## 1. Point Class (Point.java)

## Purpose:

The Point class represents a point in a 2D coordinate system with x and y coordinates. It provides getter and setter methods for these coordinates and a toString() method to represent the point in a readable format.

```
public class Point {
  private double x;
  private double y;
     public Point(double x, double y) {
               this.x = x;
this.y = y;
    public double getX() {
    return x;
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public void setX(double x) {
    this.x = x;
      public double getY() {
    return y;
}
            public class Point {
                Datable | Edit | Test | Explain | Document | All | // Getters and setters | public double getX() { | return x; }
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public double getY() {
    return y;
}
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public void setY(double y) {

    this.y = y;
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```

# **Explanation**:

- **Constructor**: Initializes the x and y coordinates of the point.
- Getter and Setter Methods: Allow access and modification of the x and y coordinates.
- toString() Method: Provides a string representation of the point in the form (x,y).

# 2. Circle Class (Circle.java)

#### Purpose:

The Circle class represents a circle with a specified radius and a center, which is a Point. It includes methods for modifying and retrieving the radius, center, calculating the distance between two circles' centers, and calculating the area and circumference of the circle.

#### Code:

```
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      // Circle.java
       public class Circle {
         private double radius;
         private Point center;
         // Constructor
         public Circle(double radius, Point center) {
             this.radius = radius;
             this.center = center;
         // Getter and setter for radius
         public double getRadius() {
             return radius;
         public void setRadius(double radius) {
             this.radius = radius;
         // Getter and setter for center
         public Point getCenter() {
             return center;
```

```
public class Circle {
  // Set center using x and y
  public void setCenterXY(double x, double y) {
      center.setX(x);
      center.setY(y);
  // toString method
  public String toString() {
    return "Circle[center=" + center.toString() + ",radius=" + radius + "]";
  // Method to calculate distance between centers of two circles
  public double distance(Circle another) {
      double dx = this.center.getX() - another.center.getX();
      double dy = this.center.getY() - another.center.getY();
      return Math.sqrt(dx * dx + dy * dy);
  // Method to calculate the area of the circle
  public double getArea() {
      return Math.PI * radius * radius;
```

- Constructor: Initializes the radius and center of the circle.
- **Getter and Setter Methods**: Provide access to the circle's radius and center. Separate methods are provided to access and set the x and y coordinates of the center.
- **toString() Method**: Returns a string that describes the circle, including its center's coordinates and radius.
- distance() Method: Computes the Euclidean distance between the centers of two circles.
- **getArea() and getCircumference() Methods**: Calculate and return the area and circumference of the circle, respectively.

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# 3. Test Driver for Circle Class (TestCircle.java)

#### Purpose:

This test driver program demonstrates the usage of the Circle class by creating instances of circles, testing getter and setter methods, and calculating distances, areas, and circumferences.

```
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       public class TestCircle {
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          public static void main(String[] args) {
              // Create some points
               Point p1 = new Point(x:0, y:0);
Point p2 = new Point(x:1, y:2);
               Point p3 = new Point(x:4, y:5);
               // Create some circles with points and radius
               Circle c1 = new Circle(radius:1.0, p1);
Circle c2 = new Circle(radius:3.3, p2);
               Circle c3 = new Circle(radius:6.6, p3);
               System.out.println("cl: " + c1);
               System.out.println("c2: " + c2);
               System.out.println("c3: " + c3);
               // Test Setters and Getters of c1
               c1.setCenterXY(x:11, y:12); // Set center to (11, 12)
               c1.setRadius(radius:13.3); // Set radius to 13.3
               System.out.println("\ncl: " + c1); // Output updated circle
               System.out.println("cl is: " + c1.getCenter()); // Output center
               System.out.println("Radius is: " + c1.getRadius()); // Output radius
```

