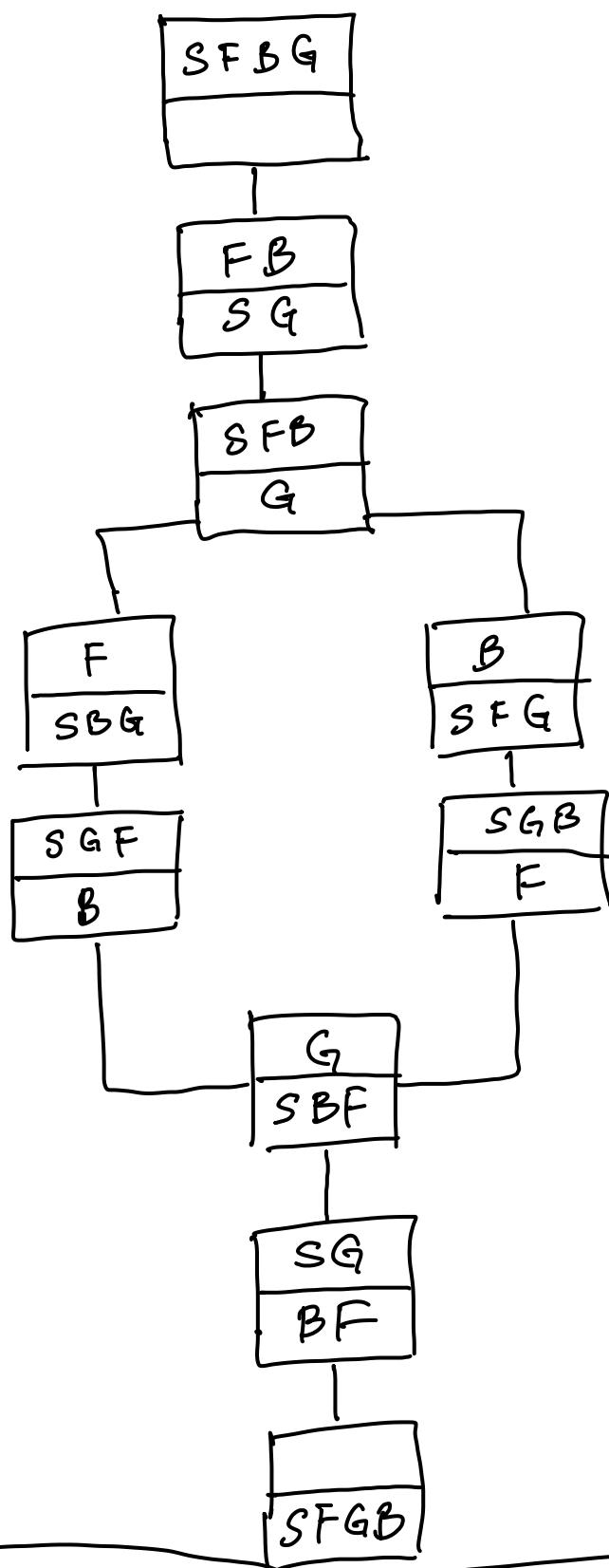


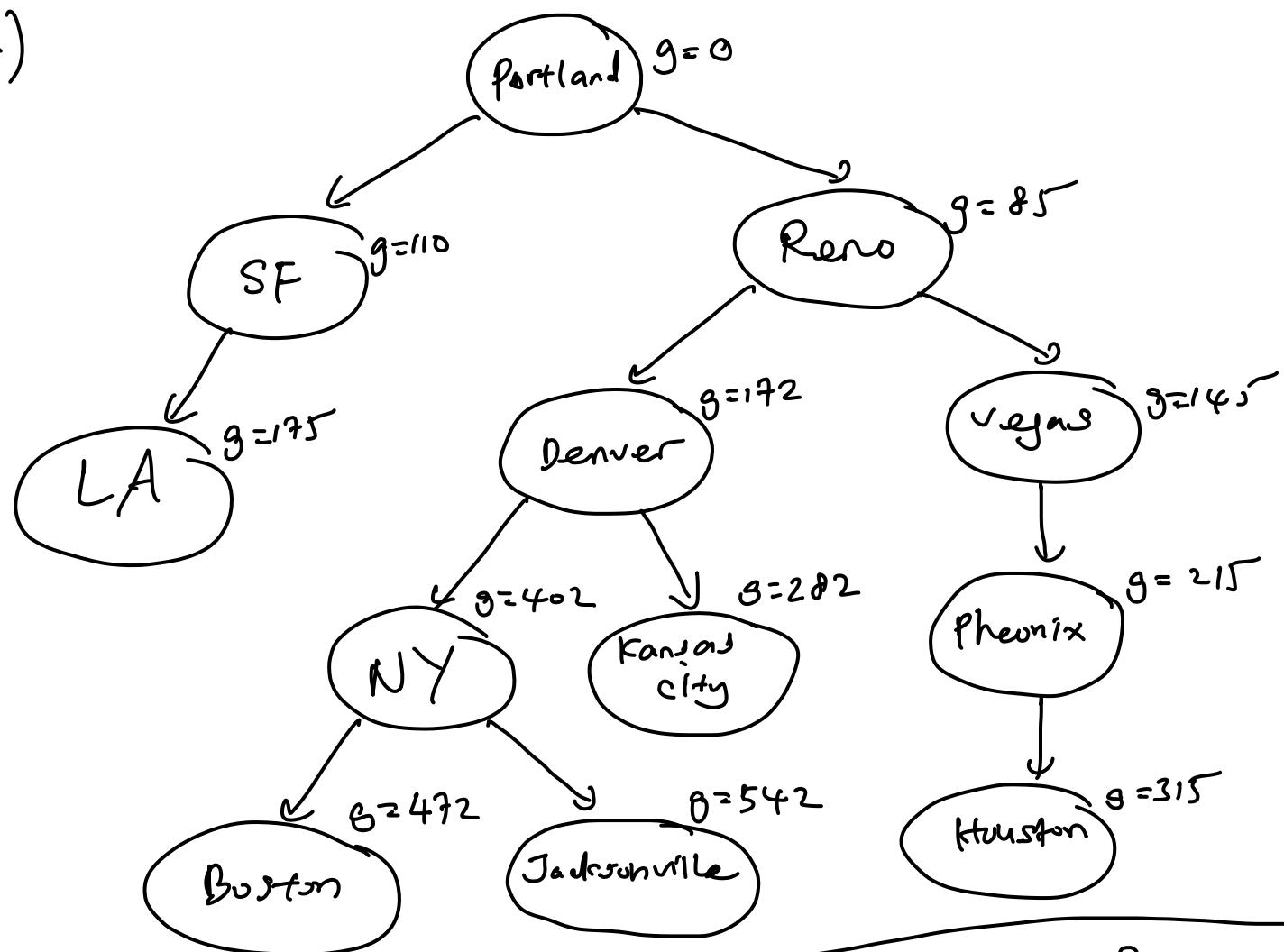
Q1(a)



