# A simple NPZD model for Llanquihue Lake

Carolina Rösner & Rodrigo Jaramillo Teufert

## **Abstract**

In the present study, a mathematical model (NPZD) based on the four compartments Nutrient (N), Phytoplankton (P), Zooplankton (Z) and Detritus (D), is proposed for understanding the ecology of shallow coastal lagoons. Model is simulated for the two cases of detritus link with the system: i) through remineralization and ii) through remineralization and palatability of detritus to zooplankton.

#### Introduction

A biogeochemical model is a simplified and mathematical representation of the biological, geological, and chemical processes that occur in ecosystems. These models are used to understand and simulate the flows of energy, nutrients, and chemical elements through natural systems such as oceans, forests, soils, and bodies of water. Biogeochemical models integrate information about biogeochemical cycles, which include processes like photosynthesis, decomposition, respiration, nitrogen fixation, nutrient leaching, and atmospheric deposition.

These models take into account the interactions between different components of the system, such as plants, animals, microorganisms, soils, and the atmosphere. Biogeochemical models are powerful tools for predicting the effects of environmental change, such as climate change, pollution, and deforestation, on biogeochemical cycles and ecosystem health. They are also used to assess the effectiveness of management and conservation strategies and to inform decision-making in natural resource management.

Biological models have been widely used to understand the dynamics and interactions in pelagic ecosystems. Among them, compartmental models have been especially relevant by grouping entire populations into individual compartments that interact with each other. The complexity of these models varies depending on the included state variables and the rules governing their interaction. One known model in this context is the model proposed by Fasham et al. (1990), which includes seven compartments: phytoplankton, zooplankton, bacteria, nitrate, ammonium, dissolved organic nitrogen, and detritus. However, one of the simplest and most

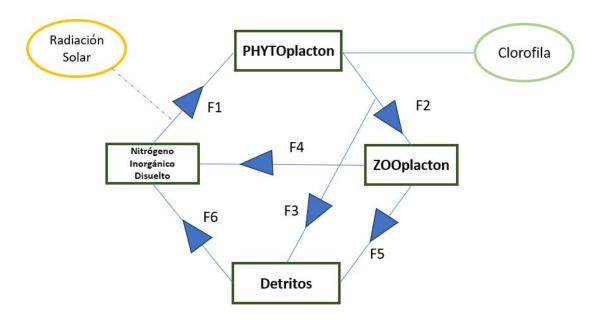
widely used biological models is the NPZ model developed by Franks et al. (1986), which considers only three compartments: phytoplankton, zooplankton, and dissolved nutrients.

The NPZ model captures the fundamental processes governing the growth and interactions between these key compartments. It considers variables such as nutrient availability, grazing pressure, and phytoplankton growth rates, providing a simplified yet valuable representation of pelagic ecosystem dynamics. This model has been adapted and applied in various marine environments, providing crucial insights into the functioning of planktonic communities and their responses to environmental changes.

In conclusion, biological models like the NPZ model play a crucial role in our understanding of the complex dynamics and interactions in pelagic ecosystems. While more complex models encompass multiple compartments and variables, the NPZ model provides an effective and simplified representation of essential components in these ecosystems. These models are valuable tools for advancing our knowledge and contributing to the conservation and management of marine habitats.

#### 2. Model Formulation

A mathematical model (NPZD) based on four compartments (Nutrient (N), Phytoplankton (P), Zooplankton (Z), and Detritus (D)) is proposed to understand the ecology of shallow coastal zones and lagoons. The interactions between the compartments are described in Figure 1.



The arrows indicate the flow of matter between different compartments. The equations of the model are as follows:

$$dN/dt = -(a(t)NP)/(Kn + N) + rP + D + [m/H(t)]N1(t) + (Q/V)N2(t)$$

$$\begin{split} dP/dt &= (a(t)NP/Kn + N) - rP - [p1P/A][c(A - A0)Z/Kz + A - A0] - [uP/K + P]P \\ dZ/dt &= [(eC(A - A0)Z)/Kz + A - A0] - g*Z \\ dD/dt &= [uP/K + P]P - oD + [p1P/A][((1 - e)c(A - A0)Z)/Kz + A - A0] - [p2D/A][eC(A - A0)Z/Kz + A - A0] - [p2D/A][eC(A - A0)Z/Z + A - A0][eC(A - A0)Z/Z + A - A0] - [p2D/A][eC(A - A0)Z/Z + A - A0][eC(A - A0)Z/Z + A - A0][eC$$

All parameters, along with their units and ranges, are provided in Table 1. The units for N, P, Z, and D are  $\mu$ g/l, and the unit of time is in days. The parameterization used to select the terms in equations (1) - (4) is explained in the sections.....

