

R Notebook

Parametros:

Measure = Matthews correlation coefficient
Columns = sampling, weight_space, ruspool
Performance = tuning_measure
Filter keys = imba.rate
Filter values = 0.001

```
library("scmamp")  
library(dplyr)
```

Tratamento dos dados

Carregando data set compilado

```
ds = read.csv("/home/rodrigo/Dropbox/UNICAMP/IC/estudo_cost_learning/SummaryResults/summary_compilation.  
summary(ds)
```

```
##           learner      weight_space  
## classif.ksvm      :17100  Mode :logical  
## classif.randomForest:17100 FALSE:41040  
## classif.xgboost    :17100  TRUE :10260  
##                      NA's :0  
##  
##  
##  
##           measure      sampling      ruspool  
## Accuracy              :10260  ADASYN:10260  Mode :logical  
## Area under the curve  :10260  FALSE :30780  FALSE:41040  
## F1 measure             :10260  SMOTE :10260  TRUE :10260  
## G-mean                 :10260                      NA's :0  
## Matthews correlation coefficient:10260  
##  
##  
## tuning_measure  holdout_measure  holdout_measure_residual  
## Min.      :-0.1277  Min.      :-0.2120  Min.      :-0.4658  
## 1st Qu.: 0.5924  1st Qu.: 0.3114  1st Qu.: 0.1648  
## Median : 0.9624  Median : 0.8193  Median : 0.5192  
## Mean   : 0.7570  Mean   : 0.6469  Mean   : 0.5099  
## 3rd Qu.: 0.9965  3rd Qu.: 0.9879  3rd Qu.: 0.8636  
## Max.    : 1.0000  Max.    : 1.0000  Max.    : 1.0000  
## NA's    :1761    NA's    :1761    NA's    :1761  
## iteration_count      dataset      imba.rate  
## Min.      :1      abalone      : 900  Min.      :0.0010  
## 1st Qu.:1      adult      : 900  1st Qu.:0.0100  
## Median :2      bank      : 900  Median :0.0300  
## Mean   :2      car      : 900  Mean   :0.0286  
## 3rd Qu.:3      cardiotocography-10clases: 900  3rd Qu.:0.0500  
## Max.    :3      cardiotocography-3clases : 900  Max.    :0.0500
```

```
## NA's :1761 (Other) :45900
```

Filtrando pela metrica

```
ds = filter(ds, measure == params$measure)
```

Filtrando o data set

```
if(params$filter_keys != 'NULL' && !is.null(params$filter_keys)){  
  ds = filter_at(ds, .vars = params$filter_keys, .vars_predicate = any_vars(. == params$filter_values))  
}
```

```
summary(ds)
```

```
##           learner      weight_space  
## classif.ksvm      :600  Mode :logical  
## classif.randomForest:600 FALSE:1440  
## classif.xgboost    :600  TRUE :360  
##                   NA's :0  
##  
##  
##  
##           measure      sampling      ruspool  
## Accuracy           : 0  ADASYN: 360  Mode :logical  
## Area under the curve : 0  FALSE :1080 FALSE:1440  
## F1 measure           : 0  SMOTE : 360  TRUE :360  
## G-mean              : 0                   NA's :0  
## Matthews correlation coefficient:1800  
##  
##  
## tuning_measure      holdout_measure      holdout_measure_residual  
## Min.      :-0.00646  Min.      :-0.1370  Min.      :-0.06817  
## 1st Qu.: 0.15168  1st Qu.: 0.0000  1st Qu.: 0.00000  
## Median : 0.67090  Median : 0.2927  Median : 0.14310  
## Mean : 0.58320  Mean : 0.3932  Mean : 0.26976  
## 3rd Qu.: 0.99657  3rd Qu.: 0.8053  3rd Qu.: 0.48232  
## Max. : 1.00000  Max. : 1.0000  Max. : 1.00000  
## NA's :96      NA's :96      NA's :96  
## iteration_count      dataset      imba.rate  
## Min. :1      abalone      : 45  Min. :0.001  
## 1st Qu.:1      adult      : 45  1st Qu.:0.001  
## Median :2      bank      : 45  Median :0.001  
## Mean :2      car      : 45  Mean :0.001  
## 3rd Qu.:3      cardiotocography-10clases: 45  3rd Qu.:0.001  
## Max. :3      cardiotocography-3clases : 45  Max. :0.001  
## NA's :96      (Other)      :1530
```

