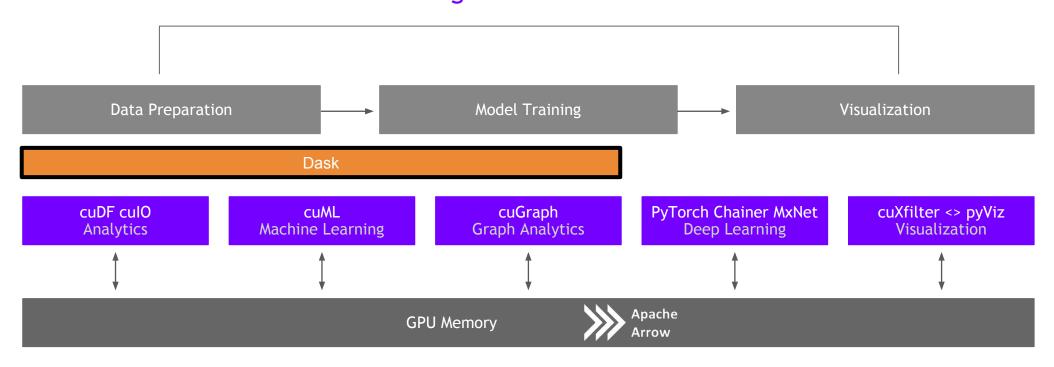
Dask

RAPIDS Scaling RAPIDS with Dask



Why Dask?

PyData Native

- **Easy Migration:** Built on top of NumPy, Pandas Scikit-Learn, etc.
- **Easy Training:** With the same APIs
- **Trusted:** With the same developer community

Deployable

HPC: SLURM, PBS, LSF, SGE

Cloud: Kubernetes

Hadoop/Spark: Yarn



Easy Scalability

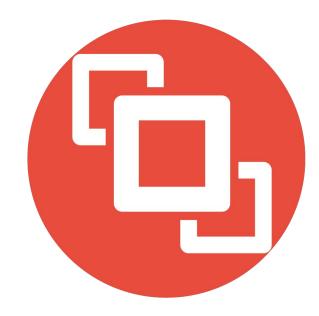
- Easy to install and use on a laptop
- Scales out to thousand-node clusters

Popular

Most common parallelism framework today in the PyData and SciPy community

Why OpenUCX? Bringing hardware accelerated communications to Dask

- TCP sockets are slow!
- UCX provides uniform access to transports (TCP, InfiniBand, shared memory, NVLink)
- Python bindings for UCX (ucx-py) in the works
- Will provide best communication performance, to Dask based on available hardware on nodes/cluster



Scale out with RAPIDS + Dask with OpenUCX

RAPIDS and Others

Accelerated on single GPU

NumPy -> CuPy/PyTorch/.. Pandas -> cuDF Scikit-Learn -> cuML Numba -> Numba



RAPIDS + Dask with OpenUCX

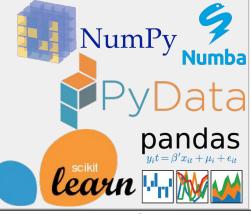
Multi-GPU
On single Node (DGX)
Or across a cluster



PyData

NumPy, Pandas, Scikit-Learn, Numba and many more

Single CPU core In-memory data



Dask

Multi-core and Distributed PyData

NumPy -> Dask Array Pandas -> Dask DataFrame Scikit-Learn -> Dask-ML ... -> Dask Futures



Scale out / Parallelize

Building on top of RAPIDS

A bigger, better, stronger ecosystem for all





Streamz

High-Performance Serverless event and data processing that utilizes RAPIDS for GPU Acceleration

GPU accelerated SQL engine built on top of **RAPIDS**

Distributed stream processing using **RAPIDS** and Dask