Probability and Statistics: Lecture-32

Monsoon-2020

by Dr. Pawan Kumar (IIIT, Hyderabad) on October 26, 2020



Joint Continuous Density Functions

Two RVs X, Y are jointly continuous if there exists a nonnegative function $f_{XY}: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$, such that, for any set $A \in \mathbb{R}^2$, we have

$$P((X,Y) \in A) = \int \int_A f_{XY}(x,y) \, dxdy$$

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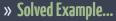
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2. If we indeed choose $A=\mathbb{R}^2,$ then we must have

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{XY}(x, y) \, dx dy = 1$$



Solved Example

Solved Example

$$f_{XY}(x,y) = egin{cases} x + cy^2 & 0 \le x \le 1, \ 0 \le y \le 1 \\ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Solved Example

Let X, Y be two jointly continuous RVs with joint PDF

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1. Find the constant *c*



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2 Find
$$P(0 \le X \le \frac{1}{2}, \ 0 \le Y \le \frac{1}{2})$$

* Answer to previous problem...

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$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{xy}(x,y) dx dy = 1$$

$$= \int_{0}^{16} (x + cy^{2}) dx dy = 1$$

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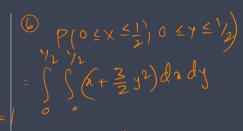
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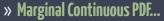
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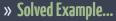
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Solved Example

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$$f_{XY}(x, y) = egin{cases} x + cy^2 & 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 1 \\ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

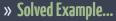
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1. Find the PDFs $f_X(x)$ and $f_Y(y)$

» Answer to previous problem... fy(8)= [fxy(21)] dx



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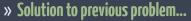
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Looking at the joint PDF, we have

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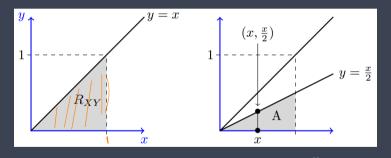


Figure showing R_{XY} and integration region $P(Y \leq \frac{\lambda}{2})$

» Answer to previous problem...

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{x^{2}y^{2}}{2} \right)^{x} dx = 1$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0$$





$$C=10$$

** Answer to previous problem...

To find the morganel,

$$R_{x} = R_{y} = \{0, 1\}$$

For $0 \le y \le 1$
 $f_{x}(x) = \{0, 1\}$
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Joint cumulative distribution

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$$F_X(x) = F_{XY}(x, \infty)$$
 for any x (marginal CDF of X)

Joint cumulative distribution

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- 3. $F_{XY}(\infty,\infty)=1$

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- 3. $F_{XY}(\infty,\infty)=1$
- 4. $F_{XY}(-\infty, y) = F_{XY}(x, -\infty) = 0$
- 5. $P(x_1 < X \le x_2, y_1 < Y \le y_2) = F_{XY}(x_2, y_2) F_{XY}(x_2, y_2) F_{XY}(x_2, y_1) + F_{XY}(x_1, y_1)$

Joint cumulative distribution

Let X, Y be two continuous RVs with joint CDF $F_{XY}(x, y)$ as follows

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- 2. $F_Y(y) = F_{XY}(\infty, y)$ for any y (marginal CDF of Y)
- 3. $F_{XY}(\infty,\infty)=1$
- 4. $F_{XY}(-\infty, \mathbf{y}) = F_{XY}(\mathbf{x}, -\infty) = 0$
- 5. $P(x_1 < X \le x_2, y_1 < Y \le y_2) = F_{XY}(x_2, y_2) F_{XY}(x_2, y_2) F_{XY}(x_2, y_1) + F_{XY}(x_1, y_1)$
- 6. If X, Y are independent, then $F_{XY} = F_X(x)F_Y(y)$

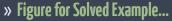
» Solved Example

Solved Example

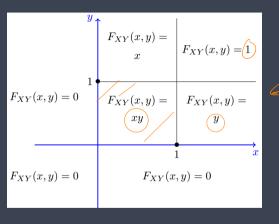
Let X, Y be two random variables with Uniform(0,1) distribution. Find $F_{XY}(x,y)$.

Since
$$x$$
 and y are independent of x and y are independ

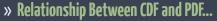


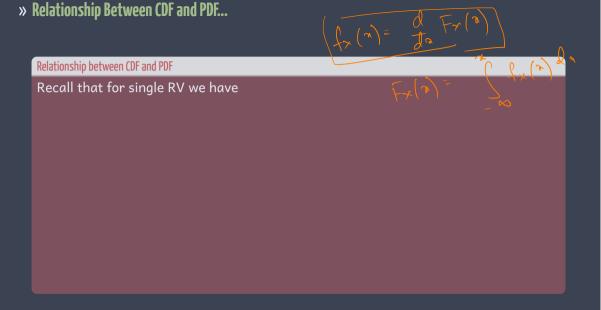


» Figure for Solved Example...



Plot of joint CDF





» Relationship Between CDF and PDF...

