



# **Ford Foundation records, Population Program, Office Files of Oscar Harkavy**

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Rockefeller Archive Center

15 Dayton Avenue  
Sleepy Hollow 10591

[archive@rockarch.org](mailto:archive@rockarch.org)

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## Table of Contents

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Summary Information .....	3
Biographical / Historical .....	3
Scope and Contents .....	9
Arrangement .....	10
Administrative Information .....	10
Related Materials .....	11
Collection Inventory .....	11

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## Summary Information

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<b>Repository:</b>	Rockefeller Archive Center
<b>Creator:</b>	Ford Foundation
<b>Title:</b>	Ford Foundation records, Population Program, Office Files of Oscar Harkavy
<b>ID:</b>	FA623
<b>Date [inclusive]:</b>	1960-1982
<b>Physical Description:</b>	28.5 Cubic Feet
<b>Language of the Material:</b>	English

### Preferred Citation note

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[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

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## Biographical / Historical

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### Segment One: International Activities of the Ford Foundation: An Overview

The Foundation's aspiration to become a national and international philanthropy for the advancement of human welfare was first formally expressed in the seminal 1949 report of the Gaither Study Committee, *Report of the Study for the Ford Foundation on Policy and Program* (RAC Library, call letters 361.7 GAI ), which was commissioned by the Board of Trustees to chart the Foundation's future. Foundation Trustees launched Ford's international grantmaking activities in 1950 when they approved the committee's report and its embrace of peace, democracy, and freedom. Since then, the Foundation has tackled these goals using a variety of strategies and responding to changing contexts, from the Cold War to the 1989 fall of the Berlin Wall and beyond.

Toward the Foundation's aspirational goal, "the establishment of peace", its international activities have comprised a wide range of conceptual approaches and focus areas. These include international affairs, international studies, international understanding, arms control and disarmament, international law, international economic concerns, and overseas development in nearly every region of the world. Three distinct periods emerge for the international grantmaking defined by external contextual changes and

internal changes in Foundation leadership and structures: the expansion era of 1950-1965; the transition and restructuring years of 1966-1988; and the post-1989 shift away from Cold War dichotomies. During each of the distinct historical periods the consistent objectives were: 1) to ensure freedom and democracy in developed countries; 2) to foster education and international understanding in all countries; and 3) to contribute to the social, economic, and political development of less developed countries.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

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## Biographical / Historical

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### Segment 2. Period Sketch - The Expansion Era 1950-1965

The Ford Foundation's expansion era (1950-1965) began when the Gaither Study Committee Report placed "peace" as the area of top priority for the Foundation and set the Ford Foundation on a global course. Board Chair Henry Ford II writing in the 1951 Annual Report of the Foundation, identified "the danger of war" as the "the prime threat to human welfare today." Under the leadership of the three Ford Foundation presidents in this period-- Paul Hoffman, H. Rowan Gaither and Henry Heald--and several key trustees, notably the two seriatim chairs, John J. McCloy and Julius A. Stratton, the Foundation programs were largely informed by the post-World War II desire to avoid nuclear war and promote greater understanding among the world's peoples, strengthening of the United Nations, and enhancing both private and public American participation in world affairs. The strong board presence of university presidents and former leaders of postwar reconstruction efforts in Europe also helped to inform Ford's approach to building the field of peace and international security in the United States and encouraged extensive overseas activities.

For example, the first three presidents of the expanded Foundation ranged from government and business leadership experience to academic and nonprofit: Paul Hoffman (at Ford, 1950-1953) ran the Marshall Plan in Europe; H. Rowan Gaither Staffer (1948-1953), President (1953-1956) and Trustee (1956-1958) had MIT and Rand experience; Henry Heald, former president, Illinois Institute of Technology and New York University, President (1956-1966). The trustees also ran the leadership gamut from government and nonprofits to academic: Trustee John J. McCloy (from 1953; chair, 1959-1965) was assistant Secretary of War during World War II and chairman of the Council on Foreign Relations; and Trustee Julius A. Stratton (Trustee from 1955; chair, 1966-1970) was president of MIT.

When Ford became an international foundation in 1950, it had a small staff and operated through separate funds. The expansive period in the 1950s and 1960s resulted in a large number of field offices, which increased Ford's global footprint. Support focused on a mix of US university-based programs for research and training; think-tanks for policy-oriented meetings and policy research; and action projects specifically in less developed countries. The Foundation's focus on peace, freedom, and democracy played out against the Cold War backdrop for scientific and military competition between the United States, the Soviet Union and China.

Under President Hoffman, the Foundation's work was organized by the areas identified in the Gaither Committee Report: Area One, the Establishment of Peace; Area Two, The Strengthening of Democracy;

Area Three, The Strengthening of the Economy; Area Four, Education in a Democratic Society; and Area Five, Individual Behavior and Human Relations.

Program differentiation began in the Gaither era. When he began in 1953, he introduced the following programs, with international work under nearly all of them: International Programs, Public Affairs Programs, Program in Economic Development and Administration (mainly U.S. based), Education Program, The TV-Radio Workshop, and Behavioral Sciences Program. In 1954, the Foundation gave prominence to the international work explicitly through changing the program names and separating international affairs and overseas development. The 1954 program names were: The Advancement of Education, Education for Democracy, Increasing Knowledge of Foreign Areas, Economic Development and Administration, the Behavioral Sciences, and Overseas Development. In 1955, Increasing Knowledge of Foreign Areas became Increasing International Understanding. In 1956, the last year of the Gaither presidency, the program roster read: Education in the United States, The Behavioral Sciences, Public Affairs, Hospital Aid (only in the U.S.), Economic Development and Administration, International Understanding, and Overseas Development. Names changed but the program focus often remained the same.

President Heald maintained the areas of international interest of Hoffman and Gaither. The International Affairs program housed the programs based in the United States, Europe and Japan, with a few activities linking American and developing countries institutions. The Overseas Training and Research Program took over the efforts to increase American understanding of international issues. From 1957-1959, an International Legal Studies program, run from New York, helped build law programs in developing countries. Starting in 1959, the Overseas Development program comprised all the regional and country offices. In fiscal year 1964, Heald convinced the trustees to add a new focus on population, with grants both in the United States and overseas.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

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## Biographical / Historical

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### Segment 2. Period Summary - The Expansion Era 1950-1965

With the ever-increasing budget and trustee willingness to invade capital, presidents Hoffman, Gaither and Heald oversaw vast growth in the Foundation's international activities in the United States, other developed countries and developing countries. Activities crossed disciplines, institutions, and national boundaries, although few crossed intra-foundation boundaries. Under the three presidents, Foundation staff in various domestic and international offices from New York interacted with the regional and country offices headed by representatives. Usually in this period, however, these offices in fact worked more closely with local governments than with New York staff, reinforcing the commitment to locally led social and economic development in less-developed countries.

