R Notebook

Parametros:

Measure = Matthews correlation coefficient
Columns = learner
Performance = tuning_measure
Filter keys = sampling, weight_space, underbagging, imba.rate
Filter values = FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, 0.001

```r
library("scmamp")
library(dplyr)
```

Tratamento dos dados

Carregando data set compilado

```r
ds = read.csv("/home/rodrigo/Dropbox/UNICAMP/IC/estudo_cost_learning/SummaryResults/summary_compilation
```

```r
ds = filter(ds, learner != "classif.rusboost")
summary(ds)
```

```
##                  learner        weight_space
##  classif.ksvm        :17100   Mode :logical
##  classif.randomForest:17100   FALSE:41040
##  classif.rusboost    :    0   TRUE :10260
##  classif.xgboost     :17100   NA's :0
##
##
##
##                                  measure        sampling       underbagging
##  Accuracy                        :10260   ADASYN:10260   Mode :logical
##  Area under the curve            :10260   FALSE :30780   FALSE:41040
##  F1 measure                      :10260   SMOTE :10260   TRUE :10260
##  G-mean                          :10260                  NA's :0
##  Matthews correlation coefficient:10260
##
##
##  tuning_measure    holdout_measure   holdout_measure_residual
##  Min.   :-0.1277   Min.   :-0.2120   Min.   :-0.4658
##  1st Qu.: 0.6911   1st Qu.: 0.4001   1st Qu.: 0.1994
##  Median : 0.9700   Median : 0.8571   Median : 0.5581
##  Mean   : 0.7903   Mean   : 0.6718   Mean   : 0.5298
##  3rd Qu.: 0.9975   3rd Qu.: 0.9900   3rd Qu.: 0.8755
##  Max.   : 1.0000   Max.   : 1.0000   Max.   : 1.0000
##  NA's   :1077      NA's   :1077      NA's   :1077
##  iteration_count            dataset         imba.rate
##  Min.   :1        abalone        : 900   Min.   :0.0010
##  1st Qu.:1        adult          : 900   1st Qu.:0.0100
##  Median :2        bank           : 900   Median :0.0300
##  Mean   :2        car            : 900   Mean   :0.0286
```

```
## 3rd Qu.:3      cardiotocography-10clases:  900    3rd Qu.:0.0500
## Max.   :3      cardiotocography-3clases :  900    Max.   :0.0500
## NA's   :1077   (Other)                  :45900
```

Filtrando pela metrica

```
ds = filter(ds, measure == params$measure)
```

Filtrando o data set

```
if(params$filter_keys != 'NULL' && !is.null(params$filter_keys)){
  dots = paste0(params$filter_keys," == '",params$filter_values,"'")
  ds = filter_(ds, .dots = dots)
}

summary(ds)
```

```
##                  learner      weight_space
##  classif.ksvm        :120   Mode :logical
##  classif.randomForest:120   FALSE:360
##  classif.rusboost    :  0   NA's :0
##  classif.xgboost     :120
##
##
##
##                                measure      sampling   underbagging
##  Accuracy                         :  0    ADASYN:  0   Mode :logical
##  Area under the curve             :  0    FALSE :360   FALSE:360
##  F1 measure                       :  0    SMOTE :  0   NA's :0
##  G-mean                           :  0
##  Matthews correlation coefficient:360
##
##
##  tuning_measure       holdout_measure    holdout_measure_residual
##  Min.   :-0.006463   Min.   :-0.0101    Min.   :-0.06622
##  1st Qu.: 0.000000   1st Qu.: 0.0000    1st Qu.: 0.00000
##  Median : 0.463490   Median : 0.5327    Median : 0.13956
##  Mean   : 0.452866   Mean   : 0.4681    Mean   : 0.25768
##  3rd Qu.: 0.798387   3rd Qu.: 0.8648    3rd Qu.: 0.46766
##  Max.   : 1.000000   Max.   : 1.0000    Max.   : 1.00000
##  NA's   :3           NA's   :3          NA's   :3
##  iteration_count                       dataset        imba.rate
##  Min.   :1      abalone                   : 9    Min.   :0.001
##  1st Qu.:1      adult                     : 9    1st Qu.:0.001
##  Median :2      bank                      : 9    Median :0.001
##  Mean   :2      car                       : 9    Mean   :0.001
##  3rd Qu.:3      cardiotocography-10clases: 9    3rd Qu.:0.001
##  Max.   :3      cardiotocography-3clases : 9    Max.   :0.001
##  NA's   :3      (Other)                   :306
```