Computando as médias das iteracoes

```
ds = group_by(ds, learner , weight_space , measure , sampling , ruspool , dataset , imba.rate)  
ds = summarise(ds, tuning_measure = mean(tuning_measure), holdout_measure = mean(holdout_measure),  
               holdout_measure_residual = mean(holdout_measure_residual))
```

```
ds = as.data.frame(ds)
```

Criando dataframe

```

# Dividindo o ds em n, um para cada técnica
splited_df = ds %>% group_by_at(.vars = params$columns) %>% do(vals = as.data.frame(.)) %>% select(vals)

# Juntando cada uma das partes horizontalmente em um data set
df_tec_wide = do.call("cbind", splited_df)

# Renomeando duplicacao de nomes
colnames(df_tec_wide) = make.unique(colnames(df_tec_wide))

# Selecionando apenas as medidas da performance escolhida
df_tec_wide_residual = select(df_tec_wide, matches(paste("^", params$performance, "$|", params$performance)))

# Renomeando colunas
new_names = NULL
for(i in (1:length(splited_df))){
  id = toString(sapply(splited_df[[i]][1, params$columns], as.character))
  new_names = c(new_names, id)
}
colnames(df_tec_wide_residual) = new_names

# Verificando a dimensao do df
dim(df_tec_wide_residual)

## [1] 120 5

# Renomeando a variavel
df = df_tec_wide_residual

summary(df)

