

# R Notebook

## Parametros:

```
Measure = G-mean
Columns = sampling, weight_space, ruspool
Performance = holdout_measure
Filter keys = NULL
Filter values = NULL
```

```
library("scmamp")
library(dplyr)
```

## Tratamento dos dados

Carregando data set compilado

```
ds = read.csv("/home/rodrigo/Dropbox/UNICAMP/IC/estudo_cost_learning/SummaryResults/summary_compilation.
summary(ds)
```

```
##           learner      weight_space
## classif.ksvm      :17100  Mode :logical
## classif.randomForest:17100 FALSE:41040
## classif.xgboost    :17100  TRUE :10260
##                                     NA's :0
##
##
##
##           measure      sampling      ruspool
## Accuracy              :10260  ADASYN:10260  Mode :logical
## Area under the curve   :10260  FALSE :30780  FALSE:41040
## F1 measure             :10260  SMOTE :10260  TRUE :10260
## G-mean                 :10260                NA's :0
## Matthews correlation coefficient:10260
##
##
## tuning_measure  holdout_measure  holdout_measure_residual
## Min.      :-0.1277  Min.      :-0.2120  Min.      :-0.4658
## 1st Qu.: 0.5924  1st Qu.: 0.3114  1st Qu.: 0.1648
## Median : 0.9624  Median : 0.8193  Median : 0.5192
## Mean    : 0.7570  Mean    : 0.6469  Mean    : 0.5099
## 3rd Qu.: 0.9965  3rd Qu.: 0.9879  3rd Qu.: 0.8636
## Max.    : 1.0000  Max.    : 1.0000  Max.    : 1.0000
## NA's    :1761    NA's    :1761    NA's    :1761
## iteration_count      dataset      imba.rate
## Min.      :1      abalone      : 900  Min.      :0.0010
## 1st Qu.:1      adult      : 900  1st Qu.:0.0100
## Median :2      bank      : 900  Median :0.0300
## Mean    :2      car      : 900  Mean    :0.0286
## 3rd Qu.:3      cardiotocography-10clases: 900  3rd Qu.:0.0500
## Max.    :3      cardiotocography-3clases : 900  Max.    :0.0500
```

```
## NA's :1761 (Other) :45900
```

Filtrando pela metrica

```
ds = filter(ds, measure == params$measure)
```

Filtrando o data set

```
if(params$filter_keys != 'NULL' && !is.null(params$filter_keys)){  
  ds = filter_at(ds, .vars = params$filter_keys, .vars_predicate = any_vars(. == params$filter_values))  
}
```

```
summary(ds)
```

```
##           learner      weight_space  
## classif.ksvm      :3420  Mode :logical  
## classif.randomForest:3420 FALSE:8208  
## classif.xgboost    :3420  TRUE :2052  
##                   NA's :0  
##  
##  
##  
##           measure      sampling      ruspool  
## Accuracy           : 0 ADASYN:2052  Mode :logical  
## Area under the curve : 0 FALSE :6156  FALSE:8208  
## F1 measure           : 0 SMOTE :2052  TRUE :2052  
## G-mean              :10260           NA's :0  
## Matthews correlation coefficient: 0  
##  
##  
## tuning_measure  holdout_measure  holdout_measure_residual  
## Min. :0.0000  Min. :0.0000  Min. :0.0000  
## 1st Qu.:0.4958 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.1064  
## Median :0.9108 Median :0.7004 Median :0.4331  
## Mean :0.7066 Mean :0.5513 Mean :0.4500  
## 3rd Qu.:0.9931 3rd Qu.:0.9414 3rd Qu.:0.7846  
## Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000  
## NA's :318 NA's :318 NA's :318  
## iteration_count      dataset      imba.rate  
## Min. :1 abalone : 180 Min. :0.0010  
## 1st Qu.:1 adult : 180 1st Qu.:0.0100  
## Median :2 bank : 180 Median :0.0300  
## Mean :2 car : 180 Mean :0.0286  
## 3rd Qu.:3 cardiocography-10clases: 180 3rd Qu.:0.0500  
## Max. :3 cardiocography-3clases : 180 Max. :0.0500  
## NA's :318 (Other) :9180
```

Computando as médias das iteracoes

```
ds = group_by(ds, learner , weight_space , measure , sampling , ruspool , dataset , imba.rate)  
ds = summarise(ds, tuning_measure = mean(tuning_measure), holdout_measure = mean(holdout_measure),  
               holdout_measure_residual = mean(holdout_measure_residual))
```

```
ds = as.data.frame(ds)
```

Criando dataframe

```

# Dividindo o ds em n, um para cada técnica
splited_df = ds %>% group_by_at(.vars = params$columns) %>% do(vals = as.data.frame(.)) %>% select(vals)

# Juntando cada uma das partes horizontalmente em um data set
df_tec_wide = do.call("cbind", splited_df)

# Renomeando duplicacao de nomes
colnames(df_tec_wide) = make.unique(colnames(df_tec_wide))

# Selecionando apenas as medidas da performance escolhida
df_tec_wide_residual = select(df_tec_wide, matches(paste("^", params$performance, "$|", params$performance)))

# Renomeando colunas
new_names = NULL
for(i in (1:length(splited_df))){
  id = toString(sapply(splited_df[[i]][1, params$columns], as.character))
  new_names = c(new_names, id)
}
colnames(df_tec_wide_residual) = new_names

# Verificando a dimensao do df
dim(df_tec_wide_residual)

```

```
## [1] 684 5
```

```

# Removendo linhas com NA's
df_tec_wide_residual = na.omit(df_tec_wide_residual)

