Skip-gram Word2Vec

In this notebook, I'll lead you through using PyTorch to implement the <u>Word2Vec algorithm</u> (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Word2vec) using the skip-gram architecture. By implementing this, you'll learn about embedding words for use in natural language processing. This will come in handy when dealing with things like machine translation.

Readings

Here are the resources I used to build this notebook. I suggest reading these either beforehand or while you're working on this material.

- A really good <u>conceptual overview (http://mccormickml.com/2016/04/19/word2vec-tutorial-the-skip-gram-model/)</u> of Word2Vec from Chris McCormick
- First Word2Vec paper (https://arxiv.org/pdf/1301.3781.pdf) from Mikolov et al.
- Neural Information Processing Systems, paper (http://papers.nips.cc/paper/5021-distributedrepresentations-of-words-and-phrases-and-their-compositionality.pdf) with improvements for Word2Vec also from Mikolov et al.

Word embeddings

When you're dealing with words in text, you end up with tens of thousands of word classes to analyze; one for each word in a vocabulary. Trying to one-hot encode these words is massively inefficient because most values in a one-hot vector will be set to zero. So, the matrix multiplication that happens in between a one-hot input vector and a first, hidden layer will result in mostly zero-valued hidden outputs.

To solve this problem and greatly increase the efficiency of our networks, we use what are called **embeddings**. Embeddings are just a fully connected layer like you've seen before. We call this layer the embedding layer and the weights are embedding weights. We skip the multiplication into the embedding layer by instead directly grabbing the hidden layer values from the weight matrix. We can do this because the multiplication of a one-hot encoded vector with a matrix returns the row of the matrix corresponding the index of the "on" input unit.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 2 & 1 & 9 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 & 0 \\ 7 & 1 & 6 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 & 8 \\ 0 & 4 & 9 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Instead of doing the matrix multiplication, we use the weight matrix as a lookup table. We encode the words as integers, for example "heart" is encoded as 958, "mind" as 18094. Then to get hidden layer values for "heart", you just take the 958th row of the embedding matrix. This process is called an **embedding lookup** and the number of hidden units is the **embedding dimension**.

There is nothing magical going on here. The embedding lookup table is just a weight matrix. The embedding layer is just a hidden layer. The lookup is just a shortcut for the matrix multiplication. The lookup table is trained just like any weight matrix.

Embeddings aren't only used for words of course. You can use them for any model where you have a massive number of classes. A particular type of model called **Word2Vec** uses the embedding layer to find vector representations of words that contain semantic meaning.

Word2Vec

The Word2Vec algorithm finds much more efficient representations by finding vectors that represent the words. These vectors also contain semantic information about the words.

I often drink coffee in the mornings.

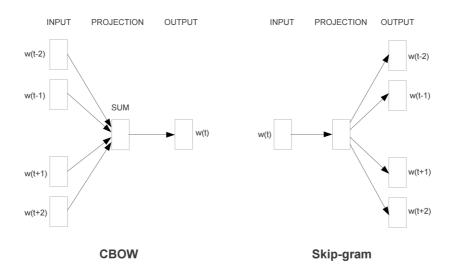
When I'm thirsty, I drink water.

I drink tea, before I go to sleep.

Words that show up in similar **contexts**, such as "coffee", "tea", and "water" will have vectors near each other. Different words will be further away from one another, and relationships can be represented by distance in vector space.

There are two architectures for implementing Word2Vec:

- · CBOW (Continuous Bag-Of-Words) and
- · Skip-gram



In this implementation, we'll be using the **skip-gram architecture** with **negative sampling** because it performs better than CBOW and trains faster with negative sampling. Here, we pass in a word and try to predict the words surrounding it in the text. In this way, we can train the network to learn representations for words that show up in similar contexts.

Loading Data

Next, we'll ask you to load in data and place it in the data directory

- Load the <u>text8 dataset (https://s3.amazonaws.com/video.udacity-data.com/topher/2018/October/5bbe6499_text8/text8.zip)</u>; a file of cleaned up *Wikipedia article text* from Matt Mahoney.
- 2. Place that data in the data folder in the home directory.
- 3. Then you can extract it and delete the archive, zip file to save storage space.

After following these steps, you should have one file in your data directory: data/text8.

In [1]:

```
# read in the extracted text file
with open('data/text8') as f:
    text = f.read()

# print out the first 100 characters
print(text[:100])
```

anarchism originated as a term of abuse first used against early work ing class radicals including t

Pre-processing

Here I'm fixing up the text to make training easier. This comes from the utils.py file. The preprocess function does a few things:

- It converts any punctuation into tokens, so a period is changed to <PERIOD> . In this data set, there aren't any periods, but it will help in other NLP problems.
- It removes all words that show up five or *fewer* times in the dataset. This will greatly reduce issues due to noise in the data and improve the quality of the vector representations.
- · It returns a list of words in the text.

This may take a few seconds to run, since our text file is quite large. If you want to write your own functions for this stuff, go for it!

In [2]:

```
import utils

# get list of words
words = utils.preprocess(text)
print(words[:30])

['anarchism', 'originated', 'as', 'a', 'term', 'of', 'abuse', 'first',
'used', 'against', 'early', 'working', 'class', 'radicals', 'includin
g', 'the', 'diggers', 'of', 'the', 'english', 'revolution', 'and', 'th
e', 'sans', 'culottes', 'of', 'the', 'french', 'revolution', 'whilst']

In [3]:
```

```
# print some stats about this word data
print("Total words in text: {}".format(len(words)))
print("Unique words: {}".format(len(set(words)))) # `set` removes any duplicate wor
```

Total words in text: 16680599 Unique words: 63641

Dictionaries

Next, I'm creating two dictionaries to convert words to integers and back again (integers to words). This is again done with a function in the utils.py file. create_lookup_tables takes in a list of words in a text and returns two dictionaries.