The shared values of this early period reflected as much the continuing competition between the Communist and capitalist worlds as the concerns about maintaining peace. The Cold War provided the contextual continuity for grantmaking on the core themes of increasing American understanding of the

rest of the world, building and strengthening connections not only with European and Asian democracies but also with Eastern European countries, the Soviet Union, China, and Cuba.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

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## Biographical / Historical

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### Segment 3. Period Sketch - Transition and Restructuring 1966-1988

In the 1960s, the Ford Foundation Trustees began to rethink the role of the Foundation in the context of the era's dramatic political and cultural changes. For instance, the passage of the 1964 Civil Rights Act created a domestic policy context in which the Foundation could more deeply engage with issues of rights and social justice. Events overseas starting in the late 1960s would extend the rights agenda to international affairs and development operations at the Foundation -- all advanced by the leadership of McGeorge Bundy (president, 1966-1979).

McGeorge Bundy was appointed president in 1966, following a significant career in national security and academic administration. During World War II, he worked with the Army's intelligence division, and in the early post-war years was a political analyst at the Council on Foreign Relations. Even without a postgraduate degree, at the age of thirty-four he became dean of the Faculty of Arts and Science at Harvard University. In 1961, President Kennedy appointed Bundy to be Special Assistant to the President for National Security - a position he held for five years under both Kennedy and Johnson. Those significant years saw the Bay of Pigs invasion, the Cuban Missile Crisis, and the beginnings of the Vietnam War.

When Bundy arrived at the Foundation, he initiated a restructuring that modeled government departments rather than the academic ones President Henry Heald had established in the 1950s. At the same time, he had to contend with serious financial constraints due to Ford's overspending in the prior periods and to economic downturns in the global economy. The Board of Trustees mandated an annual spending of over \$100 million.

These economic constraints meant that Foundation programs had to be more selective across the range of its programs. Nonetheless, international activities remained prominent with the new president and trustees. President Bundy and key trustees such as Eugene Black (1960-1968, former head of the World Bank) and Robert S. McNamara (1968-1986, former U.S. Secretary of Defense and then head of the World Bank, 1968-1981) reflected a commitment to the international activities. Bundy also added to the board in 1972 the first trustee from a developing country, the Indonesian activist and scholar, Dr. Soedjakmoto, the former Ambassador to the United States from his country and then Special Adviser on Social and Cultural Affairs to the Chairman of Indonesia's National Development Planning Agency.

To create economies of scale, Bundy unified US-based international and overseas activities under one division: the International Division (using the name for the first time). That division comprised Resources for Development (area studies, languages, and exchanges), Population, International Relations, Planning and Evaluation, and the country programs. David Bell, an economist and the first

administrator of the US Agency for International Development (1962-1966), was named vice president and served in that capacity until the end of Bundy presidency.

In 1966, Bundy terminated the long-standing internationally oriented but domestically based International Training and Research Program. Several large domestic programs -- including support of centers of international studies - were phased out in the 1970s. Instead, Ford launched under its international affairs efforts a focused but robust program in security and arms control. Over Bundy's tenure, the overseas offices were reduced from twenty in 1966 to twelve in 1979, when he retired.

The Foundation increasingly turned its attention to different set of international issues including human rights and working in repressive societies, such as South Africa. The military coups in Latin America during the late 1960s and early 1970s led the Foundation to initiate in 1976 a human rights program housed in Vice President Bell's office.

In 1979, Franklin Thomas was named president of the Ford Foundation (1979-1996). In contrast to Bundy's international and defense policy background, Franklin Thomas brought to the Ford Foundation his experience in law, housing, and community development. Prior to joining the Foundation, Thomas, a lawyer, was a Foundation trustee. He chaired the Rockefeller Foundation-funded Study Commission on U.S. Policy towards South Africa and led the Ford-funded Bedford-Stuyvesant Restoration Corporation in New York from its beginning in 1966 until he left in 1979. Earlier, he had been deputy police commissioner of NYC.

In the first decade of Thomas' tenure, the international work was still framed using the post-war East-West dichotomy. Several trustees brought to the board active engagement in international issues: Donald F. McHenry (trustee over the period 1981-1993) had served as ambassador to the U.N. and was active in the anti-apartheid movement; and General Olusegun Obasanjo (trustee over the period 1987-1999) had been Nigerian head of state from 1976-1979, and was then president of the African leadership Forum. Along with McNamara and Soedjakmoto, Rodrigo Botero, an internationally renowned economist from Colombia and former Colombian Minister of Finance and Credit from 1974 to 1976, remained on the board over the period 1978-1989.

During the early years of the Thomas presidency, the scope and strategies of the Foundation's activities were also influenced by economic and global pressures, leading to reduced assets and further financial stringencies. Thomas' board-mandated reductions resulted, for example, the firing of twenty senior staff at the same time. To achieve more effective and efficient programs, Thomas had a vision of Ford as one foundation, linking the domestic and overseas activities under new program themes: Urban Poverty, Rural Poverty and Resources, Human Rights and Social Justice, Governance and Public Policy, Education and Culture, and International Affairs.

The restructured Foundation comprised two programmatic divisions led by vice presidents: U.S. and International Affairs Programs (USIAP) headed by Susan Berresford; and Developing Countries Program (DCP), headed by William Carmichael. Berresford had been at the Foundation since 1970, coming from the U.S. Manpower Career Development Agency. She served in the National Affairs area, first as program assistant and then program officer (1972-1980), becoming head of women's programs in 1980. The main international efforts under USIAP were housed in Rural Poverty and Resources, Human Rights and Governance, and International Affairs. The other programs - Urban Poverty, Education and Culture,

and Program-Related Investments - also addressed a scattering of international issues related to their main themes.

Carmichael had joined the Foundation in 1968 as Representative in Brazil. In July 1971, he was named Head of the Office of Latin America and the Caribbean, and in September of 1977, he became Head of the Middle East and Africa Office. The DCP program was responsible for all the Field Offices: Andean and the Southern Cone, Brazil, Mexico and Central America, Bangladesh, India, Southeast Asia, West Africa, Eastern and Southern Africa, and Middle East and North Africa.

When the Foundation initiated a Human Rights and Governance program (HR&G) in 1981, it was the first instance of a Ford program explicitly entitled "human rights," despite the fact that human rights grantmaking that had started officially in 1976. International Affairs remained separate from HR&G. In 1987, however, the Board conceptually linked three programs, creating a Trustee committee called Human Rights, Governance, and International Affairs, which existed until 1992. Operationally, however, the programs relating to these fields did not often work together.

International governance remained a commitment under Thomas. The Foundation, for example, had a long-established relationship with the United Nations: from 1951 until 1988, the United Nations received ninety grants from the Foundation (it received another 198 over the period 1989-2009).