Relationship between CDF and PDF

Recall that for single RV we have

$$F_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x f_X(u) \, du$$
$$f_X(x) = \frac{dF_X(x)}{dx}$$

» Relationship Between CDF and PDF...

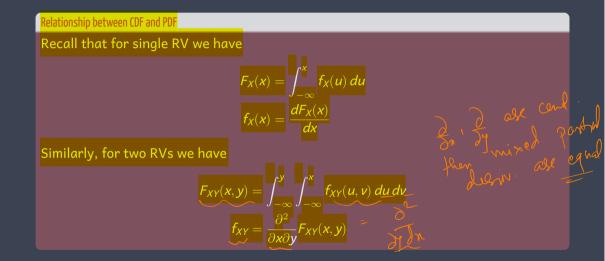
Relationship between CDF and PDF

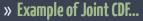
Recall that for single RV we have

$$F_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x f_X(u) \, du$$
$$f_X(x) = \frac{dF_X(x)}{dx}$$

Similarly, for two RVs we have

» Relationship Between CDF and PDF...





» Example of Joint CDF...

Solved Example

Let X, Y be two jointly continuous RVs with joint PDF

» Example of Joint CDF...

Solved Example

Let X, Y be two jointly continuous RVs with joint PDF

$$f_{XY}(x,y) = \begin{cases} x + cy^2 & 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

» Example of Joint CDF...

Solved Example

Let X, Y be two jointly continuous RVs with joint PDF

$$f_{XY}(x,y) = egin{cases} x + cy^2 & 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 1 \\ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

1. Find the joint CDF of X and Y

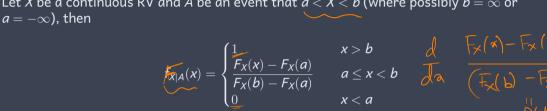
© To find the const C= $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (u + \frac{3}{2}v^2) dx dy$ Recall $C = \frac{3}{2}$ (found before)

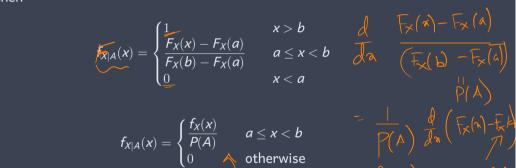
= $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (u + \frac{3}{2}v^2) dx dy$ » Answer to previous problem...

» Answer to previous problem...

» Definition of Conditional PDF and Conditional CDF

Let X be a continuous RV and A be an event that a < X < b (where possibly $b = \infty$ or



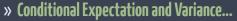


> Answer to previous problem...

Let
$$A = \{ a \in x \in b \}$$
 $F_{x|A}(x) = P(x \in x \mid A)$
 $= P(x \in x) \quad a \in x \in b$
 $= P(x \in x) \quad a \in x \in b$
 $= P(x \in x) \quad a \in x \in b$
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 $= P(x \in x) \quad a \in x \in b$
 $= P(x \in x) \quad a \in x \in b$
 $= F_{x}(a) - F_{x}(a)$
 $= F_{x}(b) - F_{x}(a)$

If $x \in a$, then $F_{x|A}(x) = 0$
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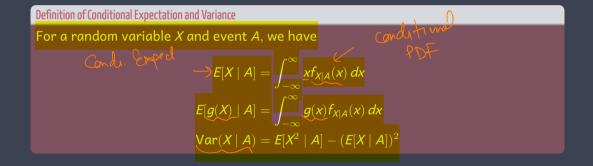


» Conditional Expectation and Variance...

Definition of Conditional Expectation and Variance

For a random variable \boldsymbol{X} and event $\boldsymbol{A},$ we have

» Conditional Expectation and Variance...



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» Solved Example: Conditional PDF and CDF...

Solved Example

Let $X \sim \mathsf{Exponential}(1)$.

Solved Example

Let ${\it X} \sim {\it Exponential}(1).$ Answer the following.

Solved Example

Let ${\it X} \sim {\it Exponential}(1).$ Answer the following.

1. Find the conditional PDF and CDF of X given X > 1

Solved Example

Let $X \sim \text{Exponential}(1)$. Answer the following.

- 1. Find the conditional PDF and CDF of X given X > 1
- 2. Find E[X | X > 1]

Solved Example

Let ${\it X} \sim {\it Exponential}(1).$ Answer the following.

- 1 Find the conditional PDF and CDF of X given X > 1
- **2**. Find E[X | X > 1]
- 3. Find Var(X | X > 1)

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» Answer to previous problem...

$$\int_{\mathcal{X}} x \int_{X} |x| (x) dx$$

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} x \int_{|x|} |x| dx = e \int_{1}^{\infty} |x| dx = e \int_{1}^{\infty} |x| dx = e \int_{1}^{\infty} |x| dx$$

$$= \int_{X} x \int_{X|X} |x| dx$$







$$\int_{0}^{\infty} dx \, dx = \int_{0}^{\infty} dx \, dx$$

$$\int u^2 + x/x > \Gamma$$









