

## CodeCheck Report: trainingR44QBG-92W

Test Name:

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Summary

Timeline

### Tasks summary

Task	Time spent	Score
StoneWall  C++	6 min	100%

### Total score



### Tasks Details

Easy

#### 1. StoneWall

Cover "Manhattan skyline" using the minimum number of rectangles.

Task Score

100%

Correctness

100%

Performance

100%

### Task description

### Solution

Programming language used: C++

You are going to build a stone wall. The wall should be straight and N meters long, and its thickness should be constant; however, it should have different heights in different places. The height of the wall is specified by an array H of N positive integers. H[l] is the height of the wall from l to l+1 meters to the right of its left end. In particular, H[0] is the height of the wall's left end and H[N-1] is the height of the wall's right end.

The wall should be built of cuboid stone blocks (that is, all sides of such blocks are rectangular). Your task is to compute the minimum number of blocks needed to build the wall.

Write a function:

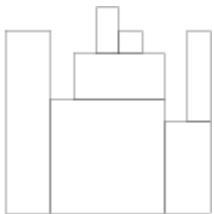
```
int solution(vector<int> &H);
```

that, given an array H of N positive integers specifying the height of the wall, returns the minimum number of blocks needed to build it.

For example, given array H containing N = 9 integers:

```
H[0] = 8    H[1] = 8    H[2] = 5
H[3] = 7    H[4] = 9    H[5] = 8
H[6] = 7    H[7] = 4    H[8] = 8
```

the function should return 7. The figure shows one possible arrangement of seven blocks.



Write an **efficient** algorithm for the following assumptions:

- N is an integer within the range [1..100,000];
- each element of array H is an integer within the range [1..1,000,000,000].

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Total time used:	6 minutes	<a href="#">?</a>
Effective time used:	6 minutes	<a href="#">?</a>
Notes:	not defined yet	

## Task timeline [?](#)



07:24:13

07:29:54

Code: 07:29:53 UTC, cpp, final, score:  
100

[show code in pop-up](#)

```
1  #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2
3  int solution(vector<int> &H){
4      int stones = 0;
5      stack<int> pila;
6
7      for (int h: H) {
8          while (!pila.empty() && h < pila.top())
9              pila.pop();
10
11         if (pila.empty() || h > pila.top()) {
12             pila.push(h);
13             stones++;
14         }
15     }
16     return stones;
17 }
```

## Analysis summary

The solution obtained perfect score.

Analysis

Detected time complexity: **O(N)**

expand all	Example tests	
▶	example	✓ OK
expand all	Correctness tests	
▶	simple1	✓ OK
▶	simple2	✓ OK
▶	simple3	✓ OK
▶	simple4	✓ OK
▶	boundary_cases	✓ OK
expand all	Performance tests	
▶	medium1	✓ OK
▶	medium2	✓ OK
▶	medium3	✓ OK
▶	medium4	✓ OK
▶	large_piramid	✓ OK
▶	large_increasing_decreasing	✓ OK
▶	large_up_to_20	✓ OK
▶	large_up_to_100	✓ OK
▶	large_max	✓ OK