Esqueleto de una página web

```
El siguiente listado de código es el esqueleto de una página Web simple
<?xml version="1.0", encoding= "UTF-9."?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD/XHTML 1.1//EN"
"https://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml11/DTD/xhtml11.dtd>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en">
          <head>
                     <title>The First Web Page</title>
          </head>
          <body>
                     </body>
</html>
The First We X 💌 📢 Triesto - X | G mostrar solc X | 🖻 Sams Teach | X | 🐧 RodrigoTorn X | 👁 WhatsApp X | 📑 Servers, Net. X | G veracocha c. X | +
      C (i) Archivo | C:/Users/sambo/Programacion/Github/PHPServer/Page_NoBlankLines.html
 In the begining, Tim created the HyperText Markup Languaje. The internet was without form and void, and text was upon the face of the monito and the Hands of Tim were moving over the face of the keyboard. And Tim sai, Let there be links; anothere were links. And Tim saw the links were good; and Tim separated the links from the text. Tim called the links Anchors, and the text He called Other Stuff.
 And the whole thing together was the firts Web Page.
<?xml version="1.0", encoding= "UTF-9."?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD/XHTML 1.1//EN"
"https://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml11/DTD/xhtml11.dtd>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en">
          <head>
                    <title>The First Web Page</title>
          </head>
          <body>
                     >
                               When your client's hopping mad,
                               put his picture in the ad.
                               If he still should prove refactory,
                               add a picture of his factory.
                    <hr />
                     >
                               When your client's hopping mad, <br />
                               put his picture in the ad
                    >
                               If he still should prove refactroy, <br />
                               add a picture of his factory.
                     </body>
</html>
```



When your client's hopping mad, put his picture in the ad. If he still should prove refactory, add a picture of his factory.

```
When your client's hopping mad,
put his picture in the ad
If he still should prove refactroy,
add a picture of his factory.
<?xml version="1.0", encoding= "UTF-9."?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD/XHTML 1.1//EN"
"https://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml11/DTD/xhtml11.dtd>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en">
       <head>
               <title>My Widgets</title>
       </head>
       <body>
               <h1>My Widgets</h1>
               My widgets are the best in the land. Continue reading to
               learn more about my widgets.
               <h2>Widgets Features</h2>
               If I had any features to discuss, you can bet I'd do
               it here.
               <h3>Pricing</h3>
               Here, I would talk about my widget pricing.
               <h3>Comparisons</h3>
               Here, I would about how my widgets compare to my
               competitor's widgets.
        </body>
</html>
```

C (i) Archivo | C:/Users/sambo/Programacion/Github/PHPServer/HeadingTags.html

My Widgets

My widgets are the best in the land. Continue reading to learn more about my widgets.

Widgets Features

If I had any features to discuss, you can bet I'd do it here.

Pricing

Here, I would talk about my widget pricing.

Comparisons

Here, I would about how my widgets compare to my competitor's widgets.

Cascade Style Sheets

La línea:

*text/css" href="styles.css" />

En la página web siguiente:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.1//EN"</pre>
  "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml11/DTD/xhtml11.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en">
    <title>About BAWSI</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="styles.css" />
  </head>
 <body>
     <h1>About BAWSI</h1>
     <img src="logo.gif" alt="BAWSI logo"/>The Bay Area Women's
     Sports Initiative (BAWSI) is a public benefit, nonprofit
     corporation with a mission to create programs and partnerships
    through which women athletes bring health, hope and wholeness to
     our community. Founded in 2005 by Olympic and World Cup soccer
     stars Brandi Chastain and Julie Foudy and Marlene Bjornsrud,
    former general manager of the San Jose CyberRays women's
     professional soccer team, BAWSI provides a meaningful path for
    women athletes to become a more visible and valued part of the
    Bay Area sports culture.
     BAWSI's History
     The concept of BAWSI was inspired by one of the most
     spectacular achievements in women's sports history and born out
    of one its biggest disappointments... 
     <a href="secondpage.html">[continue reading]</a>
     <div class="footer">Copyright &copy; 2005-2009 BAWSI
    (www.bawsi.org). All rights reserved. Used with permission.</div>
  </body>
</html>
```

Indica que se hace referencia a la hoja de cascada de estilos de nombre "styless.css" un archivo guardado en el mismo directorio que la página web anterior.

El contenido del archivo se muestra a continuación:

LISTING 3.1 A Single External Style Sheet

```
body {
 font-size: 10pt;
 font-family: Verdana, Geneva, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
 color: black;
 line-height: 14pt;
 padding-left: 5pt;
 padding-right: 5pt;
 padding-top: 5pt;
}
h1 {
 font: 14pt Verdana, Geneva, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
 font-weight: bold;
 line-height: 20pt;
}
p.subheader {
 font-weight: bold;
 color: #593d87;
}
img {
 padding: 3pt;
 float: right;
}
a {
  text-decoration: none;
a:link, a:visited {
  color: #8094d6;
}
a:hover, a:active {
  color: #FF9933;
div.footer {
  font-size: 9pt;
  font-style: italic;
  line-height: 12pt;
  text-align: center;
  padding-top: 30pt;
}
```

A simple vista se puede adivinar como el código de la hoja de estilos afecta a los elementos de la página web anterior.

Clases de estilos:

Cuando se requiere marcar cierta sección de la página Web con un estilo diferente al general, se define una clase de estilo dentro del archivo de estilos .css:

```
h1.silly { font :36pt Comic San; }
h1.serious { font: 36pt Arial; }
En la página web marcamos el uso de cada estilo en las "tags" correspondientes:
<h1 class= "silly">Marvin's Munchies Inc.</h1>
 Text about Marvin's Munchies goes here. 
O podría ser así:
<h1 class= "serious">MMI Investor Information</h1>
 Text for business investors goes here. 
Esto hará que diferentes Tags se muestren con diferente apariencia.
```

ID para estilos

Cuando un estilo desea aplicarse extensivamente en varios lugares, es conveniente hacer referencia a ese estilo mediante un identificador, por ejemplo en archivo de estilos .css: p#title {font: 24pt Verdana, Geneva, Arial, sans-serif}

En el archivo de página web:

```
Some Title Goes Here
```

Vemos como el texto contenido en la etiqueta se le aplicará el estilo #title definido en el archivo de estilos .css.

Formatos de estilos dentro de la misma página web

Observe el siguiente código de ejemplo:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.1//EN"
  "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml11/DTD/xhtml11.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en">
  <head>
    <title>Some Page</title>
    <style type="text/css">
      div.footer {
        font-size: 9pt;
        line-height: 12pt;
        text-align: center;
      }
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
  . . .
  <div class="footer">
 Copyright 2009 Acme Products, Inc.
  </div>
  </body>
</html>
```

El código contenido dentro de las etiquetas <style > </style> llamado div.footer indican el formato a aplicar al etiqueta, en este caso <div class="footer"></div> que contiene el texto de la notificación de CopyRight, Mención especial es que dicho estilo está limitado en uso solo dentro de las etiquetas <body> </body> y solo en esta página.

```
  This text is green, but <span style="color:red">this text is
  red.</span>
  Back to green again, but...

...now the green is over, and we're back to the default color
  for this page.
```

En el fragmento de código anterior hemos usado un formato de estilo de una sola linea, para indicar que dentro del par de etiquetas primeras, tenemos una sección de texto de otro color, (span es usado para indicar una porción de texto pero sin salto de línea a diferencia de div), al final se aplica el estilo general al siguiente par de etiquetas .