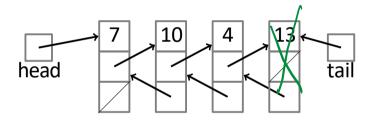
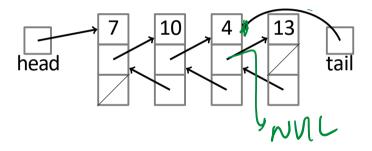


Node contains:

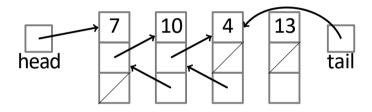
key
next pointer
prev pointer



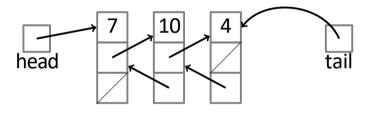




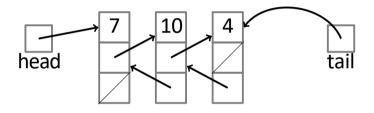
PopBack



PopBack



PopBack



PopBack O(1)

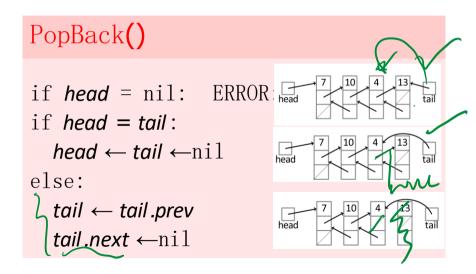
PopBack()

PopBack()

```
if head = nil: ERROR: empty list
```

PopBack()

```
if head = nil: ERROR: empty list
if head = tail:
  head ← tail ← nil
```



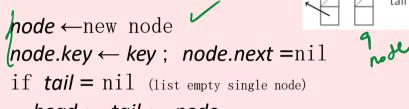
PushBack(key)

node ←new node

 $node.key \leftarrow key$; node.next = nil



PushBack(key)



 $head \leftarrow tail \leftarrow node$ $node.prev \leftarrow nil$



PushBack(key)

node ← new node
node.key ← key; node.next = nil
if tail = nil:(list empty single node)
 head ← tail ← node
 node.prev ← nil
else:

se: tail .next ← node node.prev ← tail tail ← node







Doubly-linked List AddAfter(node, key) node node2 ←new node $node2.key \leftarrow key$ $node2.next \leftarrow node.next$ $node2.prev \leftarrow node$ $node.next \leftarrow node2$ if node2.next/=ni1: node2.next prev \leftarrow node2 if tail = node: on now $tail \leftarrow node2$

AddBefore(node, key) *node*2 ←new node $node2.key \leftarrow key$

 $node2.next \leftarrow node$

 $node2.prev \leftarrow node.prev$ $node.prev \leftarrow node2$

if node2.prev/=nil:

(node2.prev) next \leftarrow node2 if head = node:

(if we are adding before the head) head ← node?

no tail	with ta
O(1)	
O(1)	
O(1)	
O(n)	O(1)
O(n)	O(1)
O(n)	
O(n)	
O(n)	
O(1)	
O(n)	
O(1)	
	O(1) O(1) O(1) O(n) O(n) O(n) O(n) O(n) O(n) O(n)

Doubly-Linked List	no tail	with tail
PushFront(Key)	O(1)	
TopFront()	O(1)	
PopFront()	O(1)	
PushBack(Key)	O(n)	O(1)
TopBack()	O(n)	O(1)
PopBack()	$O(n) \ O(1)$	
Find(Key)	O(n)	
Erase(Key)	O(n)	
Empty()	O(1)	
AddBefore(Node, Key)	O(n) $O(1)$	
AddAfter(Node, Key)	O(1)	

Summary

- Constant time to insert at or remove from the front.
- With tail and doubly-linked, constant time to insert at or remove from the back.
- O(n) time to find arbitrary element.
- List elements need not be contiguous.
- With doubly-linked list, constant time to insert between nodes or remove a node.