Tópicos Avançados em Estrutura de Dados

Atividade 1

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Questão 1

a)

$$int \ x = 30 \longrightarrow \sigma rec + \sigma arm = 2 \qquad (1)$$

$$int \ i = 0 \longrightarrow \sigma rec + \sigma arm = 2 \qquad (2)$$

$$i < n \longrightarrow 2 * \sigma rec + \sigma op = 3(\mathbf{n} + 1) \qquad (3)$$

$$i + + \longrightarrow 2 * \sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma arm = 4\mathbf{n} \qquad (4)$$

$$x = x + 2 - i \longrightarrow 3 * \sigma rec + 2 * \sigma op + \sigma arm = 6 \qquad (5)$$

$$\mathbf{F\acute{o}rmula} \longrightarrow \mathbf{7n} + \mathbf{13} \qquad (6)$$
b)
$$int \ abc = 30 \longrightarrow \sigma arm + \sigma rec = 2 \qquad (1)$$

$$int \ i = 1 \longrightarrow \sigma rec + \sigma arm = 2 \qquad (2)$$

$$i < n - 1 \longrightarrow (n - 1) * (3\sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma arm) = \mathbf{5(n-1)} \qquad (3)$$

$$i + + \longrightarrow (n - 2) * (2\sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma arm) = \mathbf{4(n-2)} \qquad (4)$$

$$abc * = 2 \longrightarrow 2\sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma arm = 4 \qquad (5)$$

$$abc + + \longrightarrow 2\sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma arm = 4 \qquad (6)$$

$$\mathbf{F\acute{o}rmula} \longrightarrow \mathbf{9n-1} \qquad (7)$$
c)
$$int \ x = 30 \longrightarrow \sigma arm + \sigma rec = 2 \qquad (2)$$

$$while (i < n) \longrightarrow n(\sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma rec) = \mathbf{3n} \qquad (3)$$

$$x = x + 2 - i \longrightarrow \sigma arm + \sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma rec \sigma rec + \sigma op = 6 \qquad (4)$$

$$i = i + 1 \longrightarrow \sigma arm + \sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma rec \sigma rec + \sigma op = 6 \qquad (4)$$

$$i = i + 1 \longrightarrow \sigma arm + \sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma rec = 4 \qquad (5)$$

$$\mathbf{F\acute{o}rmula} \longrightarrow \mathbf{3n+14} \qquad (6)$$
d)
$$int \ abc = 30; \longrightarrow \sigma rec + \sigma arm = 2 \qquad (1)$$

$$int \ i = 1; \longrightarrow \sigma rec + \sigma arm = 2 \qquad (2)$$

$$abc * = 2; \longrightarrow 2\sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma arm = 4(\mathbf{n-2}) \qquad (3)$$

$$abc + +; \longrightarrow 2\sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma arm = 4(\mathbf{n-2}) \qquad (4)$$

$$i = i + 1; \longrightarrow 2\sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma arm = 4(\mathbf{n-2}) \qquad (4)$$

$$i = i + 1; \longrightarrow 2\sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma arm = 4(\mathbf{n-2}) \qquad (4)$$

$$i = i + 1; \longrightarrow 2\sigma rec + \sigma op + \sigma arm = 4(\mathbf{n-2}) \qquad (5)$$

$$while (i < n - 1); \longrightarrow 3\sigma rec + 2\sigma op = 5(\mathbf{n-3}) \qquad (6)$$

Questão 2

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Primeira linha: int \ resultado = a[n-1] \sigma rec(a) + \sigma rec(n) + \sigma rec(1) + \sigma subt + \sigma rec(a[n-1]) + \sigma.(calcularoendereco) + \sigma arm(em \ int \ resultado);
\therefore 7 operações.

Segunda linha: for(i=0;\ i < a.length;\ i++) \sigma rec(0) + \sigma arm(emi); (a.length+1)*(\sigma rec(i) + \sigma rec(a.length) + \sigma <); (a.length+1)*(\sigma rec(i) + \sigma rec(1) + \sigma soma + \sigma arm(emi)); \therefore 7(a.length) + 5 operações.

Terceira linha: resultado = resultado*x + a[i] (a.length)*(\sigma rec(resultado) + \sigma rec(x) + \sigma mult + \sigma rec(a) + \sigma rec(i) + \sigma.(calculodoendereco) + \sigma rec(a[i]) + \sigma soma + \sigma arm(emresultado)); \therefore 9 (a.length) operações.

\therefore Operações no total: 12 + 16 (a.length)
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