

MA 203: Tutorial Sheet 1: Probability

- Two dice are tossed and the magnitude of the difference in the number of dots facing up in the two dice is noted.
 - Find the sample space.
 - Find the set A corresponding to the event “magnitude of difference is 3.”
- A binary communication system transmits a signal X that is either a $+2$ voltage signal or a -2 voltage signal. A malicious channel reduces the magnitude of the received signal by the number of heads it counts in two tosses of a coin. Let Y be the resulting signal.
 - Find the sample space.
 - Find the set of outcomes corresponding to the event “transmitted signal was definitely $+2$.”
 - Describe in words the event corresponding to the outcome $Y = 0$.
- The sample space of an experiment is the real line. Let the events A and B correspond to the following subsets of the real line: $A = (-\infty, r]$ and $B = (-\infty, s]$, where $r \leq s$. Find an expression for the event $C = (r, s]$ in terms of A and B . Show that $B = A \cup C$ and $A \cap C = \emptyset$.
- A random experiment has sample space $S = \{a, b, c, d\}$. Suppose that $P(\{a, b\}) = 3/8$, $P(\{b, c\}) = 6/8$, $P(\{d\}) = 1/8$, and $P(\{c, d\}) = 5/8$. Use the axioms of probability to find the probabilities of the elementary events.
- A die is tossed and the number of dots facing up is noted.
 - Find the probability of the elementary events under the assumption that all faces of the die are equally likely to be facing up after a toss.
 - Find the probability of the events: $A = \{\text{more than 3 dots}\}$; $B = \{\text{odd number of dots}\}$.
 - Find the probability of $A \cup B$, $A \cap B$, A^c .
- A number x is selected at random in the interval $[-1, 2]$. Let the events $A = \{x < 0\}$, $B = \{|x - 0.5| < 0.5\}$, and $C = \{x > 0.75\}$.
 - Find the probabilities of A , B , $A \cap B$, and $A \cap C$.
 - Find the probabilities of $A \cup B$, $A \cup C$, and $A \cup B \cup C$, first, by directly evaluating the sets and then their probabilities, and second, by using the appropriate axioms or corollaries.
- The lifetime of a device behaves according to the probability law $P[(t, \infty)] = 1/t$ for $t > 1$. Let A be the event “lifetime is greater than 4,” and B the event “lifetime is greater than 8.”
 - Find the probability of $A \cap B$ and $A \cup B$.
 - Find the probability of the event “lifetime is greater than 6 but less than or equal to 12.”
- Consider an experiment for which the sample space is the real line. A probability law assigns probabilities to subsets of the form $(-\infty, r]$.
 - Show that we must have $P[(r, s]] \leq P[(r, s]]$ when $r < s$.
 - Find an expression for $P[(r, s]]$ in terms of $P[(r, s]]$ and $P[(r, s]]$.
 - Find an expression for $P[(s, \infty)]$.

9. Two numbers (x, y) are selected at random from the interval $[0, 1]$.
 - (a) Find the probability that the pair of numbers are inside the unit circle.
 - (b) Find the probability that $y > 2x$.
10. A biased coin is tossed repeatedly until heads has come up three times. Find the probability that k tosses are required.
11. Ten passengers get on an airport shuttle at the airport. The shuttle has a route that includes 5 hotels, and each passenger gets off the shuttle at his/her hotel. The driver records how many passengers leave the shuttle at each hotel. How many different possibilities exist?
12. A student needs eight chips of a certain type to build a circuit. It is known that 5% of these chips are defective. How many chips should he buy for there to be a greater than 90% probability of having enough chips for the circuit?
13. A multiple choice test has 10 questions with 4 choices each. How many ways are there to answer the test? What is the probability that two papers have the same answers?
14. Let U be selected at random from the unit interval. Let $A = \{0 < U < 1/2\}$, $B = \{1/4 < U < 3/4\}$, and $C = \{1/2 < U < 1\}$. Are any of these events independent?
15. An experiment consists of picking one of two urns at random and then selecting a ball from the urn and noting its color (black or white). Let A be the event "urn 1 is selected" and B the event "a black ball is observed." Under what conditions are A and B independent?
16. Let A be any subset of S . Show that the class of sets $\{\emptyset, A, A^c, S\}$ is a σ -algebra.
17. Let f be a mapping from a sample space S to a finite set $S' = \{y_1, y_2, \dots, y_k\}$.
 - (a) Show that the set of inverse images $A_k = f^{-1}(\{y_k\})$ forms a partition of S .
 - (b) Show that any event B of S' can be related to a union of A_k 's.
18. Find the countable union of the following sequences of events:
 - (a) $A_n = [a + 1/n, b - 1/n]$.
 - (b) $B_n = (-n, b - 1/n]$.
 - (c) $C_n = [a + 1/n, b)$.
19. Find the countable intersection of the following sequences of events:
 - (a) $A_n = (a - 1/n, b + 1/n)$.
 - (b) $B_n = [a, b + 1/n)$.
 - (c) $C_n = (a - 1/n, b]$.