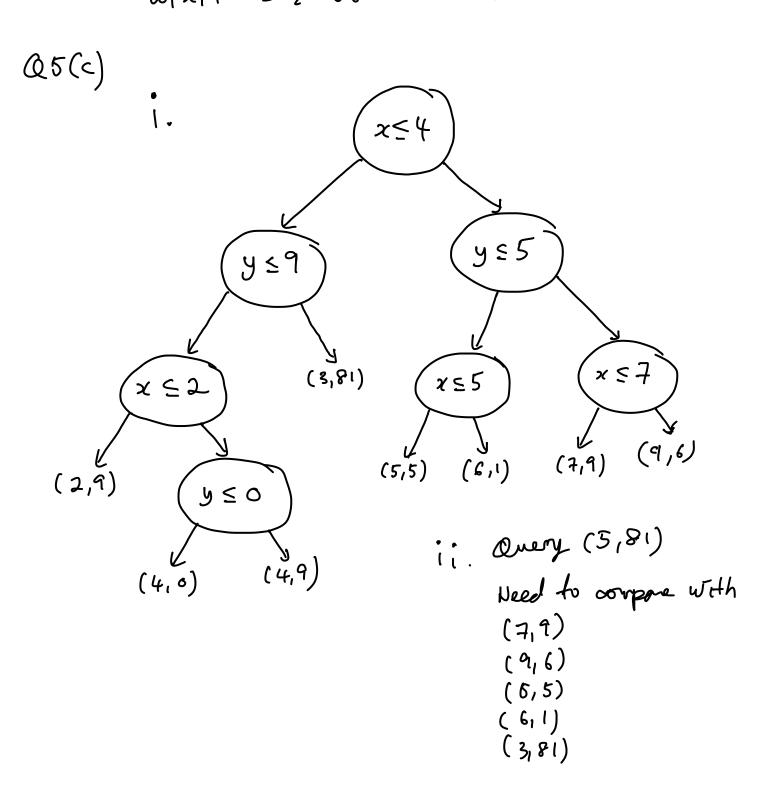


Q5(a) Choose the simplest hypothesis that is consist with the data.

Q5(b)
$$\alpha = f(\omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 - \omega_0)$$

 $\omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 - \omega_0$ is the equation for a line.



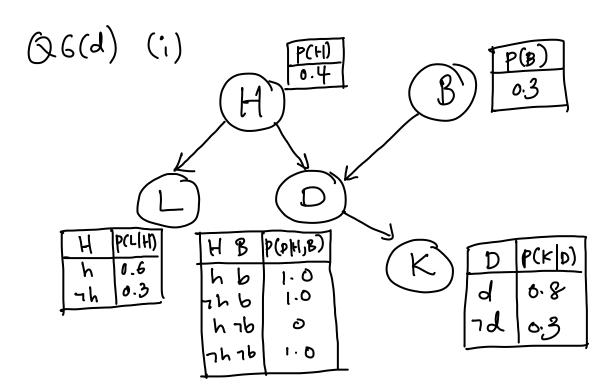
Q5(d) I(nut)=1 (50/50 split) (Math 51,52,53,57,58 54,35,56,59,510 NNNYY NNYYY $I(left) = -\frac{2}{5}log\frac{2}{5} - \frac{3}{5}log\frac{3}{5} = 0.4 \times 1.32 + 0.6 \times 0.73$ P(left) = 0.5 ili. P(right) = 0.5 Grain (Marth) = 1 - 0.4 x 1.32 - 0-6 x 0.73 Gain = 1-0.4(0.73+0.59)-0.6+0.3 = 1 - 0.73 - 0.450.59 52,53,54,5,56 51, 56,57,59,510 NNNNy NBBBBB $I(left) = -\frac{1}{5}log\frac{1}{5} - \frac{4}{5}log\frac{4}{5} = 0.2 \times 2.32 + 0.8 \times 6.32$ I(right) = - = 100 = - 410 = 0-2 x2.32 + 0.8 x 0.32 p(14t) = 0.5 12(n'sht) 20.5 Gain (BMW) 21 - 0.2×2.32-0.8×0.32 $= [-0.2(2+0.32)-0.8\times032$ = 1 - 0.4 - 0.32 = 1-0.72

Q6(a) Exact interence is too expensive on large restrorts.

(16(6) The future state depends only on the ownerst state.

66(c)
$$A = 1$$
 $F = 4$ $K = 16$
 $B = 1$ $G = 4$ $L = 1$
 $C = 1$ $H = 4$ $M = 1$
 $D = 4$ $I = 1$
 $E = 4$ $J = 1$

$$\frac{E=4}{10} \frac{J=1}{14} \frac{Total=42}{18}$$



(ii)
$$P(H,B,L,D,k) = P(H)P(B)P(L|H)P(D|H,B)P(k|D)$$

(iii) $P(\neg h|k,l) = \angle \sum_{B} \sum_{D} P(\neg h,k_1 l,B_1 D)$
 $= \angle \sum_{B} \sum_{D} P(\neg h)P(B)P(l|\neg h)P(D|\neg h,B)P(k|D)$

$$Q6(e)$$
 SPB $T = SO(0.60.3)$ $O.60.10.3$ $O.60.3$ $O.60.3$ $O.10.3$

Day 0:
$$f_0 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f_{1} = \left[\begin{array}{c} 0.7 \\ 0.7 \\ 0.2 \end{array}\right] \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.6 & 0.6 \\ 0.6 & 0.1 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.1 \end{array}\right] \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 \\ 1/3 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Day 2 (foil):
$$O_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 \\ 0.8 \end{bmatrix}$$
 substitute
$$f_2 = \alpha \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 \\ 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.6 & 0.6 \\ 0.6 & 0.1 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.1 \end{bmatrix} f_1$$