```

```

# Renomeando a variavel
df = df_tec_wide_residual

```

```
summary(df)
```

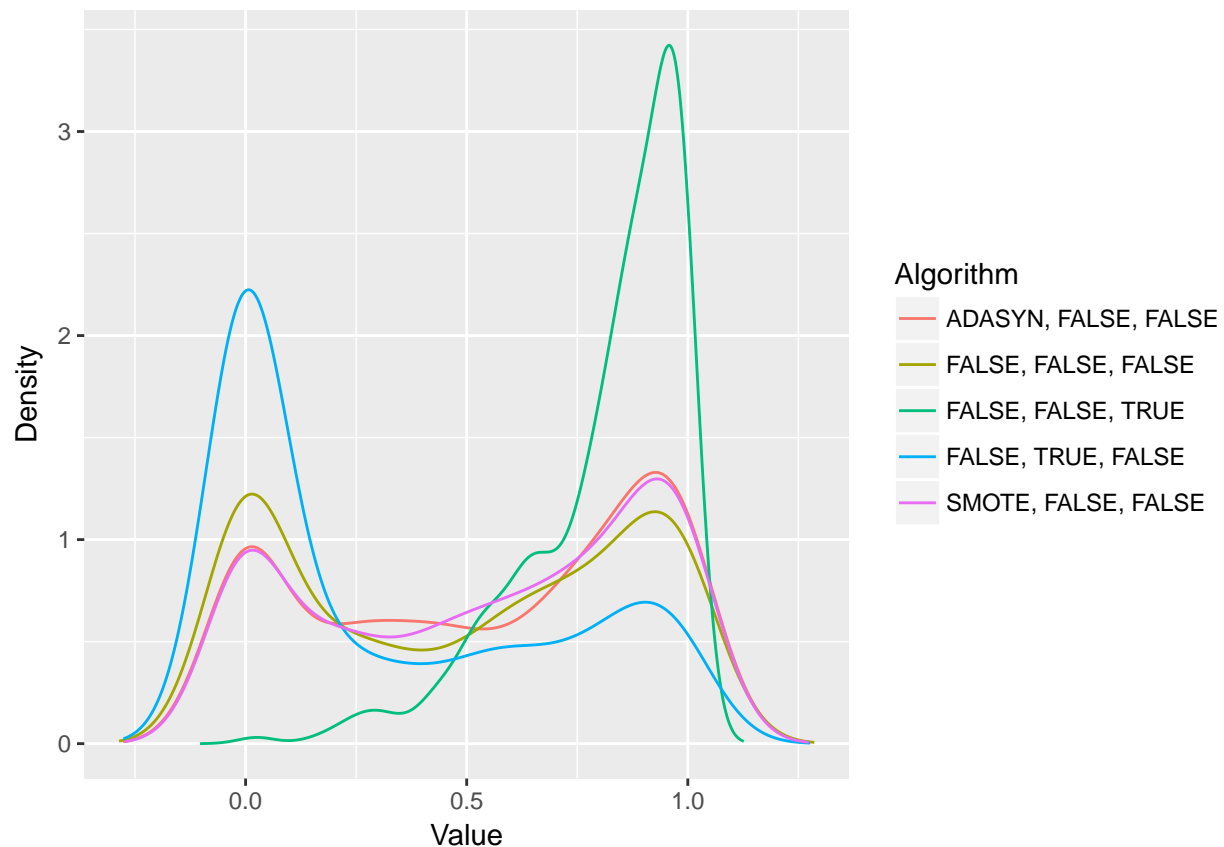
```

## ADASYN, FALSE, FALSE FALSE, FALSE, FALSE FALSE, FALSE, TRUE
## Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.02351
## 1st Qu.:0.1925 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.73304
## Median :0.6195 Median :0.5675 Median :0.87289
## Mean :0.5420 Mean :0.4931 Mean :0.81591
## 3rd Qu.:0.8983 3rd Qu.:0.8694 3rd Qu.:0.96029
## Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.00000
## FALSE, TRUE, FALSE SMOTE, FALSE, FALSE
## Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.1919
## Median :0.09245 Median :0.6062
## Mean :0.31238 Mean :0.5444
## 3rd Qu.:0.65721 3rd Qu.:0.8981
## Max. :1.00000 Max. :1.0000

```

## Fazendo teste de normalidade

```
plotDensities(data = df)
```



## Testando as diferencas

```
friedmanTest(df)
```

```
##
## Friedman's rank sum test
##
## data: df
## Friedman's chi-squared = 821.23, df = 4, p-value < 2.2e-16
```

## Testando as diferencas par a par

```
test <- nemenyiTest (df, alpha=0.05)
abs(test$diff.matrix) > test$statistic
```

```
##      ADASYN, FALSE, FALSE FALSE, FALSE, FALSE FALSE, FALSE, TRUE
## [1,]          FALSE          TRUE          TRUE
## [2,]          TRUE          FALSE          TRUE
## [3,]          TRUE          TRUE          FALSE
## [4,]          TRUE          TRUE          TRUE
## [5,]          FALSE          TRUE          TRUE
##      FALSE, TRUE, FALSE SMOTE, FALSE, FALSE
## [1,]          TRUE          FALSE
```

## [2,]	TRUE	TRUE
## [3,]	TRUE	TRUE
## [4,]	FALSE	TRUE
## [5,]	TRUE	FALSE

## Plotando grafico de Critical Difference

```
result = tryCatch({
  plotCD(df, alpha=0.05, cex = 0.35)
}, error = function(e) {})
```

