Attribution

Lecture 14

Attribution

 Refers to ways in which people come to understand the causes of their own and others' behaviours.

 People make attributions in an attempt to understand the behaviour of other people and to make better sense of their environments

Attribution Process

Antecedents

i.e., Factors internal to the perceiver

- (A) The amount of <u>information</u> the perceiver has
 - (B) The perceiver's own belief system
- (C) Motivation of the perceiver (does he want to make an accurate assessment?)

Attributions

Perceived causes of behavior (internal versus external)
Internal – to the person's disposition
External – to the person's situation

- (A) Consistency Does the person usually behave this way in this situation?
- (B) Distinctiveness Does person behave differently in different situations?
 - (C) Consensus Do others behave similarly in this situation?

Consequences

Behavior Feelings Expectations