Bitsight

Apresentação FCUL

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Agenda

- Sobre a Bitsight
- Security Ratings?
- Casos de Uso
- Riscos e alinhamento a áreas de Programas de Segurança
- Exemplo de Fonte de Dados Sinkhole

Creating Trust in the Digital Economy

Bitsight pioneered cybersecurity ratings in 2011

enabling global organizations to measure and manage cyber risk at scale. We have continued to evolve to provide the most accurate, meaningful cybersecurity data and analytics in the marketplace so our customers can engage confidently in the digital economy. 2800+

Customers worldwide

40 million+

Rated organizations

260 billion

Security findings to date

42

Global patents

42000

Active users

250 million

in funding from Moody's Corporation



Bitsight is the only security rating in the market proven to correlate with ransomware attack risk and company stock performance.



Security Performance Management



Third-Party Risk Management



Cyber Risk Quantification



Cyber Insurance



Cyber risk is a global issue

Cyber risk is interconnected and erodes trust across global markets

Businesses

Eroding trust with partners and customers; business disruption; financial loss

Insurers

Risk overexposure limiting opportunities

Cyber risk negatively impacts market efficiencies

Investors

Capital/equity markets in the dark

Government Regulators

Unknown exposures and minimal oversight

Growing Cyber Risk Uncertainty

CISOs must answer today's tough cyber risk questions

Where are we most **exposed?**

Can we **quantify** the expected financial and material impact of our exposure?

Are we making the right priorities to reduce our cyber risks?

How do we **compare** to our peers?

How much risk do we want to take on, and do we qualify for cyber insurance?











Blind Spots

Obscured exposure points, internal and across the digital partner ecosystem

Not Quantifiable

Unable to quantify the potential impact of likely breaches

Siloed Efforts

Disparate initiatives, mix of technologies and disconnected processes

No Objective Metric

No way to know what "good is" or measure progress or benchmark against others

Communication Breakdown

No source of company truth on risk exposure



Impact of cyber risk uncertainty

Accelerating a step change in the role of the CISO



Cyber Risk Management Solution

BITSIGHT



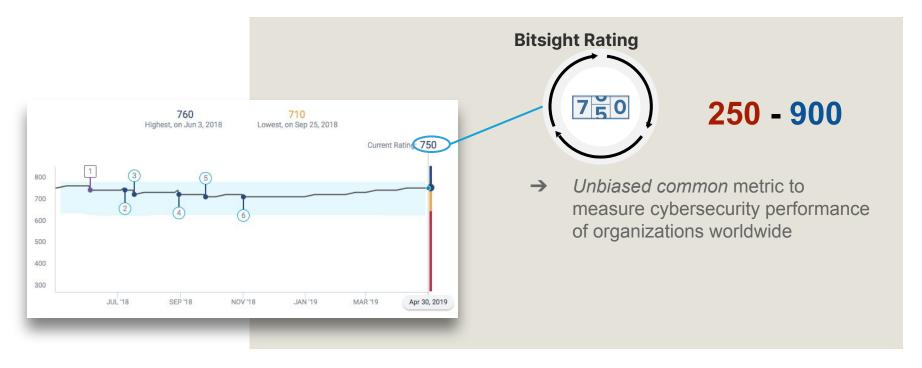
Cyber Risk Analytics Engine

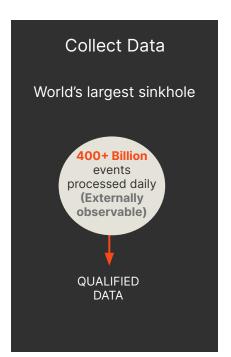
Market-leading cyber risk data
Unique mapping and most extensive

Objective universal standard Broadly adopted, trusted, transparent

Actionable risk insights
Verified correlation portfolio of capabilities

Translate Complex Cybersecurity Issues into Simple Business Context





Bitsight Data Collection

The largest amount of proprietary data collection

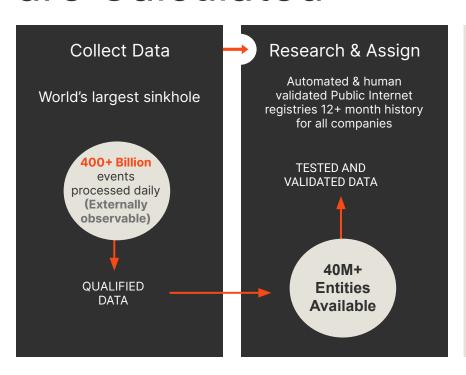
Bitsight collects 400+ Billion Events on a daily basis across 23 unique risk vectors

Exclusive data partnerships giving unprecedented visibility unavailable elsewhere

Bitsight works with major ad networks, service providers and other unique data partners to provide visibility into organizational security posture unavailable elsewhere on the market.

