



Rockefeller University records, History of the University, Addresses, Announcements and News Articles

This finding aid was produced using ArchivesSpace on July 07, 2018.

Rockefeller Archive Center

15 Dayton Avenue
Sleepy Hollow 10591

archive@rockarch.org

URL: <http://www.rockarch.org>

Table of Contents

Summary Information	3
Biographical/Historical note	3
Scope and Contents	5
Arrangement	5
File Plan note	5
Administrative Information	5
Controlled Access Headings	6
Collection Inventory	6

Summary Information

Repository:	Rockefeller Archive Center
Creator:	Rockefeller University
Creator:	Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research
Title:	Rockefeller University records, History of the University, Addresses, Announcements and News Articles
ID:	FA905
Date [inclusive]:	1901-1975
Physical Description:	0.5 Cubic Feet 2 boxes
Physical Description:	2 boxes.
Language of the Material:	English

Preferred Citation

Information regarding the Rockefeller Archive Center's preferred elements and forms of citation can be found at <http://www.rockarch.org/research/citations.php>

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Biographical/Historical note

The work of The Institute concentrated on basic research. The hope was that the discoveries might, in the long run, be applied to the public welfare, but the basic purpose was to provide an environment for exploratory original research by individuals under no compulsion to produce immediately useful results.

Scientific work of The Institute was first carried on through grants-in-aid made to researchers in scattered laboratories. This program decreased as the Institute's own laboratories developed. July 1, 1904 temporary quarters were rented at 127 East 50th Street, New York and work began there about Nov. 1, 1904. Those recruited for the first staff were Eugene L. Opie, Samuel J. Meltzer, Hideyo Noguchi and Joshua Edwin Sweet. Added to the staff very shortly were Phoebus Aaron Theodor Levene and John Auer. Alexis Carrel joined The Institute in 1906 and Jacques Loeb in 1910. On June 13, 1907 the Board of Directors voted to establish various classes of association with The Institute. The classes were: Member (for an indefinite period); Associate Member (for five year periods; amended in 1911 Rules to "a term of years"); Associate of The Institute; Fellow of The Institute; Scholar of The Institute (which

was dropped in the Rules amended 1928). The first Members of The Institute were Simon Flexner, S.J. Meltzer, E.L. Opie, and P.A.T. Levene.

In April 1906 the Central Laboratory with animal house and power house, located on York Avenue and 66th Street were ready for use. Simon Flexner, the first Director of the laboratories had been unanimously elected Director of The Institute on Oct. 25, 1902. However, not until a meeting on Jan. 17, 1920 did the Board make clear its sense that these were two offices, both held by Simon Flexner. The Office of Director of The Institute was clearly added in amended Rules Oct. 18, 1924. Simon Flexner was Director of The Institute and Director of the laboratories until his retirement in 1935. He was succeeded in both offices by Herbert S. Gasser, 1935-1953.

In 1910, at the York Avenue site a Hospital was opened so that the investigations of the Laboratories could be supplemented by the study of certain diseases as they actually occur in man. The Rules for the Scientific Directors as adopted on Jan. 21, 1911, provided that The Institute be comprised of two coordinate departments, Laboratories and Hospital. Rufus Cole was the first Director of the Department of the Hospital and continued in this post until his retirement in 1937 when he was succeeded by Thomas M. Rivers. The Hospital accepted only a limited number of patients, limited further to classes of diseases under study in the Hospital laboratories. The By-Laws of the Corporation provided that The Institute make no charge to persons treated at the Hospital for professional care rendered or for board and lodging. Classes of appointment to the Hospital were Physician, Assistant Physician, Resident Physician, Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent. In 1946 an amendment to the Rules provided that the titles be as follows: Physician-in-Chief to the Hospital; Physician to the Hospital; Assistant Physician to the Hospital; Resident Associate Physician; Senior Assistant Physician; Superintendent of the Hospital; Assistant Superintendent of the Hospital.

In 1914, at a location about three miles from Princeton, N.J. with Theobald Smith as Director, a new Department of Animal Pathology was established. In June 1915 the Rules were amended to make this coordinate with the Departments of Laboratories and Hospital. When Theobald Smith retired in 1930 Carl TenBroeck became Director of the Department which in 1931 was expanded by the appointment of Louis O. Kunkel who headed the new division of plant pathology into the Department of Animal and Plant Pathology.

The Director of each Department was appointed by the Board of Scientific Directors, and the Director of The Institute by the Corporation. In the different departments separate laboratories were organized under the guidance of a Member or Associate Member. The broad divisions of scientific fields varied from time to time in accordance with scientific developments and the interests of the Members, but always with consultation, approval and direction of the Board of Scientific Directors.

In 1953, after the retirement of Herbert S. Gasser, an extensive reorganization was undertaken. Thomas M. Rivers, who served for two years as Vice-President of the Corporation and at the same time, Director of the Laboratories, Director of the Department of the Hospital and Physician-in-Chief to the Hospital retired in 1955. The position of Director of The Institute was abolished and also the organization into departments.

On and after November 19, 1954 when the Charter of the Corporation was amended so that the Corporation became part of the University of the State of New York The Institute had the power to confer degrees. On June 27, 1958 by amendment to the Charter the corporate name was changed to The

Rockefeller Institute and on May 27, 1965 the Charter of The Institute was amended in its entirety and the name changed to The Rockefeller University.