PARAMETER	Value for numerical Experimients	Value assigned to Site 1	Value Assigned to Site 2	Value Assigned to Site 3
	1.0			

Table 1: Parameters values used in the model

- 3. RESULTs
- 4. CONCLUSIONs
- 5. BIBLIOGRAFIA

(Roy et al. 2012a)

[Chakraborty and Chattopadhyay (2008); Carlotti, Giske, and Werner (2000)](A. M. Edwards and Brindley 1996; Chakraborty and Chattopadhyay 2008; Rudnicki and Wieczorek 2008; Record, Pershing, and Maps 2014; Roy et al. 2012b; Priyadarshi et al. 2022; Olivieri and Chavez 2000; Montagnes and Fenton 2012; Mitra 2009; Mitra, Flynn, and Fasham 2007; Merico et al. 2014; Mandal, Ray, and Ghosh 2012; Lewis 2005; Leles, Valentin, and FiGuEirEdo 2016; Lai et al. 2010; Kloosterman, Campbell, and Poulin 2016; Jiang, Schofield, and Falkowski

2005; Giricheva 2019; Gentleman and Neuheimer 2008; Franks 2002; A. M. Edwards 2001; C. A. Edwards, Powell, and Batchelder 2000; Daewel et al. 2014; Carlotti, Giske, and Werner 2000; Qiu and Zhu 2016; Rani and Jayaraman 2010; Sanson and Provenzale 2009; Serra-Pompei et al. 2020; Steele and Henderson 1992; Turner et al. 2014)

### 1 + 1

#### [1] 2

- Carlotti, Francois, J. Giske, and Felix Werner. 2000. "Modeling Zooplankton Dynamics." In, 571667. Elsevier.
- Chakraborty, Subhendu, and Joydev Chattopadhyay. 2008. "Nutrient-Phytoplankton-Zooplankton Dynamics in the Presence of Additional Food Source—a Mathematical Study." *Journal of Biological Systems* 16 (04): 547564.
- Daewel, Ute, Solfrid Sætre Hjøllo, Martin Huret, Rubao Ji, Marie Maar, Susa Niiranen, Morgane Travers-Trolet, Myron A. Peck, and Karen E. van de Wolfshaar. 2014. "Predation Control of Zooplankton Dynamics: A Review of Observations and Models." *ICES Journal of Marine Science* 71 (2): 254271.
- Edwards, Andrew M. 2001. "Adding Detritus to a Nutrient-phytoplankton-zooplankton Model: A Dynamical-Systems Approach." *Journal of Plankton Research* 23 (4): 389413.
- Edwards, Andrew M., and John Brindley. 1996. "Oscillatory Behaviour in a Three-Component Plankton Population Model." *Dynamics and Stability of Systems* 11 (4): 347370.
- Edwards, Christopher A., Thomas A. Powell, and Harold P. Batchelder. 2000. "The Stability of an NPZ Model Subject to Realistic Levels of Vertical Mixing." *Journal of Marine Research* 58 (1): 3760.
- Franks, Peter JS. 2002. "NPZ Models of Plankton Dynamics: Their Construction, Coupling to Physics, and Application." *Journal of Oceanography* 58: 379387.
- Gentleman, W. C., and A. B. Neuheimer. 2008. "Functional Responses and Ecosystem Dynamics: How Clearance Rates Explain the Influence of Satiation, Food-Limitation and Acclimation." *Journal of Plankton Research* 30 (11): 12151231.
- Giricheva, Evgeniya. 2019. "Spatiotemporal Dynamics of an NPZ Model with Prey-Taxis and Intratrophic Predation." *Nonlinear Dynamics* 95 (2): 875892.
- Jiang, Lin, Oscar ME Schofield, and Paul G. Falkowski. 2005. "Adaptive Evolution of Phytoplankton Cell Size." *The American Naturalist* 166 (4): 496505.
- Kloosterman, Matt, Sue Ann Campbell, and Francis J. Poulin. 2016. "An NPZ Model with State-Dependent Delay Due to Size-Structure in Juvenile Zooplankton." SIAM Journal on Applied Mathematics 76 (2): 551577.
- Lai, Zhigang, Changsheng Chen, Robert C. Beardsley, Brian Rothschild, and Rucheng Tian. 2010. "Impact of High-Frequency Nonlinear Internal Waves on Plankton Dynamics in Massachusetts Bay." *Journal of Marine Research* 68 (2): 259281.
- Leles, Suzana G., JEan L. Valentin, and GiSELa M. FiGuEiredo. 2016. "Evaluation of the Complexity and Performance of Marine Planktonic Trophic Models." *Anais Da Academia Brasileira de Ciências* 88: 19711991.