In these early years of the Thomas presidency, dramatic changes were occurring in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe. Under President Mikhail Gorbachev's leadership since 1985, the USSR was opening up to the international community, the rule of law in society was taking prominence there, and press freedoms were spreading. The foundation developed new programs in the region, drawing on the \$60 million already spent to promote human rights and free expression and increase Western understanding of developments there.

Given the continuing economic constraints facing the Foundation and rising debt in developing countries, the Foundation shifted support under DCP to smaller scale community-based initiatives in the field offices. Thomas was also charged by the Board to increase the diversity of grantees, especially to favor populations "most affected" by the problems of concern to the Ford Foundation. The Foundation built on earlier efforts and sharpened its focus on women's issues throughout the world, including shifting the focus of the population program to women's reproductive health and child survival.

In the 1980s, Carmichael and others, with strong support from Thomas and the board, continued the 1970s' support of South African grantees for training large numbers of black lawyers and litigating sensitive cases in the South African legal system. Recognizing the multifaceted nature of discrimination in South Africa, the Foundation not only advanced the rule of law, but also strengthened civic organizations, women's groups, and educational institutions. Further, it supported a number of activist organizations in the United States that were energetically advocating US governmental sanctions against South Africa and for private disinvestment. The Foundation also played a role in shaping US policy on apartheid through the role Thomas played from 1985 to 1987 chairing the US Secretary of State's Advisory Committee on South Africa.

The Foundation's overseas staff also sought to improve the economic situation in poor, marginalized communities through targeted loan programs particularly to women head of households, beginning with the innovative work in Bangladesh of Professor Mohammed Yunus, the founder of the Grameen Bank. The results led the way to establish the field of microfinance with the aim of empowering women living



in poverty conditions, such as through a microfinance network in Latin America starting 1980 and a global lending program for women starting in 1987.

Thomas encouraged staff to share results at worldwide meetings. During those meetings, Ford staff in the country offices and in New York tried to follow the mandate to work as "one foundation." The persistent challenge toward meeting that goal, however, was that initiatives emerging from the New York-based programs, or indeed any program developed in one country, were not always adaptable, relevant or acceptable in other countries or regions. It remained a challenge to develop a unified program, despite the commitment at the highest level of foundation leadership.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

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## Biographical / Historical

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### Segment 3. Period Summary - Transition and Restructuring 1966-1988

During this era, the Foundation's earlier interest in business and the economy evolved into a commitment to improving conditions for people living on the margins of society. The Ford Foundation promoted advancements in women's rights around the globe and introduced micro-lending into grantmaking. At the same time, the economic issues that were shaping program strategies also affected the Foundation's assets. Severe cuts resulted in a significant restructuring of country programs and reduced budgets across all programs.

Even with the cuts in country offices, in the 1970s Ford grantees in developing countries received approximately 80% of the International Division budget. The remaining fifth went to Population, Development Studies, and International Affairs. Although representing a much smaller piece, the International Security and Arms Control program from 1973 was the Foundation's most concerted effort to make meaningful inroads in disarmament and nuclear issues - those challenges most directly linked to the Foundation's historic concern for peace. By 1979, the Ford Foundation was the biggest funder of arms control as a field, both in the U.S. and overseas.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

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## Scope and Contents

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Includes but is not limited to: Correspondence, trip files, subject files, budget records, conference files and papers.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

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## Arrangement

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As received.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

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## Administrative Information

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### Publication Statement

Rockefeller Archive Center

15 Dayton Avenue

Sleepy Hollow 10591

[archive@rockarch.org](mailto:archive@rockarch.org)

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### Processing Information

Level 1 Minimal Processing has been conducted to establish basic intellectual and physical control of the material and assess immediate preservation and conservation needs. Material remains as received, in original folders and storage boxes.

### Conditions Governing Use note

Completion of a use agreement is required prior to providing scholarly access. See RAC Head of Reference (or applicable designee) for details. Ford Foundation holds title, copyright and literary rights in the collection, in so far as it holds them. The Rockefeller Archive Center has authority to grant permission to cite and publish material from the collection for scholarly purposes. Permission to publish extensive excerpts, or material in its entirety, will be referred to the Ford Foundation.

### Immediate Source of Acquisition note

Ford Foundation archive was deposited at RAC in 2011. Ford Foundation records, correspondence, reports, program files and officers papers were transferred to, and accessioned by, RAC beginning in 2011. Accessions continue as necessary.

### Conditions Governing Access

Records more than 10 years old are open for research with select materials restricted as noted. Brittle or damaged items are available at the discretion of RAC. Researchers interested in accessing

digital media (floppy disks, CDs, DVDs, etc.) or audiovisual material (audio cassettes, VHS, etc.) in this collection must use an access surrogate. The original items may not be accessed because of preservation concerns. To request an access surrogate be made, or if you are unsure if there is an access surrogate, please contact an archivist.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

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## Related Materials

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### Separated Materials

Appendix A: Reports – Unpublished reports written by Ford Foundation staff and consultants were removed from their original folders, scanned and transferred to the Archives' collection of staff and consultant reports. See Appendix A for a list of these reports and their specific assigned number. The reports are listed in alphabetical order by author. The assigned number may be used to access reports in the online catalog.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

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## Collection Inventory

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Title/Description	Instances
<b>International Centre for Diarrheal Disease Research, Bangladesh, 1974-1980</b>	
Title/Description	Instances
ICDDR -- Ford Foundation Recommendations for Grant Action and Chronology of ICDDR (and Ford Foundation Letter, April 1, 1980 article), 1979-1980	box 1
ICDDR -- Meeting of Interim International Committee to Assist in Establishing the ICDDR, Bangladesh (Geneva, February 13-14, 1979) -- Memo and Summary Report, 1979	box 1
ICDDR -- Meeting of the Consultative Group on the International Centre for Diarrheal Disease Research, Bangladesh (Geneva, June 6, 1980), Jun 1980	box 1
ICDDR -- Correspondence Concerning Potential Board Members, 1978	box 1
ICDDR -- Correspondence with World Health Organization (WHO, Geneva), 1978	box 1