• The integers are assigned in descending frequency order, so the most frequent word ("the") is given the integer 0 and the next most frequent is 1, and so on.

Once we have our dictionaries, the words are converted to integers and stored in the list int words.

In [4]:

```
vocab_to_int, int_to_vocab = utils.create_lookup_tables(words)
int_words = [vocab_to_int[word] for word in words]

print(int_words[:30])

[5233, 3080, 11, 5, 194, 1, 3133, 45, 58, 155, 127, 741, 476, 10571, 1
33, 0, 27349, 1, 0, 102, 854, 2, 0, 15067, 58112, 1, 0, 150, 854, 358
0]
```

Subsampling

Words that show up often such as "the", "of", and "for" don't provide much context to the nearby words. If we discard some of them, we can remove some of the noise from our data and in return get faster training and better representations. This process is called subsampling by Mikolov. For each word w_i in the training set, we'll discard it with probability given by

$$P(w_i) = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{t}{f(w_i)}}$$

where t is a threshold parameter and $f(w_i)$ is the frequency of word w_i in the total dataset.

Implement subsampling for the words in <code>int_words</code>. That is, go through <code>int_words</code> and discard each word given the probability $P(w_i)$ shown above. Note that $P(w_i)$ is the probability that a word is discarded. Assign the subsampled data to <code>train_words</code>.

In [5]:

```
from collections import Counter
import random
import numpy as np

threshold = 1e-5
word_counts = Counter(int_words)
#print(list(word_counts.items())[0]) # dictionary of int_words, how many times the

total_count = len(int_words)
freqs = {word: count/total_count for word, count in word_counts.items()}
p_drop = {word: 1 - np.sqrt(threshold/freqs[word]) for word in word_counts}
# discard some frequent words, according to the subsampling equation
# create a new list of words for training
train_words = [word for word in int_words if random.random() < (1 - p_drop[word])]

print(train_words[:30])

[127, 10571, 27349, 15067, 58112, 190, 10712, 104, 2731, 371, 2757, 68
6, 7088, 5233, 320, 44611, 5233, 2621, 8983, 4147, 141, 6437, 4186, 15</pre>
```

3, 5233, 1137, 6, 4860, 6753, 7573]

Making batches

Now that our data is in good shape, we need to get it into the proper form to pass it into our network. With the skip-gram architecture, for each word in the text, we want to define a surrounding context and grab all the words in a window around that word, with size C.

From Mikolov et al. (https://arxiv.org/pdf/1301.3781.pdf):

"Since the more distant words are usually less related to the current word than those close to it, we give less weight to the distant words by sampling less from those words in our training examples... If we choose C=5, for each training word we will select randomly a number R in range [1:C], and then use R words from history and R words from the future of the current word as correct labels."

Exercise: Implement a function <code>get_target</code> that receives a list of words, an index, and a window size, then returns a list of words in the window around the index. Make sure to use the algorithm described above, where you chose a random number of words to from the window.

Say, we have an input and we're interested in the idx=2 token, 741:

```
[5233, 58, 741, 10571, 27349, 0, 15067, 58112, 3580, 58, 10712]

For R=2, get_target should return a list of four values:

[5233, 58, 10571, 27349]
```

In [6]:

```
def get_target(words, idx, window_size=5):
    ''' Get a list of words in a window around an index. '''

R = np.random.randint(1, window_size+1)
    start = idx - R if (idx - R) > 0 else 0
    stop = idx + R
    target_words = words[start:idx] + words[idx+1:stop+1]

return list(target_words)
```

In [7]:

```
# test your code!

# run this cell multiple times to check for random window selection
int_text = [i for i in range(10)]
print('Input: ', int_text)
idx=5 # word index of interest

target = get_target(int_text, idx=idx, window_size=5)
print('Target: ', target) # you should get some indices around the idx
```

```
Input: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
Target: [3, 4, 6, 7]
```

Generating Batches

Here's a generator function that returns batches of input and target data for our model, using the get_target function from above. The idea is that it grabs batch_size words from a words list. Then for each of those batches, it gets the target words in a window.

In [8]:

```
def get_batches(words, batch_size, window_size=5):
    ''' Create a generator of word batches as a tuple (inputs, targets) '''
    n_batches = len(words)//batch_size

# only full batches
words = words[:n_batches*batch_size]

for idx in range(0, len(words), batch_size):
    x, y = [], []
    batch = words[idx:idx+batch_size]
    for ii in range(len(batch)):
        batch_x = batch[ii]
        batch_y = get_target(batch, ii, window_size)
        y.extend(batch_y)
        x.extend([batch_x]*len(batch_y))
    yield x, y
```

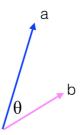
In [9]:

```
int_text = [i for i in range(20)]
x,y = next(get_batches(int_text, batch_size=4, window_size=5))
print('x\n', x)
print('y\n', y)

x
  [0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3]
y
  [1, 0, 2, 3, 0, 1, 3, 0, 1, 2]
```

Validation

Here, I'm creating a function that will help us observe our model as it learns. We're going to choose a few common words and few uncommon words. Then, we'll print out the closest words to them using the cosine similarity:



similarity =
$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}}{|\vec{a}||\vec{b}|}$$

We can encode the validation words as vectors \vec{a} using the embedding table, then calculate the similarity with each word vector \vec{b} in the embedding table. With the similarities, we can print out the validation words and words in our embedding table semantically similar to those words. It's a nice way to check that our embedding table is grouping together words with similar semantic meanings.

