R Notebook

Parametros:

Measure = Matthews correlation coefficient
Columns = learner
Performance = holdout_measure_residual
Filter keys = sampling, weight_space, underbagging, imba.rate
Filter values = FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, 0.03

```r
library("scmamp")
library(dplyr)
```

Tratamento dos dados

Carregando data set compilado

```r
ds = read.csv("/home/rodrigo/Dropbox/UNICAMP/IC/estudo_cost_learning/SummaryResults/summary_compilation_

ds = filter(ds, learner != "classif.rusboost")
summary(ds)
```

```
##                  learner        weight_space
##  classif.ksvm        :17100   Mode :logical
##  classif.randomForest:17100   FALSE:41040
##  classif.rusboost    :    0   TRUE :10260
##  classif.xgboost     :17100   NA's :0
##
##
##
##                                      measure        sampling      underbagging
##  Accuracy                              :10260   ADASYN:10260   Mode :logical
##  Area under the curve                  :10260   FALSE :30780   FALSE:41040
##  F1 measure                            :10260   SMOTE :10260   TRUE :10260
##  G-mean                                :10260                  NA's :0
##  Matthews correlation coefficient:10260
##
##
##  tuning_measure     holdout_measure    holdout_measure_residual
##  Min.   :-0.1277    Min.   :-0.2120    Min.   :-0.4658
##  1st Qu.: 0.6911    1st Qu.: 0.4001    1st Qu.: 0.1994
##  Median : 0.9700    Median : 0.8571    Median : 0.5581
##  Mean   : 0.7903    Mean   : 0.6718    Mean   : 0.5298
##  3rd Qu.: 0.9975    3rd Qu.: 0.9900    3rd Qu.: 0.8755
##  Max.   : 1.0000    Max.   : 1.0000    Max.   : 1.0000
##  NA's   :1077       NA's   :1077       NA's   :1077
##  iteration_count            dataset        imba.rate
##  Min.   :1        abalone        : 900   Min.   :0.0010
##  1st Qu.:1        adult          : 900   1st Qu.:0.0100
##  Median :2        bank           : 900   Median :0.0300
##  Mean   :2        car            : 900   Mean   :0.0286
```

```
## 3rd Qu.:3       cardiotocography-10clases:  900   3rd Qu.:0.0500
## Max.   :3       cardiotocography-3clases :  900   Max.   :0.0500
## NA's   :1077    (Other)                  :45900
```

Filtrando pela metrica

```
ds = filter(ds, measure == params$measure)
```

Filtrando o data set

```
if(params$filter_keys != 'NULL' && !is.null(params$filter_keys)){
  dots = paste0(params$filter_keys," == '",params$filter_values,"'")
  ds = filter_(ds, .dots = dots)
}

summary(ds)
```

```
##                 learner     weight_space
##  classif.ksvm        :198   Mode :logical
##  classif.randomForest:198   FALSE:594
##  classif.rusboost    :  0   NA's :0
##  classif.xgboost     :198
##
##
##
##                                measure      sampling   underbagging
##  Accuracy                        :  0   ADASYN:  0   Mode :logical
##  Area under the curve            :  0   FALSE :594   FALSE:594
##  F1 measure                      :  0   SMOTE :  0   NA's :0
##  G-mean                          :  0
##  Matthews correlation coefficient:594
##
##
##  tuning_measure     holdout_measure     holdout_measure_residual
##  Min.   :-0.02717   Min.   :-0.03872   Min.   :-0.3218
##  1st Qu.: 0.04560   1st Qu.: 0.00000   1st Qu.: 0.0000
##  Median : 0.52172   Median : 0.57178   Median : 0.1669
##  Mean   : 0.47487   Mean   : 0.48068   Mean   : 0.2837
##  3rd Qu.: 0.82008   3rd Qu.: 0.84929   3rd Qu.: 0.4780
##  Max.   : 1.00000   Max.   : 1.00000   Max.   : 1.0000
##  NA's   :6          NA's   :6          NA's   :6
##  iteration_count        dataset       imba.rate
##  Min.   :1      abalone      :  9   Min.   :0.03
##  1st Qu.:1      adult        :  9   1st Qu.:0.03
##  Median :2      annealing    :  9   Median :0.03
##  Mean   :2      arrhythmia   :  9   Mean   :0.03
##  3rd Qu.:3      balance-scale:  9   3rd Qu.:0.03
##  Max.   :3      bank         :  9   Max.   :0.03
##  NA's   :6      (Other)      :540
```

