



Ford Foundation records, Latin America and the Caribbean Program Files on the 1973 Coup d'Etat in Chile

This finding aid was produced using ArchivesSpace on August 11, 2015.

English

Describing Archives: A Content Standard

Rockefeller Archive Center

15 Dayton Avenue

Sleepy Hollow 10591

archive@rockarch.org

URL: <http://www.rockarch.org>

Table of Contents

Summary Information	3
Historical Sketch of Santiago Office	3
Scope and Contents	4
Arrangement	5
Administrative Information	5
Controlled Access Headings	6
Physical Characteristics and Technical Requirements	6
Collection Inventory	6

Summary Information

Repository:	Rockefeller Archive Center
Creator:	Ford Foundation
Title:	Ford Foundation records, Latin America and the Caribbean Program Files on the 1973 Coup d'Etat in Chile
ID:	FA721
Date [inclusive]:	1971-1978
Physical Description:	0.88 Cubic Feet
Language of the Material:	English
Abstract:	In the summer of 1985, these papers from the Santiago, Chile field office were given to the Archives by Jeffrey Puryear. They were processed in the fall of 1985, and are contained in two Hollinger boxes in the Records Storage Center. The bulk of the papers cover the period 1973 to 1974, but also include a few documents from 1971 and 1978.

Preferred Citation

Information regarding the Rockefeller Archive Center's preferred elements and forms of citation can be found at <http://www.rockarch.org/research/citations.php>.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Historical Sketch of Santiago Office

The Ford Foundation opened a field office in Santiago, Chile, in 1966. Two staff members were assigned. By 1973, there were seven residential, New York-appointed staff members in the Santiago office. After the military coup on September 11, 1973, the Foundation made plans to decrease the number of Foundation employees in Chile. At different points during the year, several of the staff members listed below were reassigned elsewhere. By September 1974 the office was closed.

From 1974 until 1981, grants to Chile were monitored by the Bogota office. In 1981, the Foundation's office in Lima became the main office for the Andean Region and the Southern Cone, and took over responsibility for grants to Chile. The papers include memoranda from the following Latin American and Caribbean (LAC) program staff:

NEW YORK-BASED STAFF William Carmichael - Head, LAC Program Richard Dye - Deputy Head, LAC Program Kalman Silvert - Program Advisor

SANTIAGO-BASED STAFF Peter Bell - Representative Gary Horlick - Assistant Representative Peter Hakim - Assistant Representative Jeffrey Puryear - Program Assistant Thomas McCarthy - Program Assistant Nita Manitzas - Program Advisor Lovell Jarvis - Program Advisor (1972-1973) Consultant to Chile (1974)

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Scope and Contents

These papers from the Santiago, Chile field office span the years 1971 to 1978, but the vast majority deal with the period from September 1973 to September 1974. They are concerned with the effect that the September 11, 1973 military coup had on Ford Foundation grantees in Chile, and on the field office itself.

The papers are comprised primarily of memoranda between the Santiago and New York offices, memoranda among staff within the Santiago office, and outside correspondence. The memoranda include several reports on the status of grants. These note the effects that the change in government had on various Ford Foundation grantees. The papers also contain numerous clippings, in Spanish, from Chilean newspapers which provide the official account of the coup and of its aftermath. Also included in the papers are published articles, in English, which appeared in the North American press.

The papers document the Foundation's monitoring of the situation, and contain many assessments by Foundation staff of the significance of the coup, the nature of the new regime, the changed work context for the Foundation, and the future role for the Foundation in Chile. At the time of the coup, the Foundation had many grants underway in Chilean universities. The papers illustrate the high priority that the field office staff gave to documenting the changes the military made in the universities, and particularly within the social science departments. (One such change, well noted in these papers, was the May 2, 1974 decree, "Controloria Interna de la Universidad de Chile"). They also reflect the priority that the Foundation placed on assistance to displaced Chilean scholars. The Foundation was able to use its existing graduate fellowship programs, and to work with grantees such as CLACSO (Latin American Center for Social Sciences) to relocate intellectuals affected by the coup to other Latin American countries and to the United States.