ICDDR and Cholera Research Laboratory (CRL) -- Correspondence, incl. Family Planning and General Health- Related Correspondence, 1975-1977	box 1
ICDDR and Cholera Research Laboratory (CRL) -- Correspondence, 1978-1980	box 1
ICDDR/CRL/International Center for Health Research -- Correspondence, 1977-1978	box 1
CRL -- Memoranda, Correspondence, Dec 1977-Feb 1978	box 1
CRL/ICDDR -- Annual Reports (1976-1979), Index to Publications and Presentations, Newsletter, 1976-1980	box 1
ICDDR/CRL/International Institute for Research on Health, Nutrition and Population (IIRHNP) -- Correspondence, RGA, Reports, etc., 1977-1978	box 1
CRL -- Reports, Notes Re: Program Activity and Creation of International Center for Health Research, 1978	box 1
ICDDR, Bangladesh -- Reports, Memoranda Re: Family Planning, Bangladesh Consultancies, etc., 1975-1976	box 1
ICDDR, Bangladesh/CRL -- Reports Re: Creation of ICDDR, Bangladesh Family Planning and Population Programs, Meetings, Research, etc., 1976-1978	box 1
Joint Ford Foundation/ Population Council Asia Regional Population Meeting (Dacca), Apr 1976	box 1
"A Prospective Study of Birth Interval Dynamics in Rural Bangladesh" -- Report, Ford Foundation Dacca Office by Lincoln Chen, et al., Feb 1974	box 1
"What's the Use of a Demonstration Project?" -- Report, Ford Foundation Dacca Office by Colin McCord, Nov 1976	box 1
"Control of Diarrheal Disease Morbidity and Mortality: Some Strategic Issues" by Lincoln Chen Prepared for the Workshop on Effective Interventions to Reduce Infections, Jun 1977	box 1

## Reproductive Sciences, 1974-1980

### File Plan

original numbering preserved

Title/Description	Instances
1. Reproductive Science Initiative, Feb 1976-Jul 1980	box 2
2. Reproductive Research Policy, Mar 3, 1977-Oct 25, 1978	box 2
3. Reproductive Science -- Foundation Consortium Materials, Aug 1976-Aug 1978	box 2
4. Oscar Harkavy Paper, "Funding of Contraceptive Research" Presented Before Royal Society, 1976	box 2

5. International Committee for Contraception Research -- Meetings, May-Oct 1980	box 2
6. Contraceptive Safety File, 1978-1980	box 2
7. Miscellaneous Background Papers Re: Population/Health/Development, Jun 1975-Dec 1976	box 2
8. Medical Ethics -- Patents, Liability -- Contraceptive Development, 1971	box 2
8. Medical Ethics -- Patent Policy, 1974-1981	box 2
8. Medical Ethics -- Research Involving Human Subjects, Safety Protocols, 1975-1978	box 2
9. Greep Report/Contraception/Reproductive Sciences -- Contraception: Science, Technology, and Application -- Proceedings of a Symposium, 1979	box 2
9. Greep Report/Contraception/Reproductive Sciences -- Responses to Greep Advisory Committee Meeting and to Published Report, Feb 1975-Dec 1978	box 2
10. UNFPA -- Consultation on Population Assistance Coordination (Geneva, March 15-16, 1979), Mar 15-16, 1979	box 2

## International Review Group of Social Science Research on Population and Development (IRG), 1975-1981

### File Plan

original numbering preserved

Title/Description	Instances
1. International Review Group (IRG) Draft Report; Oscar Harkavy Paper on IRG -- Donor's Viewpoint, Mar 1979	box 3
2. International Review Group (IRG) Final Report -- Related Correspondence and Reports, Jan 1977-Nov 1980	box 3
3a. International Review Group -- The World Bank -- Report of the External Advisory Panel on Population, Aug 1976	box 3
3b. International Review Group -- Working papers Leading up to Grant for International Review Group (Urquidi and Miro), Mar 1976	box 3
3c. International Review Group -- First IRG Workshop on Research Priorities for Population Policy (Colombo) -- Draft Summary Report, Apr 1978	box 3
3d. International Review Group -- Bernard Berelson -- Demographic Requirements of Fertility Control Technology; Romanian Anti-Abortion Decree, 1978	box 3
3e. International Review Group -- Bernard Berelson -- Social Science Research for Population Policy, Jun 1977	box 3

3f. International Review Group -- Bernard Berelson -- "Social Science Research on Population" and Other IRG Documents and Related Papers, 1975-1976	box 3
4. Gavin Jones -- Social Science Research Report on East and Southeast Asia -- Draft Report for IRG, Mexico City, Jan 1978	box 3
5. Responses to Berelson-Mauldin Request for "New Efforts" Descriptions; Berelson Paper of January 1976, 1976-1979	box 3
6. IRG Meetings, 1979-1980	box 3
7. International Review Group of Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Carmen Miro -- Reports, Workshop Materials, Program Statements and Status Updates, 1975-1978	box 3
8. United Nations Fund for Population Activities (UNFPA) -- Correspondence, Apr 1970-1981	box 3
9. "Population in the Year 2000" -- An ODC Seminar on the 10th Anniversary of the Establishment of the UNFPA, Nov 1979	box 3
10. United Nations Consultative Meeting on the National Household Survey Capability Programme, Jun 21-22, 1979	box 3

## Population and Health Files, 1973-1981

### File Plan

original numbering preserved

Title/Description	Instances
1. December Strategy Paper Re: Population; Background Reports and Notes, Comments Re: Population and Development, 1976	box 4
2. Comments on Robert McNamara's Address by Population Office Staff and David Bell, Mar 21, 1977	box 4
3. The Foundation's Strategy for Work on Population (Ford Foundation information paper, June 1977); Health, Nutrition, and Population Information Paper (Dec 1979), 1977-1979	box 4
4. International Division Reorganization and Related Papers -- Population Program, Representatives' Meeting, etc., Jan-Sep 1980	box 4
5. Meeting with Franklin Thomas Re: Population Office, Jul 16, 1979	box 4
6. Population -- Other Donor Data, Apr 1973-Jun 1980	box 4
7. Working Group on Nutrition Materials -- incl. Reports Re: Nutrition Programming, 1978-1981	box 4
8. Working Group on Nutrition and Incidental Papers Re: Health, Nutrition, and Population; Chafkin Correspondence, Sep 1979-Jul 1980	box 4
9. Nutrition Papers, Sep 1976-Feb 1979	

box 4

10. Washington Follow-On -- Materials on DHEW Budget, FY 1979; Bundy-Kretchmer Notes; Notes, Proposals, Reports Re: Reproductive Science and Contraception, 1976-1979

box 4

## Bellagio Population Conferences, 1970-1971

### Arrangement

Chronological

Title/Description	Instances
Bellagio I (April 1970) -- Participants List, Papers, 1970	box 5
Bellagio II (June 1971) -- Planning Materials, 1970-1971	box 5
Bellagio II -- Agenda, 1971	box 5
Bellagio II -- Reports, 1970-1971	box 5
Bellagio II -- "The Commitment of Leaders" by David Bell, incl. Drafts, 1971	box 5
Bellagio Interim Committee -- Minutes of Meeting, Sep 10, 1970	box 5
Bellagio Group File -- Population Program Proposals, Meeting Notes, etc., 1970	box 5
International Population Research Institutes and Bellagio Population Group Interim Committee Notes, 1970	box 5
Recommendations/Responses to Bellagio Population Group Steering Committee Re: Population Activities Proposals, 1970	box 5
Bellagio Population Conference Proposals, Reports (1/3), 1971	box 5
Bellagio Population Conference Proposals, Reports (2/3), 1971	box 5
Bellagio Population Conference Proposals, Reports (3/3), 1971	box 5
Bellagio Population Group -- Memoranda, Reports, etc. (1/2), 1970-1971	box 5
Bellagio Population Group -- Memoranda, Reports, etc., 1970-1971	box 5