- Lewis, D. M. 2005. "A Simple Model of Plankton Population Dynamics Coupled with a LES of the Surface Mixed Layer." *Journal of Theoretical Biology* 234 (4): 565591.
- Mandal, Sudipto, Santanu Ray, and Phani Bhusan Ghosh. 2012. "Modeling Nutrient (Dissolved Inorganic Nitrogen) and Plankton Dynamics at Sagar Island of Hooghly–matla Estuarine System, West Bengal, India." *Natural Resource Modeling* 25 (4): 629652.
- Merico, Agostino, Gunnar Brandt, S. Lan Smith, and Marcel Oliver. 2014. "Sustaining Diversity in Trait-Based Models of Phytoplankton Communities." Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution 2: 59.
- Mitra, Aditee. 2009. "Are Closure Terms Appropriate or Necessary Descriptors of Zooplankton Loss in Nutrient–phytoplankton–zooplankton Type Models?" *Ecological Modelling* 220 (5): 611620.
- Mitra, Aditee, Kevin J. Flynn, and Michael JR Fasham. 2007. "Accounting for Grazing Dynamics in Nitrogen-Phytoplankton-Zooplankton (NPZ) Models." *Limnology and Oceanog-raphy* 52 (2): 649661.
- Montagnes, David JS, and Andy Fenton. 2012. "Prey-Abundance Affects Zooplankton Assimilation Efficiency and the Outcome of Biogeochemical Models." *Ecological Modelling* 243: 17.
- Olivieri, Rafael A., and Francisco P. Chavez. 2000. "A Model of Plankton Dynamics for the Coastal Upwelling System of Monterey Bay, California." Deep Sea Research Part II: Topical Studies in Oceanography 47 (5-6): 10771106.
- Priyadarshi, Anupam, Ram Chandra, Michio J. Kishi, S. Lan Smith, and Hidekatsu Yamazaki. 2022. "Understanding Plankton Ecosystem Dynamics Under Realistic Micro-Scale Variability Requires Modeling at Least Three Trophic Levels." *Ecological Modelling* 467: 109936.
- Qiu, Zhipeng, and Huaiping Zhu. 2016. "Complex Dynamics of a Nutrient-Plankton System with Nonlinear Phytoplankton Mortality and Allelopathy." *Discrete and Continuous Dynamical Systems—Series B* 21 (8): 27032728.
- Rani, Raj, and Girija Jayaraman. 2010. "A Minimal Model for Plankton Dynamics in Shallow Coastal Lagoons-Chilika Lagoon, a Case Study." *International Journal of Emerging Multidisciplinary Fluid Sciences* 2.
- Record, Nicholas R., Andrew J. Pershing, and Frédéric Maps. 2014. "The Paradox of the "Paradox of the Plankton"." *ICES Journal of Marine Science* 71 (2): 236240.
- Roy, Shovonlal, David S. Broomhead, Trevor Platt, Shubha Sathyendranath, and Stefano Ciavatta. 2012a. "Sequential Variations of Phytoplankton Growth and Mortality in an NPZ Model: A Remote-Sensing-Based Assessment." *Journal of Marine Systems* 92 (1): 1629.
- ——. 2012b. "Sequential Variations of Phytoplankton Growth and Mortality in an NPZ Model: A Remote-Sensing-Based Assessment." *Journal of Marine Systems* 92 (1): 1629.
- Rudnicki, Ryszard, and Radosáaw Wieczorek. 2008. "Mathematical Models of Phytoplankton Dynamics." Dynamic Biochemistry, Process Biotechnology and Molecular Biology 2 (1): 5563.
- Sanson, L. Zavala, and A. Provenzale. 2009. "The Effects of Abrupt Topography on Plankton Dynamics." *Theoretical Population Biology* 76 (4): 258267.
- Serra-Pompei, Camila, Floor Soudijn, André W. Visser, Thomas Kiørboe, and Ken H. Ander-

- sen. 2020. "A General Size-and Trait-Based Model of Plankton Communities." *Progress in Oceanography* 189: 102473.
- Steele, John H., and Eric W. Henderson. 1992. "The Role of Predation in Plankton Models." Journal of Plankton Research 14 (1): 157172.
- Turner, Evan L., Denise A. Bruesewitz, Rae F. Mooney, Paul A. Montagna, James W. Mc-Clelland, Alexey Sadovski, and Edward J. Buskey. 2014. "Comparing Performance of Five Nutrient Phytoplankton Zooplankton (NPZ) Models in Coastal Lagoons." *Ecological Modelling* 277: 1326.