Broadest Visibility into Emerging Areas of Cyber Risk

Bitsight has visibility into emerging areas of cyber risk including Mobile Applications, Mobile Software, Internet of Things (IoT), File Sharing and more.



Bitsight Digital Footprint Curation

Advanced Automated Mapping

Team of over 60+ technical researchers worldwide curating organizational digital footprints

Broad Array of Sources

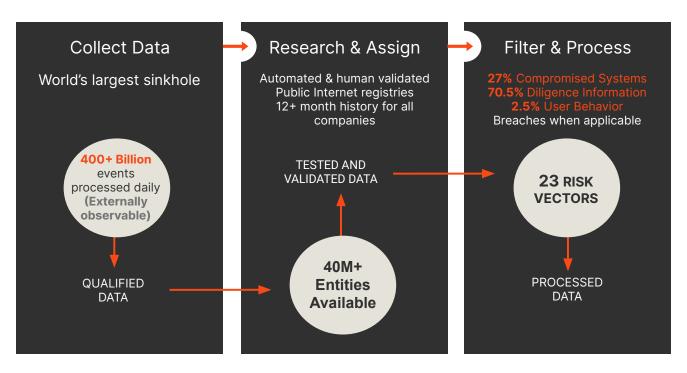
Bitsight uses public registries, corporate documents, and technical methods to determine the IP and domain footprint belonging to a company

Parent-Child Relationship Mapping

Bitsight is the only security ratings provider with extensive parent-child relationship mapping to ensure that corporate structure is properly identified

Customizable Mappings of Your Organization

Bitsight enables organizations to self-publish relevant ratings to the Bitsight platform for better risk visibility and communication. Examples include regional breakouts (e.g. "France Operations"), excluding irrelevant infrastructure like Guest Wifi (e.g. "Corporate Rating") and more.



23 Risk Vectors

27% Compromised Systems

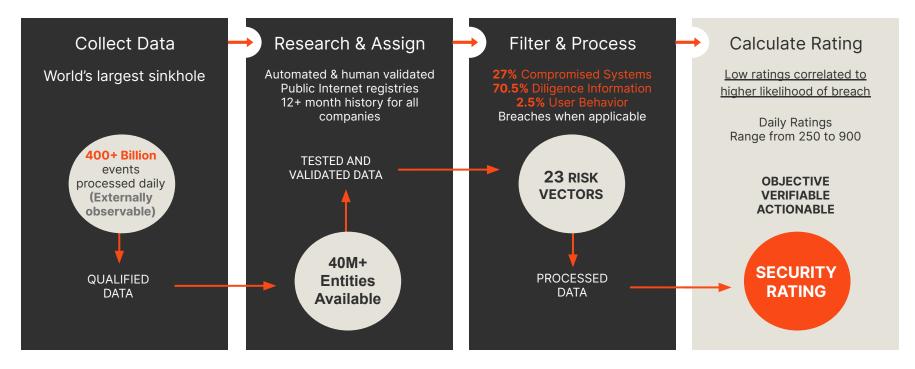
Botnet Infections Spam Propagation Malware Servers Unsolicited Comms Potentially Exploited

70.5% Diligence Information

SPF Domains
DKIM Records
SSL Certs/Config
Open Ports
Web Application Headers
Patching Cadence
Insecure Systems
Server Software
Desktop Software
Mobile Software
DNSSEC
Mobile Application Security
Domain Squatting

2.5% User Behavior

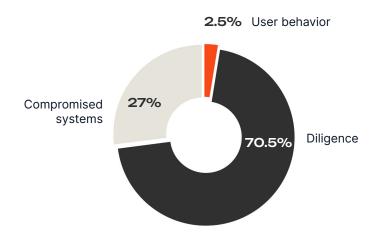
File Sharing Breaches if Applicable



Risk Vector Weightings

Compromised Systems	Botnet Infections	27%	
	Spam Propagation		
	Malware Servers		
	Unsolicited Communications		
	Potentially Exploited		
Diligence	SPF Domains	1%	70.5%
	DKIM Records	1%	
	Mobile Software	1%	
	Server Software	2%	
	Insecure Systems	2.5%	
	Desktop Software	3%	
	Web Application Headers	5%	
	Open Ports	10%	
	TLS/SSL Certificates	10%	
	TLS/SSL Configurations	15%	
	Patching Cadence	20%	
User Behavior	File Sharing	2.5%	

What makes a Security Rating?