## Bellagio Population Conferences, 1971-1977

### Arrangement

Chronological

Title/Description	Instances
Bellagio II, Jun 1971	box 6
Bellagio II -- Reports, Abstracts of Reports Submitted to the Conference and Summary of Conference, 1971	box 6

Bellagio II -- Participants List, Submitted Proposals List, 1971	box 6
Bellagio Steering Committee Meeting -- Delivery Systems, Apr 1971	box 6
Bellagio Steering Committee Meeting -- Social Research/Population Policy, Apr 1971	box 6
Bellagio II -- Comments on Papers, Mar-Jun 1971	box 6
Bellagio II -- Agenda, Status Reports, Information Papers, etc., 1971	box 6
Bellagio II and III -- Correspondence with Dr. Allan Barnes and Others Re: Bellagio Meetings, 1971-1972	box 6
Bellagio III, 1972-1973	box 6
Bellagio III -- Social Research and Population Policy Summary and Recommendations, 1973	box 6
Bellagio III -- Third Population Conference -- Progress Reports for Afternoon Session (May 11, 1973), May 11, 1973	box 6
Bellagio III -- Third Population Conference -- Summary and Projections, May 12, 1973	box 6
Bellagio III -- "The Social Sciences and Development" -- Conference Papers, Feb 12-14, 1974	box 6
Bellagio III -- Third Conference on Population -- Working Papers (published volume), Jun 1974	box 6
Bellagio III -- "Priorities for Work on the World Population Problem: Bellagio III" -- Information Paper, Jun 1973	box 6
Bellagio IV -- Seminar Held at Ford Foundation Preparatory to OH and DEB Attendance at Bellagio IV (Denmark, June 6-9, 1977), Jun 2, 1977	box 6

## Population Papers, Conferences, 1968-1970

Title/Description	Instances
Development Centre (of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development) -- First Meeting on Population -- Reports, Information Papers, Dec 3-5, 1968	box 7
Commercial Distribution of Contraceptives -- Meeting at the Ford Foundation (April 28-29, 1969) Re: Marketing and Distribution of Contraceptives, Apr 28-29, 1969	box 7
India Population Meeting (Millbrook, September 23-24, 1969) -- Memoranda, Reports, 1969	box 7
Population/Family Planning Evaluation Conference (Marino, Italy, April 1970) -- Evaluation Materials, 1969-1970	box 7
UNDP Population Program -- Possible Committee Members, 1969	box 7



Population Crisis Committee -- September 30, 1969 Meeting -- Re: Population Education Campaign, 1969	box 7
"The Foundation's Work on Population" -- Information Paper, Sep 1970	box 7
Advisors on Family Planning in India -- Memoranda, Reports, 1967-1970	box 7
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (DHEW) -- Policy Review Report Re: Family Planning and Population Research, 1969	box 7
DHEW-AID Population Research File, 1969	box 7
Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Conference (Paris) (1/2), Nov 17-21, 1969	box 7
Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Conference (Paris) (2/2), Nov 17-21, 1969	box 7
Domestic Family Planning -- Memoranda, Report, Grants List, 1969	box 7
Congressman Bush -- Requesting Harkavy Appearance Before Congress Re: Population Problem and Tax Legislation, Testimony Included, 1969	box 7
Nixon Letter (by Harkavy) Drafts and Memoranda -- Funding Population Research and Work, 1968-1969	box 7
UCLA-Harbor General Hospital Ford Foundation Training and Research Program -- Transfer of Program and Electron Microscope to USC, 1969-1970	box 7
Tax Reform Act of 1969 -- Ford Foundation Response to Act, Provisions Affecting Foundation Grantmaking, 1969-1970	box 7
Rand/World Bank February 19, 1969 Meeting, Feb 19, 1969	box 7
Rand Proposal Materials Re: Population Control, 1969	box 7
Investigation of Training Opportunities in Demography and Economic Development, 1968-1970	box 7
Press Conference (April 1, 1970) with Science Press and Grantees in Population Field, Apr 1, 1970	box 7

## Evaluation Conference, Population Papers, 1967-1975

Title/Description	Instances
Evaluation Conference -- Monday, Apr 20, 1970	box 8
Evaluation Conference -- Tuesday (1/2), Apr 21, 1970	box 8
Evaluation Conference -- Tuesday (2/2), Apr 21, 1970	box 8
Evaluation Conference -- Wednesday (1/2), Apr 22, 1970	box 8
Evaluation Conference -- Wednesday (2/2), Apr 22, 1970	

	box 8
Evaluation Conference -- Thursday (1/2), Apr 23, 1970	box 8
Evaluation Conference -- Thursday (2/2), Apr 23, 1970	box 8
Evaluation Conference -- Friday, Apr 24, 1970	box 8
Atlanta -- Grady Hospital, 1967	box 8
(Office of) Education, 1967	box 8
Lee, Philip -- Memos, 1967	box 8
Program Notes Re: Family Planning, 1967	box 8
Hardin, Lowell -- Information, 1974	box 8
Hathaway, Dale -- Lecture and Program Participation at Stanford University and University of California, Davis Re: Agriculture and Nutrition, Apr 1975	box 8
India Field Office, 1969-1971	box 8
International Rice Research Institute -- Miscellaneous, 1975	box 8
Pakistan, 1972	box 8
French Language Resource Base -- Family Planning Program, 1970	box 8
Muscat Proposal -- Stimulating Demand for Family Planning, 1975	box 8
Social Science Research on Population and Development Interagency Collaboration Meeting, Jan 9-10, 1975	box 8

## Population Papers, Trip Files, 1967-1974

Title/Description	Instances
DHEW Report, "Implementing DHEW Policy on Family Planning and Population" by Oscar Harkavy (September 5 and 18, 1967) and Working Papers, Sep 1967	box 9
Family Planning Reports and Memo -- Public Health Service and Planned Parenthood, 1967	box 9
Ford Foundation Memos Re: Social Science Research and Development, 1974	box 9
Ford Foundation/Harvard University Report/Review Re: Reproductive Biology and Contraceptive Development -- Africa (1/2), 1973-1975	box 9
Ford Foundation/Harvard University Report/Review Re: Reproductive Biology and Contraceptive Development -- Africa (2/2), 1973-1975	box 9
Funding Aspects Re: Support of Reproductive Biology and Contraceptive Development, n.d.	box 9