In [10]:

```
def cosine similarity(embedding, valid size=16, valid window=100, device='cpu'):
    """ Returns the cosine similarity of validation words with words in the embeddi
       Here, embedding should be a PyTorch embedding module.
    # Here we're calculating the cosine similarity between some random words and
   # our embedding vectors. With the similarities, we can look at what words are
   # close to our random words.
   \# sim = (a . b) / |a||b|
    embed vectors = embedding.weight
    # magnitude of embedding vectors, |b|
    magnitudes = embed vectors.pow(2).sum(dim=1).sgrt().unsqueeze(0)
    # pick N words from our ranges (0, window) and (1000, 1000+window). lower id impl
    valid examples = np.array(random.sample(range(valid window), valid size//2))
    valid examples = np.append(valid examples,
                               random.sample(range(1000,1000+valid window), valid s
    valid examples = torch.LongTensor(valid examples).to(device)
    valid vectors = embedding(valid examples)
    similarities = torch.mm(valid vectors, embed vectors.t())/magnitudes
    return valid examples, similarities
```

SkipGram model

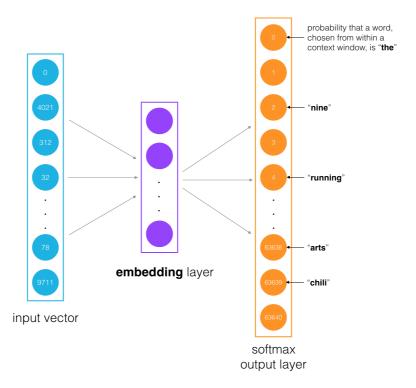
Define and train the SkipGram model.

You'll need to define an <u>embedding layer (https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/nn.html#embedding)</u> and a final, softmax output layer.

An Embedding layer takes in a number of inputs, importantly:

- **num_embeddings** the size of the dictionary of embeddings, or how many rows you'll want in the embedding weight matrix
- embedding_dim the size of each embedding vector; the embedding dimension

Below is an approximate diagram of the general structure of our network.



- The input words are passed in as batches of input word tokens.
- This will go into a hidden layer of linear units (our embedding layer).
- Then, finally into a softmax output layer.

We'll use the softmax layer to make a prediction about the context words by sampling, as usual.

Negative Sampling

For every example we give the network, we train it using the output from the softmax layer. That means for each input, we're making very small changes to millions of weights even though we only have one true example. This makes training the network very inefficient. We can approximate the loss from the softmax layer by only updating a small subset of all the weights at once. We'll update the weights for the correct example, but only a small number of incorrect, or noise, examples. This is called "negative sampling" (http://papers.nips.cc/paper/5021-distributed-representations-of-words-and-phrases-and-their-compositionality.pdf).

There are two modifications we need to make. First, since we're not taking the softmax output over all the words, we're really only concerned with one output word at a time. Similar to how we use an embedding table to map the input word to the hidden layer, we can now use another embedding table to map the hidden layer to the output word. Now we have two embedding layers, one for input words and one for output words. Secondly, we use a modified loss function where we only care about the true example and a small subset of noise examples.

$$-\log \sigma \left(u_{w_o}^{\mathsf{T}} v_{w_I}\right) - \sum_{i}^{N} \mathbb{E}_{w_i \sim P_n(w)} \log \sigma \left(-u_{w_i}^{\mathsf{T}} v_{w_I}\right)$$

This is a little complicated so I'll go through it bit by bit. $u_{w_0}^{-}$ is the embedding vector for our "output" target word (transposed, that's the $^{+}$ symbol) and v_{w_I} is the embedding vector for the "input" word. Then the first term

$$\log \sigma \left(u_{w_O}^{\mathsf{T}} v_{w_I}\right)$$

says we take the log-sigmoid of the inner product of the output word vector and the input word vector. Now the second term, let's first look at

$$\sum_{i}^{N} \mathbb{E}_{w_{i} \sim P_{n}(w)}$$

This means we're going to take a sum over words w_i drawn from a noise distribution $w_i \sim P_n(w)$. The noise distribution is basically our vocabulary of words that aren't in the context of our input word. In effect, we can randomly sample words from our vocabulary to get these words. $P_n(w)$ is an arbitrary probability distribution though, which means we get to decide how to weight the words that we're sampling. This could be a uniform distribution, where we sample all words with equal probability. Or it could be according to the frequency that each word shows up in our text corpus, the unigram distribution U(w). The authors found the best distribution to be $U(w)^{3/4}$, empirically.

Finally, in

$$\log \sigma \left(-u_{w_i}^{\mathsf{T}} v_{w_I}\right),$$

we take the log-sigmoid of the negated inner product of a noise vector with the input vector.

$$-\log \sigma \left(u_{w_{o}}^{\mathsf{T}} v_{w_{I}}\right) - \sum_{i}^{N} \mathbb{E}_{w_{i} \sim P_{n}(w)} \log \sigma \left(-u_{w_{i}}^{\mathsf{T}} v_{w_{I}}\right)$$

$$\uparrow \text{correct target} \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{noisy target}$$

To give you an intuition for what we're doing here, remember that the sigmoid function returns a probability between 0 and 1. The first term in the loss pushes the probability that our network will predict the correct word w_0 towards 1. In the second term, since we are negating the sigmoid input, we're pushing the probabilities of the noise words towards 0.