Breaches have a negative impact on Security Ratings only if they occur



Strong Validated Correlation to Data Breach







Likelihood of Data Breach

If the security rating drops below 400 as compared to an organization with a 700 or higher



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Likelihood of Ransomware

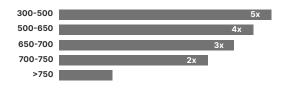
If the security rating drops 6.4x below 600 as compared to an organization with a 750 or higher



MarshMcLennan

Likelihood of Security Incident

14 risk vectors, including the rating itself, showed "statistically significant" correlations to the likelihood of a cybersecurity incident





Botnet Grade is B or lower File Sharing grade is B or lower Open Ports grade is F

7x Patching Cadence Grade is C or lower 4x TLS/SSL Configurations Grade is C or lower 3x TLS/SSL Certifications Grade is C or lower

- 1 Patching Cadence
- 2 Desktop Software
- 3 Potentially Exploited

Levels of Information - Tailored for stakeholder needs

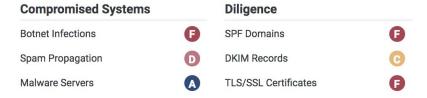






Dashboard, Management reports 'view from the bridge', trending

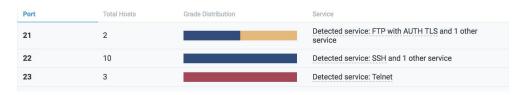
2. Risk Vectors – Rating for groupings of similar events





Risk hunting, thematic reviews, Audit selection + scoping Operational reports

3. Events – specific incidents and risk indicators





Remediation, preparation for on-site audits
Activity reports

Security Performance Management

Strengthening Enterprise Security



Third-Party Risk Management

Strengthening Digital Supply Chain Risk Management

Vendor Risk Management

- Automated assessments
- Growing vendor network
- Evidence to validate

Powered by Managed Services

- Managed vendor assessments
- Continuous monitoring & risk hunting
- Surfaced insights and reporting



Continuous Monitoring

- Inspect vendor controls at any moment
- In-context vendor collaboration
- Automatic discovery of concentrated fourth-party risk

Exposure Management

- Accelerate vulnerability remediation
- Scale and track vendor outreach efforts
- Prioritize mitigation to exposure



Bitsight Third-Party Risk Management

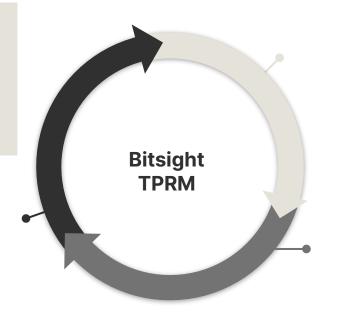
Strengthening Digital Supply Chain Risk Management

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Vendor Risk Management

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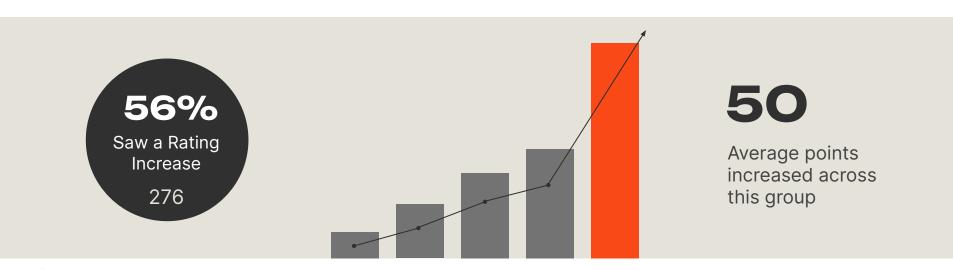
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Example of Impactful Results from Vendor Collaboration

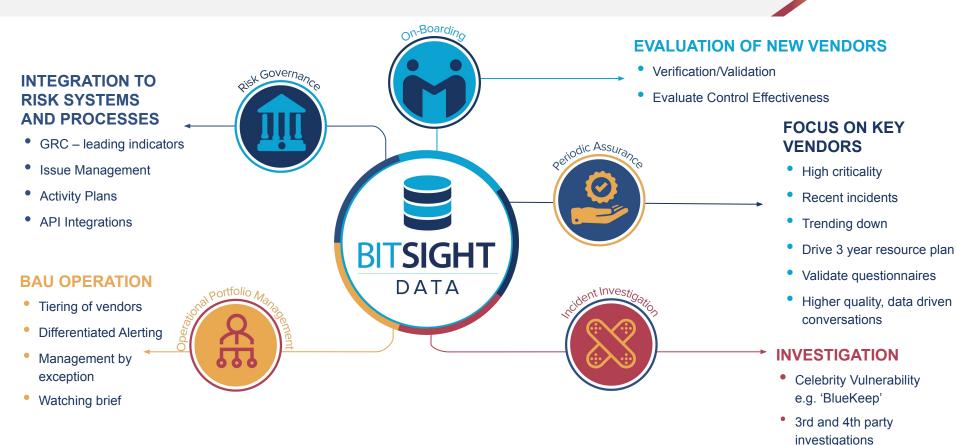
Onboarded 496 suppliers and engaged with Bitsight Security Ratings as part of this process