National Center for Health Statistics, 1967	box 9
National and Geographic Regions and Representatives -- Funding Aspects, 1967	box 9
Population Studies Proposals and Reports (International), 1974	box 9
Regional Visits -- Miscellaneous Re: Family Planning Programs, 1967	box 9
Report on Family Planning -- Correspondence Re: Report Planning, 1967	box 9
Requests for Essays Re: Reproductive Biology and Contraceptive Development, 1974	box 9
Strategy Paper Materials, Jul 16, 1970	box 9
Strategy Paper (Population) -- Draft Comments, 1970	box 9
Welfare Administration -- Incl. Departmental Expenditures on Family Planning, 1966-1967	box 9
Harkavy's Trip -- Asia, Jul 1968	box 9
Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Harkavy -- Asia Trip, Jul 1-25, 1968	box 9
Asia Trip Notes -- Pakistan, India, Indonesia, Aug 1969	box 9
Pakistan, India, Indonesia Trip -- Planning Memoranda, Itinerary..., Aug 1969	box 9
North Africa Trip, Jan 1970	box 9
Trip Report -- Hawaii, Indonesia, Bangkok, India and Memoranda/Reports Re: Population Problems in Asia and the Pacific, 1971	box 9

## Trip, Conference and Population Papers, 1967-1979

### Arrangement

Original order preserved

Title/Description	Instances
Trip -- Bellagio, India, Pakistan -- Miscellaneous Documents, May 1975	box 10
Asia -- Trip Notes and Miscellaneous Materials, Oct 1977	box 10
Bangkok, Thailand Field Office, 1977	box 10
Trip Notes -- Visit of Harkavy, Saunders, Nagel to Brazil and Mexico, Mar 6-19, 1976	box 10
Brazilian Population Studies Project, 1975-1978	box 10
PISPAL, 1977-1978	box 10
Folder VI -- Informal Trip Notes, Nigeria, Sep 24-29, 1978	box 10

Folder VI -- Paper, "Population and Family Planning in Mexico", Jul 1978	box 10
Folder VI -- Brazil Trip Notes, 1978-1979	box 10
Asian Parasite Control Organization -- 3rd Conference (Hotel New Otani, Tokyo), Oct 20-25, 1976	box 10
Mr. Harkavy's Santiago Trip, Apr 1967	box 10

## Population Papers, 1970-1976

Title/Description	Instances
Board of Trustees Meetings Re: Trustee Planning Project and "The Hungry, Crowded, Competitive World" (OH paper not in folder), 1976	box 11
Elsinore Population Meeting Re: Reproductive Biology (1/2), 1972	box 11
Elsinore Population Meeting Re: Reproductive Biology (2/2), 1972	box 11
Miscellaneous Meetings -- Population and Social Science, incl. Bellagio, 1971	box 11
Population Crisis Article (NY Times) and Population Commission Memo, 1971-1972	box 11
Population Studies Centers -- Funding, 1970	box 11
Preterm -- Re: Manuals for Abortion Services Programs, 1972-1977	box 11
Social Science and Management Research on Population -- Asia Meeting, 1971	box 11
Social Science, Demographic, and Management Research and June 29, 1971 Discussion, 1971	box 11
Social Science Research -- Population and Development -- Report ("The Volume") -- Comments, Summary, etc., 1974	box 11
Trudy Berkowitz -- Review of Population Studies Centers, 1973	box 11
University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill -- Carolina Population Center -- Ford Foundation Visit, Nov 1976	box 11

## Population Papers , 1960-1981

Title/Description	Instances
Association of American Medical Colleges -- Mr. Bundy's Speech (March 23, 1969), Also Notes Re: India's Population Problem, 1969-1974	box 12
Bundy, McGeorge -- Address to AAMC, Ford Foundation "Population" Policy Paper, 1963-1969	box 12

Child Growth, Health, and Infant Survival -- Proposals, Reports, 1981	box 12
Immigration, 1977-1978	box 12
Immigration Policy, 1977	box 12
Immigration and Refugees -- Information Papers/Reports, 1980	box 12
International Immigration -- Asian Migration to the Middle East, 1979	box 12
International Migration, 1979-1981	box 12
International Migration -- Solicited Research Program, 1978-1980	box 12
McLaughlin, Robert -- Population Grants, Graduate Work at Princeton, etc., 1973-1976	box 12
Medical School, Hospital Program -- Population Council -- Re: Family Planning, 1967	box 12
Middle East Research Awards Program -- Guillaume de Spoelberch, 1977	box 12
Owolabi/Drysdale -- Health, Family Planning in Africa, 1978-1980	box 12
"Plans for the Future" -- A Statement by the Trustees of the Rockefeller Foundation, 1963	box 12
Population Paper -- "Population Growth and Family Planning in Kenya" and Chronology of Developments of U.S. Population Policy, 1965	box 12
Population/Resources Papers, 1980-1981	box 12
"The Social Sciences and Population Policy - A Survey" by Edwin Driver -- Report to Population Office, Feb 1970	box 12
Technical Assistance Career Program Memorandum and Population Problems Board of Trustees Docket Item, 1960	box 12
UNFPA Contraceptive Development Project -- Meeting, Oct 15, 1981	box 12
West Africa Research Agenda -- Meeting with Professor Mabogunje Re: Interrelationship between Population and Development, Feb 27, 1978	box 12

## Population Papers, 1974-1980

Title/Description	Instances
Middle East Workshop on Multivariate Analysis (Istanbul), 1980	box 13
Rockefeller/Ford Competition, 1976-1978	box 13
Rockefeller/Ford Competition and Subsequent Social Science Activities -- Harkavy Copies of Reports, Memoranda, 1978-1980	box 13

Social Science DAP, Jan-Aug 1980	box 13
United Nations World Population Conference (Bucharest, Aug 19-30, 1974) (1/2), Aug 19-30, 1974	box 13
United Nations World Population Conference (Bucharest, Aug 19-30, 1974) (2/2), Aug 19-30, 1974	box 13

## Population Council and Alan Guttmacher Institute, 1963-1981

Title/Description	Instances
Population Council Evaluation -- Financial/Hayes, 1979	box 14
Population Council Evaluation -- ICCR/Steelman, Ryan, 1979	box 14
Population Council Evaluation -- IP/Field Responses, Lyle Saunders, 1978-1979	box 14
Population Council Evaluation -- Miscellaneous Memoranda, 1979	box 14
Population Council External Evaluations, Aug-Dec 1973	box 14
Population Council -- Materials, 1963-1967	box 14
Population Council -- Policy Review -- Miscellaneous Drafts, 1979	box 14
Population Council -- Semi-Annual Reports, 1979-1980	box 14
Population Council -- Status Report, 1974-1976	box 14
Population Council -- Miscellaneous Memoranda (1/2), Dec 1974-Jan 1975	box 14
Population Council -- Miscellaneous Memoranda (2/2), 1978-1979	box 14
Miscellaneous Population and Family Planning Reports, Memoranda, Project Lists, etc., 1979	box 14
Fred Jaffe and the Alan Guttmacher Institute, 1968-1977	box 14
Alan Guttmacher Institute, 1980-1981	box 14