In [11]:

import torch
from torch import nn
import torch.optim as optim

In [12]:

```
class SkipGramNeg(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, n_vocab, n_embed, noise dist=None):
        super(). init ()
        self.n vocab = n vocab
        self.n embed = n embed
        self.noise dist = noise dist
        # define embedding layers for input and output words
        self.in embed = nn.Embedding(n vocab, n embed)
        self.out embed = nn.Embedding(n vocab, n embed)
        # Initialize embedding tables with uniform distribution
        # I believe this helps with convergence
        self.in embed.weight.data.uniform (-1, 1)
        self.out embed.weight.data.uniform (-1, 1)
    def forward input(self, input words):
        input vectors = self.in embed(input words)
        return input vectors
    def forward output(self, output words):
        output vectors = self.out embed(output words)
        return output vectors
    def forward noise(self, batch size, n samples):
        """ Generate noise vectors with shape (batch size, n samples, n embed)"""
        if self.noise dist is None:
            # Sample words uniformly
            noise dist = torch.ones(self.n vocab)
        else:
            noise dist = self.noise dist
        # Sample words from our noise distribution
        noise words = torch.multinomial(noise dist,
                                        batch size * n samples,
                                        replacement=True)
        device = "cuda" if model.out_embed.weight.is_cuda else "cpu"
        noise words = noise words.to(device)
        noise vectors = self.out embed(noise words).view(batch size, n samples, sel
        return noise_vectors
```

In [13]:

```
class NegativeSamplingLoss(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
    def forward(self, input vectors, output vectors, noise vectors):
        batch size, embed size = input vectors.shape
        # Input vectors should be a batch of column vectors
        input vectors = input vectors.view(batch size, embed size, 1)
        # Output vectors should be a batch of row vectors
        output vectors = output vectors.view(batch size, 1, embed size)
        # bmm = batch matrix multiplication
        # correct log-sigmoid loss
        out loss = torch.bmm(output vectors, input vectors).sigmoid().log()
        out loss = out loss.squeeze()
        # incorrect log-sigmoid loss
        noise loss = torch.bmm(noise vectors.neg(), input vectors).sigmoid().log()
        noise loss = noise loss.squeeze().sum(1) # sum the losses over the sample
        # negate and sum correct and noisy log-sigmoid losses
        # return average batch loss
        return -(out loss + noise loss).mean()
```

Training

Below is our training loop, and I recommend that you train on GPU, if available.

In [14]:

```
device = 'cuda' if torch.cuda.is available() else 'cpu'
# Get our noise distribution
# Using word frequencies calculated earlier in the notebook
word freqs = np.array(sorted(freqs.values(), reverse=True))
unigram dist = word freqs/word freqs.sum()
noise dist = torch.from numpy(unigram dist**(0.75)/np.sum(unigram dist**(0.75)))
# instantiating the model
embedding dim = 300
model = SkipGramNeg(len(vocab to int), embedding dim, noise dist=noise dist).to(dev
# using the loss that we defined
criterion = NegativeSamplingLoss()
optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=0.003)
print every = 1500
steps = 0
epochs = 5
# train for some number of epochs
for e in range(epochs):
    # get our input, target batches
    for input words, target words in get batches(train words, 512):
        steps += 1
        inputs, targets = torch.LongTensor(input_words), torch.LongTensor(target_wo
        inputs, targets = inputs.to(device), targets.to(device)
        # input, output, and noise vectors
        input vectors = model.forward input(inputs)
        output vectors = model.forward output(targets)
        noise vectors = model.forward noise(inputs.shape[0], 5)
        # negative sampling loss
        loss = criterion(input vectors, output vectors, noise vectors)
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        # loss stats
        if steps % print every == 0:
            print("Epoch: {}/{}".format(e+1, epochs))
            print("Loss: ", loss.item()) # avg batch loss at this point in training
            valid examples, valid similarities = cosine similarity(model.in embed,
            _, closest_idxs = valid_similarities.topk(6)
            valid examples, closest idxs = valid examples.to('cpu'), closest idxs.t
            for ii, valid idx in enumerate(valid examples):
                closest_words = [int_to_vocab[idx.item()] for idx in closest_idxs[i
                print(int to vocab[valid idx.item()] + " | " + ', '.join(closest wo
            print("...\n")
```

```
Epoch: 1/5
Loss: 6.7322540283203125
to | the, earth, barium, protection, and
zero | the, and, in, of, one
been | pathogen, competing, restored, advertising, demanded
```

between | herman, junta, kenyatta, two, outsiders
also | beowulf, creatures, recommendation, cooler, boundary
it | the, that, confer, send, as
a | make, of, harper, that, the
all | studio, blubber, drawbacks, accidentally, autonomous
quite | neighbours, once, casinos, stuttgart, monster
instance | marcus, teeth, leon, peninsular, married
report | in, festivals, member, backbone, strains
pressure | khan, muni, bipolar, swimming, satellite
know | unify, had, klara, shapeshifting, households
stage | clark, mayor, yates, supplements, doubtful
engineering | sacs, z, one, heaven, passes
animals | concentration, flicks, silvertown, absorb, geologically
...