^{*}Suppliers on-boarded between May 1st and October 31. Ratings compared between May 1st and Dec 4th



TPRM – High level Use Case Components



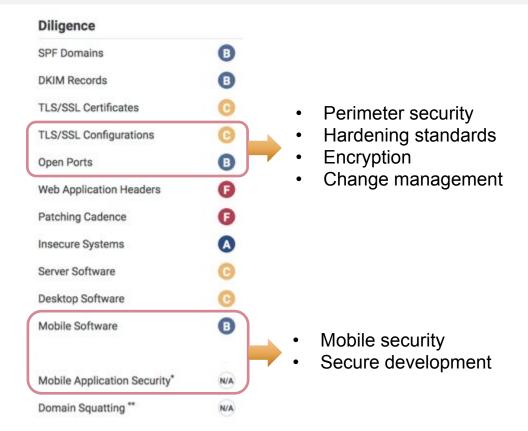
www.bitsighttech.com

Evidence: Diligence (1 of 3)



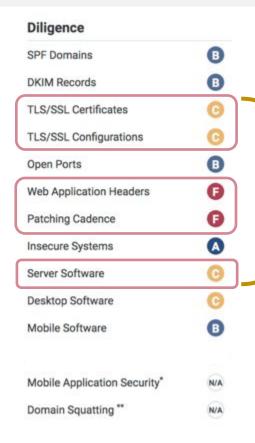
- Who's responsible?Which teams do these areas map to in your organization?
- What is the root cause?
 Apply Toyota's "5 Whys" to avoid playing whack-a-mole
- Where is the problem?
 Is it an independent BU,
 still autonomous acquisition,
 or external partner?

Evidence: Diligence (2 of 3)



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Evidence: Diligence (3 of 3)



- Secure development (SDLC)
- Web application security
- [Sec]DevOps

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Evidence: Compromised Systems

Compromised Systems

Unsolicited Communications

Spam Propagation

Malware Servers A

A

Potentially Exploited

User Behavior

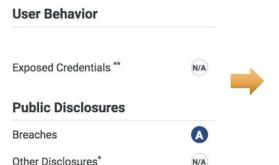
Botnet Infections

File Sharing

- **Endpoint protection**
 - Incident management / Detection and response
- Security awareness / training

- Who's responsible? Which teams do these areas map to in your organization?
- What is the root cause?
- Where is the problem? Is it an independent BU, still autonomous acquisition, or external partner?

Evidence: Public Disclosures



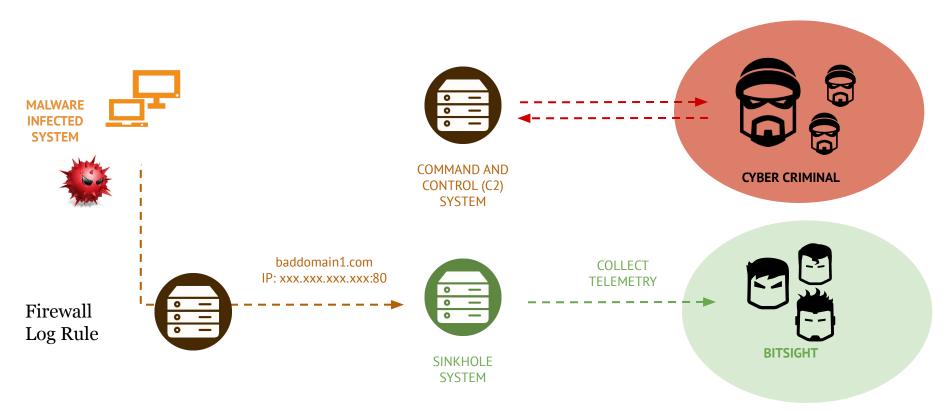
- Incident management
- Data loss prevention
- Secure disposal
- Capacity management / Business continuity

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What is a Sinkhole



What is a Sinkhole



Obrigado!