Q1(b) branching factor = 3

Q1(c) 7 river crossings.

Q 2(a)



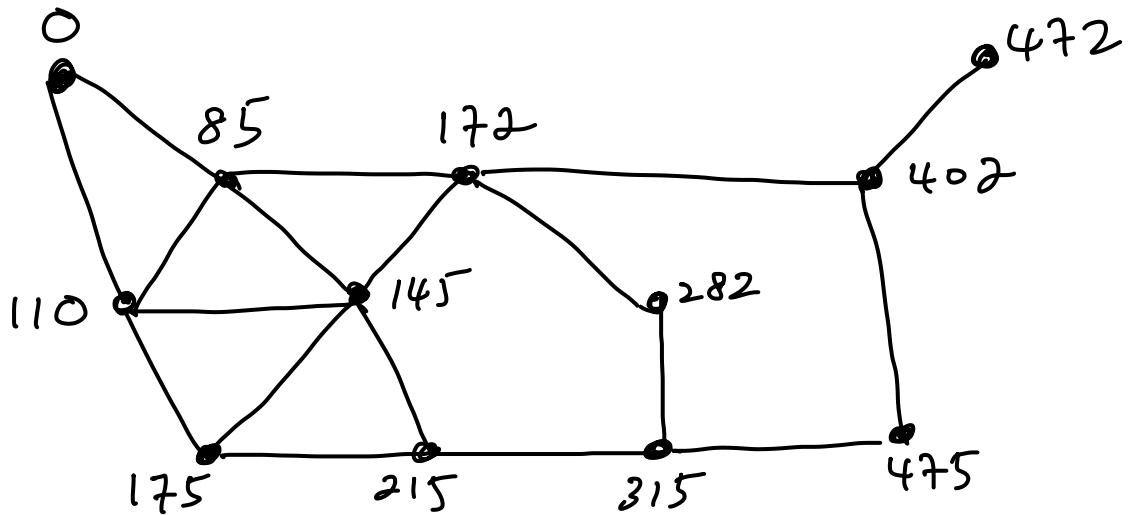
Q 2(b)