The University is organized into laboratories, each headed by one or two senior scientists rather than into categorical departments. The scientific work of the laboratories is under the direction of the President.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Scope and Contents

Addresses, announcements, news articles and reprints.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Arrangement

Chronological.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

File Plan note

Former Classification: I 401

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Administrative Information

Publication Statement

Rockefeller Archive Center

15 Dayton Avenue
Sleepy Hollow 10591

archive@rockarch.org

URL: <http://www.rockarch.org>

Revision Description

Conditions Governing Access note

This collection is open for research. Brittle or damaged items are available at the discretion of RAC.

[^ Return to Table of Contents](#)

Controlled Access Headings

- Medical research
- Medical education
- Cell and biomolecular sciences
- Life sciences
- Operations management
- Biology -- Research
- Medical sciences
- Greene, Jerome D.
- Rockefeller, John D. (John Davison)
- Rockefeller Foundation

Collection Inventory

Title/Description	Instances	
Addresses, announcements, news, articles, reprints, 1901-1975		
Photographs of temporary quarters: 127 East 50th Street	box 1	folder 1
Addresses delivered at laboratory opening, 1906 May 11	box 1	folder 2
Nicolle, Maurice. "Institut Rockefeller" Extraits de La Presse Medicale, no. 26, 1907 March 30	box 1	folder 3
Auer, John. "The Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research" Reprint from Medical Record, (Imperfect), 1909 January 23	box 1	folder 4
Report on the RIMR with special reference to a permanent endowment, 1910 January	box 1	folder 5
Greene, J.D. Needs of additional space, 1912 January 13	box 1	folder 6

Greene, J.D. Estimated additional cost of maintenance due to erection of new wing, 1912 January 29	box 1	folder 7
Rockefeller, J.D. Jr., Welch, William; Simon Flexner. Addresses at 20th Anniversary of RIMR. Cosmopolitan Club, 1922 January 20	box 1	folder 8
Levinthal, Walter. "Das Rockefeller Institut in New York: Methodik und Ergebnisse der Erforschung filtrierbarer Virusarten nach persönlichen Eindrücken" Sonderdruck aus Medizinische Klinik 1925 Nr. 38/39, 1925	box 1	folder 9
Scope and Contents note Includes translation by A.v.d.O.		
"The Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research" Medical Journal and Record, 1928 November 21	box 1	folder 10
"RIMR, Hospital, Department of Animal Pathology" Sonderdruck Forschungsinstitute, ihre Geschichte Organisation und Ziele hrsg. von Ludolph Brauer, 1930	box 1	folder 11
Addresses at 20th anniversary of opening of RIMR Hospital, 1938 May 8	box 1	folder 12
Parkhurst, G. "War everywhere" Good Housekeeping, 1937 August	box 1	folder 13
New York City as a Medical Center; historical retrospect. Reprint from Annals of Internal Medicine v. 11. no, 1938 February 8	box 1	folder 14
Castiglioni, A. "Panorama della medicina americana. Minerva medica an. 25, v. 11, no. 46. With translation, 1934 November 17	box 1	folder 15
News release of J.D. Rockefeller, Jr. retirement, 1950 October 27	box 1	folder 16
Weidner, E. "When John D. listened" Coronet, 1952 November	box 1	folder 17
Chase, Merrill. 3 graphs showing RIMR growth, 1901-1955	box 1	folder 18
Brimble, L.J.F. The Rockefeller Institute, NY "A new graduate university" Nature v. 183 pp. 1629-1634, 1959 January 13	box 1	folder 19
Walsh, J. Rockefeller University: science in a different key Science, 1965	box 1	folder 20
"Medical Litterateur" MD Medical Magazine, pp. 191-198, 1972 September	box 1	folder 21
Yunker, Barbara "On the Nobel Farm" New York Post, 1972 October 28	box 1	folder 22
Newspaper articles 8pp. on Milbrook	box 1	folder 23
"The Nobel Factory that flourishes in Manhattan" reprint from Fortune, April 1976	box 1	folder 24

"An Anniversary Album" booklet of historical photographs prepared by The Rockefeller University in honor of the 75th Anniversary	box 1	folder 25
Rockefeller University reprint from "Dictionary of American History" revised ed. 1976, 1976 July 12	box 1	folder 26
Scope and Contents note		
Includes Publishers Weekly notice of publication, 4pp.		
Bylinsky, Gene. "Medicine's last word in 'think tanks'" Medical Economics 4pp. 104-114, 1976 October	box 1	folder 27
Freese, Arthur S. The Wizards of York Avenue, NRTA Journal, pp. 9-12, 1976 November-December	box 1	folder 28
Storm van Leeuwen, Willem. Indrukken van een studiereis naar America. Personer, nieuwe onderzoeken medische laboratoria en klinieken, 1920	box 2	folder 1
Scope and Contents note		
Dedicated to Simon Flexner. 97 pages on RIMR and staff. Published 1920, der Haag.		
Fruton, Joseph S. Book review: The Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, an essay review. (George W. Corner. A History of The Rockefeller Institute, 1901-1953) Journal of the history of medicine and applied sciences, 21 (1966) 71-77, 1901-1953	box 2	folder 2
Walsh, John. "The Rockefeller University: No time for philosophers" Science, 195 (1977) 272-275, 1977	box 2	folder 3
Cole, Thomas A. Newspaper article: Rockefellers aid early research in South Bend Tribune, 1977 September 18	box 2	folder 4
Anderson, Alexandra. "Neighborhood Avenue, 1978 October 27-30	box 2	folder 5
The Physiologist Vol. 26 No. 2 April 1983, with article by Herbert Chasis, "History of collaboration by Department of Physiology at New York University School of Medicine" pp. 64-70, 1983 April 2	box 2	folder 6
Unpublished manuscript with a section on RIMR & its Hospital. Given to RU Archives by Dr. Hess	box 2	folder 7