The papers convey the volatility of the political environment and the uneasiness that was felt by the Ford Foundation staff in Santiago. Because of the uncertain situation, the Foundation was required to reconsider the feasibility and effectiveness of a continued Ford Foundation presence in Chile.

The papers also demonstrate the staff's concern for victims of the coup. There are some memoranda relating to the arrest of Clodomire Almeyda, Foreign Minister during much of Allende's regime, and

to the detentions of Dr. Mariano Requena, Technical Director of the National Health Service, and Dr. Giorgio Solimano, Director of the Ministry of Health's nutrition programs.

There are also a few brief references to Mr. Charles Horman, including a copy of a letter from his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Horman, to McGeorge Bundy thanking him for the Foundation's assistance during the search for her son. A good account of Mr. Horman's disappearance is contained in an October 8, 1973 letter from Mr. Richard Fagen, a former full-time consultant to the Foundation in Santiago, to Senator J. William Fulbright. However, at the time the letter was written, Mr. Horman's death had not yet been confirmed. Finally, two 1978 reports by Richard Dye, are insightful, brief analyses of Chile in the international context. They contain comments on the investigation into the 1976 assassination of Orlando Letelier, Chilean Ambassador to Washington under the Allende Administration.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Arrangement

The papers are contained in nineteen folders, and they are arranged in chronological order. When a document is accompanied by a cover memorandum, the two are filed together, with the date of the cover memo determining their place among the material.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Administrative Information

Publication Statement

Rockefeller Archive Center

15 Dayton Avenue

Sleepy Hollow 10591

archive@rockarch.org

URL: <http://www.rockarch.org>

Conditions Governing Access

Material more than ten years old is open for scholarly research.

Select individual files are restricted, as noted. Permission to access these files must be obtained from the Ford Foundation before scholarly access is permitted.

Conditions Governing Use

Completion of a use agreement is required prior to providing scholarly access. See RAC Head of Reference (or applicable designee) for details.

Ford Foundation holds title, copyright and literary rights in the collection, in so far as it holds them.

The Rockefeller Archive Center has authority to grant permission to cite and publish material from the collection for scholarly purposes. Permission to publish extensive excerpts, or material in its entirety, will be referred to the Ford Foundation.

Immediate Source of Acquisition

Ford Foundation archive was deposited at RAC in 2011. Ford Foundation records, correspondence, reports, program files and officers papers were transferred to, and accessioned by, RAC beginning in 2011. Accessions continue as necessary.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Controlled Access Headings

- Ford Foundation

Physical Characteristics and Technical Requirements

Materials requiring specialized equipment for access (film, audio, video, slides) may be restricted from scholarly research dependent on availability of the applicable equipment.

Brittle or damaged items, or materials otherwise in need of preservation care, may be restricted from scholarly research at the discretion of the RAC Head of Archival Services/RAC Head of Reference.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Collection Inventory

Title/Description	Instances	
1971 December	box 1	folder 1

1973 September 12 - 28	box 1	folder 2
1973 October 1 - 9	box 1	folder 3
1973 October 10 - 18	box 1	folder 4
1973 October 18 - 25	box 1	folder 5
1973 October 24 - 30	box 1	folder 6
1973 November 1 - 30	box 1	folder 7
1973 December 5 - 1974 January 16	box 1	folder 8
1974 January 21 - February 27	box 1	folder 9
1974 March 2 - 21	box 1	folder 10
1974 March 22 - 30	box 2	folder 11
1974 April 1 - 5	box 2	folder 12
1974 April 8 - 18	box 2	folder 13
1974 April 19 - May 1	box 2	folder 14
1974 May 2 - 20	box 2	folder 15
1974 May 22 - 27	box 2	folder 16
1974 July 1 - 22	box 2	folder 17
1974 July 25 - September 23	box 2	folder 18
1978 March 28 - July 27	box 2	folder 19