$$s(c) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } c = c_{\text{start}} \\ \min_{c' \in \text{predecessor}(c)} \text{stepcost}(c', c) + s(c') & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

OR

The start distance of a given state is the shortest distance from the start state to the given state.

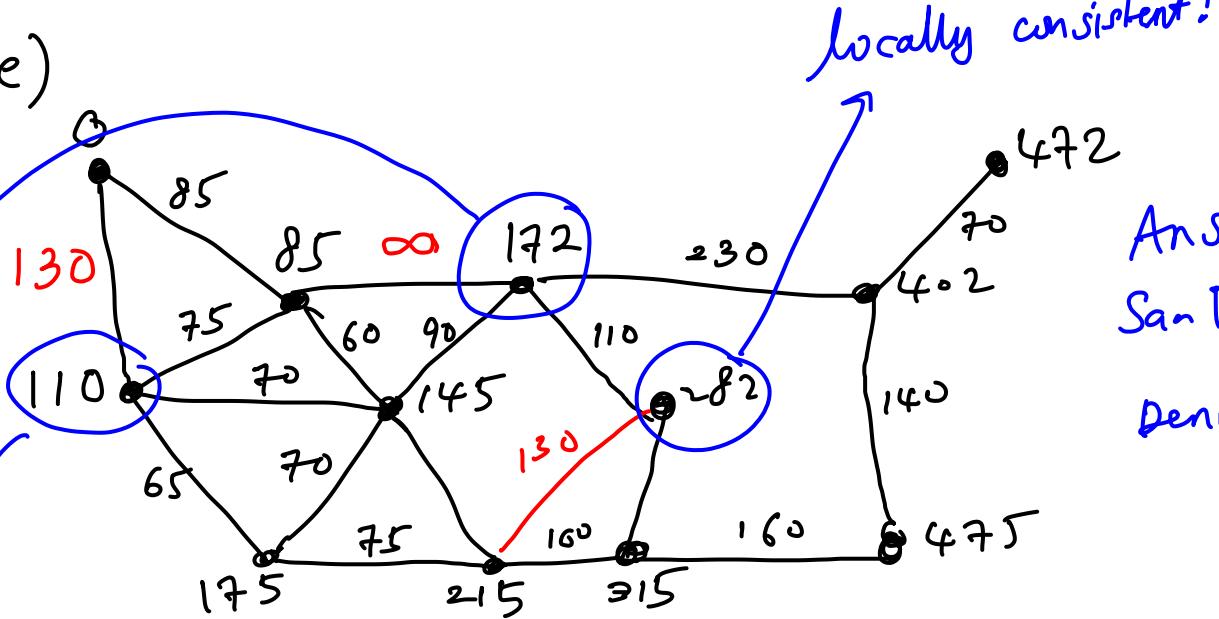
Q2(c)



Q2(d)

Starting from the goal state, follow a path that greedily decreases the start distance.

Q2(e)



Answer:
San Francisco
and
Denver

$$\begin{aligned} \text{g-value} &= 130 \\ \text{rhs-value} &= \min(0+130, 85+75, 145+70, 175+65) \\ &= 130 \end{aligned}$$

$110 \neq 130 \Rightarrow$ locally inconsistent.