Epoch: 1/5 Loss: 4.835074424743652 his | in, the, a, of, as often | procurator, of, that, networks, established had | one, nine, which, zero, in many | of, which, rocks, with, two see | of, from, as, with, a and | the, a, to, of, in between | two, is, junta, neoliberalism, three people | with, in, for, alex, some construction | dutch, universiti, to, testament, atmospheres award | wagf, era, highway, by, bonding ocean | malthus, ubiquitous, regimens, who, transiting engine | unproductive, latina, zoe, by, battlefield quite | casinos, neighbours, once, portable, monster pope | comparison, coup, cheek, narrowly, mph event | soils, cdots, contingent, charlton, endless lived | disadvantage, saltwater, underwater, overview, donkeys

Epoch: 1/5 Loss: 4.341375350952148 when | to, for, by, an, they or | is, be, a, the, in only | by, in, to, be, as known | a, and, nine, were, one not | to, be, is, that, it about | to, and, is, of, his are | is, that, a, in, the in | the, and, of, a, to rise | fax, laws, hells, comedienne, colonize magazine | liberal, delirium, pivot, narnia, taboos ocean | malthus, zeppelins, size, accuses, ubiquitous dr | cleopatra, chojn, suburb, aviator, runways experience | thought, god, affluence, interdiction, an construction | dutch, pun, of, atmospheres, universiti instance | marcus, nevertheless, gash, conflict, festivals bible | babylonian, vibrates, fielded, cbt, guilbert . . .

Epoch: 1/5
Loss: 3.6369738578796387
states | united, in, government, seven, state
his | he, the, in, during, with
many | most, by, of, the, from
two | four, five, seven, zero, one

about | of, the, and, in, zero
war | had, united, the, one, of
they | the, are, a, of, that
eight | nine, one, seven, four, five
police | elections, states, administration, economic, countries
recorded | patass, toothed, mats, reuptake, d
pressure | temperature, use, muni, where, can
road | towns, volvo, gauge, hen, shakespearean
http | www, software, selecting, links, large
egypt | west, israel, european, hobbit, afghanistan
alternative | wikis, imbedded, davenport, slowly, mingus
institute | chocolates, summations, incurring, brushed, christianity

Epoch: 1/5 Loss: 3.504284381866455 is | a, the, such, to, of after | and, nine, one, was, the have | the, are, from, most, that nine | one, eight, four, seven, six may | of, with, their, the, and time | a, many, in, by, most see | of, by, are, and, is with | a, the, in, of, an creation | yet, god, world, since, thorns cost | systems, rate, blackened, expensive, taint something | knowledge, they, follow, question, comments existence | human, our, argument, teachings, principle smith | charles, american, william, richard, politician governor | charles, president, general, queen, executive police | united, courts, military, prisoners, u joseph | writer, ii, french, born, d . . .

Epoch: 1/5 3.3184025287628174 Loss: some | are, that, is, still, to more | these, are, which, to, or he | his, him, her, after, wife other | are, and, or, for, is th | century, history, west, five, roman however | to, the, which, some, that such | is, different, or, are, be would | to, was, they, him, did http | www, links, com, web, website creation | pushcha, since, they, to, beginning instance | can, not, functions, complex, value something | that, you, your, could, anything bible | hebrew, testament, christian, jewish, biblical bill | american, film, nine, george, singer file | format, user, files, software, computer quite | have, different, are, such, can . . .

Epoch: 2/5
Loss: 2.8340201377868652
six | four, eight, seven, one, three
can | be, or, techniques, types, using
between | and, from, part, thus, the
have | some, but, the, in, are
war | military, forces, troops, killed, soviet

21/01/2020 Negative Sampling Solution - Jupyter Notebook from | into, and, which, the, in when | to, the, can, put, them history | links, see, external, list, and brother | wife, died, father, his, son mathematics | mathematical, theory, theories, science, theorem consists | are, or, note, and, terms event | football, ever, park, saw, ball experience | towards, effects, that, what, belief police | campaign, convicted, military, armed, party versions | classic, video, features, version, software egypt | dynasty, persian, east, empire, egyptian Epoch: 2/5 Loss: 2.5524561405181885 were | with, became, heavy, was, in

system | systems, code, computer, programs, using other | or, these, make, see, often over | a, and, has, there, or but | and, that, however, an, of was | had, after, victory, during, defeat states | united, military, u, state, armed during | was, in, first, the, s except | divided, or, and, some, is writers | works, fiction, literary, poets, published something | might, could, our, without, more road | city, street, park, east, washington governor | president, appointed, elected, cabinet, minister engine | engines, speed, models, cylinder, car san | university, california, los, college, santa frac | x, equation, f, mathbf, cdot . . .

Epoch: 2/5 Loss: 2.7377986907958984 its | the, between, and, more, their was | he, had, daughter, days, of it | thus, be, can, into, a into | to, it, a, the, by new | university, city, york, history, college up | and, the, can, will, move or | non, to, are, a, these seven | one, eight, nine, four, zero engineering | engineers, systems, technology, electrical, electronics marriage | her, married, divorce, life, he pope | roman, papal, rome, leo, catholics shown | complex, finite, number, axis, above egypt | syria, persian, egyptian, cairo, sinai magazine | publishing, books, bbc, interview, career grand | des, paris, royal, north, st channel | satellite, radio, cable, coverage, broadcast . . .