Computando as médias das iteracoes

```
ds = group_by(ds, learner , weight_space , measure , sampling , underbagging , dataset , imba.rate)
ds = summarise(ds, tuning_measure = mean(tuning_measure), holdout_measure = mean(holdout_measure),
            holdout_measure_residual = mean(holdout_measure_residual))

ds = as.data.frame(ds)
```

Criando dataframe

```r
# Dividindo o ds em n, um para cada técnica
splited_df = ds %>% group_by_at(.vars = params$columns) %>% do(vals = as.data.frame(.)) %>% select(vals)

# Juntando cada uma das partes horizontalmente em um data set
df_tec_wide = do.call("cbind", splited_df)

# Renomeando duplicacao de nomes
colnames(df_tec_wide) = make.unique(colnames(df_tec_wide))

# Selecionando apenas as medidas da performance escolhida
df_tec_wide_residual = select(df_tec_wide, matches(paste("^", params$performance, "$|", params$performan

# Renomeando colunas
new_names = NULL
for(i in (1:length(splited_df))){
  id = toString(sapply(splited_df[[i]][1, params$columns], as.character))
  new_names = c(new_names, id)
}
colnames(df_tec_wide_residual) = new_names

# Verificando a dimensao do df
dim(df_tec_wide_residual)
```

```
## [1] 40  3
```

```r
# Renomeando a variavel
df = df_tec_wide_residual

head(df)
```

```
##   classif.ksvm classif.randomForest classif.xgboost
## 1  -0.00331073            0.0000000      0.00000000
## 2   0.03130559            0.3792653      0.39809263
## 3   0.00000000            0.0000000      0.03498764
## 4   0.84986516            1.0000000      0.99019903
## 5   0.53692615            0.5461331      0.70251830
## 6   0.66437344            0.8932206      0.85240511
```

```r
summary(df)
```

```