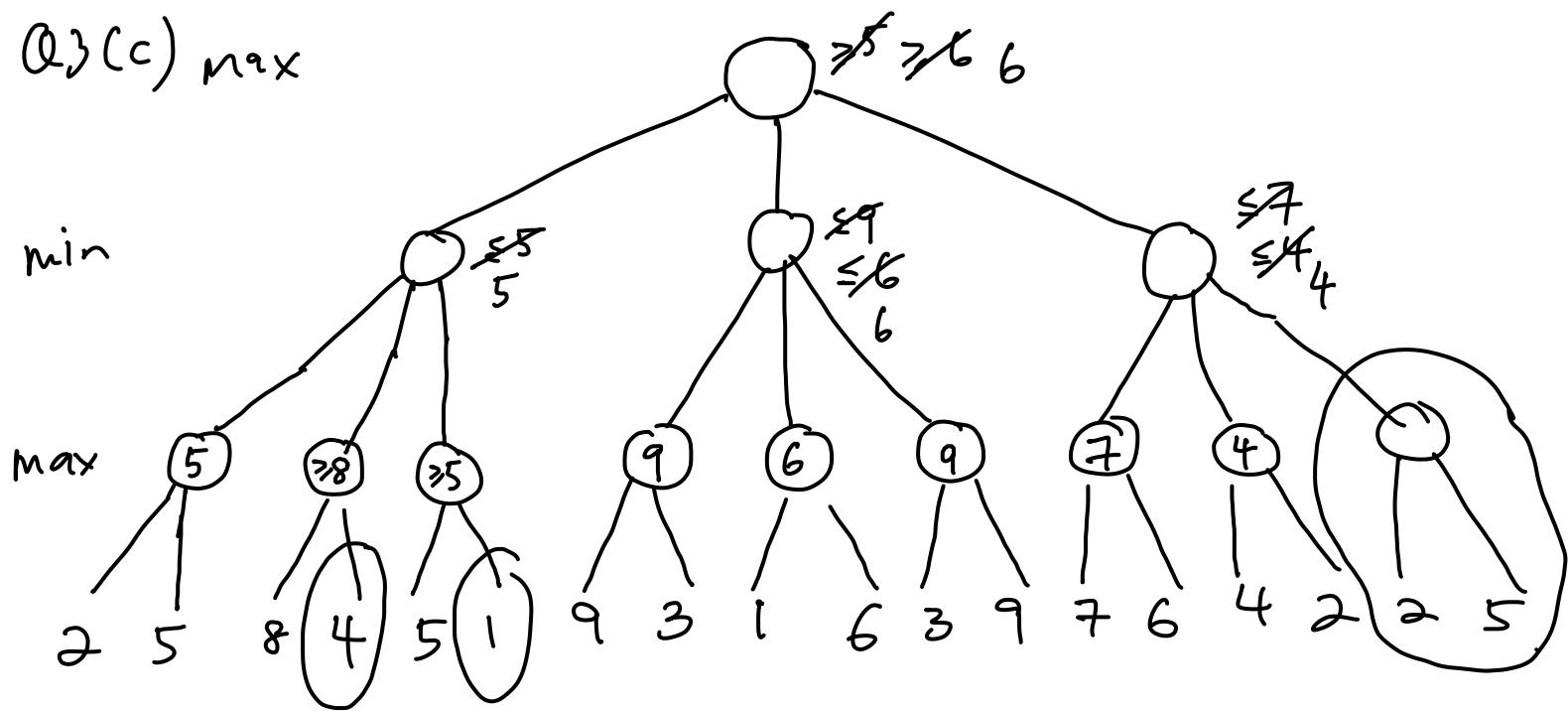
$$\begin{aligned} \text{g-value} &= 172 \quad \text{or just ignore} \\ \text{rhs-value} &= \min(\overbrace{85+\infty}, 145+90, 282+110, 402+230) \\ &= 235 \end{aligned}$$

$172 \neq 235 \Rightarrow$ locally inconsistent

Q3(a) The board state is known to both players.

Q3(b) Cannot make repetitive moves that return to the same board state.

Q3(c) max



Q3(d) Function 1 and function 4.

These functions are monotonically increasing.

or

these functions do not change the ordering of the utility values.

Q3(e) Since the level before the leaf is Max's turn, reorder each branch at the leaf level decreasingly based on utility values.