Epoch: 2/5 2.6995224952697754 Loss: no | import, done, jargon, info, duplicate be | are, any, time, for, these four | five, three, two, six, nine five | four, six, three, zero, two their | and, the, themselves, to, or system | systems, data, programming, code, implementation the | in, of, by, and, to known | the, from, a, north, in square | kilometers, situated, located, near, county versions | computer, macintosh, version, feature, microsoft magazine | media, newspapers, fiction, bbc, publishing woman | her, she, husband, mother, birth shows | television, tv, genre, game, final assembly | elected, elections, legislative, cabinet, president bill | office, president, executive, bush, tony troops | army, military, war, armies, soviet ...

Epoch: 2/5 Loss: 2.58

Loss: 2.580954074859619 to | the, and, when, a, as th | nd, century, one, zero, four has | are, other, or, as, include with | in, of, a, the, also zero | five, three, four, two, nine however | in, their, to, have, was if | we, will, must, so, be more | are, most, as, or, and dr | ed, four, story, bibliography, john recorded | album, recording, song, label, records engine | engines, cylinder, combustion, fuel, prototype rise | revolution, influence, thought, attempts, and award | awards, winners, best, awarded, fame issue | opinion, court, rejected, amendment, supreme pressure | heat, gas, effective, forcing, air versions | version, pc, macintosh, microsoft, os . . .

Epoch: 2/5

Loss: 2.7661571502685547 a | which, and, to, the, or it | to, is, for, an, of for | and, with, it, a, which years | year, birth, months, death, female would | he, wanted, to, him, was however | to, some, during, it, occur five | one, six, two, eight, seven there | are, which, except, typically, in ice | winter, hockey, temperature, temperatures, lake pre | main, modern, see, millennium, early behind | left, told, hitting, driving, doors existence | defined, follows, interpretation, quantum, notion governor | appointed, prime, minister, john, elected scale | scales, temperature, flat, major, instruments account | potential, hypothesis, how, this, values freedom | political, accused, presidential, rights, social . . .

Epoch: 3/5

Loss: 2.850525379180908

about | people, what, part, according, life

zero | two, five, four, seven, eight

more | are, than, a, its, the
i | we, you, him, me, daughter

up | down, their, to, the, from

to | a, the, for, in, this

d | b, laureate, politician, writer, actor

21/01/2020 were | their, had, forced, took, to something | we, you, want, sufficiently, feels marriage | married, marriages, marry, divorce, wife lived | died, throne, sons, his, mother pressure | temperature, heat, liquid, melting, pressures question | questions, ought, belief, argued, ethical channel | channels, cable, television, tv, radio report | reports, review, news, pdf, terrorist mainly | largest, ethnic, large, many, among Epoch: 3/5 Loss: 2.4977896213531494 there | are, is, every, least, any

which | a, is, it, to, be would | to, him, that, their, lose between | this, into, non, formed, characterized can | a, be, is, if, cannot with | the, to, or, a, some were | was, had, before, in, who who | his, married, he, friend, had liberal | liberals, party, liberalism, conservative, democracy engineering | technology, engineers, systems, university, education rise | massive, increasing, decline, wealth, depends prince | duke, son, princess, sir, elizabeth troops | army, forces, war, germans, armies san | francisco, diego, california, jose, santa dr | robert, lynn, eric, journal, musician discovered | discovery, found, observations, periodic, obtained

Epoch: 3/5 Loss: 2.225531578063965 or | are, is, to, all, other to | be, the, it, or, able seven | eight, nine, one, four, three have | be, were, and, to, some s | his, one, two, eight, nine world | most, the, cultural, war, race called | is, use, are, an, used where | n, t, to, left, above gold | silver, copper, metals, tin, diamonds frac | x, equation, cdot, mathbf, cos engine | engines, cylinder, fuel, piston, powered writers | philosophers, poets, novelists, deaths, literature numerous | in, regarding, other, many, led report | news, reports, links, cia, org joseph | john, william, born, benjamin, james ice | rock, frozen, hockey, snow, crush

Epoch: 3/5 Loss: 2.6488029956817627 b | d, k, r, n, y will | if, would, can, not, should from | the, of, in, and, with as | a, such, the, or, in known | and, the, of, was, roman he | his, him, himself, her, who an | which, the, it, on, is can | used, are, it, be, if

freedom | social, rights, policies, political, promoting
gold | silver, copper, metals, precious, timber
issue | political, accepted, rejected, commentators, membership
discovered | discovery, observations, experiments, astronomer, found
nobel | prize, laureate, physicist, chemist, politician
governor | secretary, president, appointed, appoints, senate
ice | rock, crust, dry, frozen, rocks
dr | starring, michael, ed, allen, his

Epoch: 3/5 Loss: 2.487758159637451 between | there, eastern, in, or, as years | zero, female, age, three, birth their | they, and, however, because, only may | are, usually, means, in, or over | the, under, zero, and, in known | th, by, the, also, in to | and, the, of, in, was at | in, was, england, near, he troops | forces, army, invasion, attack, invaded dr | nine, four, allen, poet, bibliography numerous | also, around, most, cited, and professional | football, fame, american, school, canadian construction | built, constructed, buildings, architectural, building scale | scales, tend, materials, technological, produce brother | son, daughter, cousin, sister, wife ice | hockey, rock, skating, crust, frozen

Epoch: 3/5 Loss: 2.500605583190918 have | their, are, this, were, there their | have, they, some, or, are use | such, these, applications, possible, used six | one, two, eight, five, zero but | it, or, be, the, that his | he, father, him, brother, son years | year, death, five, female, age they | their, to, however, so, would active | organized, radical, passive, bahasa, member mathematics | mathematical, mathematicians, euclid, sciences, math mean | n, mu, argument, variable, sin running | run, platform, address, runs, on alternative | music, for, slang, see, used channel | channels, cable, radio, broadcast, television shown | in, both, called, here, is ice | hockey, skating, glacier, frozen, winter . . .