Computando as médias das iteracoes

```
ds = group_by(ds, learner , weight_space , measure , sampling , underbagging , dataset , imba.rate)
ds = summarise(ds, tuning_measure = mean(tuning_measure), holdout_measure = mean(holdout_measure),
          holdout_measure_residual = mean(holdout_measure_residual))

ds = as.data.frame(ds)
```

Criando dataframe

```r
# Dividindo o ds em n, um para cada técnica
splited_df = ds %>% group_by_at(.vars = params$columns) %>% do(vals = as.data.frame(.)) %>% select(vals)

# Juntando cada uma das partes horizontalmente em um data set
df_tec_wide = do.call("cbind", splited_df)

# Renomeando duplicacao de nomes
colnames(df_tec_wide) = make.unique(colnames(df_tec_wide))

# Selecionando apenas as medidas da performance escolhida
df_tec_wide_residual = select(df_tec_wide, matches(paste("^", params$performance, "$|", params$performan

# Renomeando colunas
new_names = NULL
for(i in (1:length(splited_df))){
  id = toString(sapply(splited_df[[i]][1, params$columns], as.character))
  new_names = c(new_names, id)
}
colnames(df_tec_wide_residual) = new_names

# Verificando a dimensao do df
dim(df_tec_wide_residual)
```

```
## [1] 66  3
```

```r
# Renomeando a variavel
df = df_tec_wide_residual

head(df)
```

```
##   classif.ksvm classif.randomForest classif.xgboost
## 1   0.05529460           0.00000000      0.02154409
## 2   0.21298883           0.35680785      0.34869882
## 3   0.21324335           0.64555550      0.50996235
## 4   0.00000000           0.66666667      0.26622897
## 5   0.07742168           0.10146479      0.08528029
## 6   0.03690155           0.08408873      0.17036951
```

```r
summary(df)
```

```