## Chronological Correspondence, Information Papers, Conference, 1977-1981

Title/Description	Instances
Chrons, Jan 1984	box 15
Chrons, Feb 1984	box 15
Chrons, Mar 1984	box 15
Chrons, Apr 1984	box 15
Chrons, May 1984	box 15
Chrons, Jun 1984	box 15

Chronos, Jul 1984	box 15
Chronos, Aug 1984	box 15
Chronos, Sep 1984	box 15
Chronos, Oct 1984	box 15
Chronos, Nov 1984	box 15
Chronos, Dec 1984	box 15
Report on Affirmative Action, Mar 1978	box 15
International Division's Women's Program -- Information Paper, Jan 1979	box 15
Ford Foundation Programs for Women -- Information Paper, Dec 1979	box 15
Ford Foundation Programs for Women -- Plans and Budgets for FY1980-1981, Mar 1980	box 15
Review of Research on Women in Agriculture and Rural Development, Oct 1980	box 15
Survey of International Funding for the Advancement of Women, [1978]	box 15
Correspondence re: Women's Activities, Dec 1979-Feb 1981	box 15
Miscellaneous Correspondence on Women's Issues, 1974-1978	box 15
Bellagio Conference Materials -- Population Office Annual Reports and Supporting Documents, 1966-1973	box 15
Bellagio Conference on Health and Population in Developing Countries, Apr 18-21, 1979	box 15
Bellagio Conference on Health and Population in Developing Countries -- Agenda and Discussion Papers, Apr 18-21, 1979	box 15
Bellagio Conference on Health and Population in Developing Countries -- Background Papers, Apr 18-21, 1979	box 15
Bellagio IV Population Conference -- Working Papers, Nov 1977	box 15

## Conferences, 1965-1980

Title/Description	Instances
World Population Conference -- Bucharest, Aug 19-30, 1974	box 16
Elsinore (1/2), June 1972	box 16
Elsinore (2/2), Jun 1972	box 16
ASEAN Population Meetings -- Bali, Jun 23-28, 1977	box 16
News Briefing for Science Writers -- New Developments in Contraception and Fertility Control, Dec 14, 1976	box 16

Folder #1 -- Meeting on Social Science Research and Population -- Lists -- People, 1974	box 16
Folder #1 -- Meeting on Social Science Research and Population -- Strategy Paper, 1974	box 16
Folder #1 -- Meeting on Social Science Research and Population -- Working Papers, 1974	box 16
Interagency Collaboration on Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Proceedings, Feb 24-25, 1975	box 16
Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Master Session Materials -- Agenda Master Copy, 1974	box 16
Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Master Session Materials -- I-A, 1974	box 16
Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Master Session Materials -- II, 1974	box 16
Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Master Session Materials -- III, 1974	box 16
Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Master Session Materials -- IV, 1974	box 16
Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Master Session Materials -- V, 1974	box 16
Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Master Session Materials -- VI, 1974	box 16
Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Master Session Materials -- Ford Foundation Memoranda, 1974	box 16
PLAMIRH Meeting, Bogota, Apr 1974	box 16
Minutes of Meeting, International Committee for Contraception Research, Mar 13-15, 1974	box 16
PIACT -- Coordinating Committee Meeting, Apr 23-29, 1979	box 16
PIACT, Sep 15-Nov 17, 1977	box 16
College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University -- Center for Population and Family Health, 1978	box 16
Reproductive Biology Strategy File, 1978-1979	box 16
Meeting at Rockefeller Foundation Targeted Program, Sep 30, 1980	box 16
Reproductive Biology and Contraceptive Development -- Miscellaneous Publications and Correspondence, 1965-1981	box 16

## Log Notes, Conferences, 1964-1974

Title/Description	Instances
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Communications Aspects of Family Planning programs, Dec 2-12, 1968	box 17
India -- Log Notes/Papers, 1963-1969	box 17
Indonesia -- Log Notes/Reports, 1967	box 17
Malaysia -- Log Notes/Program Papers, 1964-1970	box 17
Malaysia -- Background Papers, 1964	box 17
Pakistan, Apr 1970	box 17
Philippines -- Log Notes, 1968	box 17
Singapore/Japan -- Log Notes/Reports, 1964-1965	box 17
Thailand, 1970	box 17
United Nations -- Conference on Demography -- Lyon, France, Jun 3-11, 1971	box 17
United Nations Expert Working Group on Population Research in National Institutions, 1971	box 17
Bellagio Meetings, 1970-1973	box 17
All India Women's Conference, 1973	box 17
International Economic Association -- Conference on Economic Aspects of Population Growth, Sep 1973	box 17
Population Association of America, Apr 18-20, 1974	box 17

## Conferences, General Files, 1967-1977

Title/Description	Instances
London Conference on Public Sector Involvement in Reproductive Science and Contraceptive Research (1/2), Apr 1977	box 18
London Conference on Public Sector Involvement in Reproductive Science and Contraceptive Research (2/2), 1977	box 18
Miscellaneous Correspondence (1/2), 1968-1977	box 18
Miscellaneous Correspondence (2/2), 1968-1977	box 18
Marrimon Cuninggim, 1974	box 18
Miscellaneous Correspondence, 1968-1971	box 18
The Population Chronicle, 1974	box 18
Papal Encyclical, 1968	box 18
Miscellaneous Correspondence, 1971-1977	box 18
Resource Base Meetings (1/2), 1967-1970	box 18
Resource Base Meetings (2/2), 1967-1970	box 18
Miscellaneous, 1971-1972	

box 18

**Meetings, Visits, Budget, 1963-1975**

<b>Title/Description</b>	<b>Instances</b>
Budgets, 1963-1968	box 19
Africa Consultancy Visit, Jan 16-Mar 2, 1973	box 19
Africa Trip Report -- Attachments A-M, May 15-30, 1973	box 19
West Africa, May 1973	box 19
International Division -- Population Office -- Budget Planning, 1973-1975	box 19
Budget FY1972 (1/2), 1971	box 19
Budget FY1972 (2/2), 1971	box 19
Budget Papers -- Miscellaneous FY1971, 1970	box 19
International Division -- Budget FY1970, 1969	box 19
Budget Meeting -- Planning, Exploration and Evaluation, Apr 1972	box 19