Epoch: 4/5
Loss: 2.3018791675567627
more | are, but, only, is, very
its | the, from, of, is, has
first | was, the, for, one, had
which | is, it, in, the, also
this | it, that, in, most, to
th | century, nd, centuries, eight, period
where | in, when, or, to, long
three | two, one, four, zero, six
orthodox | catholic, church, christians, christianity, orthodoxy

```
award | awards, nomination, oscar, awarded, best
bbc | weekly, august, listing, broadcasts, news
accepted | believe, according, opinion, interpretation, questions
recorded | album, song, songs, albums, date
square | density, miles, length, mi, km
troops | army, war, forces, armies, battle
professional | football, team, baseball, teams, players
. . .
Epoch: 4/5
      2.524277687072754
Loss:
of | in, and, the, by, s
united | states, british, department, canada, countries
in | of, and, the, was, from
first | one, the, s, was, by
his | he, him, himself, who, father
see | of, is, history, in, links
state | california, university, college, colorado, district
has | the, in, which, to, with
arts | school, art, schools, academy, technology
mainly | widely, mostly, region, among, recent
dr | michael, allen, ed, writer, richard
smith | john, jr, adam, joe, mormon
egypt | egyptian, bc, egyptians, arab, syria
articles | links, org, dictionary, journal, discusses
quite | have, more, are, usually, very
ice | rock, temperatures, frozen, winter, surface
Epoch: 4/5
Loss: 2.364931583404541
state | absolute, of, energy, system, constant
not | be, that, does, without, to
they | their, those, for, but, are
of | the, in, and, is, a
was | his, had, s, in, after
s | his, one, in, a, of
people | who, native, ethnic, peoples, nation
also | the, in, for, of, is
shows | television, shown, wave, series, combination
taking | following, result, last, year, the
magazine | published, news, newspapers, interview, publications
operations | operation, numbers, algebra, operational, numerical
pre | historical, other, use, cultural, historic
account | accounts, about, notes, that, value
heavy | heavier, metal, smoke, guns, manufacture
file | files, windows, format, unix, rom
Epoch: 4/5
Loss: 2.3778340816497803
where | it, at, and, not, all
if | we, must, then, let, given
after | until, the, during, by, was
s | of, one, by, and, the
may | or, does, not, that, the
however | their, this, would, made, its
was | were, the, by, had, to
many | most, while, such, of, several
smith | william, john, friedman, jr, j
issue | official, ties, issues, advocate, accepted
```

resources | information, directory, list, links, mining applied | materials, context, introduction, study, fundamental professional | sports, amateur, football, players, team running | platform, operating, larry, run, os test | tests, team, ground, unmanned, hazardous bbc | itv, broadcast, television, broadcasts, aired . . . Epoch: 4/5 Loss: 2.4204654693603516 is | are, the, or, a, an seven | one, five, three, four, six often | or, more, usually, sometimes, especially with | and, a, of, in, for when | would, before, to, was, he during | in, was, s, and, the the | in, a, to, of, and are | or, is, be, called, other universe | cosmology, bang, god, worlds, creator hit | hits, hitting, run, album, inning square | kilometers, adjacent, km, central, mi institute | university, research, science, college, institutes pressure | thrust, pressures, cooled, temperature, measures rise | decline, early, end, among, fall grand | prix, duke, prestigious, battle, ney gold | silver, metals, copper, precious, platinum Epoch: 4/5 Loss: 2.5025265216827393 can | be, which, that, or, is in | the, of, by, and, which use | used, using, systems, these, uses and | the, of, in, a, to had | was, were, he, to, s known | by, a, in, is, an they | to, still, not, but, them a | the, which, or, is, and resources | information, source, management, natural, processing engine | engines, combustion, piston, fuel, turbine behind | doors, door, mask, race, car defense | military, defence, nato, training, armed mathematics | mathematical, mathematicians, algebra, geometry, euclid shown | is, the, seen, of, then prince | crown, princess, throne, regent, empress something | wrong, let, you, say, indeed . . . Epoch: 5/5 Loss: 2.1604182720184326 can | or, be, cannot, useful, if no | that, to, as, not, for a | with, the, as, is, by six | one, eight, four, seven, two state | democratic, of, states, government, president will | if, when, it, to, must between | of, the, are, which, within new | nine, s, three, history, york primarily | modern, such, used, include, and paris | france, french, jean, versailles, fran

discovered | discovery, found, geologist, been, specimens

liberal | conservative, liberalism, liberals, conservatives, social
shown | effects, treatment, these, so, cancer
heavy | vehicles, armoured, weapon, personnel, primarily
hold | belief, all, doctrine, or, clearly
pre | ancient, existed, see, millennium, archaeological

Epoch: 5/5 Loss: 2.2580490112304688 his | he, him, himself, who, father so | to, when, they, but, that system | systems, provide, types, tool, multi of | the, in, and, a, is is | a, which, are, the, of zero | two, four, five, nine, three war | troops, allied, army, forces, wwii from | and, the, of, in, as san | francisco, diego, california, santa, antonio ice | snow, temperature, rock, winter, rocks operating | unix, microsoft, user, multitasking, software operations | operation, intelligence, covert, terrorist, military assembly | elected, legislative, unicameral, president, elections question | argument, arguments, which, answers, questions pressure | liquid, temperature, boiling, heating, gas nobel | prize, laureate, physicist, chemist, recipient

Epoch: 5/5

. . .