```
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public class TestCircle {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
      c1.setCenterX(x:21);
      c1.setCenterY(y:22);
      System.out.println("\nc1: " + c1); // Output updated circle
      System.out.println("cl's x is: " + c1.getCenterX()); // Output center X
      System.out.println("C1's y is: " + c1.getCenterY()); // Output center Y
      // Set Center using setCenterXY method
      c1.setCenterXY(x:31, y:32);
      System.out.println("\nc1: " + c1); // Output updated circle
      System.out.println("cl's x is: " + c1.getCenterX()); // Output center X
      System.out.println("cl's y is: " + c1.getCenterY()); // Output center Y
      // Test getArea() and getCircumference()
      System.out.println("\nArea of c1: " + c1.getArea());
      System.out.println("Circumference of c1: " + c1.getCircumference());
      double dist = c1.distance(c2);
      System.out.println("\nDistance between c1 and c2: " + dist);
```

- This program tests the Circle class by:
  - Creating Point and Circle objects.
  - Setting and getting values for the circle's center and radius.
  - o Displaying the results of area, circumference, and distance calculations.

# 4. Author Class (Author.java)

### Purpose:

The Author class represents an author with a name and email address. It provides getter and setter methods for these attributes and a toString() method for displaying the author's information.

### Code:

```
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                                                                 J TestBook.java 1
       public class Author {
        private String name;
         private String email;
         // Constructor
         public Author(String name, String email) {
             this.name = name;
              this.email = email;
         // Getters and setters
         public String getName() {
             return name;
         public void setName(String name) {
             this.name = name;
         public String getEmail() {
          return email;
```

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```

- Constructor: Initializes the name and email of the author.
- Getter and Setter Methods: Allow access to and modification of the name and email.
- toString() Method: Returns a string describing the author.

# 5. Book Class (Book.java)

#### Purpose:

The Book class represents a book with a title, price, and an Author object. It includes getter and setter methods for these attributes and a toString() method for displaying the book's details.

```
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       // Book.java
       public class Book {
         private String title;
         private double price;
         private Author author;
         // Constructor
         public Book(String title, double price, Author author) {
              this.title = title;
              this.price = price;
              this.author = author;
         // Getters and setters
         public String getTitle() {
             return title;
         public void setTitle(String title) {
          this.title = title;
         public double getPrice() {
              return price;
```

- Constructor: Initializes the book with a title, price, and an Author object.
- **Getter and Setter Methods**: Provide access to and modification of the book's title, price, and author.
- **toString() Method**: Returns a string describing the book's title, price, and author.

# 6. Test Driver for Book Class (TestBook.java)

### Purpose:

This program tests the Book class by creating an Author and a Book and printing the details.

#### Code:

```
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```

## Explanation:

• This program creates an Author and a Book object and prints the details of the book using the toString() method.

```
PS C:\Users\CCV YOUTH>
& 'C:\Program Files\Eclipse Adoptium\jdk-21.0.2.13-hotspot\bin\java.exe' '-XX:+S
ct\bin' 'TestCircle'
cl: Circle[center=(0.0,0.0),radius=1.0]
c2: Circle[center=(1.0,2.0),radius=3.3]
c3: Circle[center=(4.0,5.0),radius=6.6]
cl: Circle[center=(11.0,12.0),radius=13.3]
cl is: (11.0,12.0)
Radius is: 13.3
c1: Circle[center=(21.0,22.0),radius=13.3]
cl's x is: 21.0
C1's y is: 22.0
c1: Circle[center=(31.0,32.0),radius=13.3]
cl's x is: 31.0
cl's y is: 32.0
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.Error: Unresolved compilation problem:
        Math cannot be resolved to a variable
        at Circle.getArea(Circle.java:67)
        at TestCircle.main(TestCircle.java:40)
PS C:\Users\CCV YOUTH>
```

```
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PS C:\Users\CCV YOUTH>
& 'C:\Program Files\Eclipse Adoptium\jdk-21.0.2.13-hotspot\bin\java.exe' '-XX:+ShowCodeDetailsInExcect\bin' 'TestBook'

Book[title=Harry Potter, price=29.99, Author[name=J.K. Rowling, email=jk@rowling.com]]

PS C:\Users\CCV YOUTH>
```

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