



Rockefeller Foundation records, Minutes and Annual Reports, RG 16

This finding aid was produced using ArchivesSpace on March 02, 2017.

English

Describing Archives: A Content Standard

Rockefeller Archive Center

15 Dayton Avenue

Sleepy Hollow 10591

archive@rockarch.org

URL: <http://www.rockarch.org>

Table of Contents

Summary Information	3
Biographical / Historical	3
Scope and Contents	4
Administrative Information	4
Controlled Access Headings	5
Collection Inventory	5

Summary Information

Repository:	Rockefeller Archive Center
Creator:	Rockefeller Foundation
Title:	Rockefeller Foundation records, Minutes and Annual Reports, RG 16
ID:	FA120
Date [inclusive]:	1913-11987
Physical Description:	38 microform reels
Language of the Material:	English

Preferred Citation

Information regarding the Rockefeller Archive Center's preferred elements and forms of citation can be found at <http://www.rockarch.org/research/citations.php>

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Biographical / Historical

Rockefeller Foundation

The Rockefeller Foundation was established by act of the New York State Legislature approved by the Governor on May 14, 1913, "to promote the well-being of mankind throughout the world." Between 1913 and 1928 the China Medical Board, the International Health Board, and the Division of Medical Education functioned as divisions of the Foundation, concentrating on the administration of programs in public health and medical education. A Division of Studies was created in 1923 to handle projects outside the medical field. These early years were experimental as the new foundation studied the methods of philanthropy and explored its relationships with other Rockefeller boards.

Although the Rockefeller Foundation is the largest and best known philanthropy founded by the Rockefeller family, it was neither the first nor the last to be established. The Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research (1901), the General Education Board (1902), the Rockefeller Sanitary Commission for the Eradication of Hookworm Disease (1909), and the Bureau of Social Hygiene (1911) all existed earlier. When the Foundation was created, the Sanitary Commission was disbanded. After the

establishment of the Foundation, the Laura Spelman Rockefeller Memorial (1918) and the International Education Board (1923) were created.

The Rockefeller boards and their programs were reconsidered and reorganized in 1927-1928 in order to avoid overlapping programs. The International Health Board of the Foundation was disbanded and an International Health Division was organized. The China Medical Board, Inc., was established as a separately incorporated institution, and the China Medical Board of the Foundation ceased to exist. The Division of Studies was dropped and the Division of Medical Education was phased out. The Laura Spelman Rockefeller Memorial was combined with the Foundation and the Spelman Fund of New York was chartered to continue activities of the LSRM that were not absorbed by the Foundation. The International Education Board was disbanded.

As a result of this reorganization, the Foundation adopted a program which included public health work (administered by the IHD), the advancement of knowledge in the medical and natural sciences (in part taken over from the IEB), the social sciences (formerly the field of the LSRM), and the humanities and arts (shared with the GEB). The Rockefeller Institute and the Bureau of Social Hygiene were not affected by the reorganization. The program adopted by the Foundation at this time remained basically the same for the next twenty years.

As its files accumulated, the Foundation maintained a card index recording the names of institutional and individual grantees and correspondents. A microfilm copy of this index is available at the Archive Center.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Scope and Contents

The microfilm contains minutes of the Foundation.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Administrative Information

Publication Statement

Rockefeller Archive Center

15 Dayton Avenue
Sleepy Hollow 10591
archive@rockarch.org

URL: <http://www.rockarch.org>

Revision Description

Migrated from Re:discovery to the Archivists' Toolkit by Becky Robbins. May 2010

Conditions Governing Access

User copies of minutes microfilm are open for research. Access to the original published volumes of annual reports is permitted.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Controlled Access Headings

- Charitable uses, trusts, and foundations
- Philanthropy
- Charities
- Life sciences
- Philanthropy -- United States
- Public health
- Arts
- Medical sciences
- Humanities

Collection Inventory

Title/Description	Instances
Minutes, 1913-1946	reel 1
Minutes, 1947-1964	reel 2
Minutes, 1913-1918	reel 3
Minutes, 1919-1922	reel 4
Minutes, 1923-1925	reel 5
Minutes, 1926-1927	reel 6
Minutes, 1928-1929	reel 7
Minutes, 1930-1931	reel 8
Minutes, 1932-1934	reel 9

Minutes, 1934-1936	reel 10
Minutes, 1937-1939	reel 11
Minutes, 1939-1941	reel 12
Minutes, 1942-1944	reel 13
Minutes, 1945-1947	reel 14
Minutes, 1948-1949	reel 15
Minutes, 1950-1951	reel 16
Minutes, 1952-1953	reel 17
Minutes, 1954-1955	reel 18
Minutes, 1955-1956	reel 19
Minutes, 1957	reel 20
Minutes, 1958	reel 21
Minutes, 1959	reel 22
Minutes, 1960	reel 23
Minutes, 1961	reel 24
Minutes, 1962-1963	reel 25
Minutes, 1963-1964	reel 26
Minutes, 1965-1966	reel 27
Minutes, 1966-1968	reel 28
Minutes, 1968-1969	reel 29
Minutes, 1970-1971	reel 30
Minutes, 1972-1973	reel 31
Minutes, 1974-1975	reel 32
Minutes, 1975-1976	reel 33
Minutes, 1977-1978	reel 34
Minutes, 1978-1980	reel 35
Minutes, 1980-1982	reel 36
Minutes, 1983-1985	reel 37
Minutes, 1985-1987	reel 38