Week 1 Exercises

Christopher Rodgers

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Please complete all exercises below WITHOUT using any libraries/packages.

Exercise 1

Assign 10 to the variable x. Assign 5 to the variable y. Assign 20 to the variable z.

```
x <- 10
y <- 5
z <- 20
```

Exercise 2

Show that x is less than z but greater than y.

Note: your output must be a SINGLE boolean, do not output a boolean for each expression.

```
#your code below
(x<z) & (x>y)
```

[1] TRUE

Exercise 3

Show that x and y do not equal z.

Note: your output must be a SINGLE boolean, do not output a boolean for each expression.

```
#your code here
(x != z) | (y != z)
```

[1] TRUE

Exercise 4

Show that the formula x + 2y = z.

Note: your output must be a SINGLE boolean

```
#your code below
(x + (2*y)) == z
```

[1] TRUE

Exercise 5

I have created a vector (test_vector) of integers for you. Determine if any of x, y, or z are in the vector.

Note: your output must be a SINGLE boolean, do not output a boolean for each expression.

```
test_vector <- c(1,5,11:22)
#your code below
result <- any (c(x, y, z) %in% test_vector)
print(result)</pre>
```

[1] TRUE

Exercise 6

Show which value is contained in the test vector. To do this you will need to create an element-wise logical vector using operators. $\mathbf{x} == \mathbf{vector}$. Once you have done that you will need to use slicing to return all indices that have matches. **Note:** your output should be two integers

```
#your code below
matches <- x == test_vector
matching_indices <- which(matches)
print(matching_indices)</pre>
```

integer(0)