**Budgets, Meetings, 1969-1975**

<b>Title/Description</b>	<b>Instances</b>
Reproductive Biology, 1973-1975	box 20
Budget Memoranda, 1974	box 20
Budget FY1980, May 1974	box 20
Ford Foundation Population Meeting -- Cali, Colombia (1/2), Oct 1974	box 20
Ford Foundation Population Meeting -- Cali, Colombia (2/2), Oct 1974	box 20
Social Science Research Meeting at the Ford Foundation, Oct 29-30, 1974	box 20
Conference on Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Background Papers, Oct 29-30, 1974	box 20
Conference on Social Science Research on Population and Development -- Miscellaneous, 1974-1975	box 20
Meeting on Assistance to Education, Sep 16-18, 1975	box 20
Third Meeting on Education and Development -- Bellagio Italy -- Working Papers, Jul 7-10, 1975	box 20
Language and Development -- A Retrospective Survey, 1975	box 20

Ford Foundation Interim Report on Surveys of Social and Management Sciences Relevant to Population Problems, Jun 10, 1971	box 20
Proposed Budget FY1970 -- Papers, 1969	box 20
Proposed Budget FY1971, Jun 1970	box 20
Proposed Budget FY1972, Jun 1971	box 20

## Correspondence Subject Files, Conference, 1970-1976

Title/Description	Instances
Correspondence -- To Sign, 1975-1976	box 21
Correspondence -- Miscellaneous, 1975-1978	box 21
United Nations -- Social Science Materials, 1975-1976	box 21
West Africa, 1976	box 21
Population Council -- Miscellaneous Reports, 1970-1971	box 21
Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, 1970	box 21
Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East -- Asian Population Conference, 1972	box 21
Population Related Social Science Research in the Middle East and Africa -- Background Materials, Sep 30-Oct 1, 1971	box 21

## Subject Files, 1967-1970

Title/Description	Instances
Senate Labor and Public Welfare Committee Hearings, 1969-1970	box 22
Implementing DHEW Policy on Family Planning and Population, 1967	box 22
Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, 1969-1970	box 22
United Nations Association -- World Population Report [PHOTO], 1969	box 22
House Ways and Means Material (1/2), 1969	box 22
House Ways and Means Material (2/2), 1969	box 22

## Correspondence and Subject Files, Meetings, Budget, 1968-1974

Title/Description	Instances
World Health Organization (WHO) -- Karoliwsky, 1971	box 23
ACORD -- Egon Diczfalusy, Apr 1970	box 23
WHO (Informal File), Jun 1970	box 23

Reproductive Biology, 1970	box 23
Djerassi, Carl -- Correspondence, 1970	box 23
Contraceptive Development, 1970	box 23
Consortium Meeting, Nov 1969	box 23
Reproductive Biology Consortium, 1968-1969	box 23
Karolinska, 1970	box 23
Ford Foundation Meeting, May 13, 1970	box 23
Bellagio, 1970	box 23
Serbelloni Population Meeting, Apr 6-8, 1970	box 23
Working Papers for Villa D'Este Meeting, Apr 1968	box 23
Ford Foundation Population Consultants Conference, Lake Como, Italy, Apr 1968	box 23
Social and Management Sciences -- Asia -- Background Materials A-G, Oct 1, 1971	box 23
Ford Foundation Interim Report on Surveys of Social and Management Sciences Relevant to Population Problems, Jun 10, 1971	box 23
Background Papers, 1971	box 23
Bucharest, Aug 19-30, 1974	box 23
Population Office -- Draft Budget -- FY1974-1975, 1974	box 23

## Subject Files, 1968-1981

Title/Description	Instances
Perkin, Gordon W., Feb 1968-Nov 1980	box 24
Kavoori, J.C. -- Executive Director, Family Planning Foundation (India), 1977-1980	box 24
Khew, Dr. K.S. -- Operative Culdoscopy, Apr 1971-Feb 1972	box 24
Kocher, James E. -- Family Planning in India, 1977-1981	box 24
Korten, David C., 1978-1980	box 24
Cycle Communications (W.O. Sweeney and Ann Leonard), 1980	box 24
PIACT Grants, 1978-1980	box 24
PLAMIRH, 1974-1981	box 24
Sweeney, William O., 1973-1980	box 24
Mahoney, Richard T. -- PIACT, 1979-1980	box 24
Mahoney, Richard T. -- India, 1977-1978	box 24

Mahoney, Richard T. -- Egypt, 1977	box 24
Mahoney, Richard T. -- PIACT, 1975-1978	box 24
Kantner, John F. -- Correspondence, 1976-1977	box 24

## Subject Files

Title/Description	Instances
Population Resource Center (Corporate Program), 1980-1981	box 25
Congressman Jas. Scheuer -- House Select Committee on Population -- Testimony, 1978	box 25
Congressman Jas. Scheuer -- House Select Committee on Population -- House Select Committee Testimony, Mar 9, 1978	box 25
Congressman Jas. Scheuer -- House Select Committee on Population -- Report on Population and Development, 1978	box 25
Mr. Harvavy's DHEW Consultant Report and Correspondence on Related Topics, 1967-1968	box 25
Panel of Consultants in Population, 1976	box 25
Institute on Medical Education and Family Planning -- Association of American Medical Colleges, 1968-1969	box 25
Population and Health -- Alma Ata (USSR) Conference on Primary Health Care, 1978	box 25
Center for Public Resources, 1981	box 25
Agency for International Development (AID), 1974-1979	box 25

## David Bell Correspondence, Miscellaneous Papers, 1964-1982

Title/Description	Instances
Old Historical Documents, 1982	box 26
David E. Bell Correspondence, Sep 1968-Jul 1970	box 26
David E. Bell Correspondence, Aug 1970-Oct 1972	box 26
David E. Bell Correspondence, May 1973-Dec 1977	box 26
David E. Bell Correspondence, Jan 1978-Jan 1981	box 26
Alza -- Planned Parenthood -- Ford Foundation -- Agreement -- Meeting Notes, 1975-1976	box 26
Bangkok Meeting -- Relative Correspondence and Reports, May 2-5, 1978	box 26
Miscellaneous Population and Family Planning Papers (unfiled) (1/5), 1964-1975	box 26
Miscellaneous Population and Family Planning Papers (unfiled) (2/5), 1964-1975	box 26

Miscellaneous Population and Family Planning Papers (unfiled) (3/5), 1964-1975	box 26
Miscellaneous Population and Family Planning Papers (unfiled) (4/5), 1964-1975	box 26
Miscellaneous Population and Family Planning Papers (unfiled) (5/5), 1964-1975	box 26

## Miscellaneous Population and Family Planning Papers (unfiled), 1969-1970

Title/Description	Instances
Miscellaneous Population and Family Planning Papers (unfiled material requiring no response from Oscar Harkavy), 1969-1970	box 27