```

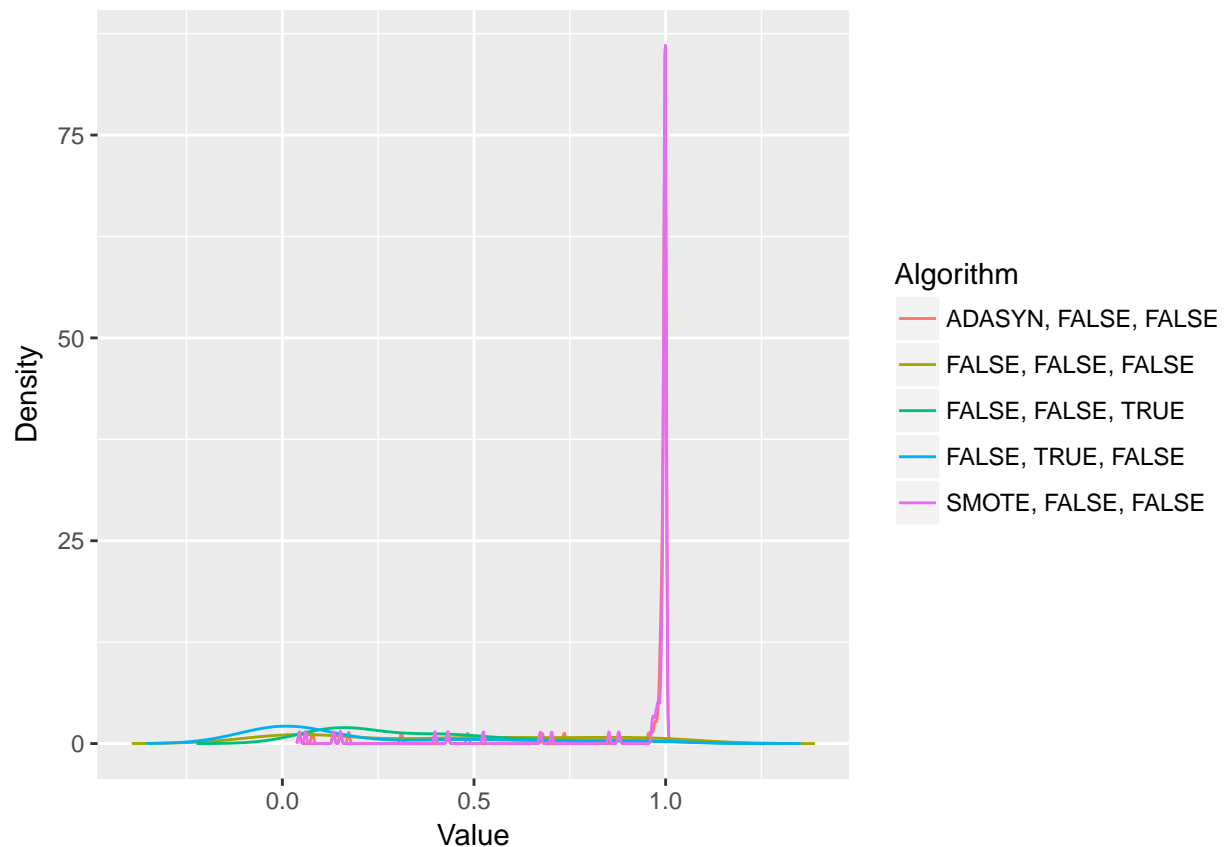
```

## ADASYN, FALSE, FALSE FALSE, FALSE, FALSE FALSE, FALSE, TRUE
## Min. :0.04453 Min. :-0.003311 Min. :0.03775
## 1st Qu.:0.98776 1st Qu.: 0.055332 1st Qu.:0.15749
## Median :0.99661 Median : 0.454120 Median :0.29344
## Mean :0.93076 Mean : 0.450140 Mean :0.36221
## 3rd Qu.:0.99911 3rd Qu.: 0.781517 3rd Qu.:0.49805
## Max. :1.00000 Max. : 1.000000 Max. :1.00000
## NA's :12 NA's :3 NA's :7
## FALSE, TRUE, FALSE SMOTE, FALSE, FALSE
## Min. :-0.002739 Min. :0.04453
## 1st Qu.: 0.000000 1st Qu.:0.99051
## Median : 0.010120 Median :0.99727
## Mean : 0.269595 Mean :0.94041
## 3rd Qu.: 0.508518 3rd Qu.:0.99952
## Max. : 1.000000 Max. :1.00000
## NA's :2 NA's :8

```

Fazendo teste de normalidade

```
plotDensities(data = na.omit(df))
```



Testando as diferenças

```
friedmanTest(df)
```

```
##
##  Friedman's rank sum test
##
## data:  df
## Friedman's chi-squared = 217.15, df = 4, p-value < 2.2e-16
```

Testando as diferenças par a par

```
test <- nemenyiTest (df, alpha=0.05)
abs(test$diff.matrix) > test$statistic
```

```
##      ADASYN, FALSE, FALSE FALSE, FALSE, FALSE FALSE, FALSE, TRUE
## [1,]          FALSE          TRUE          TRUE
## [2,]          TRUE          FALSE          FALSE
## [3,]          TRUE          FALSE          FALSE
## [4,]          TRUE          TRUE          FALSE
## [5,]          FALSE          TRUE          TRUE
##      FALSE, TRUE, FALSE SMOTE, FALSE, FALSE
## [1,]          TRUE          FALSE
```

```
## [2,]          TRUE          TRUE
## [3,]        FALSE          TRUE
## [4,]        FALSE          TRUE
## [5,]          TRUE         FALSE
```

Plotando grafico de Critical Difference

```
result = tryCatch({
  plotCD(df, alpha=0.05, cex = 0.35)
}, error = function(e) {})
```