##   classif.ksvm       classif.randomForest classif.xgboost
##  Min.   :-0.003311   Min.   :0.00000      Min.   :0.0000
##  1st Qu.: 0.000000   1st Qu.:0.06637      1st Qu.:0.1496
##  Median : 0.231339   Median :0.50140      Median :0.5837
##  Mean   : 0.329084   Mean   :0.49511      Mean   :0.5355
##  3rd Qu.: 0.566816   3rd Qu.:0.87767      3rd Qu.:0.8633
##  Max.   : 1.000000   Max.   :1.00000      Max.   :1.0000
##                      NA's   :1
```
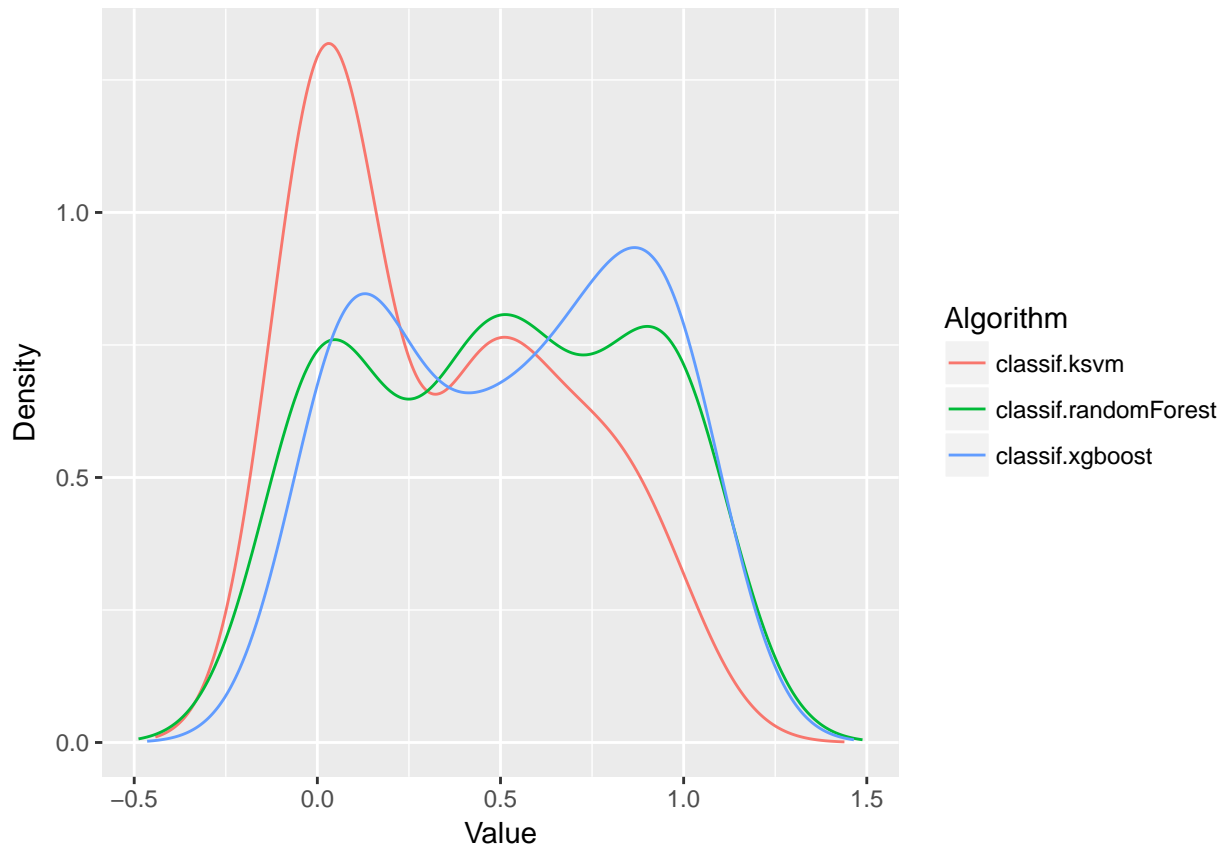
Verificando a média de cada coluna selecionada

```
for(i in (1:dim(df)[2])){
  print(paste("Media da coluna ", colnames(df)[i], " = ", mean(df[,i], na.rm = TRUE), sep=""))
}
```

```
## [1] "Media da coluna classif.ksvm = 0.329084266711667"
## [1] "Media da coluna classif.randomForest = 0.495112060290362"
## [1] "Media da coluna classif.xgboost = 0.535458277855064"
```

Fazendo teste de normalidade

```
plotDensities(data = na.omit(df))
```


Testando as diferencas

```
friedmanTest(df)
```

```
##
##   Friedman's rank sum test
##
## data:  df
## Friedman's chi-squared = 28.95, df = 2, p-value = 5.171e-07
```

Testando as diferencas par a par

```
test <- nemenyiTest (df, alpha=0.05)
abs(test$diff.matrix) > test$statistic
```

```
##       classif.ksvm classif.randomForest classif.xgboost
## [1,]        FALSE                 TRUE            TRUE
## [2,]         TRUE                FALSE           FALSE
## [3,]         TRUE                FALSE           FALSE
```

Plotando os ranks

```
print(colMeans(rankMatrix(df)))
```

```
##          classif.ksvm classif.randomForest      classif.xgboost
##                 2.625                1.950                1.425
```

Plotando grafico de Critical Diference

```
result = tryCatch({
    plotCD(df, alpha=0.05, cex = 0.35)
}, error = function(e) {})
```