Loss: 2.550434112548828 no | not, any, have, that, does eight | seven, five, nine, one, zero who | his, he, and, had, whom been | it, in, found, for, most at | the, in, from, five, four over | zero, one, the, three, four this | it, the, a, is, which on | in, a, the, s, for report | news, pdf, agency, review, cia shown | the, a, is, least, this units | unit, measured, si, density, measures recorded | recording, songs, records, period, year institute | university, college, universities, polytechnic, arts stage | movies, played, career, featured, hip lived | mother, life, briefly, she, and scale | scales, large, relative, measuring, magnitude . . .

Epoch: 5/5

Loss: 2.3859899044036865
often | more, are, common, or, some
s | one, three, and, was, of
they | them, are, would, be, but
its | the, an, in, from, which
who | his, he, had, by, himself
eight | nine, seven, four, one, five
no | info, import, jargon, duplicate, done
over | the, years, and, three, four
dr | starring, nine, producer, michael, scientist
defense | armed, defence, nato, military, agency
pope | papal, church, catholic, gregory, papacy
mainly | parts, largest, region, largely, were

```
brother | son, daughter, wife, mother, consort
account | accounts, critical, value, savings, debt
engineering | electronics, technology, disciplines, engineers, technol
ogies
question | argument, whether, answers, how, reject
Epoch: 5/5
Loss: 2.3489036560058594
when | to, would, but, was, him
where | at, to, in, he, the
an | a, s, to, of, was
may | or, are, be, to, as
during | after, in, was, war, s
were | was, had, to, on, the
would | when, did, able, him, had
by | in, the, was, and, a
shown | usually, if, called, show, closely
universe | cosmology, marvel, galaxy, worlds, creator
square | kilometers, adjacent, km, east, area
writers | novelists, fiction, deaths, births, literary
brother | son, mother, sister, father, younger
ice | hockey, temperatures, snow, temperature, frozen
placed | should, stick, others, would, usually
shows | tv, episodes, they, game, movies
. . .
Epoch: 5/5
Loss: 2.3585071563720703
more | some, than, as, both, often
use | used, using, systems, these, uses
about | this, have, up, that, zero
at | the, in, on, s, of
of | in, the, a, and, to
and | the, to, of, a, in
used | uses, use, and, other, a
up | would, which, about, to, move
mainly | include, largest, mostly, throughout, were
mathematics | mathematical, mathematicians, algebra, calculus, algebra
arts | art, disciplines, martial, school, aikido
institute | university, research, polytechnic, studies, museum
grand | prix, at, masters, wins, duke
paris | du, le, jean, france, des
ocean | islands, pacific, atlantic, atolls, coral
joseph | born, edward, b, james, chemist
```

Visualizing the word vectors

. . .

Below we'll use T-SNE to visualize how our high-dimensional word vectors cluster together. T-SNE is used to project these vectors into two dimensions while preserving local stucture. Check out this.post from Christopher Olah (http://colah.github.io/posts/2014-10-Visualizing-MNIST/) to learn more about T-SNE and other ways to visualize high-dimensional data.

In [15]:

```
%matplotlib inline
%config InlineBackend.figure_format = 'retina'
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
```

In [16]:

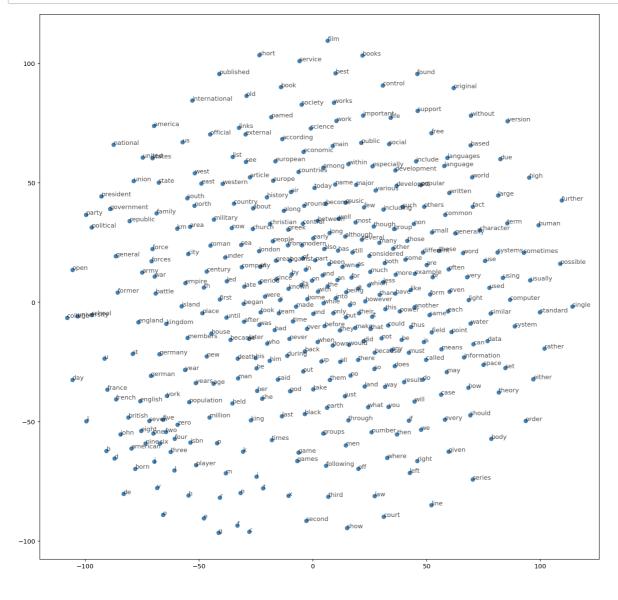
```
# getting embeddings from the embedding layer of our model, by name
embeddings = model.in_embed.weight.to('cpu').data.numpy()
```

In [26]:

```
viz_words = 380
tsne = TSNE()
embed_tsne = tsne.fit_transform(embeddings[:viz_words, :])
```

In [27]:

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(16, 16))
for idx in range(viz_words):
    plt.scatter(*embed_tsne[idx, :], color='steelblue')
    plt.annotate(int_to_vocab[idx], (embed_tsne[idx, 0], embed_tsne[idx, 1]), alpha
```



In []:			