##   classif.ksvm       classif.randomForest classif.xgboost
##  Min.   :-0.044918   Min.   :-0.2333      Min.   :-0.3169
##  1st Qu.: 0.001888   1st Qu.: 0.0536      1st Qu.: 0.0739
##  Median : 0.089378   Median : 0.2190      Median : 0.3356
##  Mean   : 0.191604   Mean   : 0.3194      Mean   : 0.3412
##  3rd Qu.: 0.256238   3rd Qu.: 0.5030      3rd Qu.: 0.4905
##  Max.   : 0.975899   Max.   : 1.0000      Max.   : 0.9974
##                      NA's   :2
```
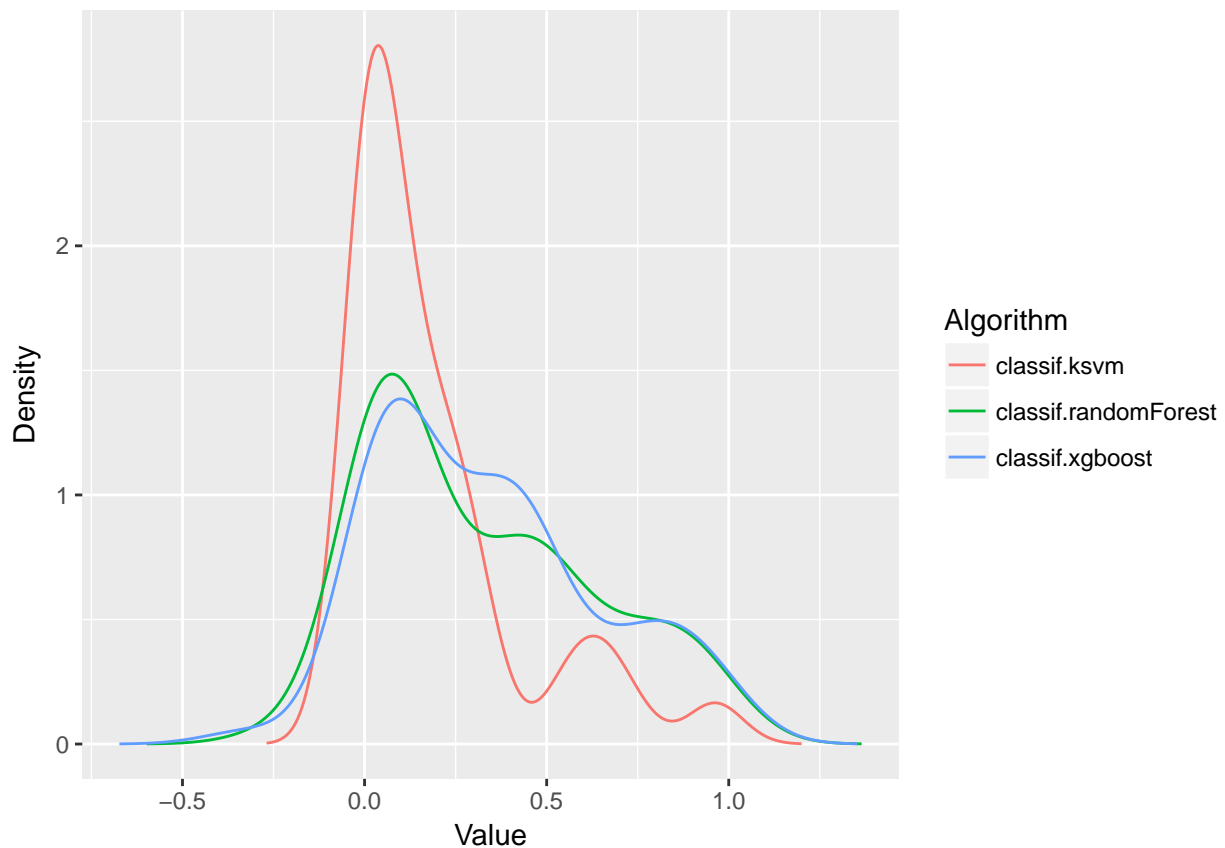
Verificando a média de cada coluna selecionada

```
for(i in (1:dim(df)[2])){
  print(paste("Media da coluna ", colnames(df)[i], " = ", mean(df[,i], na.rm = TRUE), sep=""))
}
```

```
## [1] "Media da coluna classif.ksvm = 0.191603984233634"
## [1] "Media da coluna classif.randomForest = 0.3194269697797"
## [1] "Media da coluna classif.xgboost = 0.341222552581581"
```

Fazendo teste de normalidade

```
plotDensities(data = na.omit(df))
```


Testando as diferencas

```
friedmanTest(df)
```

```
##
##   Friedman's rank sum test
##
## data:  df
## Friedman's chi-squared = 30.598, df = 2, p-value = 2.268e-07
```

Testando as diferencas par a par

```
test <- nemenyiTest (df, alpha=0.05)
abs(test$diff.matrix) > test$statistic
```

```
##      classif.ksvm classif.randomForest classif.xgboost
## [1,]       FALSE                 TRUE            TRUE
## [2,]        TRUE                FALSE            TRUE
## [3,]        TRUE                 TRUE           FALSE
```

Plotando os ranks

```
print(colMeans(rankMatrix(df)))
```

```
##        classif.ksvm classif.randomForest     classif.xgboost
##            2.492424             1.977273            1.530303
```

Plotando grafico de Critical Diference

```
result = tryCatch({
    plotCD(df, alpha=0.05, cex = 0.35)
}, error = function(e) {})
```