior on affordable hardware.
- Use only CNNs for the inference tasks.
- Enhance the robustness combining the CNNs with optical tracking.

# Table of Contents

## 1 Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## 2 Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded deployment

Following behavior

## 3 Proposed solution

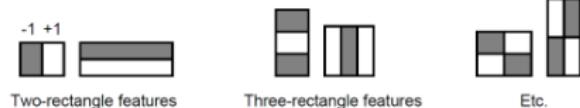
Resources

Design

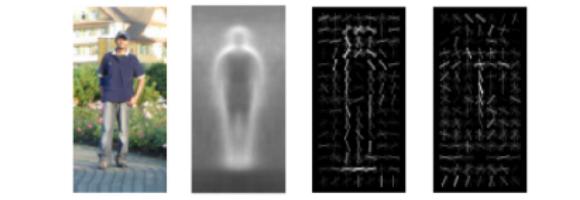
## 4 Results

## 5 Conclusions

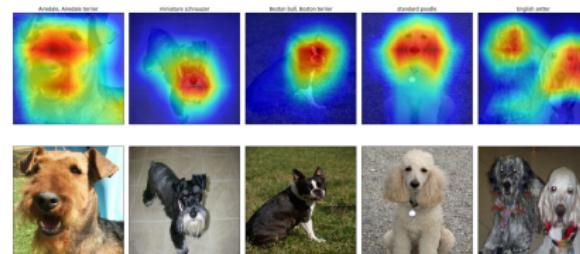
- Viola-Jones detector  
(adapted from a  
face detection task)  
[VJ01].



- HoG (*Histogram of Gradients*) detector  
[DT05].

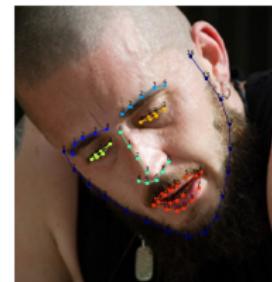


- Deep-learning-based  
detectors: CNNs  
[KSH12].



# Person identification

- Facial landmarks detectors [JC18].



- Identification according to the color histogram [LWC15].



(a) Input image



(b) Identification result

- Neural approach: face encoders [SKP15].



# Embedded deployment

- Mounting a laptop.



(a) Frontal view.



(b) Side view.



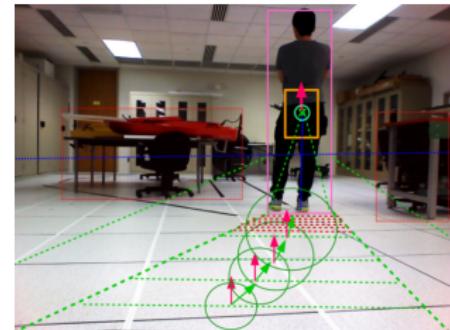
- Portable board (Arduino, Raspberry Pi).



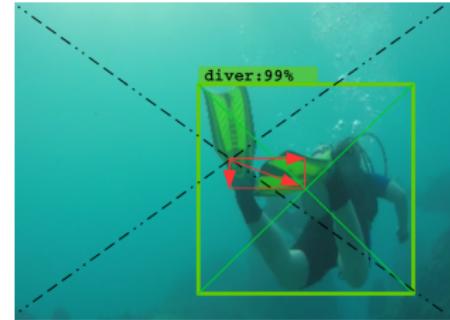
- Embedded computer (NVIDIA Jetson).

# Following behavior

- Computing a path towards the person [IHS19].



- Reactive following [IFS18].



# Table of Contents

## 1 Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## 2 Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded deployment

Following behavior

## 3 Proposed solution

Resources

Design

## 4 Results

## 5 Conclusions

# Embedded Solution for Person Identification and Tracking

Ignacio  
Condés  
Menchén

## Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded  
deployment

Following behavior

## Proposed solution

### Resources

Design

## Results

Conclusions

# Resources

# Embedded Solution for Person Identification and Tracking

Ignacio  
Condés  
Menchén

## Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded  
deployment

Following behavior

## Proposed solution

Resources

## Design

## Results

Conclusions

# Perception Module

# Embedded Solution for Person Identification and Tracking

Ignacio  
Condés  
Menchén

## Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded  
deployment

Following behavior

## Proposed solution

Resources

## Design

## Results

Conclusions

# Actuation Module

# Table of Contents

## 1 Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## 2 Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded deployment

Following behavior

## 3 Proposed solution

Resources

Design

## 4 Results

## 5 Conclusions

# Embedded Solution for Person Identification and Tracking

Ignacio  
Condés  
Menchén

## Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded  
deployment

Following behavior

## Proposed solution

Resources

Design

## Results

Conclusions

# Person detection

# Embedded Solution for Person Identification and Tracking

Ignacio  
Condés  
Menchén

## Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded  
deployment

Following behavior

## Proposed solution

Resources

Design

## Results

Conclusions

# Face detection

# Embedded Solution for Person Identification and Tracking

Ignacio  
Condés  
Menchén

## Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded  
deployment

Following behavior

## Proposed solution

Resources

Design

## Results

Conclusions

# Face recognition

# Embedded Solution for Person Identification and Tracking

Ignacio  
Condés  
Menchén

# TensorRT Optimizations

## Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded  
deployment

Following behavior

## Proposed solution

Resources

Design

## Results

Conclusions

# Embedded Solution for Person Identification and Tracking

Ignacio  
Condés  
Menchén

## Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded  
deployment

Following behavior

## Proposed solution

Resources

Design

## Results

Conclusions

# Motion tracker

# Table of Contents

## 1 Introduction

Motivation

Objectives

## 2 Existing techniques

Person detection

Person identification

Embedded deployment

Following behavior

## 3 Proposed solution

Resources

Design

## 4 Results

## 5 Conclusions

## References I

-  N. Dalal and B. Triggs, *Histograms of oriented gradients for human detection*, 2005 IEEE Computer Society Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR'05), vol. 1, 2005, pp. 886–893 vol. 1.
-  Md Jahidul Islam, Michael Fulton, and Junaed Sattar, *Towards a generic diver-following algorithm: Balancing robustness and efficiency in deep visual detection*, 2018.
-  Md Jahidul Islam, Jungseok Hong, and Junaed Sattar, *Person-following by autonomous robots: A categorical overview*, The International Journal of Robotics Research **38** (2019), no. 14, 1581–1618.

## References II

-  Benjamin Johnston and Philip Chazal, *A review of image-based automatic facial landmark identification techniques*, EURASIP Journal on Image and Video Processing **2018** (2018), 86.
-  Alex Krizhevsky, Ilya Sutskever, and Geoffrey Hinton, *ImageNet Classification with Deep Convolutional Neural Networks*, Neural Information Processing Systems **25** (2012).
-  Peng Li, Haiyuan Wu, and Qian Chen, *Color distinctiveness feature for person identification without face information*, Procedia Computer Science **60** (2015), 1809–1816.

## References III

-  Florian Schroff, Dmitry Kalenichenko, and James Philbin, *FaceNet: A unified embedding for face recognition and clustering*, 2015 IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR) (2015).
-  Paul Viola and Michael Jones, *Rapid Object Detection using a Boosted Cascade of Simple Features*, vol. 1, 02 2001, pp. I–511.